# 1 Course Description

#### 1.1 Title

18.04A = Real AnalysisPurpose:

- Gain experience with proofs
- Prove statements about the real numbers, functions, and limits ("analysis")

## 2 Set Theory

#### 2.1 Definitions

- Define sets:
  - 1. A set A is a subset of B, denoted by  $A \subseteq B$ , if for all  $a \in A$ ,  $a \in B$ .
  - 2. Two sets are equal, A = B, if  $A \subseteq B$  and  $B \subseteq A$ .
  - 3. A is a proper subset of B, denoted by  $A \subseteq B$ , if  $A \subseteq B$  and  $A \neq B$ .

### Lecture Title

### Description of the lecture

- 1. A set A is a subset of B, ACB, if  $a \in A \implies a \in B$
- 2. Two sets are equal, A = B, if  $A \subseteq B$  and  $B \subseteq A$
- 3. A is a proper subset of B, ASB, if ACB and  $A \neq ASB$
- 4. Set building notation  $\{x \mid P(x)\}$
- 1.  $N = \{1, 2, 3, 4, \ldots\}$
- 2.  $Z = \{0, 1, -1, -2, \ldots\}$
- 3.  $Q = \{m \div n \mid m, n \in \mathbb{Z}, n \neq 0\}$
- 4.  $R = \{\text{real numbers} \cup \{\text{irrational numbers}\} \}$  along with irrationals like  $\pi, \sqrt{2}, \dots$
- 5.  $N = \{2m 1 \mid m \in N\}$
- 6.  $C = \{1, 3, 5, \ldots\}$
- 1. The union of A,B is the set  $A \cup B = \{x \mid x \in A \text{ or } x \in B\}$
- 2. The intersection of A, B is the set  $A \cap B = \{x \mid x \in A \text{ and } x \in B\}$
- 3. The set P(x)