

208. Implement Trie (Prefix Tree)

题目描述: <https://leetcode.com/problems/implement-trie-prefix-tree/>

要求实现前缀树(<http://www.cnblogs.com/huangxincheng/archive/2012/11/25/2788268.html>)的数据结构, 要求实现如下函数:

```
insert(string word) 向树中插入一个单词
search(string word) 查询树中有无此单词
startswith(string prefix) 查询树中有无此前缀的单词
```

单词中只有a-z小写字母。

解题思路:

对于某节点来说, 其下一个字符最多有26种可能, 因此是26叉树。

代码

```
class TrieNode {
public:
    // Initialize your data structure here.
    vector<TrieNode*> subNode;
    bool freq;
    TrieNode() {
        subNode.resize(26);
        freq = 0;
    }
};

class Trie {
public:
    Trie() {
        root = new TrieNode();
    }

    // Inserts a word into the trie.
    void insert(string word) {
        TrieNode *p = root;
        for(int i = 0; i < word.size(); i++) {
            int k = word[i] - 'a';
            if(p->subNode[k] == NULL) {
                p->subNode[k] = new TrieNode();
            }
        }
    }
};
```

```

        }
        p = p->subNode[k];
    }
    p->freq = true;
}

// Returns if the word is in the trie.
bool search(string word) {
    TrieNode *p = find(word);
    return p!=NULL && p->freq;

}

// Returns if there is any word in the trie
// that starts with the given prefix.
bool startsWith(string prefix) {
    return find(prefix)!=NULL;
}

private:
    TrieNode* root;
    TrieNode* find(string word) {
        TrieNode *p = root;
        for(int i = 0; i < word.size() && p != NULL; i++) {
            int k = word.at(i) - 'a';
            p = p->subNode[k];
        }
        return p;
    }
};

// Your Trie object will be instantiated and called as such:
// Trie trie;
// trie.insert("somestring");
// trie.search("key");

```