## MATH 149A: Probability and Mathematical Statistics

## Homework 2

**Problem 1.** (6 points) Suppose we have a random experiment with sample space S and two events A and B with probabilities P(A) = 0.4 and P(B) = 0.3. Determine whether the following statements are true or false, and justify your answers.

- (a) (2 points) For any two events A and B, we have  $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ .
- (b) (2 points) If events A and B are mutually exclusive, then  $P(A \cap B) = 0$ .
- (c) (2 points) If events A and B are independent, then  $P(A \mid B) = P(A)$ .

**Problem 2.** (9 points) Let X be a discrete random variable with the following probability mass function:

$$P(X = k) = \begin{cases} 0.2 & \text{if } k = 1 \\ 0.3 & \text{if } k = 2 \\ 0.5 & \text{if } k = 3. \end{cases}$$

Calculate the following probabilities.

- (a) (3 points) P(X = 2)
- (b) (3 points) P(X < 3)
- (c) (3 points)  $P(X \ge 2)$

**Problem 3.** (6 points) Let X be a continuous random variable with the following probability density function:

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Calculate the following probabilities.

(a) (2 points) 
$$P(0.2 < X < 0.6)$$

(b) (2 points) 
$$P(X > 0.8)$$

(c) (2 points) 
$$P(X = 0.35)$$

**Problem 4.** (12 points) Let X be a continuous random variable with the following cumulative distribution function:

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{4} & \text{if } 0 \le x < 2 \\ 1 & \text{if } x \ge 2. \end{cases}$$

Calculate the following probabilities.

(a) (3 points) P(X < 1)

(b) (3 points) P(1 < X < 2)

(c) (3 points) P(X > 3)

(d) (3 points) Find the probability density function  $f_X(x)$ .

<b>Problem 5.</b> (6 points) Let X be a continuous random variable with PDF $f_X(x) = 0.02x$ for $0 \le x \le 10$ . Define a new random variable $Y = X^3 - 2$ .
(a) (3 points) Find the cumulative distribution function $F_Y(y)$ of the random variable Y.
(b) (3 points) Use your result from part (a) to compute the probability that Y falls in the interval [2,5], i.e., compute $P(2 \le Y \le 5)$ .
<b>Problem 6.</b> (6 points) Suppose X has a uniform distribution on the interval $[0,1]$ . Let $Y=2X-1$ . Find the cumulative distribution function (CDF) $F_Y(y)$ of the random variable Y.

**Problem 7.** (8 points) Suppose we have a random variable X with the following PMF:

$$P(X = x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} & \text{for } x = \frac{\pi}{6} \\ \frac{1}{3} & \text{for } x = \frac{\pi}{3} \\ \frac{1}{4} & \text{for } x = \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{1}{6} & \text{for } x = \frac{2\pi}{3} \\ \frac{1}{12} & \text{for } x = \frac{5\pi}{6}. \end{cases}$$

(a) (3 points) Determine the range of  $Y = \sin(X)$ .

(b) (3 points) Find the probability mass function of Y.

(c) (2 points) Calculate  $P(0 < Y \le 1)$ .