metaSEM: Meta-Analysis using Structural Equation Modeling

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1 Introduction

metaSEM is an R package that conducts univariate and multivariate meta-analysis using a structural equation modeling (SEM) approach (Cheung, 2008, 2011) via the OpenMx package (Boker et al., 2011). It also implements the two-stage structural equation modeling (TSSEM) approach (Cheung and Chan, 2005, 2009) to conducting a meta-analytic structural equation modeling (MASEM) on correlation/covariance matrices. Main functions in this package are:

- tssem1(): It conducts the first stage analysis of TSSEM by pooling correlation/covariance matrices with a fixed-effets model.
- tssem2(): It conducts the second stage analysis of TSSEM by calling wls().
- wls(): It fits a correlation/covariance structure analysis with weighted least squares.
- meta() and reml(): meta() conducts univariate and multivariate meta-analysis with maximum likelihood estimation method while reml() estimates the variance components of the random-effects with restricted (residual) maximum likelihood estimation method. Mixed-effects meta-analysis can be conducted by including study characteristics as predictors. Equality constraints on intercepts, regression coefficients and variance components can be imposed.

Besides using Wald confidence intervals (CIs) based on z statistic, likelihood-based CIs on the parameter estimates may also be requested (Cheung, 2009a; Neale and Miller, 1997). Several generic functions such as, anova(), coef(), vcov(), print(), summary() and plot(), have also been implemented. The current version is 0.6-0. Please send any bugs and comments to me at <mikewlcheung (at) nus.edu.sg>.

2 Installation

First of all, you need R to run it. Since metaSEM uses OpenMx as the workhorse, OpenMx has to be installed first. To install OpenMx, run the following command inside an R session:

source('http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/getOpenMx.R')

See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/installing-openmx for the details on how to install OpenMx. Moreover, metaSEM also depends on the ellipse package that can be installed by the following command inside an R session:

install.packages('ellipse')

2.1 Windows platform

Download the Windows binary of metaSEM. If the file is saved at d:\. Run the following command inside an R session:

```
install.packages(pkgs="d:/metaSEM_0.6-0.zip", repos=NULL)
```

Please note that d:\ in Windows is represented by either d:/ or d:\\ in R.

2.2 Linux platform

Download the source package of metaSEM. Run the following command as Root inside a terminal:

```
R CMD INSTALL metaSEM_0.6-0.tar.gz
```

2.3 Mac OS X platform

The current version does not contain binaries for Mac OS X. Mac OS X users may need to build from the source.

3 Examples

3.1 Two-stage SEM

An example from Cheung (2009b) was used to illustrate the two-stage structural equation modeling (TSSEM) procedure. tssem1() is used to pool the correlation matrices with a fixed-effects model in the first stage. tssem2() is then used to fit a structural model on the pooled correlation matrix with the inverse of its asymptotic covariance matrix as the weight matrix (see Cheung and Chan (2005, 2009) for the details).

```
R> ## Load the metaSEM library
R> library(metaSEM)
R> ## Sample correlation matrices with missing values
R> Cheung09$data
$`1`
        x1
                x2
                        xЗ
                                x4
                                        x5
                                                 x6
                                                         x7
                                                                  8x
x1 0.77298 0.26975 0.24009 0.23778 0.20869 0.22377 0.18801
                                                             0.07055
x2 0.26975 0.91307 0.44374 0.26083 0.28387 0.20660 0.12764
x3 0.24009 0.44374 1.11292 0.29440 0.26262 0.27320 0.18548
                                                             0.20417
x4 0.23778 0.26083 0.29440 0.80501 0.47489 0.45939 0.40998
x5 0.20869 0.28387 0.26262 0.47489 0.89692 0.41972 0.31541
x6 0.22377 0.20660 0.27320 0.45939 0.41972 1.36089 0.74274
                                                             0.18137
x7 0.18801 0.12764 0.18548 0.40998 0.31541 0.74274 1.01075
                                                             0.13724
x8 0.07055 0.22892 0.20417 0.09104 0.33907 0.18137 0.13724
x9 0.10051 0.09590 0.18243 0.10142 0.06561 0.12973 0.12776 -0.01980
         x9
   0.10051
x1
x2 0.09590
xЗ
   0.18243
x4 0.10142
x5 0.06561
x6 0.12973
   0.12776
x8 -0.01980
```

x9 0.91252

```
$`2`
                               x5
   x1 x2
              xЗ
                      x4
                                       x6
                                                <sub>x</sub>7
                                                        x8
                                                                 x9
x1 NA NA
              NA
                      NA
                               NΑ
                                       NA
                                                NA
                                                        NA
                                                                 NA
x2 NA NA
              NA
                      NA
                               NA
                                       NA
                                                NA
                                                        NA
                                                                 NA
x3 NA NA 1.06293 0.27094 0.20331 0.16522 0.11922 0.25387 0.06877
x4 NA NA 0.27094 0.73625 0.27053 0.33506 0.33495 0.16124 0.00912
x5 NA NA 0.20331 0.27053 0.71718 0.19873 0.14582 0.21907 0.04089
x6 NA NA 0.16522 0.33506 0.19873 0.92247 0.55128 0.17143 0.01380
x7 NA NA 0.11922 0.33495 0.14582 0.55128 1.00462 0.16561 0.04322
x8 NA NA 0.25387 0.16124 0.21907 0.17143 0.16561 1.49431 0.29094
x9 NA NA 0.06877 0.00912 0.04089 0.01380 0.04322 0.29094 1.01960
$`3`
                x2 x3 x4 x5
                                  x6
                                           x7
                                                   x8
                                                           x9
        x1
x1 0.95825 0.32958 NA NA NA 0.13948 0.15463 0.15248 0.10405
x2 0.32958 1.02277 NA NA NA 0.07300 0.07002 0.17056 0.13502
                NA NA NA NA
x3
                                  NΑ
                                          NA
                                                   NΑ
        NΑ
                                                           NΑ
x4
        NA
                NA NA NA NA
                                  NA
                                           NA
                                                   NA
                                                           NA
<sub>x5</sub>
        NA
                NA NA NA NA
                                  NΑ
                                           ΝA
                                                   NΑ
x6 0.13948 0.07300 NA NA NA 0.82987 0.43769 0.23195 0.03856
x7 0.15463 0.07002 NA NA NA 0.43769 0.83476 0.19002 0.03986
x8 0.15248 0.17056 NA NA NA 0.23195 0.19002 1.42583 0.38343
x9 0.10405 0.13502 NA NA NA 0.03856 0.03986 0.38343 1.03062
$`4`
                 x2
                          xЗ
                                  x4
                                           x5
                                                   x6
                                                             x7 x8 x9
        x1
x1 0.83995
            0.21117 0.14249 0.13268 0.17861 0.22783
                                                      0.18991 NA NA
x2 0.21117
            0.93380 0.34383 0.19040 0.15068 0.12191 -0.04762 NA NA
x3 0.14249
            0.34383 1.33025 0.31041 0.10873 0.19756
                                                       0.12113 NA NA
x4 0.13268 0.19040 0.31041 0.77512 0.36093 0.36519
                                                       0.22716 NA NA
x5 0.17861
            0.15068 0.10873 0.36093 0.91598 0.37035
                                                       0.19550 NA NA
            0.12191 0.19756 0.36519 0.37035 1.48445
x6 0.22783
                                                       0.62637 NA NA
x7 0.18991
           -0.04762 0.12113 0.22716 0.19550 0.62637
                                                       1.05049 NA NA
8x
        NA
                 NΑ
                          NA
                                  NΑ
                                          NΑ
                                                   NΑ
                                                            NA NA NA
x9
        NA
                 NA
                          NA
                                  NA
                                           NA
                                                   NA
                                                            NA NA NA
R> ## Sample sizes
R> Cheung09$n
[1] 591 656 832 823
R> ## Stage 1: Analysis of correlation matrices
R> ## A pooled correlation matrix will be estimated.
R> ## tssem1() is the function for stage 1 analysis.
R> cor1 <- tssem1(Cheung09$data, Cheung09$n)
Running TSSEM1 Analysis of Correlation Matrix
R> summary(cor1)
Call:
tssem1(my.df = Cheung09$data, n = Cheung09$n)
```

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std.Error z value Pr(>|z|)
S1[1,2] 0.295204 0.019261 15.3267 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[1,3] 0.195314 0.024753 7.8906 3.109e-15 ***
S1[1,4] 0.218765 0.024123 9.0687 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[1,5] 0.219892 0.024410 9.0082 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[1,6] 0.188085 0.020244 9.2910 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[1,7] 0.192202 0.020246 9.4935 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[1,8] 0.098346 0.025657 3.8331 0.0001265 ***
S1[1,9] 0.098793 0.025907 3.8134 0.0001371 ***
S1[2,3] 0.369539 0.022701 16.2786 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[2,4] 0.254045 0.023529 10.7971 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[2,5] 0.228516 0.024102 9.4813 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[2,6] 0.114146 0.020524 5.5617 2.672e-08 ***
S1[2,7] 0.045226 0.020796 2.1747 0.0296520 *
S1[2,8] 0.148063 0.025249 5.8640 4.517e-09 ***
S1[2,9] 0.101851 0.025717 3.9605 7.479e-05 ***
S1[3,4] 0.307685 0.019829 15.5172 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[3,5] 0.190536 0.021200 8.9877 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[3,6] 0.168642 0.020895 8.0710 6.661e-16 ***
S1[3,7] 0.131197 0.021077 6.2246 4.827e-10 ***
S1[3,8] 0.165582 0.027014 6.1294 8.819e-10 ***
S1[3,9] 0.125626 0.027583 4.5545 5.251e-06 ***
S1[4,5] 0.451817 0.017509 25.8050 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[4,6] 0.385261 0.018402 20.9362 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[4,7] 0.356265 0.018830 18.9201 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[4,8] 0.118677 0.026683 4.4477 8.681e-06 ***
S1[4,9] 0.056840 0.027195 2.0901 0.0366073 *
S1[5,6] 0.312551 0.019537 15.9978 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[5,7] 0.231882 0.020370 11.3833 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[5,8] 0.238514 0.026160 9.1175 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[5,9] 0.064726 0.027417 2.3608 0.0182349 *
S1[6,7] 0.553723 0.012912 42.8834 < 2.2e-16 ***
S1[6,8] 0.162009 0.021035 7.7018 1.332e-14 ***
S1[6,9] 0.053050 0.021659 2.4493 0.0143139 *
S1[7,8] 0.135426 0.021212 6.3844 1.720e-10 ***
S1[7,9] 0.066476 0.021651 3.0704 0.0021377 **
S1[8,9] 0.198066 0.021254 9.3191 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
```

Goodness-of-fit indices:

	Value
Sample size	2902.0000
Chi-square of target model	172.7320
DF of target model	57.0000
p value of target model	0.0000
Chi-square of independent model	3246.6915
DF of independent model	93.0000
RMSEA	0.0529

```
SRMR
                                   0.0549
TT.T
                                   0.9401
CFI
                                   0.9633
ATC:
                                  58.7320
BIC
                                -281.7379
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:19 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Stage 2: Fit a three-factor CFA model on the pooled correlation matrix
R> ## Create a matrix for factor correlations
R> ## Values with "*" are free parameters
R> P4 <- matrix(c(1,"0.2*p21*","0.2*p31",
                  "0.2*p21",1,"0.2*p32",
                  "0.2*p31", "0.2*p32",1), ncol=3, nrow=3, byrow=TRUE)
R> ## Convert it into a mxMatrix class
R> P4 <- as.mxMatrix(P4)</pre>
R> ## Create a matrix for factor loadings
R > L4 <- matrix(c(rep(c("0.3*",0,0),3),
                 rep(c(0, "0.3*", 0), 4),
                 rep(c(0,0,"0.3*"),2)), ncol=3, nrow=9, byrow=TRUE)
R> ## Convert it into a mxMatrix class
R> L4 <- as.mxMatrix(L4)</pre>
R> \#\# impliedR = L4 \%*\% P4 \%*\% t(L4)
R> impliedR4 <- mxAlgebra(L4 %%% P4, name="impliedR4")
R> ## tssem2() is the function for stage 2 analysis.
R> cor2 <- tssem2(cor1, impliedS=impliedR4, matrices=c(P4, L4))</pre>
Running TSSEM2 Analysis of Correlation Structure
R> summary(cor2)
Call:
wls(S = tssem1.obj$pooledS, acovS = tssem1.obj$acovS, n = tssem1.obj$total.n,
    impliedS = impliedS, matrices = matrices, cor.analysis = cor.analysis,
    intervals.type = intervals.type, model.name = model.name,
    suppressWarnings = suppressWarnings)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
       Estimate Std.Error lbound
                                     ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
L4[1,1] 0.517061 0.023568 0.470869 0.563254 21.9389 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[2,1] 0.575072 0.023120 0.529758 0.620387 24.8734 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[3,1] 0.593858 0.025586 0.543711 0.644004 23.2106 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[4,2] 0.705138 0.014698 0.676330 0.733946 47.9750 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[5,2] 0.579019 0.016902 0.545892 0.612146 34.2580 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[6,2] 0.746403 0.013060 0.720806 0.772000 57.1515 < 2.2e-16 ***
L4[7,2] 0.692214 0.013622 0.665515 0.718912 50.8157 < 2.2e-16 ***
```

Goodness-of-fit indices:

2902.0000
384.9041
24.0000
0.0000
4636.5843
36.0000
0.0720
0.2953
0.8823
0.9216
336.9041
193.5484

R version: 2.13.0

OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661

metaSEM version: 0.6-0

Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:20 2011

OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)

See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.

3.2 Reading External Data Files

Data sets are most likely stored externally. metaSEM reads three types of data formats. The first type is full correlation/covariance matrices, for example, fullmat.dat is the same as the built-in data set CheungO9. Missing values are represented by NA (the default option). Suppose you have saved it at d:\fullmat.dat, you may read it by using the following command in R:

```
my.df <- readFullMat(file="d:/fullmat.dat")</pre>
```

The second type is lower triangle correlation/covariance matrices, for example, lowertriangle.dat. Missing values are represented by the strings NA. Suppose you have saved it at d:\lowertriangle.dat, you may read it by using the following command in R:

```
my.df <- readLowTriMat(file = "d:/lowertriangle.dat", no.var = 9, na.strings="NA")
```

The third type is vectors of correlation/covariance elements based on column vectorization. One row represents one study, for example, stackvec.dat. Suppose you have saved it at d:\stackvec.dat, you may read it by using the following R command:

```
my.df <- readStackVec(file="d:/stackvec.dat")</pre>
```

3.3 Analysis of Correlation/Covariance Structure with Weighted Least Squares

Besides fitting a TSSEM, wls() may be used to fit a correlation/covariance structure with weighted least squares (WLS) as the estimation method. Likelihood-based CIs may also be calculated. The following example fits a one-factor CFA model on the correlation matrix with WLS estimation method.

```
R> ## Sample correlation matrix
R > R1 \leftarrow matrix(c(1.00, 0.22, 0.24, 0.18,
                 0.22, 1.00, 0.30, 0.22,
                 0.24, 0.30, 1.00, 0.24,
                 0.18, 0.22, 0.24, 1.00), ncol=4, nrow=4)
R> ## Sample size
R> n <- 1000
R> ## Estimate the asymptotic covariance matrix of the sample correlation matrix
R> acovR <- asyCov(R1, n)
R> ## P1: Factor variance is fixed at 1.0
R> P1 <- as.mxMatrix( matrix(1), name="P1")</pre>
R> ## L1: Factor loadings
R > L1 < -as.mxMatrix( matrix( rep("0.3*", 4), nrow=4, ncol=1), name="L1" )
R> ## Model implied correlation matrix
R> ## Please note that error variances are not involved in correlation structure analysis
R> impliedR1 <- mxAlgebra(L1 %%% P1, name="impliedR1")</pre>
R> ## wls() is the function to fitting correlation/covariance structure with WLS
R> wls.fit1 <- wls(S=R1, acovS=acovR, n=n, impliedS=impliedR1,
                  matrices=c(P1, L1), cor.analysis=TRUE, intervals.type="LB")
Running WLS Analysis of Correlation Structure
R> summary(wls.fit1)
Call:
wls(S = R1, acovS = acovR, n = n, impliedS = impliedR1, matrices = c(P1,
   L1), cor.analysis = TRUE, intervals.type = "LB")
95% confidence intervals: Likelihood-based statistic
Coefficients:
                             lbound
        Estimate Std.Error
                                    ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
L1[1,1] 0.421592 0.038727 0.346320 0.498692 10.886 < 2.2e-16 ***
L1[2,1] 0.523764 0.039257 0.448295 0.603091 13.342 < 2.2e-16 ***
L1[3,1] 0.570921 0.040144 0.494310 0.652919 14.222 < 2.2e-16 ***
L1[4,1] 0.421592 0.038727 0.346320 0.498692 10.886 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Goodness-of-fit indices:
                                    Value
                                1000.0000
Sample size
Chi-square of target model
                                   0.0134
DF of target model
                                   2.0000
p value of target model
                                   0.9933
Chi-square of independent model 243.9789
DF of independent model
                                   6.0000
RMSEA
                                   0.0000
```

```
      SRMR
      0.4830

      TLI
      1.0250

      CFI
      1.0000

      AIC
      -3.9866

      BIC
      -13.8021
```

R version: 2.13.0

OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661

metaSEM version: 0.6-0

Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:20 2011

OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)

See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.

3.4 Univariate and Multivariate Meta-Analysis

Other useful functions are meta() and reml(). They conduct fixed-, random-, and mixed-effects meta-analysis. Please note that there is no estimate on the fixed-effects when reml() is used. The followings are some examples.

```
R> ## Random-effects meta-analysis with ML
R> summary( meta(y=yi, v=vi, data=Hox02) )
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
meta(y = yi, v = vi, data = Hox02)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std.Error
                                 lbound
                                           ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Intercept1 0.579035 0.105100 0.373042 0.785028 5.5093 3.602e-08
Tau2 1 1
           0.131520 0.073536 -0.012608 0.275648 1.7885
Intercept1 ***
Tau2_1_1
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 49.5852
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 19
P value of the Q statistic: 0.000150801
Number of studies: 20
Number of observed statistics: 20
Number of parameter estimated: 2
Degrees of freedom: 18
-2 log likelihood: 27.79916
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:20 2011
```

```
OpenMx status1: 1 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Random-effects meta-analysis with REML
R> summary( VarComp <- reml(y=yi, v=vi, data=Hox02) )
Running Variance component with REML
Call:
reml(y = yi, v = vi, data = Hox02)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
         Estimate Std.Error
                                lbound
                                         ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Tau2_1_1 0.144609 0.079766 -0.011729 0.300947 1.8129 0.06984 .
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Number of studies: 20
Number of observed statistics: 19
Number of parameter estimated: 1
Degrees of freedom: 18
-2 log likelihood: -4.477744
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:21 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Extract the variance component
R> VarComp_REML <- matrix( coef(VarComp), ncol=1, nrow=1 )</pre>
R> ## Meta-analysis by treating the variance component as fixed
R> summary( meta(y=yi, v=vi, data=Hox02, RE.constraints=VarComp_REML) )
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
meta(y = yi, v = vi, data = Hox02, RE.constraints = VarComp_REML)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std.Error lbound ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Intercept1 0.58015 0.10800 0.36847 0.79182 5.3716 7.802e-08 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 49.5852
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 19
P value of the Q statistic: 0.000150801
Number of studies: 20
```

```
Number of observed statistics: 20
Number of parameter estimated: 1
Degrees of freedom: 19
-2 log likelihood: 27.82858
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:22 2011
OpenMx status1: 1 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Fixed-effects meta-analysis
R> summary( meta(y=yi, v=vi, data=HoxO2, RE.constraints=matrix(0, ncol=1, nrow=1),
               model.name="Fixed effects model") )
Running Fixed effects model
Call:
meta(y = yi, v = vi, data = HoxO2, RE.constraints = matrix(0,
   ncol = 1, nrow = 1), model.name = "Fixed effects model")
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std.Error lbound ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Intercept1 0.550206 0.064998 0.422813 0.677599 8.465 < 2.2e-16 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 49.5852
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 19
P value of the Q statistic: 0.000150801
Number of studies: 20
Number of observed statistics: 20
Number of parameter estimated: 1
Degrees of freedom: 19
-2 log likelihood: 37.70073
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:22 2011
OpenMx status1: 1 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Mixed-effects meta-analysis with "weeks" as a predictor
R> ## Request likelihood-based CI
R> summary( meta(y=yi, v=vi, x=weeks, data=Hox02, intervals.type="LB") )
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
```

```
meta(y = yi, v = vi, x = weeks, data = HoxO2, intervals.type = "LB")
95% confidence intervals: Likelihood-based statistic
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std.Error
                                  lbound
                                              ubound z value
Slope1_1 1.3866e-01 3.2089e-02 7.4635e-02 2.0695e-01 4.3210
Tau2_1_1 2.3252e-02 3.5481e-02 1.0000e-10 1.3790e-01 0.6553
         Pr(>|z|)
Slope1_1 1.553e-05 ***
Tau2_1_1 0.5123
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 49.5852
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 19
P value of the Q statistic: 0.000150801
Number of studies: 20
Number of observed statistics: 40
Number of parameter estimated: 5
Degrees of freedom: 35
-2 log likelihood: 104.9018
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:22 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Estimate variance components with REML
R> summary( reml(y=yi, v=vi, x=weeks, data=Hox02, intervals.type="LB") )
Running Variance component with REML
Call:
reml(y = yi, v = vi, x = weeks, data = Hox02, intervals.type = "LB")
95% confidence intervals: Likelihood-based statistic
Coefficients:
          Estimate Std.Error
                                   lbound
                                              ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Tau2_1_1 3.6582e-02 4.2208e-02 4.0001e-06 1.7650e-01 0.8667 0.3861
Number of studies: 20
Number of observed statistics: 18
Number of parameter estimated: 1
Degrees of freedom: 17
-2 log likelihood: -10.86705
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
```

```
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:24 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Multivariate meta-analysis
R> summary( meta(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL), data=Berkey98) )
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
meta(y = cbind(PD, AL), v = cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
   data = Berkey98)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
                                              ubound z value
            Estimate Std.Error
                                   lbound
Intercept1 0.3448392 0.0536312 0.2397239 0.4499544 6.4298
Intercept2 -0.3379381 0.0812479 -0.4971812 -0.1786951 -4.1593
Tau2_1_1 0.0070020 0.0090497 -0.0107351 0.0247391 0.7737
Tau2_2_1 0.0094607 0.0099698 -0.0100797 0.0290010 0.9489
Tau2_2_2
          Pr(>|z|)
Intercept1 1.278e-10 ***
Intercept2 3.192e-05 ***
Tau2_1_1
            0.4391
Tau2_2_1
             0.3427
Tau2_2_2
             0.1406
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 128.2267
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 8
P value of the Q statistic: 0
Number of studies: 5
Number of observed statistics: 10
Number of parameter estimated: 5
Degrees of freedom: 5
-2 log likelihood: -11.68131
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:25 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Estimate variance components with REML
R> summary( reml(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL), data=Berkey98) )
Running Variance component with REML
```

Call:

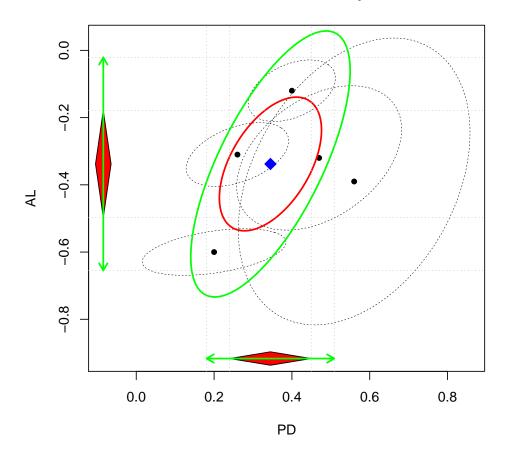
```
reml(y = cbind(PD, AL), v = cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
   data = Berkey98)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
        Estimate Std.Error
                            lbound
                                     ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Tau2 1 1 0.011733 0.013645 -0.015011 0.038477 0.8599 0.3899
Tau2_2_1 0.011916 0.014416 -0.016340 0.040172 0.8266
                                                    0.4085
Tau2_2_2 0.032651 0.024402 -0.015176 0.080479 1.3380
                                                   0.1809
Number of studies: 5
Number of observed statistics: 8
Number of parameter estimated: 3
Degrees of freedom: 5
-2 log likelihood: -18.86768
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:25 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Multivariate meta-analysis with "publication year-1979" as a predictor
R> summary( meta(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
              x=scale(pub_year, center=1979), data=Berkey98) )
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
meta(y = cbind(PD, AL), v = cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
   x = scale(pub_year, center = 1979), data = Berkey98)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
           Estimate Std.Error
                                lbound
                                          ubound z value
          0.0063540 0.1078235 -0.2049761 0.2176842 0.0589
Slope1_1
Slope2_1
         Intercept1 0.3440001 0.0857659 0.1759021 0.5120982 4.0109
Intercept2 -0.2918175 0.1312796 -0.5491208 -0.0345141 -2.2229
        Tau2_1_1
Tau2_2_1
          Tau2_2_2 0.0250135 0.0170788 -0.0084603 0.0584873 1.4646
         Pr(>|z|)
Slope1_1
          0.95301
Slope2_1
           0.66322
Intercept1 6.048e-05 ***
Intercept2 0.02622 *
Tau2_1_1
           0.42692
Tau2_2_1
          0.37599
Tau2_2_2
          0.14303
```

```
Signif. codes: 0 '***, 0.001 '**, 0.01 '*, 0.05 '., 0.1 ', 1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 128.2267
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 8
P value of the Q statistic: 0
Number of studies: 5
Number of observed statistics: 15
Number of parameter estimated: 9
Degrees of freedom: 6
-2 log likelihood: -4.595466
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:25 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Estimate variance components with REML
R> summary( reml(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
                x=scale(pub_year, center=1979), data=Berkey98) )
Running Variance component with REML
Call:
reml(y = cbind(PD, AL), v = cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
   x = scale(pub_year, center = 1979), data = Berkey98)
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
         Estimate Std.Error
                               lbound
                                         ubound z value Pr(>|z|)
Tau2_1_1 0.020447 0.022523 -0.023697 0.064590 0.9078 0.3640
Tau2_2_1 0.016226 0.022696 -0.028258 0.060710 0.7149
                                                          0.4747
Tau2_2_2 0.040857 0.034707 -0.027168 0.108882 1.1772 0.2391
Number of studies: 5
Number of observed statistics: 6
Number of parameter estimated: 3
Degrees of freedom: 3
-2 log likelihood: -11.44636
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:26 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
R> ## Multivariate meta-analysis with an equality constraint on the slopes
R> summary( meta(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
                x=scale(pub_year, center=1979), data=Berkey98,
                coeff.constraints=matrix(c("0.3*Eq_slope", "0.3*Eq_slope"), nrow=2)) )
```

```
Running Meta analysis with ML
Call:
meta(y = cbind(PD, AL), v = cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL),
   x = scale(pub_year, center = 1979), data = Berkey98, coeff.constraints = matrix(c("0.3*Eq_slope",
       "0.3*Eq_slope"), nrow = 2))
95% confidence intervals: z statistic approximation
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std.Error
                                  lbound
                                             ubound z value
Eq_slope
           Intercept1 0.3437612 0.0849828 0.1771979 0.5103245 4.0451
Intercept2 -0.3390010 0.1041005 -0.5430344 -0.1349677 -3.2565
Tau2_1_1 0.0070474 0.0094638 -0.0115013 0.0255962 0.7447
Tau2_2_1 0.0095165 0.0105668 -0.0111940 0.0302269 0.9006
Tau2_2_2
          Pr(>|z|)
Eq_slope
          0.986956
Intercept1 5.231e-05 ***
Intercept2 0.001128 **
Tau2_1_1 0.456471
Tau2_2_1 0.367800
Tau2_2_2 0.147278
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1
Q statistic on homogeneity of effect sizes: 128.2267
Degrees of freedom of the Q statistic: 8
P value of the Q statistic: 0
Number of studies: 5
Number of observed statistics: 15
Number of parameter estimated: 8
Degrees of freedom: 7
-2 log likelihood: -4.268456
R version: 2.13.0
OpenMx version: 999.0.0-1661
metaSEM version: 0.6-0
Date of analysis: Sun May 22 16:19:26 2011
OpenMx status1: 0 ("0" and "1": considered fine; other values indicate problems)
See http://openmx.psyc.virginia.edu/wiki/errors for the details.
  If multivariate meta-analysis is conducted, pairwise plots on the pooled effect sizes and their confidence
ellipses may be requested. For example,
R> Berkey98.ma <- meta(y=cbind(PD, AL), v=cbind(var_PD, cov_PD_AL, var_AL), data=Berkey98)
```

Running Meta analysis with ML

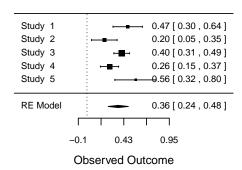
Multivariate meta-analysis



By combining with the forest plots based on the metafor package, more information can be displayed.

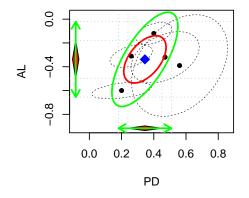
```
R> library(metafor)
R> plot(Berkey98.ma, diag.panel=TRUE, main="Multivariate meta-analysis", axis.label=c("PD", "AL"))
R> forest( rma(yi=PD, vi=var_PD, data=Berkey98) )
R> title("Forest plot for PD")
R> forest( rma(yi=AL, vi=var_AL, data=Berkey98) )
R> title("Forest plot for AL")
```

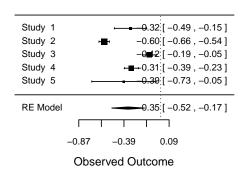
Forest plot for PD



Multivariate meta-analysis

Forest plot for AL





4 Acknowledgements

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References

Steven Boker, Michael Neale, Hermine Maes, Michael Wilde, Michael Spiegel, Timothy Brick, Jeffrey Spies, Ryne Estabrook, Sarah Kenny, Timothy Bates, Paras Mehta, and John Fox. Openmx: An open source extended structural equation modeling framework. *Psychometrika*, pages 1–12, 2011. ISSN 0033-3123. URL http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s11336-010-9200-6. 10.1007/s11336-010-9200-6.

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