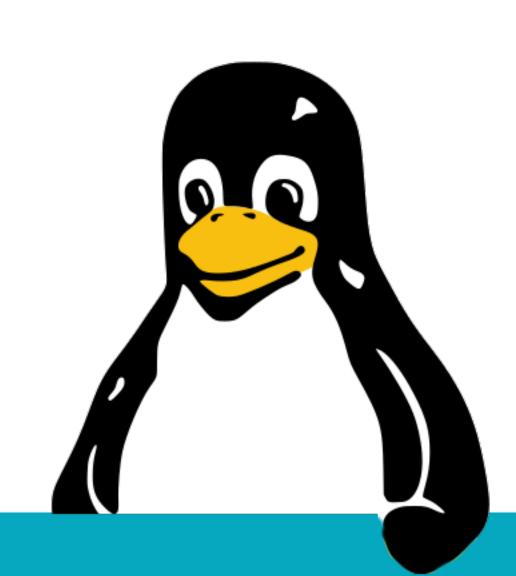
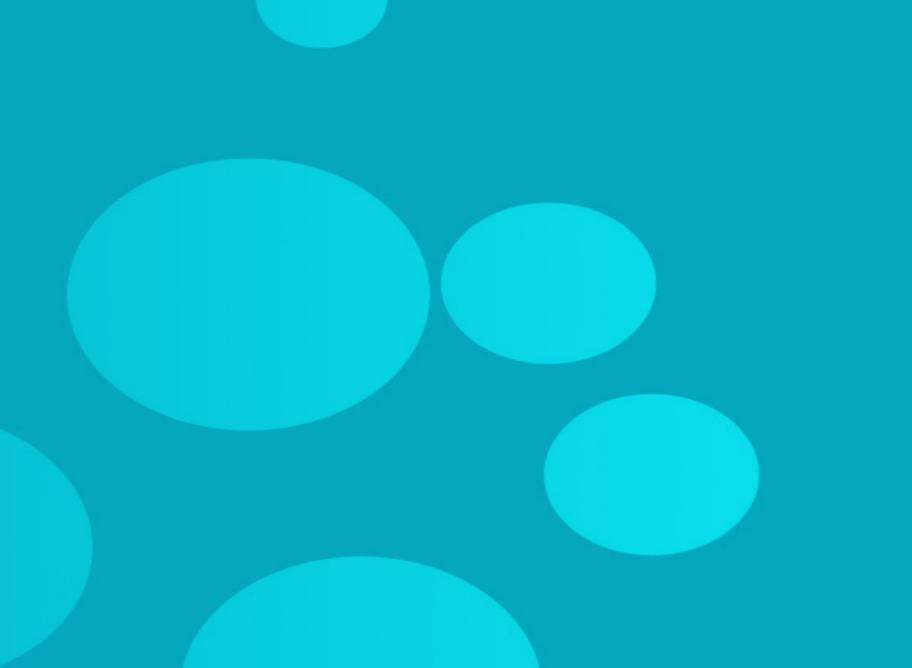
Linux, day 5





LABS: Repeats





Repeat exercises

• If you didn't get things done last week, start here.

Assignment 1, from last class

- Create a script which:
 - Runs ;)
 - Reads a name from the first, passed parameter.
 - Asks for a greeting interactively.
 - Outputs a greeting to the name.

Assignment 2, from last class

- Find all files with passwd in their name?
- Find all files, literally called "passwd"?
- Find all world-writable files?

- Use a HEREDOC to SSH to localhost and run:
 - touch /tmp/foobar
 - Is /tmp



Assignment 3, from last class

- Write a shell script which:
 - Checks if it's run as root; if not, "exit 1".
 - Reads a command from passed parameters.
 - This command is either "create" or "remove".
 - Asks for a number (for now, keep it <20).
 - Either creates or removes "user1", "user2", "user3" etc.
 - Uses HEREDOC to make "welcome.txt" in their homedir.

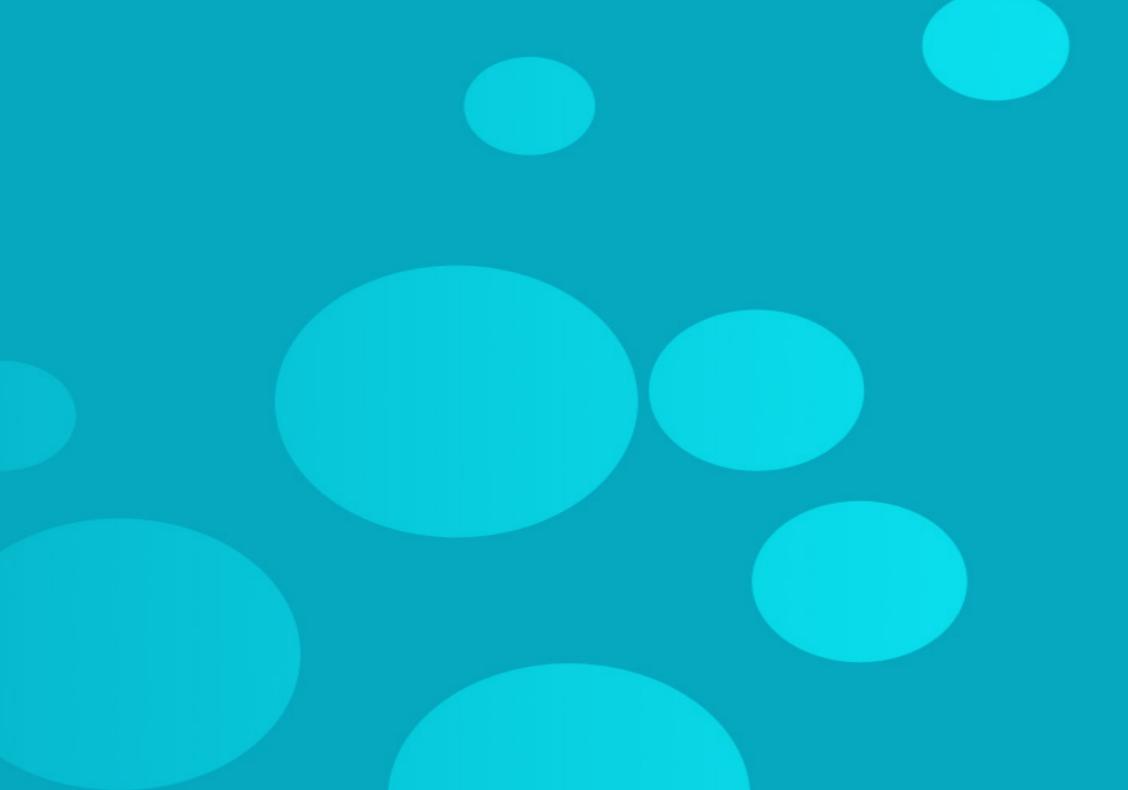


Assignment 4, our homework

- Go do:
 - Create a shell script to "ping sweep" a network.
 - The script should ask for a base address and netmask,
 - So it can calculate the addresses to ping.
 - e.g. ./pingsweep 192.168.10.0 24

SSH keys and ssh-agent





Setup

- Ensure that you have two Linux VMs.
- And that you have an account on both.

You can use this for assignment 5.

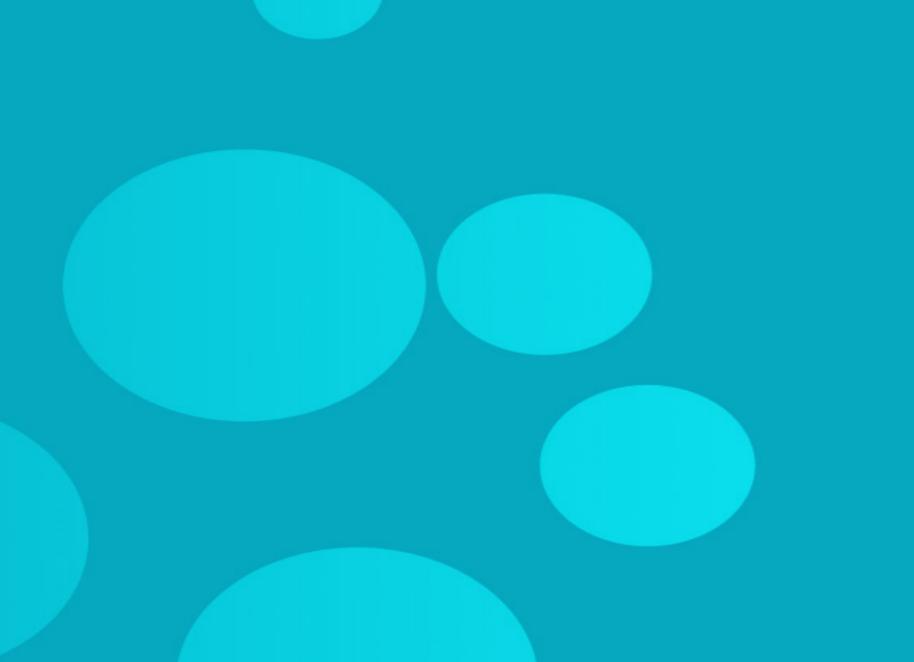
- Double-check that SSHd runs on both servers.
- Generate a new key pair on one of the accounts.
 - Make it type ECDSA, with a password.
 - Setup its pub.key for authentication on the other VM.
 - Test your SSH key authentication.

- Start "eval \$(ssh-agent)".
- Add / load the private key you generated into the running "ssh-agent", with the "ssh-add" command.
 - This should ask your password once.
- Try SSH-ing to the other VM again.
 - This should not ask your password.

- Reconfigure "sshd_config" on one of the VMs,
 - So it will only allow group "sshusers" to login.
- Give your own account the new group "sshusers"
- Restart the SSH daemon and test that you can login.
 - Also make sure that another user <u>cannot</u>.

LABS: New assignments





New exercises

• Now let's try a few other things.

Assignment 1, evolved

- Remember greet.sh? Change it so ...
 - The desired greeting is stored in a file.
 - The script checks if the file exists.
 - If it does, no need to ask the user for the greeting!
 - Add a flag, like -r to allow a "reset" of the greeting.

- Make a shell script which:
 - Takes a list of target hostnames (or IPs)
 - SSHs to each of these hosts
 - And on that host, looks for setuid files.
- Output each list to ~/setuid/targethost.txt
 - On the source host!

- Take the "ping sweep" script from our homework.
 - Adjust it so, for each found "up" host,
 - It will test one or more specified ports.
 - You can start by hard-coding the ports in a var.

- Hint: You can test a port with Bash net redirection.
 - timeout 3 bash -c 'echo 1 >/dev/tcp/192.168.200.20/22'



- Make a script that:
 - Uses /etc/passwd to find "real" users.
 - Takes their login name,
 - And uses it to generate an email address.
 - e.g. tess@mydomain.local.
 - Store these in a TAB-delimited file, as "login email"
- Hint: use assignment 3 to create the test-users.



- Make a backup copy of /etc/login.defs
- Using the command line, NOT an text editor,
 - Change the setting of UMASK from 022 to 027.
- Make sure to <u>only</u> change the one correct line.

Really advanced

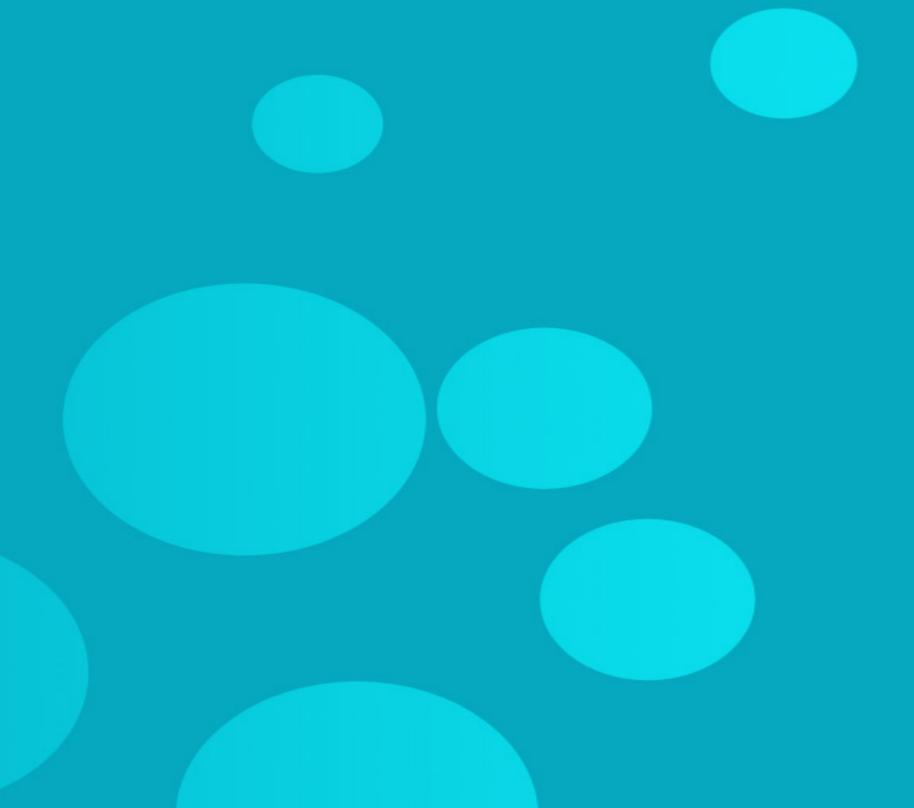
- Go over the scripts you've made so far.
 - See where you "program defensively".
 - Check user input before using it.
 - Check command output and status.
 - "Don't trust that it works, test it to be sure!".

Optional: Bandit

- You've made it very far!
- Have you already played the "Bandit" wargame?
 - https://overthewire.org/wargames/bandit/
- Alternatively, want to try simulated "work"?
 - https://kodekloud-engineer.com

Closing





Reference materials





Resources

- An excellent, in-depth study guide for shell scripting
- Why you shouldn't parse the output of "Is"
- OverTheWire "Bandit" wargame