# A R discussion with Born in Bradford and Bradford NHS

Ning Lu 2019-12-11

## Contents

1	Mission	5
2	Public Health API	7
3	Mari Kondo	11
	3.1 Tidy your files	11
4	Care Quality API	13
5	Road Accidents	15
	5.1 Google data	15
	5.2 DVLA data	15
6	Alfred Pennyworth	17
	6.1 Log your work	17
7	Elastigirl	21
	7.1 Tiki-taka your workflow	21
Q	Final Words	25

4 CONTENTS

### Mission

This is a collection of R discussion in relation to Born in Bradford and Bradford NHS.

#### Public Health API

Fingertips is a web platform that provides easy access to in-depth analysis of a wide range of health and health related data in thematic Profiles. All profiles can be accessed via:

http://fingertips.phe.org.uk/

The project was initially designed and built by the Eastern Region Public Health Observatory, and is now owned by PHE. The platform grows quickly both in functionality and content and is served by one common database called PHO-LIO.

Fingertips is used to create the public health outcome framework data tool, and the healthier lives application. It also underpins Health profiles, the mental health intelligence network tools, tobacco control profiles, the NCMP Data tool, NHS Health Check, National General Practice Profiles and the children and young people's benchmarking tool among others.

R package fingertipsR is to interact with Public Health England's Fingertips data tool.

Stable version from CRAN

```
install.packages("fingertipsR")
```

The latest development version from github

This is a workflow example from the R package to demonstrate how to download data for the indicators on Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth from the Public Health Outcomes Framework profile.

The profiles() function presents all of the available profiles:

```
library(fingertipsR)
profs <- profiles()</pre>
profs <- profs[grep1("Public Health Outcomes Framework", profs$ProfileName),]</pre>
head(profs)
#> # A tibble: 6 x 4
     ProfileID ProfileName
                                              DomainID DomainName
          <int> <chr>
                                                 \langle int \rangle \langle chr \rangle
#>
#> 1
            19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.00e6 Overarching indicators
#> 2
             19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.00e6 Wider determinants of hea-
#> 3
            19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.00e6 Health improvement
#> 4
            19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.00e6 Health protection
             19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.00e6 Healthcare and premature ~
#> 5
             19 Public Health Outcomes Fr~
                                                1.94e9 Supporting information
```

This table shows that the ProfileID for the Public Health Outcomes Framework is 19. This can be used as an input for the indicators() function:

Healthy Life Expectancy at Birth has the IndicatorID equal to 90362.

Finally, the data can be extracted using the fingertips\_data() function using that IndicatorID and filter() function in dplyr.

```
df <- fingertips_data(IndicatorID = 90362)</pre>
head(df %>% filter(AreaName == "Yorkshire and the Humber region"))
  IndicatorID
                                 IndicatorName ParentCode ParentName AreaCode
1
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
2
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
3
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
4
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
5
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
        90362 Healthy life expectancy at birth E92000001
                                                              England E12000003
                         AreaName AreaType
                                              Sex
                                                       Age Category Type Category Timep
                                             Male All ages
                                                                    <NA>
                                                                             <NA>
                                                                                  2009
1 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                    Region
```

```
2 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                      Region Female All ages
                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                        2009 - 11
3 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                      Region
                                                Male All ages
                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                        2010 - 12
4 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                      Region Female All ages
                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                        2010 - 12
5 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                                Male All ages
                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                        2011 - 13
                                      Region
6 Yorkshire and the Humber region
                                      Region Female All ages
                                                                        <NA>
                                                                                 <NA>
                                                                                        2011 - 13
     Value LowerCI95.0limit UpperCI95.0limit LowerCI99.8limit UpperCI99.8limit Count
1 60.84033
                    60.38649
                                      61.29417
                                                               NA
                                                                                 NA
2 61.97605
                                                               NA
                    61.51676
                                      62.43533
                                                                                 NA
                                                                                        NA
3 60.90318
                    60.44972
                                      61.35665
                                                               NA
                                                                                 NA
                                                                                       NA
4 61.78648
                    61.30470
                                      62.26827
                                                               NA
                                                                                 NA
                                                                                       NA
5 60.95582
                    60.47015
                                      61.44150
                                                               NA
                                                                                 NA
                                                                                       NA
6 61.60701
                    61.10430
                                      62.10971
                                                               NA
                                                                                 NA
                                                                                       NA
  Denominator Valuenote RecentTrend ComparedtoEnglandvalueorpercentiles
                                 <NA>
1
           NA
                    <NA>
                                                                      Worse
2
           NA
                    <NA>
                                 <NA>
                                                                      Worse
3
           NA
                    <NA>
                                 <NA>
                                                                      Worse
4
           NA
                    <NA>
                                 <NA>
                                                                      Worse
5
           NA
                    <NA>
                                 <NA>
                                                                      Worse
6
           NA
                    <NA>
                                 <NA>
                                                                      Worse
  ComparedtoRegionvalueorpercentiles TimeperiodSortable Newdata Comparedtogoal
                         Not compared
                                                  20090000
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
1
2
                         Not compared
                                                  20090000
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
3
                         Not compared
                                                  20100000
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
4
                         Not compared
                                                  20100000
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
5
                         Not compared
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
                                                  20110000
6
                         Not compared
                                                  20110000
                                                               <NA>
                                                                               <NA>
```

#### Mari Kondo

Marie Kondo is the author of The Life-Changing Magic of Tidying Up: The Japanese Art of Decluttering and Organizing.

The best way to choose what to keep and what to throw away is to take each item in one's hand and ask: "Does this spark joy?" If it does, keep it. If not, dispose of it. This is not only the simplest but also the most accurate yardstick by which to judge.

#### 3.1 Tidy your files

There're a number of ways to organise data science work. The key is to set up Rproject and GitHub. Here we list two main approaches to achieve this end.

The first way is the **pull** way where we get both Rproject and git integrated from outside - GitHub. You use the github function from usethis package and put down ("OWNER/REPO\_NAME") and opt for https when you get asked on git protocol.

```
> usethis::create_from_github("dataning/learn_usethis")
Which git protocol to use? (enter 0 to exit)

1: ssh <-- presumes that you have set up ssh keys
2: https <-- choose this if you don't have ssh keys (or don't know if you do)
Selection: 2
   Tip: To suppress this menu in future, put
   `options(usethis.protocol = "https")`</pre>
```

```
in your script or in a user- or project-level startup file, '. Rprofile'.
Call `usethis::edit_r_profile()` to open it for editing.
Cloning repo from 'https://github.com/dataning/learn_usethis.git' into '/Users/sushic
Setting active project to '/Users/sushicat/Desktop/learn_usethis'
Writing 'learn_usethis.Rproj'
Adding '.Rproj.user' to '.gitignore'
Opening '/Users/sushicat/Desktop/learn_usethis/' in new RStudio session
Setting active project to '<no active project>'
```

The second way is to imagine you're working in a random folder and you wish

```
to set up the Rproject
> library(usethis)
> library(here)
here() starts at /Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me
> here::here()
[1] "/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me"
> path <- file.path(here(), "learn_usethis")</pre>
create_project(path)
 Creating '/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me/learn_usethis/'
 Setting active project to '/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me/learn_usethis'
 Creating 'R/'
 Writing 'learn_usethis.Rproj'
 Adding '.Rproj.user' to '.gitignore'
 Opening '/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me/learn_usethis/' in new RStudio session
 Setting active project to '<no active project>'
```

# Care Quality API

We describe our methods in this chapter.

### Road Accidents

- 5.1 Google data
- 5.2 DVLA data

#### Alfred Pennyworth

Alfred Pennyworth is Bruce Wayne (Batman)'s loyal and tireless butler, house-keeper, legal guardian, best friend, aide-de-camp.

What was the point of all those push-ups if you can't even lift up a bloody log?

#### 6.1 Log your work

First, choose New Project and New Directiony.

Second, choose *Book Project using bookdown* and pick a name as well as your preferred directory. RStudio will automatically set up the Rproj as well as the folder skeleton.

Third, tie the existing project with Git through the usethis package. It will re-organise the existing project folder and prepare the Git integration.

```
> usethis::use_git()

Setting active project to '/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me/R_DE'
Initialising Git repo
Adding '.Rhistory', '.RData', '.Rproj.user' to '.gitignore'
There are 15 uncommitted files:
* '_bookdown.yml'
* '_output.yml'
* '.gitignore'
* '01-intro.Rmd'
* '02-literature.Rmd'
```

```
* '03-method.Rmd'
* '04-application.Rmd'
* '05-summary.Rmd'
* '06-references.Rmd'
* 'book.bib'
* 'index.Rmd'
* 'preamble.tex'
* 'R_DE.Rproj'
* 'README.md'
* 'style.css'
Is it ok to commit them?
1: Not now
2: For sure
3: No way
Selection: 2
 Adding files
 Commit with message 'Initial commit'
 A restart of RStudio is required to activate the Git pane
Restart now?
1: Not now
2: Yup
3: Absolutely not
Selection: 2
```

Fourth, create a GitHub repo through the usethis package and if the project name is available on the owner's repos. When facing git protocol, choose https.

```
Check title and description
Name: Bradford
Description:
Are title and description ok?

1: Yeah
2: Not now
3: Absolutely not

Selection: 1
Creating GitHub repository
Setting remote 'origin' to 'https://github.com/dataning/R_DE.git'
Pushing 'master' branch to GitHub and setting remote tracking branch
Opening URL 'https://github.com/dataning/R_DE'
```

Fifth, create and save a random R.script in the current project. The commit and push the change of the project to your GitHub repo. You can go to your GitHub repo and check if the R script has been added. This should tell you whether your Rproj and GitHub Repo are fully synced/integrated.

Sixth, go to Netlify and deploy your GitHub repo on Netlify. This will give you the ability to perform continuous deployment as well as deployment to custom domain.

Type in your Rpoj's GitHub repo name.

You need to put down \_book in Publish directory.

#### Elastigirl

Elastigirl, also known as Mrs. Incredible, is a fictional character who appears in The Incredibles.

When designing the Incredible family, Brad Bird wanted each of their superpowers to be related to their personality. He felt that as a mother, Helen was required by society to be pulled in many different directions, which led to her being given an elastic ability.

The same we can say to all sort of data science projects. We are always required by different stakeholders to be pull in many different directions. For us, we have to nail down where we are and how to initiate a new project first.

#### 7.1 Tiki-taka your workflow

First of all, we find where we stand.

```
> here::here()
[1] "/Users/sushicat/Dropbox/R_Me/Hero_book"
```

Second, we find out what we are being surrounded.

```
Hero_book.log README.md _book
_bookdown_files _output.yml book.bib
packages.bib preamble.tex style.css
```

\_bookdown.yml index.Rmd

Third, we pick somewhere (in this case - the data folder) to explore further.

```
> fs::dir_ls("Data")
> fs::dir_ls("Data/Subway_delays")

Data/Subway_delays/Subway&SRT_Logs_April_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway&SRT_Logs_February_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway&SRT_Logs_March_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway&SRT_Logs_May_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_&SRT_Logs_(August_2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_&SRT_Logs_(September_2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_&SRT_Logs_December_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_&SRT_Logs_November_2018.xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_SRT_Logs(January 2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_SRT_Logs(January 2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_SRT_Logs(July_2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_SRT_Logs(June2018).xlsx
Data/Subway_delays/Subway_SRT_Logs(October 2018).xlsx
```

Alternatively, we can use the tree struture to show the folder.

```
> fs::dir_tree("Data/Subway_delays")

Data/Subway_delays
   Subway&SRT_Logs_April_2018.xlsx
Subway&SRT_Logs_February_2018.xlsx
Subway&SRT_Logs_March_2018.xlsx
Subway&SRT_Logs_May_2018.xlsx
Subway_&SRT_Logs_(August_2018).xlsx
Subway_&SRT_Logs_(September_2018).xlsx
Subway_&SRT_Logs_December_2018.xlsx
Subway_&SRT_Logs_December_2018.xlsx
Subway_&SRT_Logs_November_2018.xlsx
Subway_SRT_Logs(January 2018).xlsx
Subway_SRT_Logs(July_2018).xlsx
Subway_SRT_Logs(June2018).xlsx
Subway_SRT_Logs(October 2018).xlsx
```

Fourth, we make a shortcut if this is where we'd like to use or come back later.

```
> fs::dir_tree(here::here("Data", "Subway_delays"))

/Users/goal/Dropbox/R_Me/Hero_book/Data/Subway_delays
    Subway&SRT_Logs_April_2018.xlsx
    Subway&SRT_Logs_February_2018.xlsx
    Subway&SRT_Logs_March_2018.xlsx
    Subway&SRT_Logs_May_2018.xlsx
    Subway_&SRT_Logs_(August_2018).xlsx
    Subway_&SRT_Logs_(September_2018).xlsx
    Subway_&SRT_Logs_December_2018.xlsx
    Subway_&SRT_Logs_December_2018.xlsx
    Subway_&SRT_Logs_November_2018.xlsx
    Subway_SRT_Logs(January 2018).xlsx
    Subway_SRT_Logs(July_2018).xlsx
    Subway_SRT_Logs(June2018).xlsx
    Subway_SRT_Logs(October 2018).xlsx
```

Let's chain everything together. We present the folder with the dataset - it's like placing the meat and veggie into an oven tray. We then put the tray to an oven called purrr and it would import all the spreadsheet files in this particular folder - it's like an oven. Finally, we use the cleaning wipe from janitor and clean up the the column names - the ambiguity bit.

```
delays_clean <- fs::dir_ls(here::here("Data", "Subway_delays")) %>%
  purrr::map_dfr(readxl::read_excel) %>%
  janitor::clean_names()
```

## Final Words

We have finished a nice book.