

CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

U3233	30-milloduction to Fython Frogramming
Started on	Wednesday, 11 September 2024, 1:43 PM
State	Finished
-	Friday, 13 September 2024, 1:13 PM
	1 day 23 hours
Marks Grade	5.00/5.00 100.00 out of 100.00
Question 1	
Correct Mark 1.00 out $\square^{\mathcal{V}}$ Flag quest	
Question text	
A strobogramm	natic number is a number that looks the same when rotated 180 degrees (looked at upside down).
Write a program	n to determine if a number is strobogrammatic. The number is represented as a string.
Example 1:	
Input:	
69	
Output:	
true	
Example 2:	
Input:	
88	
Output:	
true	
Example 3:	
Input:	
962	
Output:	
false	
Example 4:	
Input:	
1	
Output:	

For example:

true

```
print(Strobogrammatic(69)) true
print(Strobogrammatic(962)) false
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
                def
                Strobogrammatic(n):
                   mapping=
                 {'0':'0','1':'1','8':'8','9':
                 '6','6':'9'}
                   a = str(n)
                   rotated=""
                   for i in reversed(a):
                      if i not in
                mapping:
                        return "false"
                rotated+=mapping[i]
                   if rotated == a:
                      return "true"
Reset answer
```

Result

Test

Feedback

TestExpectedGotprint(Strobogrammatic(69))truetrueprint(Strobogrammatic(88))truetrueprint(Strobogrammatic(962))falsefalse

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 \square^{∇} Flag question

Question text

A number is considered to be ugly if its only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5.

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, ...] is the sequence of ugly numbers.

Task:

complete the function which takes a number n as input and checks if it's an ugly number.

return ugly if it is ugly, else return not ugly

Hint:

An ugly number U can be expressed as: $U = 2^a * 3^b * 5^c$, where a, b and c are nonnegative integers.

For example:

Test Result print(checkUgly(6)) ugly

print(checkUgly(21)) not ugly

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

def checkUgly(n):
 for i in [2,3,5]:
 while n%i==0:
 n//=i
 return "ugly" if
 n==1 else "not ugly"

Reset answer

Feedback

Test Expected Got

print(checkUgly(6)) ugly ugly

print(checkUgly(21)) not ugly not ugly

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 \square Flag question

Question text

An e-commerce company plans to give their customers a special discount for Christmas.

They are planning to offer a flat discount. The discount value is calculated as the sum of all the prime digits in the total bill amount.

Write an algorithm to find the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Constraints

1 <= orderValue< 10e100000

Input

The input consists of an integer orderValue, representing the total bill amount.

Output

Print an integer representing the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Example Input

578

Output

12

For example:

```
Test
                           Result
print(christmasDiscount(578)) 12
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
               def
                christmasDiscount(n):
                  a=str(n)
                  sum=0
                  I=[2,3,5,7]
                  for i in a:
                     i=int(i)
                     if i in I:
                      sum+=i
                  return sum
Reset answer
Feedback
           Test
                            Expected Got
print(christmasDiscount(578)) 12
Passed all tests!
Correct
Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.
Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
\square Flag question
Question text
Write a function that returns the value of a+aa+aaa+aaaa with a given digit as the value of a.
Suppose the following input is supplied to the program:
Then, the output should be:
9+99+999+9999=11106
Sample Input Format:
9
Sample Output format:
```

11106

Test Result

print(Summation(8)) 9872

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

def Summation(n):
 n=str(n)
b=int(n)+int(n+n)+int
(n+n+n)+int(n+n+n+
n)
 return(b)

Reset answer

Feedback

 Test
 Expected
 Got

 print(Summation(8))
 9872
 9872

 print(Summation(10))
 10203040
 10203040

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 \square Flag question

Question text

complete function to implement coin change making problem i.e. finding the minimum number of coins of certain denominations that add up to given amount of money.

The only available coins are of values 1, 2, 3, 4

Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

return the minimum number of coins required to meet the given target.

Example Input:

16

Output:

1

Explanation:

We need only 4 coins of value 4 each

Example Input:

25

Output:

Explanation:

We need 6 coins of 4 value, and 1 coin of 1 value

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

def coinChange(n):
 target=n
 coins=[4,3,2,1]
 count=0
 for i in coins:
 count+=target//i
 target%=i
 return count

Reset answer

Feedback

Test Expected Got

print(coinChange(16)) 4

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Save the state of the flags

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