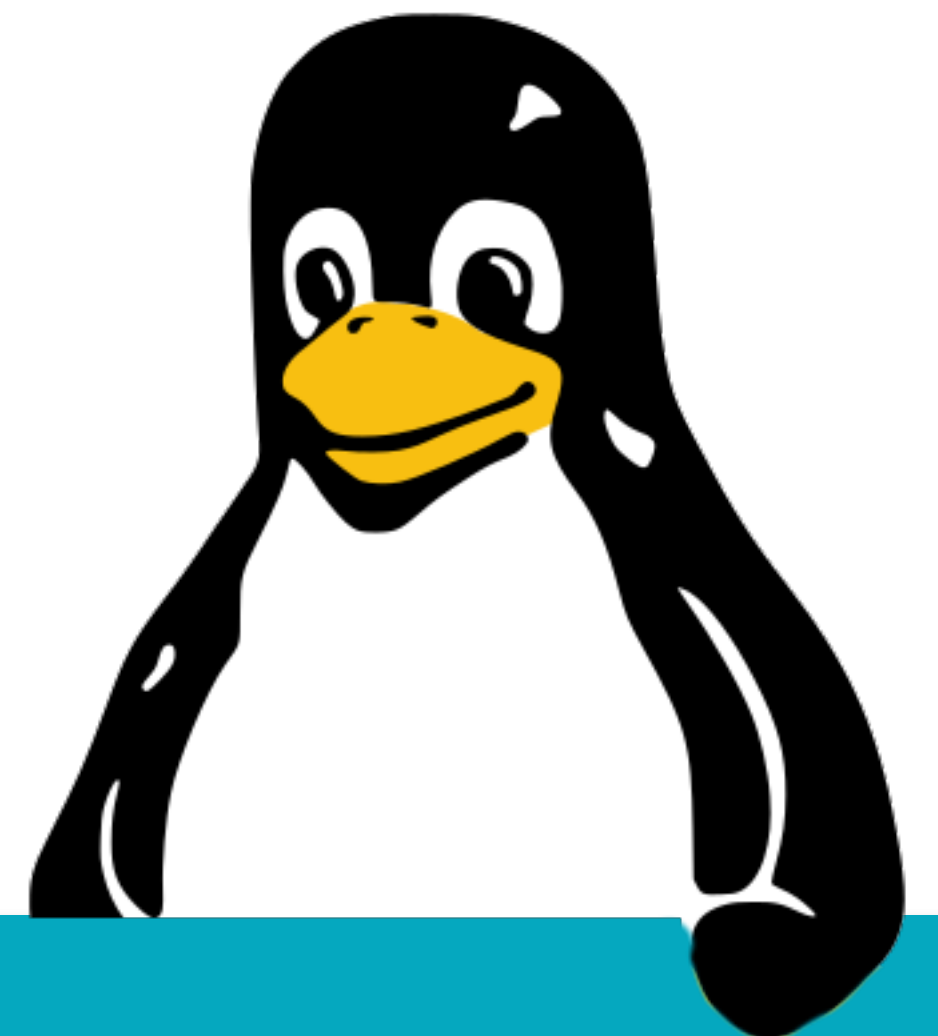


Linux, day 3

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Objectives covered

Objective	Summary	Book
2.5	File permissions	15
3.1	Common scripting utilities	4
3.3	Git operations	27
3.4	Advanced Git operations	27

LAB: Files and directories

Command hints

sudo	Switch User and DO
mkdir	MaKe DIRectory
nano	Friendly editor
vi	Less-than-friendly editor
cp	CoPy
rm	ReMove
man	MANual (documentation)

Assignment

- Create two new directory trees:
 - "*~/staff/files*" and "*~/dummies/files*"
- Use "nano" or "vi" to put some text into:
 - *~/staff/files/staff-demo.txt*
 - *~/dummies/files/dummy-demo.txt*
- Move:
 - *~/staff/* to */home/staff/*
 - *~/dummies* to */home/dummies*

Spoilers

```
$ cd ~  
$ mkdir -p staff/files dummies/files  
$ vi staff/files/staff-demo.txt  
$ vi dummies/files/dummies-demo.txt  
$ sudo mv staff /home/  
$ sudo mv dummies /home/
```

LAB: File permissions

Command hints

chmod	CHange MODe
chown	CHange OWNeR
chgrp	CHange GRouP

Assignment

- */home/staff* and contents should have group "staff".
 - New files should automatically get group "staff".
 - Files should only be deletable by their creator.
 - Group "staff" should have full rights on all contents.
- Apply similarly for "dummies" on */home/dummies*.

Spoilers

```
$ sudo chgrp -R staff /home/staff
$ sudo chown -R opsuser /home/staff

$ sudo chmod g+s /home/staff /home/staff/files
$ sudo chmod +t /home/staff /home/staff/files
$ sudo chmod g+rwx /home/staff /home/staff/files
```

Spoilers

```
$ sudo chgrp -R dummies /home/dummies
$ sudo chown -R dummy1 /home/dummies

$ sudo chmod g+s /home/dummies /home/dummies/files
$ sudo chmod +t /home/dummies /home/dummies/files
$ sudo chmod g+rwx /home/dummies /home/dummies/files
```

LAB: Git

What's the point again?

- Companies want teams to cooperate.
 - They will work on the same code.
 - When code is ready for release,
 - The central copy will be pushed to production.

Your own, "remote" repo

- We now have two VMs.
 - And we can SSH from Fedora to the other.
- Let's make the Ubuntu VM our **Git server**.
 - So we can code on Fedora,
 - And push updates to the server.

Setting up the server

- On the Ubuntu VM, make user account "git".
 - With homedir *"/home/git"*.
 - And a password you won't mind typing.
- Test that you can SSH from Fedora,
 - To the user "git" on the new VM.

Making a repo

- On the Ubuntu VM, login as user "git".
 - Configure their name and email (slide 70).
- Make the dir *"/home/git/firstrepo"*.
- "cd" into *"firstrepo"* and init a Git repo.
 - Use: *"git init --bare"!!*
- See: [Bare vs non-bare repositories](#)

Cloning the repo

- On the Fedora VM, login as yourself.
- "*cd*" into your Documents folder.
- Clone the repository from the new VM:

```
$ git clone ssh://git@ubuntu:/home/git/firstrepo
```

Making a change

- On the Fedora VM, "*cd*" into the Git repo.
- Make a new file and commit the change.
- Then "*git push*" the update.

Comparing

- Compare the contents of:
 - The cloned git repo on your Fedora box.
 - The bare repo on the Ubuntu VM.
 - "*git log*" on the two repository locations.
- Research question: where are the files on Ubuntu?!

Co-working

- On the Fedora VM, login as user “dummy”.
- "*cd*" into your Documents folder.
- Clone the repository from the new VM:

```
$ git clone ssh://git@ubuntu:/home/git/firstrepo
```

Co-working

- Do you see the file(s) you just pushed?
- Now make another file, as dummy.
- Commit and push it.
- Then switch back to your own account.
- And “*git pull*”. Does the changed file show up?

Spoilers - on Ubuntu

- With your own account ...

```
$ sudo useradd -m -s /bin/bash git
```

```
$ sudo passwd git
```

```
$ su - git
```

Spoilers - on Ubuntu

- You are now the “git user”...

```
$ git config --global user.name "Git"
$ git config --global user.email "git@ubuntu"

$ mkdir firstrepo; cd firstrepo
$ git init --bare
$ exit
```

Spoilers - on Fedora

- With your own account.

```
$ cd ~/Documents
```

```
$ git clone ssh://git@ubuntu:/home/git/firstrepo
```

```
$ cd firstrepo
```


Spoilers - on Fedora

- With your own account.

```
$ echo "Hoi." > readme.txt  
$ git add readme.txt  
$ git commit -m "My first file."  
$ git push  
  
$ su - dummy
```

Spoilers - on Fedora

- Now you are user "dummy".

```
$ git config --global user.name "Dummy"  
$ git config --global user.email "dummy@fedora"  
  
$ git clone ssh://git@ubuntu:/home/git/firstrepo  
$ cd firstrepo
```

Spoilers - on Fedora

- You are still user "dummy".

```
$ echo "Dummy wrote this." > dummy.txt
$ git add dummy.txt
$ git commit -m "Dummy file."
$ git push

$ exit
```

Spoilers - on Fedora

- You are now using your own account again.

```
$ cd ~/Documents/firstrepo
```

```
$ git pull
```

```
$ ls -al
```

```
$ cat dummy.txt
```

Closing

Homework

- Reading:
 - Chapter 4
 - Chapter 25

Homework

- Go do:
 - Download the [free book "Pro Git"](#).
 - Complete the "Git" lab.
 - Make a directory "~/.Scripts" for your account.
 - Make it a Git repository.
 - We will use this for our scripts next week.

Reference materials



Resources

- [Linux file paths](#)
- [FHS on Wikipedia](#)
- [Identifying file types in Linux](#)
- [Graphical vi cheatsheet](#)
- [Vim Adventures!](#) (game to practice hotkeys)
- [Nano cheatsheet](#)

Resources

- [Git internals](#)
- Free book: [Pro Git](#)
- [Intro to Git for security professionals](#)
- [Bare vs non-bare repositories](#)
- [Stop making shell aliases for SSH!](#)