

25. Reverse Nodes in k-Group

题目描述:<https://leetcode.com/problems/reverse-nodes-in-k-group/>

给定一个链表，按照k各为一组，逆序。

例如：

给定： 1->2->3->4->5->NULL k = 3

返回： 3->2->1->4->5->NULL

解题思路：

通俗。。

代码：

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* reverse(ListNode* head, ListNode* last) {
        ListNode* fakeHead = last;
        ListNode* pre = fakeHead;
        ListNode* cur = head;
        while(cur != last) {
            ListNode* t = cur->next;
            cur->next = pre;
            pre = cur;
            cur = t;
        }
        return pre;
    }
    ListNode* reverseKGroup(ListNode* head, int k) {
        if(head == NULL) return NULL;
        ListNode* fakeHead = new ListNode(-1);
        fakeHead->next = head;
        ListNode* cur = head;
```

```

ListNode* pre = fakeHead;
int c = 0;
while(cur) {
    c++;
    if(c % k == 0) {
        ListNode* last = cur->next;
        ListNode* t = pre->next;
        // cout << pre->val << " " << t->val << " " << cur->val << " " <<
last->val << endl;
        pre->next = reverse(t, last);
        // cout << pre->val << " " << pre->next->val << " " << last->val <
< endl;
        pre = t;
        cur = last;
    }
    else {
        cur = cur->next;
    }
}
return fakeHead->next;
}
};

```