

Linux, day 10



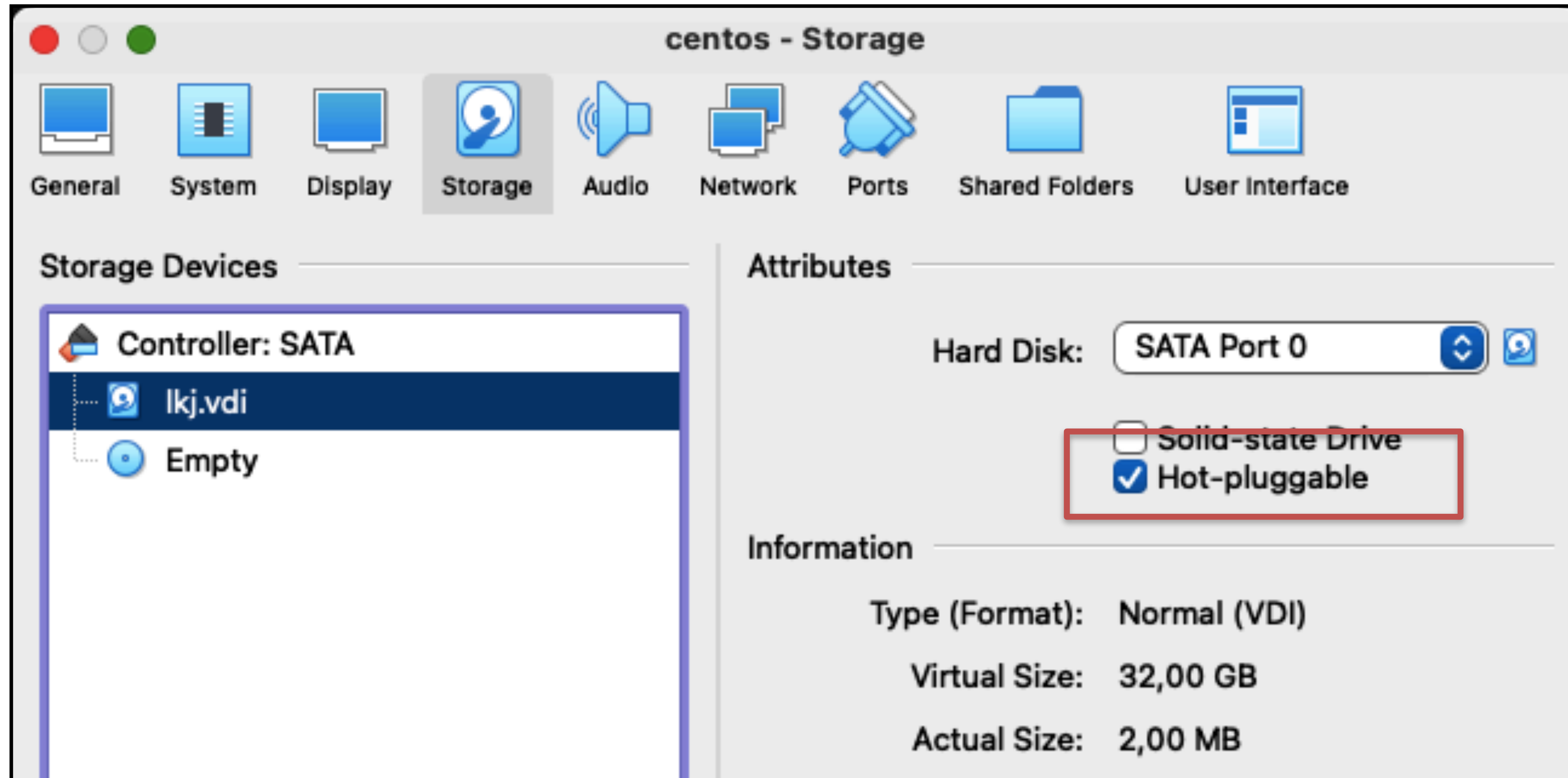
MDadm



Prepping your lab: VBox

- In VirtualBox, change the three new disks.
 - Enable hot-plugging.

Prepping your lab: VBox



Prepping your lab: mounts

- In the Linux VM verify the disks are unused.
 - *mount | grep "sd?"*
 - Unmount your mounts of *sdb*, *sdc* and *sdd*.
 - *grep -i "sd?" /etc/fstab*
 - Remove any lines for *sdb*, *sdc* and *sdd*.
 - *sudo mkdir /mnt/data*

Prepping disks for RAID

- Some people suggest you partition them,
 - Others say to just use the whole device.
 - *mdadm* says "partition table will be meaningless"
- Apply GPT partitioning.
 - Use partition type "*Linux RAID*" (29) in *fdisk*.
 - Or "*FD00*" in *gdisk*.

Prepping our disks (three times)

```
$ sudo fdisk /dev/sdb  
g  
n    # Three times enter, y to overwrite  
t  
29   # Type RAID  
w
```

Making a RAID1, with spare

- Remember how to use those backslashes?

```
$ sudo mdadm --create --verbose \  
  --level=1 --metadata=1.2 \  
  --raid-devices=2 /dev/md/MyRAID1 \  
  /dev/sdb /dev/sdc \  
  --spare-devices=1 /dev/sdd
```


Then use it

- Format, mount and use.

```
$ sudo mkfs.ext4 /dev/md/MyRAID1
```

```
$ sudo mount /dev/md/MyRAID1 /mnt/data
```

```
$ sudo touch /mnt/data/testfile
```

Saving your array config

- Location of the config file differs:
 - *sudo find /etc -name "mdadm.conf"*

```
$ sudo mdadm --detail --scan | \
sudo tee -a /etc/mdadm.conf
```

Fun time

- On the Fedora guest OS, keep an eye on RAID.

```
$ sudo mdadm --monitor /dev/md/MyRAID1
```

Let's break it!

- We run this on our VirtualBox HOST system.
- We first need to know the right devices.

```
$ vboxmanage list vms -l | grep ".vdi"
```

Let's break it!

- I want to rip out */dev/sdc*.
- Note: VM and controller names may differ!

```
$ vboxmanage storageattach "Fedora" \  
--storagectl "SATA" --port 2 \  
--medium none
```

Let's rebuild

- We will re-attach */dev/sdc*.
- Note: VM and controller names may differ!

```
$ vboxmanage storageattach "Fedora" \  
--storagectl "SATA" --port 2 --type hdd\  
--medium ${PATHto}/fedora_2.vdi
```

Let's rebuild

- And we will re-add the disk to the RAID set.

```
$ sudo mdadm --manage /dev/md/MyRAID1 \  
--add /dev/sdc
```

```
$ sudo cat /proc/mdstat
```

Done? Break it all.

```
$ sudo umount /mnt/data
```

```
$ sudo mdadm --stop /dev/md/MyRAID1
```

```
$ sudo mdadm --zero-superblock /dev/sdb
```

```
$ sudo mdadm --zero-superblock /dev/sdc
```

```
$ sudo mdadm --zero-superblock /dev/sdd
```


For your homework: RAID5

- Needs three virtual disks!

```
$ sudo mdadm --create --verbose \
  --level=5 --metadata=1.2 \
  --raid-devices=3 /dev/md/MyRAID5 \
  /dev/sdb /dev/sdc /dev/sdd
```

LVM



Prepping our disks (three times)

```
$ sudo fdisk /dev/sdb  
g  
n    # Three times enter, y to overwrite  
t  
30   # Type LVM, type number may differ  
w
```

Creating phys. volumes

- This adds the device to LVM control

```
$ sudo pvcreate /dev/sdb1  
$ sudo pvcreate /dev/sdc1  
$ sudo pvcreate /dev/sdd1
```

Making the volume group

- This collects the disks for usage.

```
$ sudo vgcreate myvg \  
/dev/sdb1 /dev/sdc1 /dev/sdd1
```

```
$ sudo vgdisplay myvg
```

Our first volume!

- This collects the disks for usage.

```
$ sudo lvcreate -L 50M -n vol1 myvg
```

```
$ sudo vgdisplay
```

```
$ sudo lvdisplay
```

Then use it

- Format, mount and use.

```
$ sudo mkfs.ext4 /dev/myvg/vol1
```

```
$ sudo mount /dev/myvg/vol1 /mnt/data
```

```
$ sudo touch /mnt/data/testfile
```

Tear it all down!

- Breaking what we made is easy.

```
$ sudo umount /mnt/data
$ sudo lvremove /dev/myvg/vol1
$ sudo vgremove /dev/myvg
$ sudo pvremove /dev/sdb1 /dev/sdc1 \
/dev/sdd1
```


Closing

Homework

- Go do:
 - Retry your RAID1 setup, incl. the "failed" device.
 - Use your three disks to make one *mdadm* RAID5.
 - On the RAID5 set, make an LVM volume group
 - And a 100MB logical volume, on */mnt/data*.

Homework

/mnt/b/

mount

LV: /dev/myvg/vol1

log. vol

VG: /dev/myvg/

vol. grp.

PV: /dev/md/MyRAID5

phys. vol.

/dev/md/MyRAID5

MDadm

/dev/sdb

/dev/sdc

/dev/sdd

phys. disk

Advanced homework

- Go do:
 - Take the 100MB logical volume you made.
 - And expand it to 150MB.
 - You need to grow both the logical volume,
 - as well as the file system.

Reference materials

Resources

- [Example of using quota with Ubuntu](#)
- [Using autofs to mount NFS shares](#)
- [An introduction to udev device manager](#)
- [Auto-mounting a LUKS encrypted volume](#)
- [Device mapper and udev \(Redhat\)](#)
- [Understanding Linux dm-multipath](#)

Resources

- [How to create RAID arrays with mdadm](#)
- [mdadm cheat sheet](#)
- [A Linux user's guide to LVM](#)
- [Venafi - Diffie-Hellman vs RSA](#)