QUANTIZZAZIONE UNIFORME E PROBABILITÀ DISTRIBUZIONE SEGNALE SUPPOSTA UNIFORME

$$E\left[\frac{e^{n}}{1}\right] = \int_{-q/2}^{q/2} p(e) de = \frac{1}{9} \left[\frac{e^{3}}{3}\right]_{-q/2}^{q/2} = \frac{1}{9} \frac{9^{3/8} + 9^{3/8}}{3}$$
UNIFORME DEL

$$SQNR_{MAX} = \frac{M^2}{E[e_m^2]} - \frac{12M^2}{9^2}$$

$$q = \frac{2H}{L} = \frac{2H}{2^{\ell}} \rightarrow q^2 = \frac{4\pi^2}{2^{2\ell}}$$

$$\rightarrow SQNR_{MAX} = \frac{12M^2}{4M^2/220} = 3.2^{2l}$$

$$SQNR = \frac{E[x^2]}{E[e^2]} = \frac{M^2/F_c}{F_c} = \frac{SQNR_{MAX}}{F_c} = \frac{3 \cdot 2^{2\ell}}{F_c}$$

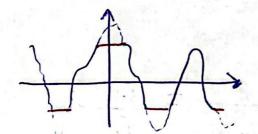
[SQNR] dB = 10. logy to (SQNR) = 10 logy to 3+10 logy to 22 - 10 logy to Fc

A NOTE = 4,77+2l. 10 logy to 2 - [Fc] dB

SEX UNIFORMATION EDISTINBUTO
FRA [-N, M] => ~4.77

DA CUI SE NE BEOUZ SIE, IN QUARTO OUD,

DENI BIT DI QUANTI 22A ZUME MIGUOLA
IL PAPPONE (IN dB)



SATURAZIONE
QUANTIZZATORE
(PEAK)