



**Mitsubishi Industrial Robot**  
**RH-3FH/6FH/12FH/20FH Series**  
**INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

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**ROBOT ARM SETUP & MAINTENANCE**

**MELFA**  
BFP-A8865-W



## Safety Precautions

Always read the following precautions and the separate "Safety Manual" before starting use of the robot to learn the required measures to be taken.

### CAUTION

All teaching work must be carried out by an operator who has received special training. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)

Enforcement of safety training

### CAUTION

For teaching work, prepare a work plan related to the methods and procedures of operating the robot, and to the measures to be taken when an error occurs or when restarting. Carry out work following this plan. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)

Preparation of work plan

### WARNING

Prepare a device that allows operation to be stopped immediately during teaching work. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)

Setting of emergency stop switch

### CAUTION

During teaching work, place a sign indicating that teaching work is in progress on the start switch, etc. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)

Indication of teaching work in progress

### DANGER

Provide a fence or enclosure during operation to prevent contact of the operator and robot.

Installation of safety fence

### CAUTION

Establish a set signaling method to the related operators for starting work, and follow this method.

Signaling of operation start

### CAUTION

As a principle turn the power OFF during maintenance work. Place a sign indicating that maintenance work is in progress on the start switch, etc.

Indication of maintenance work in progress

### CAUTION

Before starting work, inspect the robot, emergency stop switch and other related devices, etc., and confirm that there are no errors.

Inspection before starting work

The points of the precautions given in the separate "Safety Manual" are given below.  
Refer to the actual "Safety Manual" for details.

## DANGER

When automatic operation of the robot is performed using multiple control devices (GOT, programmable controller, push-button switch), the interlocking of operation rights of the devices, etc. must be designed by the customer.

## CAUTION

Use the robot within the environment given in the specifications. Failure to do so could lead to a drop or reliability or faults. (Temperature, humidity, atmosphere, noise environment, etc.)

## CAUTION

Transport the robot with the designated transportation posture. Transporting the robot in a non-designated posture could lead to personal injuries or faults from dropping.

## CAUTION

Always use the robot installed on a secure table. Use in an instable posture could lead to positional deviation and vibration.

## CAUTION

Wire the cable as far away from noise sources as possible. If placed near a noise source, positional deviation or malfunction could occur.

## CAUTION

Do not apply excessive force on the connector or excessively bend the cable. Failure to observe this could lead to contact defects or wire breakage.

## CAUTION

Make sure that the workpiece weight, including the hand, does not exceed the rated load or tolerable torque. Exceeding these values could lead to alarms or faults.

## WARNING

Securely install the hand and tool, and securely grasp the workpiece. Failure to observe this could lead to personal injuries or damage if the object comes off or flies off during operation.

## WARNING

Securely ground the robot and controller. Failure to observe this could lead to malfunctioning by noise or to electric shock accidents.

## CAUTION

Indicate the operation state during robot operation. Failure to indicate the state could lead to operators approaching the robot or to incorrect operation.

## WARNING

When carrying out teaching work in the robot's movement range, always secure the priority right for the robot control. Failure to observe this could lead to personal injuries or damage if the robot is started with external commands.

## CAUTION

Keep the jog speed as low as possible, and always watch the robot. Failure to do so could lead to interference with the workpiece or peripheral devices.

## CAUTION

After editing the program, always confirm the operation with step operation before starting automatic operation. Failure to do so could lead to interference with peripheral devices because of programming mistakes, etc.

## CAUTION

Make sure that if the safety fence entrance door is opened during automatic operation, the door is locked or that the robot will automatically stop. Failure to do so could lead to personal injuries.

## CAUTION

Never carry out modifications based on personal judgments, or use non-designated maintenance parts.

Failure to observe this could lead to faults or failures.

## **WARNING**

When the robot arm has to be moved by hand from an external area, do not place hands or fingers in the openings. Failure to observe this could lead to hands or fingers catching depending on the posture.

## **CAUTION**

Do not stop the robot or apply emergency stop by turning the robot controller's main power OFF. If the robot controller main power is turned OFF during automatic operation, the robot accuracy could be adversely affected. Moreover, it may interfere with the peripheral device by drop or move by inertia of the arm.

## **CAUTION**

Do not turn off the main power to the robot controller while rewriting the internal information of the robot controller such as the program or parameters. If the main power to the robot controller is turned off while in automatic operation or rewriting the program or parameters, the internal information of the robot controller may be damaged.

## **DANGER**

Do not connect the Handy GOT when using the GOT direct connection function of this product. Failure to observe this may result in property damage or bodily injury because the Handy GOT can automatically operate the robot regardless of whether the operation rights are enabled or not.

## **DANGER**

Do not remove the SSCNET III cable while power is supplied to the controller. Do not look directly at light emitted from the tip of SSCNET III connectors or SSCNET III cables. Eye discomfort may be felt if exposed to the light.  
(Reference: SSCNET III employs a Class 1 or equivalent light source as specified in JIS C 6802 and IEC60825-1 (domestic standards in Japan).)

## **DANGER**

Attach the cap to the SSCNET III connector after disconnecting the SSCNET III cable. If the cap is not attached, dirt or dust may adhere to the connector pins, resulting in deterioration connector properties, and leading to malfunction.

## **CAUTION**

Make sure there are no mistakes in the wiring. Connecting differently to the way specified in the manual can result in errors, such as the emergency stop not being released. In order to prevent errors occurring, please be sure to check that all functions (such as the teaching box emergency stop, customer emergency stop, and door switch) are working properly after the wiring setup is completed.

## **CAUTION**

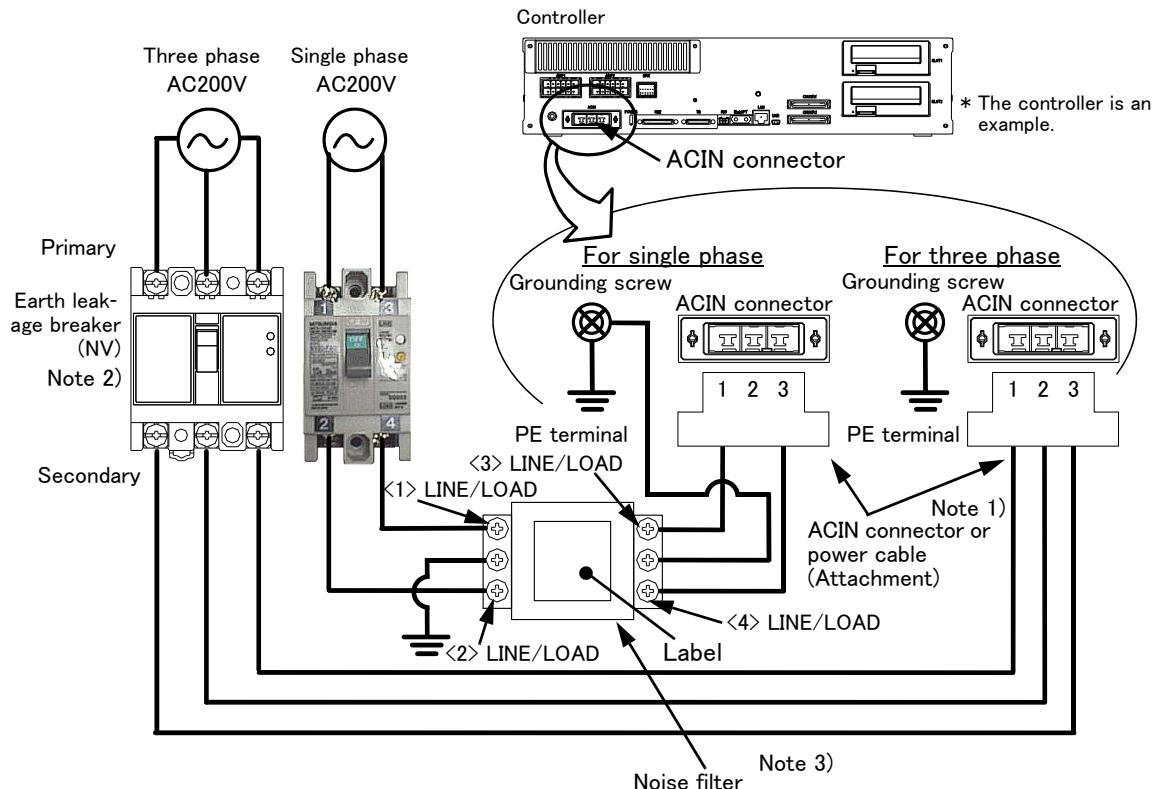
Use the network equipments (personal computer, USB hub, LAN hub, etc) confirmed by manufacturer. The thing unsuitable for the FA environment (related with conformity, temperature or noise) exists in the equipments connected to USB. When using network equipment, measures against the noise, such as measures against EMI and the addition of the ferrite core, may be necessary. Please fully confirm the operation by customer. Guarantee and maintenance of the equipment on the market (usual office automation equipment) cannot be performed.

\*CR751-D or CR751-Q controller

Notes of the basic component are shown.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Please install the earth leakage breaker in the primary side supply power supply of the controller of CR751-D or CR751-Q because of leakage protection.



Note 1) Crimping swage is recommended for connecting the attachment ACIN connector (soldering is also possible)  
Recommendation compression tools: 234171-1(Tyco Electronics)

Note 2) The earth leakage breaker is the customer preparation. Always use the cover below.

Recommendation: For single primary power supply ..... NV30FAU-2P-10A-AC100-240V-30mA, (Cover: TCS-05FA2)

For three primary power supply ..... NV30FAU-3P-10A-AC100-240V-30mA, (Cover: TCS-05FA3)

Note 3) If necessary, as shown in the figure, connects the noise filter between ACIN terminal blocks and primary power supply.  
(Recommended noise filter: SUP-EL20-ER6 \*OKAYA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES)

- 1) Please prepare the following: Leakage current breaker (with the terminal cover), cable for connecting the primary power supply (AWG #14 (2mm<sup>2</sup> or above), cables to ground the primary power supply (AWG #12 (3.5mm<sup>2</sup> or above).  
The secondary power cable (with the ACIN connector) for single phase or three phase power is supplied with the product to match the specifications. When you build a cable suitable for your environment using the ACIN connector and the ACIN terminal supplied, prepare a secondary power cable (AWG #14 (2mm<sup>2</sup>) or above).
- 2) Confirm that the primary power matches the specifications.
- 3) Confirm that the primary power is OFF and that the earth leakage breaker power switch is OFF.
- 4) Connect the secondary power cable.
  - a) When using the supplied power cable with the ACIN connector  
Refer to the figure above and connect the cable from the secondary side of the earth leakage breaker.
  - b) When building a power cable using the ACIN connector and the ACIN terminals supplied  
Connect the ACIN terminals with the secondary power cable (prepared by customers), and insert the ACIN terminals to the ACIN connector pins with the following numbers. Crimping caULKING is recommended to connect the ACIN terminals.  
For single phase: 1 and 3  
For three phase: 1, 2, and 3  
Refer to the figure above and connect the cable from the secondary side of the earth leakage breaker.
- 5) Connect this ACIN connector to the ACIN connector on the front of the controller.
- 6) Connect the grounding cable to the PE terminal. (M4 screw)
- 7) Connect the primary power cable to the primary side terminal of the earth leakage breaker.

## **⚠ CAUTION**

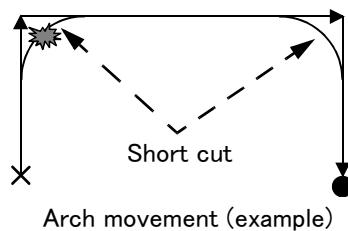
Be careful of interference with peripheral equipment.

Especially don't give a shock to the shaft (J3 axis). When you install the hand, be careful not to knock at the shaft end by the hammer etc. The shaft may be damaged.

Take care also of the following items.

- (1)The robot's locus of movement may change with specified speed.

Especially as for the corner section, short cut distance may change. Therefore, when beginning automatic operation, moves at low speed at first, and you should gather speed slowly with being careful of interference with peripheral equipment.



- (2)It can be confirmed whether the specified position exist in the defined area by using the instruction command "Zone". It can utilize as one of the methods for collision evasion. Refer to the "detailed description of the instructions manual/function, and operation" of the separate volume for the details of the instruction command.

## Revision history

Date of Point	Instruction Manual No.	Revision Details
2012-03-13	BFP-A8865	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>First print</li> </ul>
2012-04-25	BFP-A8865-A	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RH-3FH series robot arm mass was corrected.</li> <li>The attention seal illustration of the 2.2.2 transportation point was corrected.</li> <li>The RH-6FH series transportation position was corrected.</li> <li>The Note was added to Fig.5-4: Installing/removing the cover.</li> <li>The CE marking specification was added.</li> </ul>
2012-05-28	BFP-A8865-B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>RH-12FH/20FH series robot arm mass was added.</li> <li>"Installation bolt for machine-cable" was added to Standard configuration of RH-3FH</li> <li>The size of the ground cable was corrected. (error in writing, formerly "AWG#11(3.5mm<sup>2</sup>) or more")</li> <li>The grease for application to the shaft of CE specification was corrected. (RH-3FH/6FH)</li> </ul>
2012-08-31	BFP-A8865-C	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Removing the No.2 arm cover U was added, in J3 and J4 axis origin setting (mechanical stopper) of RH-3FH series.</li> <li>The installing procedure of Hand internal wiring and piping set of RH-6FH series was changed.</li> </ul>
2012-10-04	BFP-A8865-D	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"How to input symbols" was added to "(5) Inputting the origin data".</li> <li>The notes about installation of the controller and the robot arm were added. (neither direct rays nor the heat of lighting)</li> </ul>
2012-11-20	BFP-A8865-E	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The lithium battery type was corrected to "Table 5-9: Consumable part list".</li> <li>The statement about trademark registration was added.</li> <li>The metal plate which fixes "Hand internal wiring and piping set (option)" was changed to attachment of the robot arm in standard.</li> </ul>
2013-01-21	BFP-A8865-F	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The connectors of RH-3FH series machine cable (AMP1, AMP2, BRK) were combined as CN1 connector.</li> </ul>
2013-03-21	BFP-A8865-G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"Table 5-1: Inspection schedule" was corrected.</li> </ul>
2013-07-18	BFP-A8865-H	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Descriptions in "2.2.5 Connecting with the controller" were modified.</li> <li>The descriptions for the simple spanner for resin nuts of external wiring/piping box (option) attachment were added.</li> <li>"Table 5-3 : Cover fixing screw list" was corrected.</li> <li>Notes about antirust grease were added to "2.2 Installation."</li> </ul>
2013-09-19	BFP-A8865-J	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Descriptions in "2.2.6 Connecting with the controller" were modified.</li> <li>A caution about transportation was added to "2.2.3 Transportation procedures (RH-12FH/20FH series)".</li> <li>"(1) Replacing the battery (robot arm)" was corrected.</li> <li>The size of the Ethernet cable was corrected. (formerly: AWG #24(0.2mm<sup>2</sup>))</li> <li>The value of standard tension of RH-12FH/20FH series in "Fig. 5-14: Tension of a belt" were corrected.</li> <li>The methods of cable fixing in "Fig.3-7: Installing the hand internal wiring and piping set (RH-12FH/20FH)" was corrected.</li> <li>The descriptions about the ventilation duct which the robot of clean specification has were added.</li> </ul>
2014-01-07	BFP-A8865-K	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The illustration of the dummy connector was corrected.</li> <li>The descriptions of cable fixation plate were added.</li> <li>How to choose the origin setting method when an origin resetting is required was added.</li> </ul>
2014-03-31	BFP-A8865-M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ex-T control function was added.</li> <li>The procedures of installing air hoses and cables inside the robot's shaft.</li> <li>"3.4 Hand internal wiring and piping set" was modified.</li> <li>The length of screws in "Table 5-3: Cover fixing screw list" was corrected.</li> <li>The place of batteries inside a robot arm was corrected.</li> <li>The dimensions of pilot holes for positioning pin were added.</li> </ul>
2014-08-20	BFP-A8865-N	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The cover and corporate logo mark of this manual was changed.</li> <li>The explanation of CR751 controller was added.</li> <li>The target model of applying rust preventive grease was changed. (Only for general environment specification robot)</li> </ul>

Date of Point	Instruction Manual No.	Revision Details
2014-12-19	BFP-A8865-P	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "(1) Replacing the battery (robot arm)" was changed.</li> <li>• The explanation of the origin setting method were added. The description of the setting range of ABS origin method was added.</li> <li>• The cautions in lubrication and the procedure to lubrication for the shaft were added.</li> <li>• The lubrication amount guide for J1 and J2 axis reduction gears of RH-12/20FH series were changed. (formerly: 49 g for J1 axis, 39 g for J2 axis)</li> <li>• The description of how to change the operating range was added.</li> <li>• The corporate logo mark of illustrations in this manual was changed.</li> <li>• In recommended grease gun, CH-400 was deleted and KH-120 was added.</li> </ul>
2015-02-06	BFP-A8865-R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The belt type of J3 axis timing belt of RH-6FH series was corrected. (error: 264-3GT-6)</li> </ul>
2015-03-10	BFP-A8865-S	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The value of the vertical direction translation force of RH-12/20FH series is corrected. (error: 5,500 N)</li> </ul>
2016-04-06	BFP-A8865-T	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "2.2.2 Transportation procedures" and "3.1 Installing the solenoid valve set" were supplemented.</li> </ul>
2016-10-21	BFP-A8865-U	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Timing belt type was changed.</li> </ul>
2017-05-23	BFP-A8865-V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parameter settings when using a solenoid valve was added.</li> <li>• The J1 axis lubrication point of the RH-6FH series was changed.</li> <li>• Contact information of the authorised representative was updated.</li> </ul>
2017-09-25	BFP-A8865-W	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "5.4 About Overhaul" was modified.</li> </ul>

## \*Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi industrial robot.

This instruction manual explains the method of unpacking, installation and maintenance and inspection of the robot arm.

Always read through this manual before starting use to ensure correct usage of the robot.

The information contained in this document has been written to be accurate as much as possible. Please interpret that items not described in this document "cannot be performed."

This document explains for the following robot type.

- Robot type
- RH-3FH series
  - RH-6FH series
  - RH-12FH series
  - RH-20FH series

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## 1 Before starting use

This chapter explains the details and usage methods of the instruction manuals, the basic terminology and the safety precautions. Moreover, handling and operation of a teaching pendant (T/B) are described based on R32TB (R33TB) in instruction manuals. If using other T/B, such as R56TB (R57TB), refer to a supplied instruction manual of the T/B.

### 1.1 Using the instruction manuals

#### 1.1.1 The details of each instruction manuals

The contents and purposes of the documents enclosed with this product are shown below. Use these documents according to the application.

For special specifications, a separate instruction manual describing the special section may be enclosed.

Safety Manual	Explains the common precautions and safety measures to be taken for robot handling, system design and manufacture to ensure safety of the operators involved with the robot.
Standard Specifications	Explains the product's standard specifications, factory-set special specifications, option configuration and maintenance parts, etc. Precautions for safety and technology, when incorporating the robot, are also explained.
Robot Arm Setup & Maintenance	Explains the procedures required to operate the robot arm (unpacking, transportation, installation, confirmation of operation), and the maintenance and inspection procedures.
Controller Setup, Basic Operation and Maintenance	Explains the procedures required to operate the controller (unpacking, transportation, installation, confirmation of operation), basic operation from creating the program to automatic operation, and the maintenance and inspection procedures.
Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations	Explains details on the functions and operations such as each function and operation, commands used in the program, connection with the external input/output device, and parameters, etc.
Troubleshooting	Explains the causes and remedies to be taken when an error occurs. Explanations are given for each error No.
Additional axis function	Explains the specifications, functions and operations of the additional axis control.
Tracking Function Manual	Explains the control function and specifications of conveyor tracking
Extended Function Instruction Manual	Explains the detailed description of data configuration of shared memory, monitoring, and operating procedures, about the PLC(CR750-Q/CR751-Q controller) and the GOT(CR750-D/CR751-D controller).

### 1.1.2 Symbols used in instruction manual

The symbols and expressions shown in [Table 1-1](#) are used throughout this instruction manual. Learn the meaning of these symbols before reading this instruction manual.

Table 1-1:Symbols in instruction manual

Terminology	Item/Symbol	Meaning
Item	iQ Platform	
	Controller	Indicates the controller which controls the robot arm. It consists of the robot CPU system and the drive unit.
	The robot CPU unit or robot CPU	Indicates the CPU unit for the robots which installed to the sequencer base unit (Q3 □ DB) of MELSEC-Q series. It is connected with the drive unit by the dedicated cable.
	The robot CPU system	Multi-CPU system. It consists of MELSEC units, such as the sequencer base unit, the sequencer CPU unit, and the robot CPU unit, etc.
Item	Drive unit	Indicates the box which mounts the servo amplifier for robot, and the safety circuit, etc.
	Stand-alone type	
Symbol	Controller	Indicates the box which arranged control parts, such as robot CPU, servo amplifier, and the safety circuit.
	 DANGER	Precaution indicating cases where there is a risk of operator fatality or serious injury if handling is mistaken. Always observe these precautions to safely use the robot.
	 WARNING	Precaution indicating cases where the operator could be subject to fatalities or serious injuries if handling is mistaken. Always observe these precautions to safely use the robot.
	 CAUTION	Precaution indicating cases where operator could be subject to injury or physical damage could occur if handling is mistaken. Always observe these precautions to safely use the robot.
	[JOG]	If a word is enclosed in brackets or a box in the text, this refers to a key on the teaching pendant.
	[RESET] + [EXE] (A) (B)	This indicates to press the (B) key while holding down the (A) key. In this example, the [RESET] key is pressed while holding down the [EXE] key.
	T/B	This indicates the teaching pendant.
	O/P	Indicates the operating panel on the front of controller or drive unit for the controller which installed the operating panel
	CR751 (Thin type) CR751 (Heavy type)	There are two kinds of CR751 controller; one is "Thin type" (the height is 98mm) and the other is "Heavy type" (the height is 174mm), each of which are different in height. Thin type: CR751-03HD/Q, CR751-06HD/Q, CR751-12HD/Q, CR751-20HD/Q, CR751-03HRD/Q, CR751-02VD/Q, CR751-04VD/Q, CR751-04VJD/Q, CR751-07VD/Q. Heavy type: CR751-13VD/Q, CR751-20VD/Q, CR751-07VLD/Q. * Refer to separate Standard Specifications Manual for the outside dimension of CR751 controller.

## 1.2 Safety Precautions

Always read the following precautions and the separate "Safety Manual" before starting use of the robot to learn the required measures to be taken.

### ⚠ CAUTION

All teaching work must be carried out by an operator who has received special training. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)  
Enforcement of safety training

### ⚠ CAUTION

For teaching work, prepare a work plan related to the methods and procedures of operating the robot, and to the measures to be taken when an error occurs or when restarting. Carry out work following this plan. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)  
Preparation of work plan

### ⚠ WARNING

Prepare a device that allows operation to be stopped immediately during teaching work. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)  
Setting of emergency stop switch

### ⚠ CAUTION

During teaching work, place a sign indicating that teaching work is in progress on the start switch, etc. (This also applies to maintenance work with the power source turned ON.)  
Indication of teaching work in progress

### ⚠ DANGER

Provide a fence or enclosure during operation to prevent contact of the operator and robot.  
Installation of safety fence

### ⚠ CAUTION

Establish a set signaling method to the related operators for starting work, and follow this method.  
Signaling of operation start

### ⚠ CAUTION

As a principle turn the power OFF during maintenance work. Place a sign indicating that maintenance work is in progress on the start switch, etc.  
Indication of maintenance work in progress

### ⚠ CAUTION

Before starting work, inspect the robot, emergency stop switch and other related devices, etc., and confirm that there are no errors.  
Inspection before starting work

### 1.2.1 Precautions given in the separate Safety Manual

The points of the precautions given in the separate "Safety Manual" are given below.  
Refer to the actual "Safety Manual" for details.

#### DANGER

When automatic operation of the robot is performed using multiple control devices (GOT, programmable controller, push-button switch), the interlocking of operation rights of the devices, etc. must be designed by the customer.

#### CAUTION

Use the robot within the environment given in the specifications. Failure to do so could lead to a drop or reliability or faults. (Temperature, humidity, atmosphere, noise environment, etc.)

#### CAUTION

Transport the robot with the designated transportation posture. Transporting the robot in a non-designated posture could lead to personal injuries or faults from dropping.

#### CAUTION

Always use the robot installed on a secure table. Use in an instable posture could lead to positional deviation and vibration.

#### CAUTION

Wire the cable as far away from noise sources as possible. If placed near a noise source, positional deviation or malfunction could occur.

#### CAUTION

Do not apply excessive force on the connector or excessively bend the cable. Failure to observe this could lead to contact defects or wire breakage.

#### CAUTION

Make sure that the workpiece weight, including the hand, does not exceed the rated load or tolerable torque. Exceeding these values could lead to alarms or faults.

#### WARNING

Securely install the hand and tool, and securely grasp the workpiece. Failure to observe this could lead to personal injuries or damage if the object comes off or flies off during operation.

#### WARNING

Securely ground the robot and controller. Failure to observe this could lead to malfunctioning by noise or to electric shock accidents.

#### CAUTION

Indicate the operation state during robot operation. Failure to indicate the state could lead to operators approaching the robot or to incorrect operation.

#### WARNING

When carrying out teaching work in the robot's movement range, always secure the priority right for the robot control. Failure to observe this could lead to personal injuries or damage if the robot is started with external commands.

#### CAUTION

Keep the jog speed as low as possible, and always watch the robot. Failure to do so could lead to interference with the workpiece or peripheral devices.

#### CAUTION

After editing the program, always confirm the operation with step operation before starting automatic operation. Failure to do so could lead to interference with peripheral devices because of programming mistakes, etc.

#### CAUTION

Make sure that if the safety fence entrance door is opened during automatic operation, the door is locked or that the robot will automatically stop. Failure to do so could lead to personal injuries.

#### CAUTION

Never carry out modifications based on personal judgments, or use non-designated maintenance parts.  
Failure to observe this could lead to faults or failures.

#### WARNING

When the robot arm has to be moved by hand from an external area, do not place hands or fingers in the openings. Failure to observe this could lead to hands or fingers catching depending on the posture.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Do not stop the robot or apply emergency stop by turning the robot controller's main power OFF.

If the robot controller main power is turned OFF during automatic operation, the robot accuracy could be adversely affected.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Do not turn off the main power to the robot controller while rewriting the internal information of the robot controller such as the program or parameters. If the main power to the robot controller is turned off while in automatic operation or rewriting the program or parameters, the internal information of the robot controller may be damaged.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Do not connect the Handy GOT when using the GOT direct connection function of this product. Failure to observe this may result in property damage or bodily injury because the Handy GOT can automatically operate the robot regardless of whether the operation rights are enabled or not.

## ⚠ DANGER

Do not connect the Handy GOT to a programmable controller when using an iQ Platform compatible product with the CR750-Q/CR751-Q/CR760-Q controller. Failure to observe this may result in property damage or bodily injury because the Handy GOT can automatically operate the robot regardless of whether the operation rights are enabled or not.

## ⚠ DANGER

Do not remove the SSCNET III cable while power is supplied to the multiple CPU system or the servo amplifier. Do not look directly at light emitted from the tip of SSCNET III connectors or SSCNET III cables of the Motion CPU or the servo amplifier. Eye discomfort may be felt if exposed to the light. (Reference: SSCNET III employs a Class 1 or equivalent light source as specified in JIS C 6802 and IEC60825-1 (domestic standards in Japan).)

## ⚠ DANGER

Do not remove the SSCNET III cable while power is supplied to the controller. Do not look directly at light emitted from the tip of SSCNET III connectors or SSCNET III cables. Eye discomfort may be felt if exposed to the light. (Reference: SSCNET III employs a Class 1 or equivalent light source as specified in JIS C 6802 and IEC60825-1 (domestic standards in Japan).)

## ⚠ DANGER

Attach the cap to the SSCNET III connector after disconnecting the SSCNET III cable. If the cap is not attached, dirt or dust may adhere to the connector pins, resulting in deterioration connector properties, and leading to malfunction.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Make sure there are no mistakes in the wiring. Connecting differently to the way specified in the manual can result in failures, such as the emergency stop not being released. In order to prevent from occurring, please be sure to check that all functions (such as the teaching box emergency stop, customer emergency stop, and door switch) are working properly after the wiring setup is completed.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Use the network equipments (personal computer, USB hub, LAN hub, etc) confirmed by manufacturer. The thing unsuitable for the FA environment (related with conformity, temperature or noise) exists in the equipments connected to USB. When using network equipment, measures against the noise, such as measures against EMI and the addition of the ferrite core, may be necessary. Please fully confirm the operation by customer. Guarantee and maintenance of the equipment on the market (usual office automation equipment) cannot be performed.

## 2 Unpacking to Installation

### 2.1 Confirming the product

The standard configuration of the robot arm, part of the purchased product, is shown in [Table 2-1](#).

Confirm the parts.

Users who have purchased optional products should refer to the separate "Standard Specifications".

**Table 2-1 : Standard configuration**

No.	Part name	Type	Qty.	Remarks
<b>RH-3FH series</b>				
1	Robot arm		1 unit	
2	Guarantee card		1 copy	
3	Installation bolts	M8 x 40	4 pcs.	For robot arm installation
4	Spring washer for installation bolts	For M8	4 pcs.	
5	Plain washer for installation bolts	For M8	4 pcs.	
6	Fixing plates		1 set	For robot arm transportation
7	Fixing plates installation bolt		1 set	
8	Installation bolt for machine-cable	M4 x12	4 pcs.	To fix to the back of robot arm base
<b>RH-6FH series</b>				
1	Robot arm		1 unit	
2	Guarantee card		1 copy	
3	Installation bolts	M8 x 40	4 pcs.	For robot arm installation
4	Spring washer for installation bolts	For M8	4 pcs.	
5	Plain washer for installation bolts	For M8	4 pcs.	
6	Grease nipple	WA-610	1 pc.	Supplied with type B robot only. Refer to <a href="#">Page 99, "(1) Lubrication position and specifications"</a> for details of the types .
7	Fixing plates		1 set	For robot arm transportation
8	Fixing plates installation bolt		1 set	
<b>RH-12FH/20FH series</b>				
1	Robot arm		1 unit	
2	Guarantee card		1 copy	
3	Installation bolts	M12 × 45	4 pcs	For robot arm installation
4	Spring washer for installation bolts	For M12	4 pcs	
5	Plain washer for installation bolts	For M12	4 pcs	
6	Fixing plates		1 set	For robot arm transportation
7	Fixing plates installation bolt		1 set	
8	Transporting jig		1 set	
9	Transporting jig fixing bolt		1 set	

Note1) RH-3FH/12FH/20FH series: Items No. 3 to 5 are contained in the plastic bag of attachment in the robot arm.

RH-6FH series: Items No. 3 to 6 are contained in the plastic bag of attachment in the robot arm.

## 2.2 Installation

### 2.2.1 Unpacking

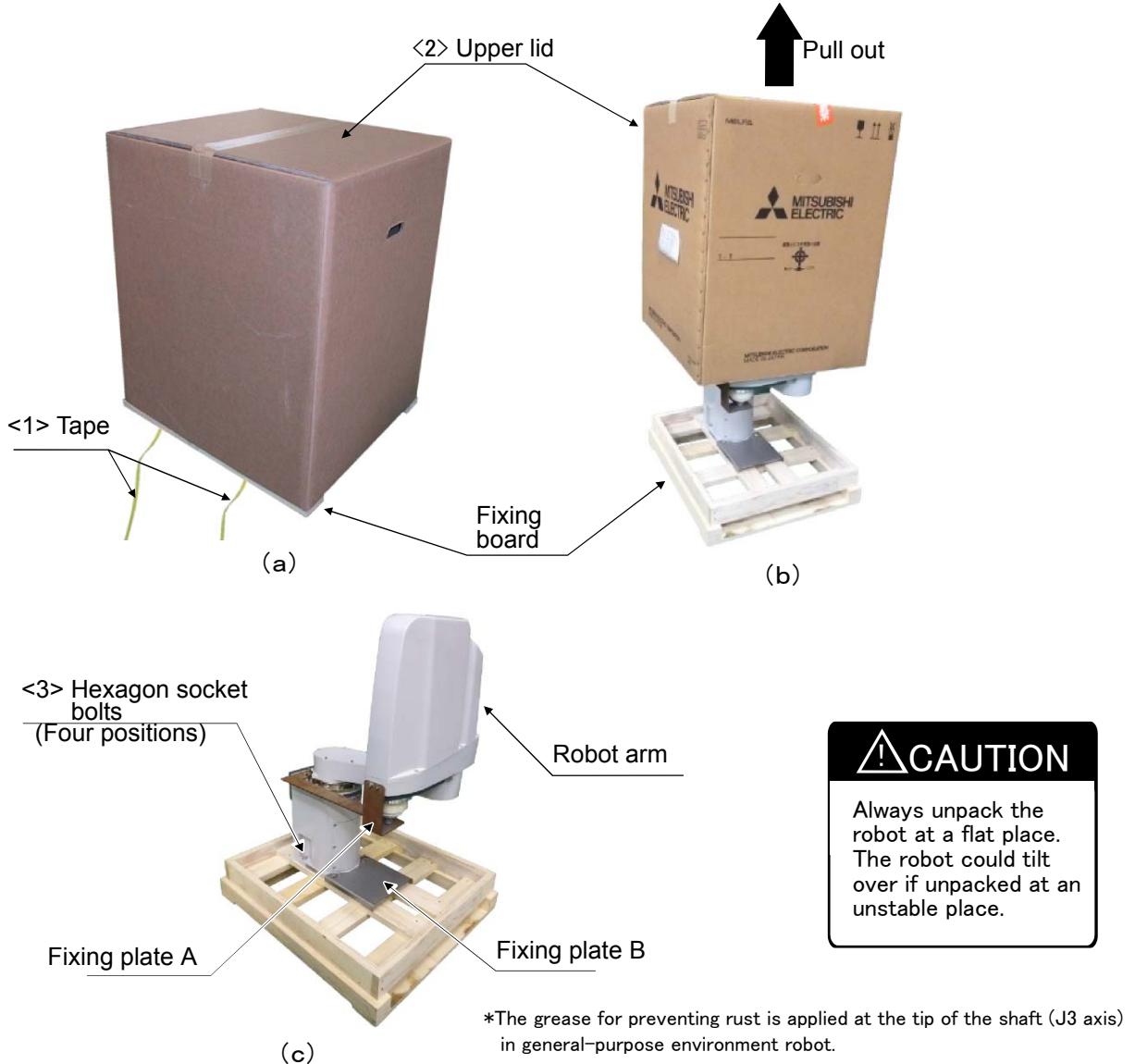


Fig.2-1 : Unpacking the robot arm

The robot is shipped from the factory in cardboard and plywood frame packing. Always refer to Fig. 2-1 and unpack the robot.

Handle the robot arm according to "[2.2.2 Transportation procedures](#)".



**CAUTION** Always unpack the robot at a flat place. The robot could tilt over if unpacked at an unstable place.

The unpacking process is shown below.

- 1) Using a knife, etc., slit the tape <1> fixing the upper lid <2> of the cardboard box. ([Fig. 2-1 \(a\)](#))
- 2) Pull the upper lid <2> of the cardboard box off with both hands. ([Fig. 2-1 \(b\)](#))
- 3) Remove the hexagon socket bolts <3> (four positions) which fix the robot. ([Fig. 2-1 \(c\)](#))

This completes the unpacking.

Note) The robot must be transported without removing the fixing plate A and B. Remove after installing.



**CAUTION** When repackaging the robot in the wooden frame, always use the fixing plate.

## 2.2.2 Transportation procedures

### (1) RH-3FH/6FH series

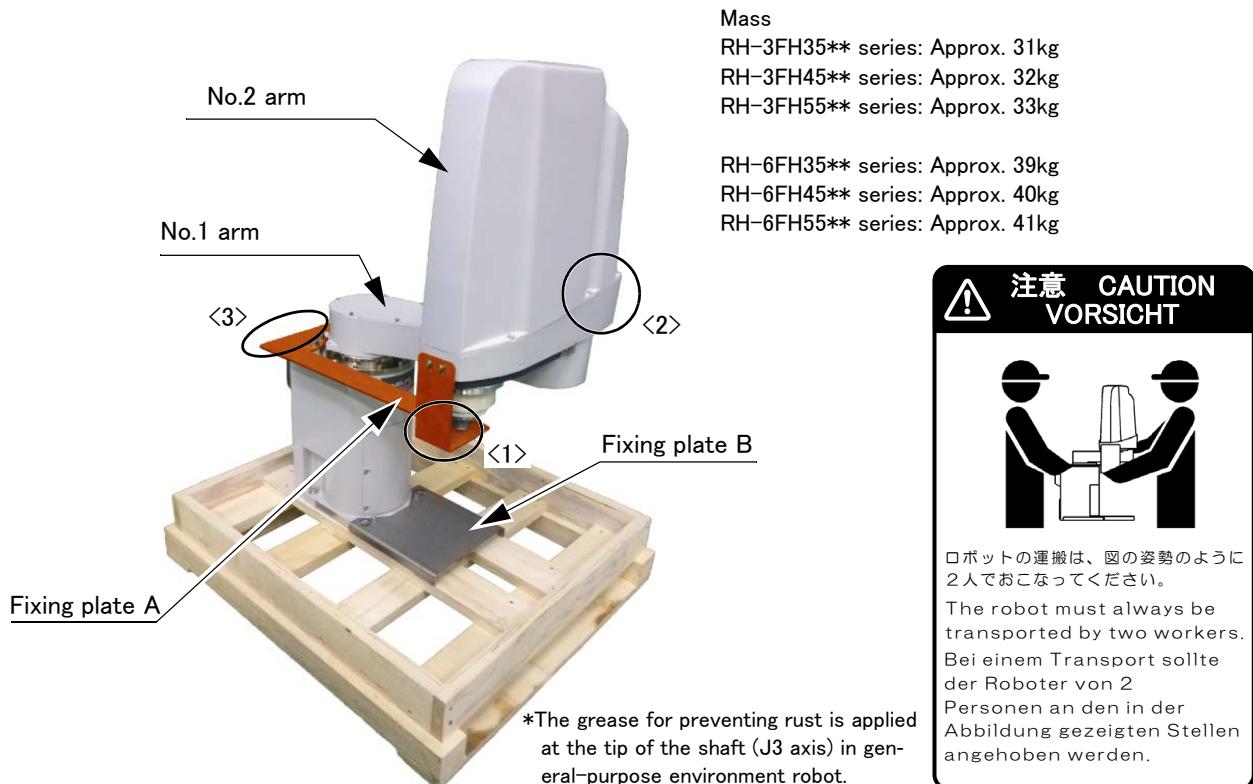


Fig.2-2 : Transportation of robot arm

- 1) The robot must be transported by two workers with putting the fixing plate A and B. Place the robot on a cart, etc., and move it to near the installation place. Transporting the robot with the following should be limited to placing the robot on the frame or cart, and to positioning.
- 2) When transporting the robot arm, one person should hold the fixing plate A of No.2 arm <1> and No.2 arm <2> and another person should hold the fixing plate A of base <3>. When transporting the robot, do not apply force to the cover, or apply a strong shock on the robot.
- 3) Remove the fixtures after installing the robot.
- 4) Always attach the fixing plate, and follow the above procedures and methods to transport the robot for secondary transportation, such as when changing the installation position.  
If the arm is directly held without using the specified fixing plate, or if it is held in the work posture, the configuration devices could be damaged, and the transportation workers will be subject to risk due to an inadequate center of gravity position.



To prevent accidents, do not hold the robot from the left/right sides, or hold covers that have no grips.



Be careful not to apply force to the shaft section (J3 axis). The shaft may be damaged and the overload error may occur at the time of movement.



When installing the fixing tool again, place the robot in the posture where each axis shows the values listed in the table below.



The robot should keep vertical. (not be horizontal)  
It becomes the cause of the grease leakage or the trouble.



The ventilation duct is attached to the clean specification robot's base section rear.  
Please handle with care when transporting or installing the robot arm.

## ⚠ CAUTION

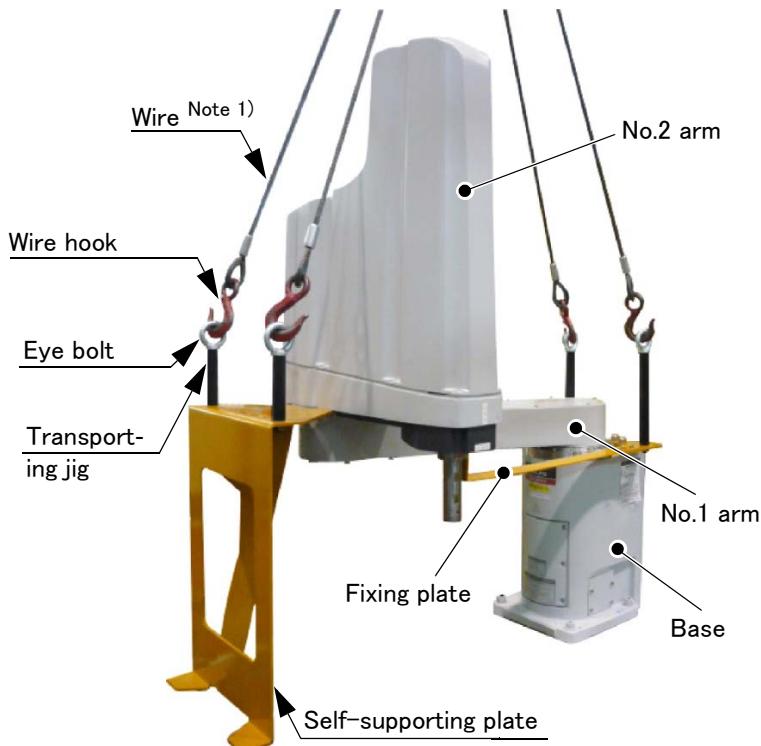
If it is difficult to follow the transportation procedure shown in this section, take countermeasures not to allow the joints of the robot arm freely move by fixing the robot arm in such a way as to take advantage of the screw holes for fixing plates or the like. Otherwise, applying an excessive power on the joints by external forces may cause a malfunction.

Do not apply an excessive load to the robot arm while fixing it. Otherwise, the robot arm may be damaged.

Table 2-2 : Transportation posture

Axis	RH-3FH35**	RH-3FH45**	RH-3FH55**	RH-6FH35**	RH-6FH45**	RH-6FH55**
J 1	49.5 deg.	25 deg.	17 deg.	57.5 deg.	28 deg.	19 deg.
J 2	-139.5 deg.	-115 deg.	-107 deg.	-147.5 deg.	-118 deg.	-109 deg.
J 3		290.4mm			290.4mm	
J 4		Not fixed			Not fixed	

(2) RH-12FH/20FH series



Mass

RH-12FH55\*\* series: Approx. 65kg

RH-12FH70\*\* series: Approx. 67kg

RH-12FH85\*\* series: Approx. 69kg

RH-20FH85\*\* series: Approx. 75kg

RH-20FH100\*\* series: Approx. 77kg

Note 1) Use wires that are 1300 mm or more.

\*The grease for preventing rust is applied at the tip of the shaft (J3 axis) in general-purpose environment robot.

Fig.2-3 : Transportation of robot arm

- 1) Hook the wires to each of the four eyebolts attached to the transporting jig. (Make sure the bolts are securely hooked.)
  - 2) Lift with a crane to transport the robot to the designated location.
  - 3) At this time, make sure that the wires, etc., do not interfere with the robot arm or the covers. Always place the cloth, etc., at interfering places.
  - 4) Be careful not to subject the robot to physical shock during transport.
  - 5) After installing the robot (refer to [Page 11, "2.2.3 Installation procedures"](#)), remove the wires, the wire hooks (the robot will stand by itself as shown in [Fig. 2-3](#)), the self-supporting plate, transporting jig and fixing plate.
  - 6) Always attach the self-supporting plate, fixing plate, and transporting jig, and follow the above procedures and methods to transport the robot for secondary transportation, such as when changing the installation position.
- If the arm is directly suspended without using the specified transporting jig, or if it is suspended in the work

posture, the configuration devices could be damaged, and the transportation workers will be subject to risk due to an inadequate center of gravity position.



## CAUTION

When transporting a robot, always attach four wires.



## CAUTION

To reattach the fixing plate again, set the axes of the robot to the positions according to the table below.



## CAUTION

The robot should keep vertical. (not be horizontal)  
It becomes the cause of the grease leakage or the trouble.



## CAUTION

The ventilation duct is attached to the clean specification robot's base section rear.  
Please handle with care when transporting or installing the robot arm.



## CAUTION

When the robot is not installed, the self-supporting plate must be attached to the robot.  
The robot could tilt over, if the self-supporting plate is not attached to the robot.



## CAUTION

If it is difficult to follow the transportation procedure shown in this section, take countermeasures not to allow the joints of the robot arm freely move by fixing the robot arm in such a way as to take advantage of the screw holes for fixing plates or the like. Otherwise, applying an excessive power on the joints by external forces may cause a malfunction.

Do not apply an excessive load to the robot arm while fixing it. Otherwise, the robot arm may be damaged.

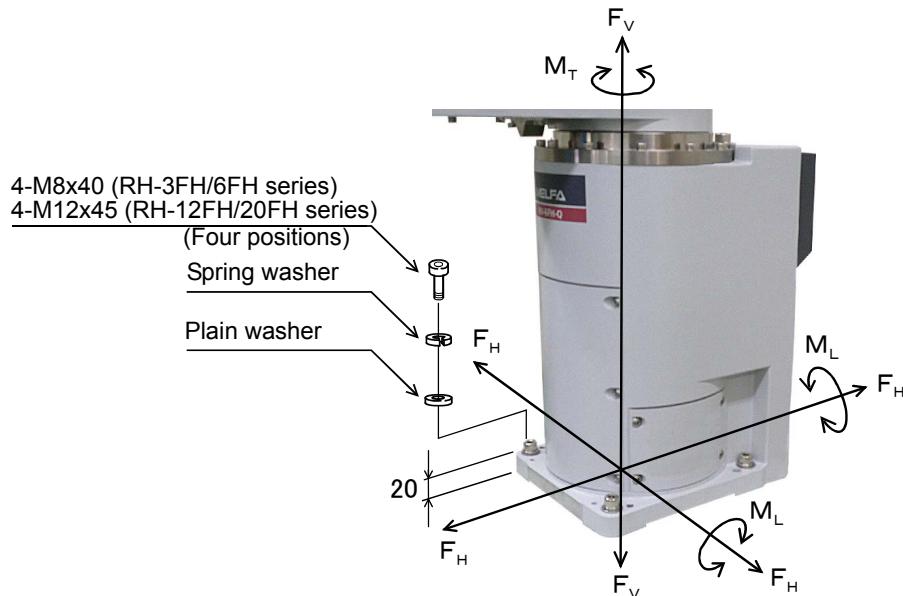
Table 2-3 : Transportation posture (RH-12FH/20FH series)

Axis	RH-12FH55**	RH-12FH70**	RH-12FH85**	RH-20FH85**	RH-20FH100**
J1	-37.5°	-21.4°		-15.1°	-21.0°
J2	127.5°	111.4°		105.1°	111.0°
J3 <sup>Note1)</sup>			340mm		
J4			Not fixed		

Note1) The bottom surface of the shaft will interfere with the floor if the J3 axis is lowered down to the upper mechanical stopper. Position the axes as indicated when transporting the robot.

### 2.2.3 Installation procedures

The installation procedure of the robot arm is shown below.



<Base bottom>

## RH-3FH/6FH series

RH-12FH/20FH series

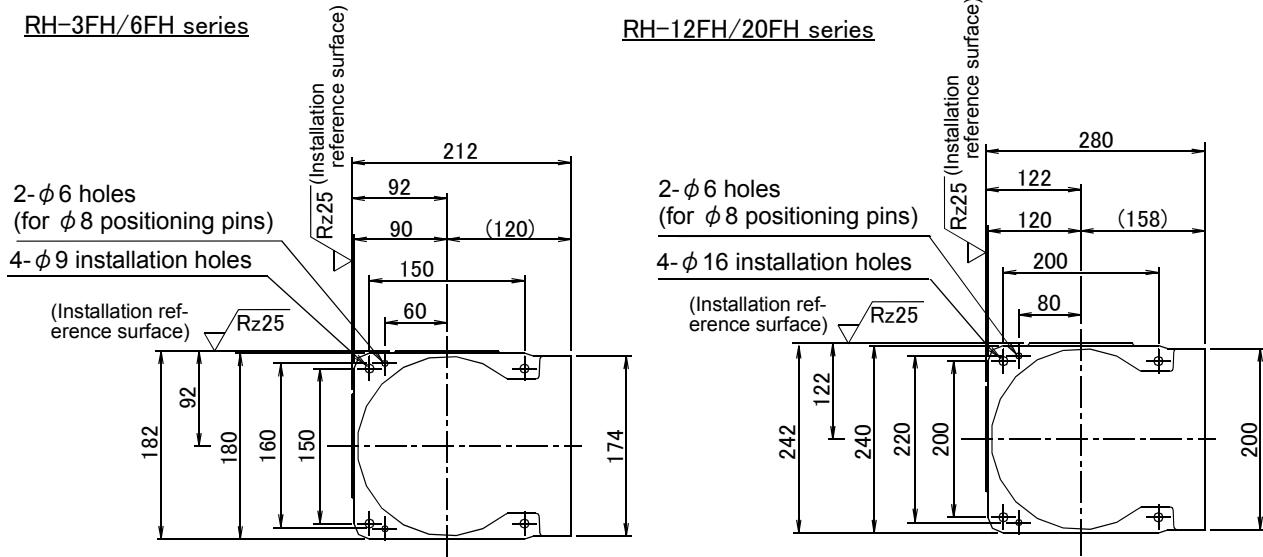


Fig.2-4 : Installation dimensions

- 1) The robot installation surface has been machine finished. Use the installation holes (RH-3FH/6FH: 4- $\phi$  9 holes, RH-12FH/20FH: 4- $\phi$  16 holes) opened at the four corners of the base, and securely fix the robot with the enclosed installation bolts (hexagon socket bolts).
  - 2) Install the robot on a level surface.
  - 3) It is recommended that the surface roughness of the table onto which the robot is to be installed by Rz25 or more. If the installation surface is rough, the contact with the table will be poor, and positional deviation could occur when the robot moves.
  - 4) When installing, use a common table to prevent the position of the devices and jigs subject to robot work from deviating.
  - 5) The installation surface must have sufficient strength to withstand the arm reaction during operation, and resistance against deformation and vibration caused by the static (dynamic) load of the robot arm and peripheral devices, etc.
  - 6) After installing the robot, remove the self-supporting plate, hanging jig, and fixing plate.
  - 7) If you operate the robot at a high speed, reaction forces are applied to the installation stand by the robot's operation. Make sure that the installation stand on which the robot is placed has sufficient strength and

rigidity. **Table 2-4** shows the maximum reaction force (design values) that may be applied to an installation stand. Please use these values as reference when designing the installation stand.

**Table 2-4 : Magnitude of each reaction force**

Item	Unit	Value
<b>RH-3FH series</b>		
Tilt moment : $M_L$	N · m	240
Torsional moment : $M_T$	N · m	255
Horizontal direction translation force : $F_H$	N	810
Vertical direction translation force : $F_V$	N	380
<b>RH-6FH series</b>		
Tilt moment : $M_L$	N · m	1,640
Torsional moment : $M_T$	N · m	710
Horizontal direction translation force : $F_H$	N	1,653
Vertical direction translation force : $F_V$	N	2,318
<b>RH-12FH/20FH series</b>		
Tilt moment : $M_L$	N · m	3,190
Torsional moment : $M_T$	N · m	1,840
Horizontal direction translation force : $F_H$	N	2,240
Vertical direction translation force : $F_V$	N	2,500

## ⚠ CAUTION

When installing the robot, secure enough space for connection of the machine cable and replacement of the backup battery in front of or behind the robot base. And don't install the robot arm in the position where direct rays or the heat of lighting hits. The skin temperature of the robot arm may rise, and the error may occur.

## 2.2.4 Grounding procedures

### (1) Grounding methods

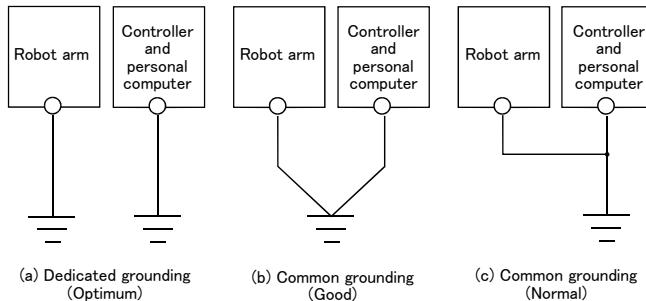


Fig.2-5 : Grounding methods

### (2) Grounding procedures

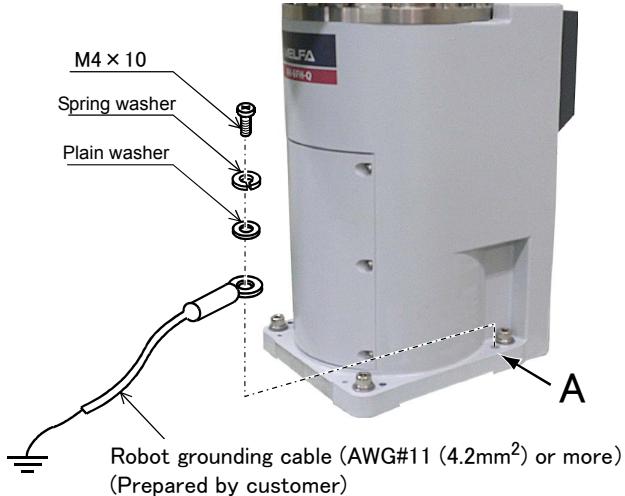
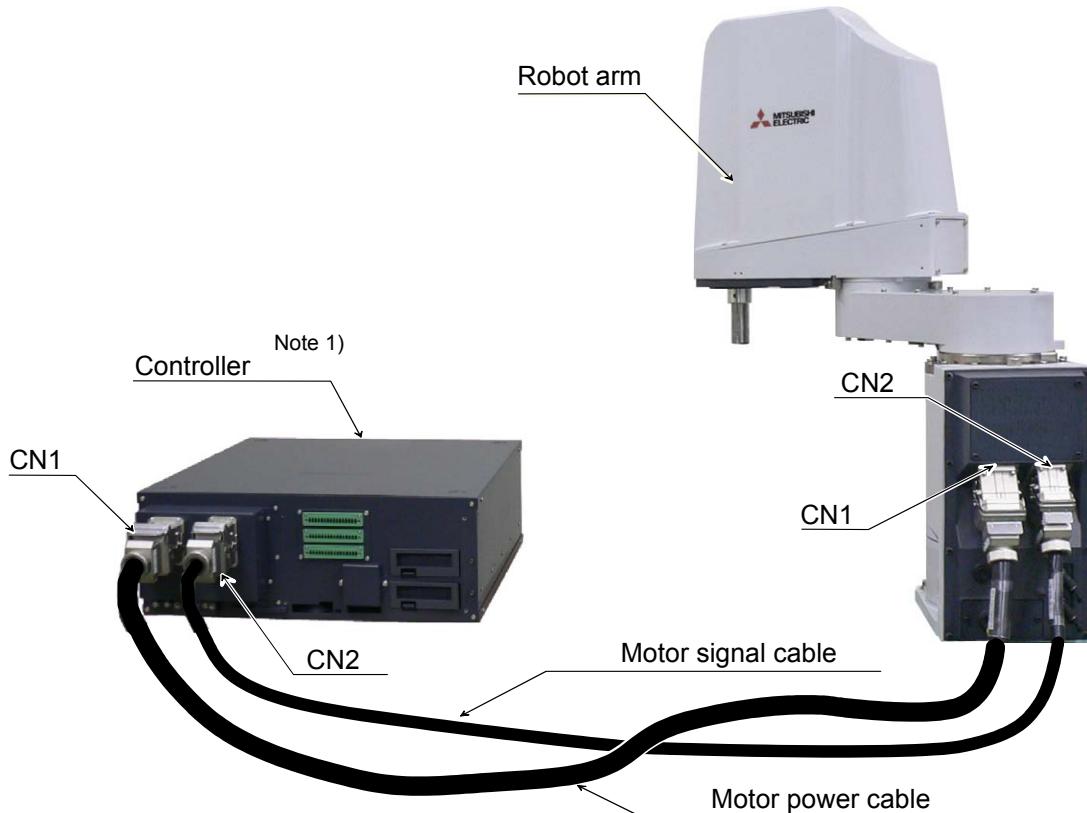


Fig.2-6 : Connecting the grounding cable

- 1) There are three grounding methods as shown in Fig. 2-5, but the dedicated grounding (Fig. 2-5 (a)) should be used for the robot arm and controller when possible. (Refer to the separate "Controller Setup, Basic Operation and Maintenance" for details on the controller grounding.)
- 2) Use Class D grounding (grounding resistance 100 Ω or less). Dedicated grounding separated from the other devices should be used.
- 3) Use a AWG#11(4.2mm<sup>2</sup>) or more stranded wire for the grounding wire. The grounding point should be as close to the robot arm and controller as possible, and the length of the grounding wire should be short.

## 2.2.5 Connecting with the controller

### (1) CR750 controller



Note 1) Although the picture is the CR750-D controller, also the connection method is the same in the CR750-Q controller

Fig.2-7 : Connecting the machine cables

Carry out the following procedure after installing the controller referring to the separate "Controller Setup, Basic Operation and Maintenance" manual.



### CAUTION

The machine cable connectors are dedicated for the controller side and robot arm side, so take special care when connecting.

If connected incorrectly, the connector pins could bend or break. Thus, even if connected correctly, the robot will not operate correctly, creating a dangerous situation.



### CAUTION

Take special care to the leading of the connection cable. If the cable is pulled with force or bent excessively, wires could break or the connector could be damaged.



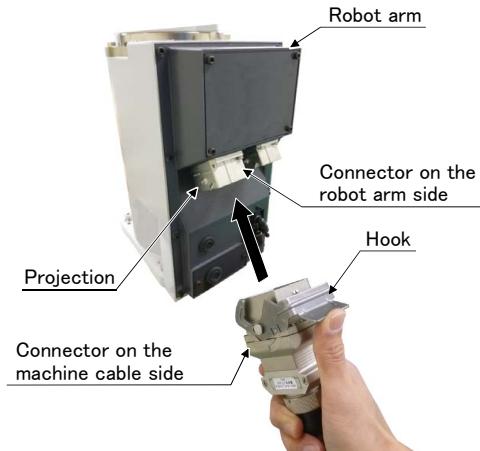
### CAUTION

Connect the machine cable at the place without the effect of the dust or oil mist. Please keep the dust and oil mist from being applied to the robot-arm connector section, in the condition that the machine cable is removed. Since it becomes the cause of failure.



### CAUTION

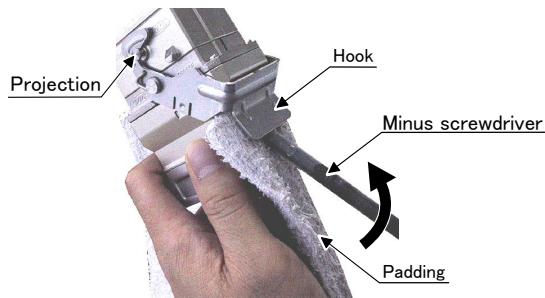
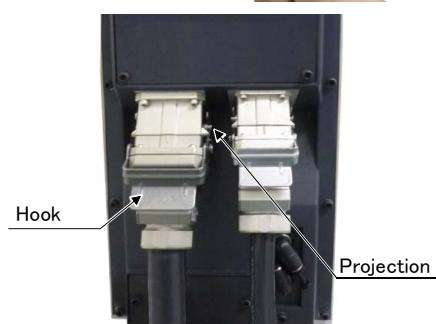
Please be careful not to catch the hand at installation and removal.



The procedure of connecting the machine cable is shown below. (Although the figure of the robot arm is the example of RH-6FH of our company, it is the same)

- 1) Make sure that the power switch on the front of the controller is turned OFF.
- 2) Connect the machine cable to its corresponding connector on the robot arm side.
- 3) After connecting the connector, insert the hook attached to the connector on the machine cable side to the rear of the projection of the robot arm connector to fix securely in place.

**CAUTION** Be careful not to get your hand pinched.



To remove the cable, insert a minus screwdriver into the hook while padding with a cloth, and remove the cable by lifting the hook.

**CAUTION**

When installing or removing the connector, to the connector of the other party in parallel, install or remove. If load strong against one side is applied, the connector pin may be damaged and it may not be connected securely.



## CAUTION

The machine cable connectors are dedicated for the controller side and robot arm side, so take special care when connecting.

If connected incorrectly, the connector pins could bend or break. Thus, even if connected correctly, the robot will not operate correctly, creating a dangerous situation.



## CAUTION

Take special care to the leading of the connection cable. If the cable is pulled with force or bent excessively, wires could break or the connector could be damaged.



## CAUTION

Connect the machine cable at the place without the effect of the dust or oil mist. Please keep the dust and oil mist from being applied to the robot-arm connector section, in the condition that the machine cable is removed. Since it becomes the cause of failure.



## CAUTION

Please be careful not to catch the hand at installation and removal.

## (2) CR751 controller

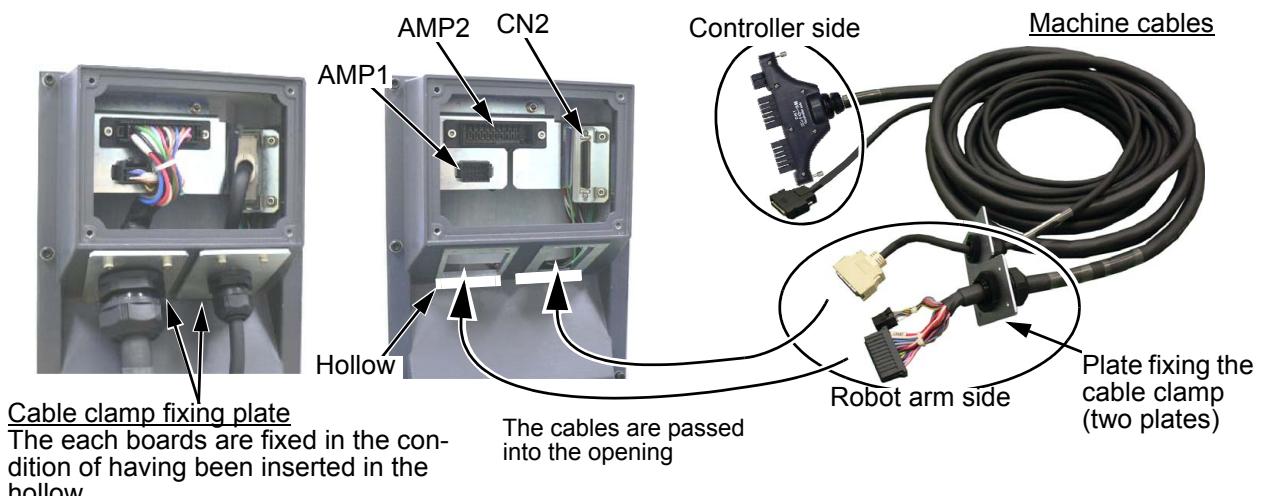
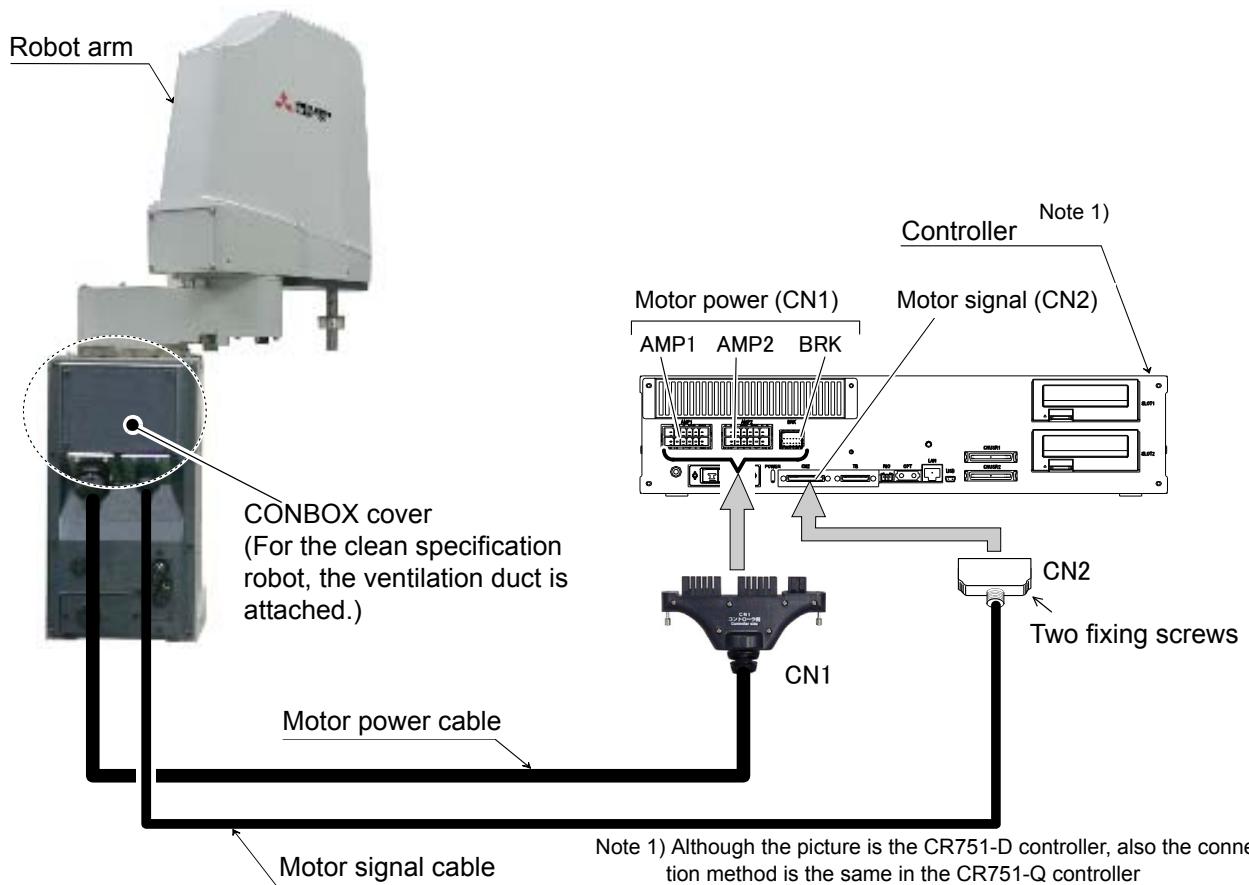


Fig.2-8 : Connecting the machine cables

Carry out the following procedure after installing the controller referring to the separate "Controller Setup, Basic Operation and Maintenance" manual.

The procedure of connecting the machine cable is shown below.

- 1) Make sure that the power switch of the controller is turned OFF.
- 2) Connect the machine cable to its corresponding connector on the robot arm side.
  - a) Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the CONBOX cover.
  - b) Feed the connector of robot side to the opening on the back of the robot base.

- c) Insert the cable clamp fixing plate attached to the machine cable into the hollow just under the opening.  
Fixing the plate by two screws securely under the condition that the plates inserted into the hollow.
  - d) Connect the machine cable to its corresponding connector on the robot arm side. Connect the connector (AMP1, AMP2, CN2) securely.
  - e) Install the CONBOX cover securely as before.
- 3) Connect the machine cable to the corresponding connector of the controller. Connects the connector CN1 (AMP1, AMP2, BRK) and CN2 surely. Fix CN2 connector by tightening two screws. Tighten the fixing screw of CN2 by 0.06–0.07 Nm.

This completes connecting the machine cables.



## CAUTION

The machine cable connectors are dedicated for the controller side and robot arm side, so take special care when connecting.

If connected incorrectly, the connector pins could bend or break. Thus, even if connected correctly, the robot will not operate correctly, creating a dangerous situation.



## CAUTION

Take special care to the leading of the connection cable. If the cable is pulled with force or bent excessively, wires could break or the connector could be damaged.



## CAUTION

Connect the machine cable at the place without the effect of the dust or oil mist. Please keep the dust and oil mist from being applied to of the robot-arm connector section, in the condition that the machine cable is removed. Since it becomes the cause of failure.



## CAUTION

Please be careful not to catch the hand at installation and removal.

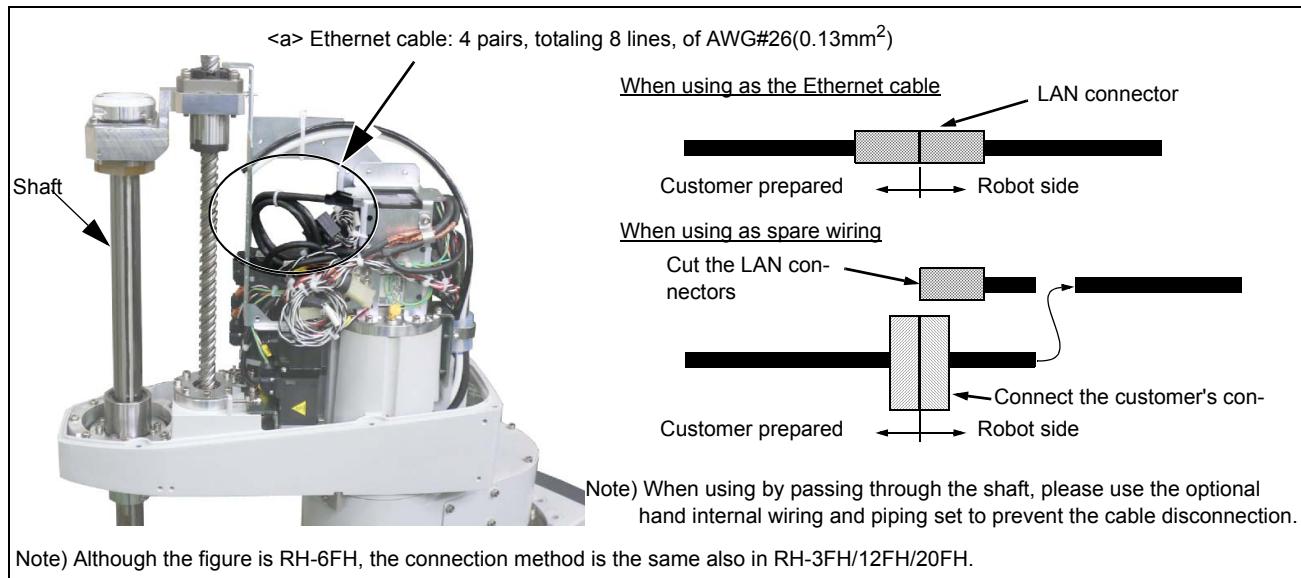
## 2.2.6 Ethernet Cables

Ethernet cables (4 pairs, totaling 8 lines, of AWG#26 (0.13mm<sup>2</sup>) cabtyre cables) are installed within the robot arm from the base unit up to the No. 2 arm, and can be used.

LAN connectors are mounted to both ends of the cables, and can therefore be used to connect to LAN connection devices. Users may also remove the LAN connectors, replace them with their own connectors, and use them as spare wiring by connecting them to user supplied cables.

Further, when passing through the inside of the shaft and using, please use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set in order to prevent the cable disconnection. (Re-cover the connector of the hand input cable that is attached to this option before using)

### (1) No.2 arm



Note) Although the figure is RH-6FH, the connection method is the same also in RH-3FH/12FH/20FH.

Fig.2-9 : Pulling out the Ethernet cable

How to connect the Ethernet cable is shown below.

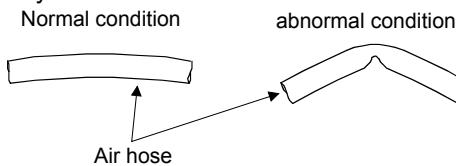
- 1) Remove the screws used to fix the No. 2 arm cover U, and then remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 2) Ethernet cables are located in the positions shown in Fig. 2-9 <a> (coiled and stored).
- 3) Remove the tying band used to coil the Ethernet cable.
- 4) Connect the cable on the customer supplied tool.  
(When using as spare wiring please remove the LAN connectors and replace with customer's connector)
- 5) It is possible to use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set to feed the tool cable through the inside of the shaft.  
Replace the connector of the hand input cable that is attached to the hand wiring and piping set, and then connect. Please reference [Page 66, "3.5 Hand internal wiring and piping set"](#).
- 6) After the optional hand wiring and piping set has been installed, install the No. 2 arm cover U to its original position. When installing the cover please take care not to damage the spongy sealant material.

This completed connection of the Ethernet cables on the No. 2 arm.



When installing the No. 2 arm cover U to its original position please take care not to trap any cables or air hoses. If the cables/hoses are trapped when fixing the cover then cables may be disconnected or hoses punctured, leading to the robot and air driving devices to not operate properly. The sealing property of the packing may also

become seriously impaired and there is a risk that the specified level of product protection may not be achievable.



## ⚠ CAUTION

When fixing the cable, please keep too much load from being applied to the cables. If too much load is applied, the may break, when the robot moves.

## ⚠ CAUTION

When operating the robot, friction may result in dust being generated from the tip of the shaft.

On the clean specification, please be sure to seal the shaft tip with a gasket. If this is not done there is a risk that the level of cleanliness will be reduced.

### (2) Base area

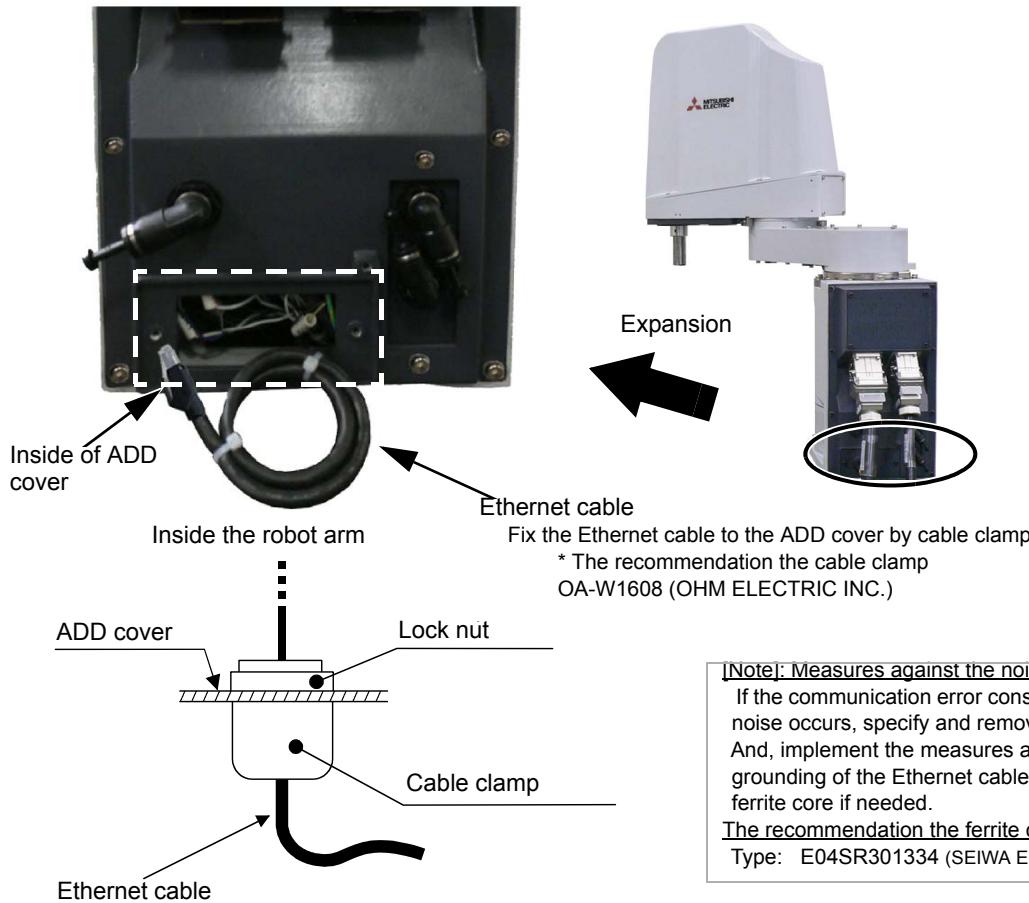


Fig.2-10 : Pull out the Ethernet cable (Base side)

- 1) Loosen the two screws and remove the ADD cover located at the back of the robot base.
- 2) Pull out the Ethernet cable that is stored inside the cover (coiled and stored).
- 3) Remove the cable tie of Ethernet cable.
- 4) Remove the lock nut attached to the cable clamp (customer prepared) and pass through the Ethernet cable
- 5) Remove the grommet of ADD cover. After removing the grommet please remove the sealant material that remains in the hole in the plate.
- 6) Feed the Ethernet cable through the hole that was created by removing the grommet.
- 7) Feed the end of the Ethernet cable through the cable clamp and securely fasten the ADD cover with the lock nut.

8) Install the ADD cover in its original position. When installing the cover please take care not to damage the spongy sealing material stuck to the hole.

This completed pull out the Ethernet cables of the base section.

## CAUTION

Take care against applying big force to the Ethernet cable, other cables, and the air hose.

## CAUTION

Please confirm not having broken or not having stripped the packing when installing or removing the cover. Contact to the dealer. If packing is broken or has stripped. Failure will be caused if the robot is used under the condition that the packing is broken or stripped, because oil mist etc. will invade in the arm.

## CAUTION

When ADD cover is installed, please keep too much load from being applied to the cables and the air hoses. If too much load is applied, the cable will be broken and the hose is bent, therefore robot and pneumatic drive equipment cannot operate normally.

## CAUTION

When ADD cover is installed, catch neither the cable nor the air hose. If the bolt is tightened while it had been caught, the cable will be broken and the hose is bent, and the robot and pneumatic drive equipment cannot operate normally. Moreover, packing does not stick securely and protection specification cannot be secured.

### 2.2.7 Passing air hoses and cables through the shaft

For this robot, customer prepared air hoses and cables can be pulled out from the No. 2 arm by passing through the shaft. For how to pass air hoses and cables through the shaft, refer to the following.

#### (1) Specifications of internal air hoses and cables

Use the air hoses and the cables, which have flexibility, capability of being repeatedly bent and twisted, and high wear resistance, for the internal use.

Select the air hose and the cable according to the specifications shown in [Table 2-5](#).

Table 2-5 : Specifications of internal air hoses and cables

Model	Shaft inside diameter	Space factor (recommended)	Highest speed of J3 axis	Minimum R of bending	Operating angle of J4 axis
RH-3FH	φ 11mm	50% or less	1,100mm/sec	20mm	±360deg
RH-6FH	φ 18mm	50% or less	2,400mm/sec	25mm	±360deg
RH-12FH	φ 18mm	50% or less	2,800mm/sec	25mm	±360deg
RH-20FH	φ 21mm	50% or less	2,400mm/sec	25mm	±360deg

#### (2) Customer prepared products

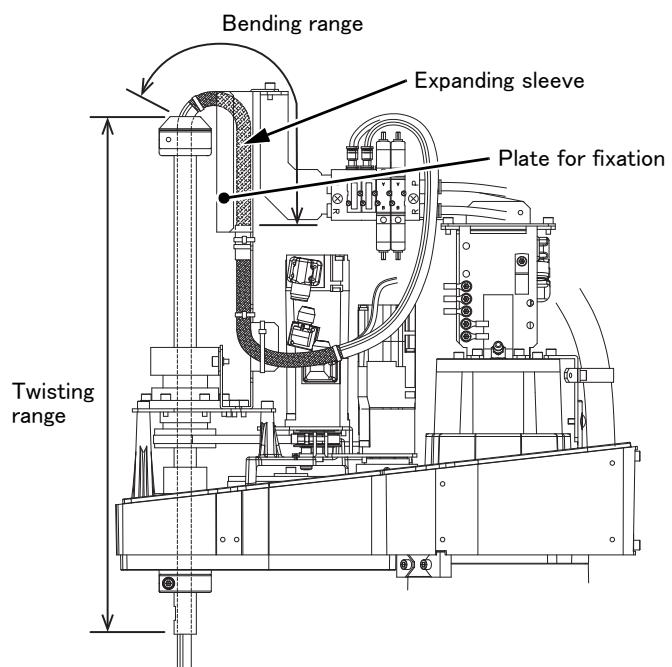
[Table 2-6](#) shows the necessary products for passing air hoses and cables through the shaft. The user needs to prepare the products.

Table 2-6 : Customer prepared products

Name	Qty.	Usage and recommended product
Expanding sleeve	Moderate quantity	Protecting the air hoses and cables, and improving the twisting rigidity Recommended expanding sleeve: EXP-13-PT (manufactured by Kitagawa Industries Co., Ltd.)
Cushion rubber	Moderate quantity	Protecting the bent portion and the fixed portion of the twisted end. Recommended cushion rubber: silicon rubber, thickness of 1mm, dimensions of 30mm × 80mm
Cable tie	Moderate quantity	Fixing the air hoses and the cables
Silicon grease	Moderate amount	Reducing friction and wear when the air hoses and the cables slide Recommended silicon grease: G-501 (manufactured by Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd.)
Liquid gasket	Moderate amount	Sealing the outlet at the tip of the shaft (for the oil-mist and clean specification models only) Recommended liquid gasket: 1212 (manufactured by Three Bond Co., Ltd.)

**【Precautions for implementation of moving part】**

- 1) The internal air hoses and cables are bent and twisted according to the operations of the J3 and J4 axes. Structurally, the twisting occurs inside the shaft, and the bending occurs inside the expanding sleeve. Without the expanding sleeve, the twisted air hoses and cables may run onto the guide portion of the fixing plate, and the air hoses may be bent or broken.
- 2) Do not place the connector connecting part and the air hose relay part in the binding or twisting range.



**(3) Installation procedure**

The installation procedure is shown below.

Refer to the installation diagram shown from the next section, and perform the installation correctly.

- 1) Move the J3 axis to the top end with a jog operation and shut off the controller's power supply. This is necessary for space standard settings when feeding the air hose and hand input cable through the inside of the shaft.
- 2) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 3) Pass the tool (hand) side of the internal air hoses and cables through the shaft. Make sure that the air hoses and the cables are not twisted or crossed.
- 4) Fix the air hoses and the cables with a cable tie so as to position the end of the expanding sleeve 10mm away from the opening of the shaft.
- 5) The highest point of the curved section of the air hoses and cables should be matched up with the top of the fixing plate.

**CAUTION**

If the air hoses and the cables are not long enough or too long, when the robot operates, excessive bending and friction with the shaft upper end or the cover may result in a break or abnormal operations of the tool (hand).

- 6) In the state of the steps 4) and 5), fix the air hoses and the cables to the (a) and (b) portions of the plate with cable ties. For the (a) portion, wrap the air hoses and the cables with cushion rubber before fixing.
- 7) When using the hand input signal or the optional solenoid valve, refer to [Page 66, "3.5 Hand internal wiring and piping set"](#).
- 8) The connected connectors are stored to the (c) portion.

**CAUTION**

Do not remove the cable ties which fixing connectors.

Fix the plate on the No. 2 arm, other cables and air hoses with cable ties. In this way, the internal cables and connectors do not touch the plate edge and others, or break due to the vibration during the robot operation.

- 9) Carry out piping and wiring on the tool side.

Fix the air hoses and the cables, which are pulled out from the shaft lower end, to the hand side. Check again that the highest point of the curved section of the air hoses and the cables reaches the height of the fixing plate upper end, and then fix the air hoses and the cables at the outlet of the shaft.  
In the case of oil-mist and clean specification models, to avoid mists entering and ensure the cleanliness

level, use liquid gasket and others to seal the outlet on the shaft tip where the air hoses and the cables are pulled out.

- 10) Apply silicon grease to the contact surface between the air hoses of the fixing plate and the cables, the cable sliding portion from the shaft upper end to the fixed portion, and the opening on the shaft upper end.
- 11) Power on the controller, perform the jog operation for the J3 and J4 axes, and check that the air hoses and the cables do not interfere with other components.

## CAUTION

Do not power on the controller when the internal cables are connected to the connectors on the robot.

If the end of the cables on the tool side is not processed, troubles such as fuse blown by ground fault or short circuit may occur. Check that the end of the cables has been processed before powering on the controller.

- 12) Turn off the controller's power supply, then install the No.2 arm cover U securely as before with fixing screws (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89 Nm).

When installing the cover, check that no air hose or cable is pinched, and no air hose is bent.

Note) The installation surface of a clean and a oil-mist specification covers is using sealing material. In the event that the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken to the extent that it cannot be return to the original form, be sure to replace the sealing material. Please contact dealer when the sealing material needs to be replaced.

This completes installing cables and air hoses inside the robot's shaft.

## (4) RH-3FH series

Refer to [Page 22, "\(3\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 2-11](#) are correspond to the same numbers in "[\(3\) Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

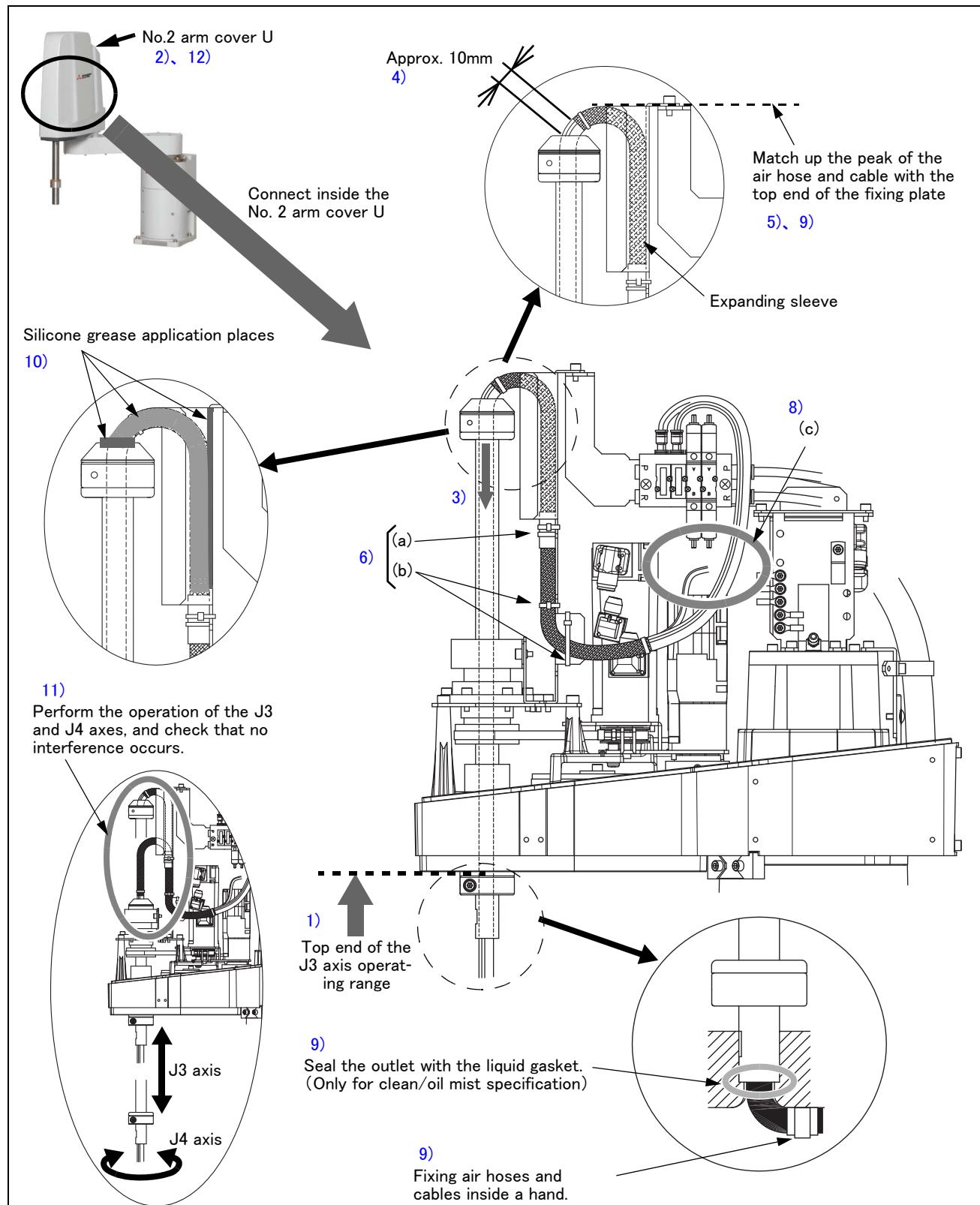


Fig.2-11 : Installation of air hoses and cables inside the robot's shaft (RH-3FH series)

## (5) RH-6FH series

Refer to [Page 22, "\(3\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 2-12](#) are correspond to the same numbers in "[\(3\) Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

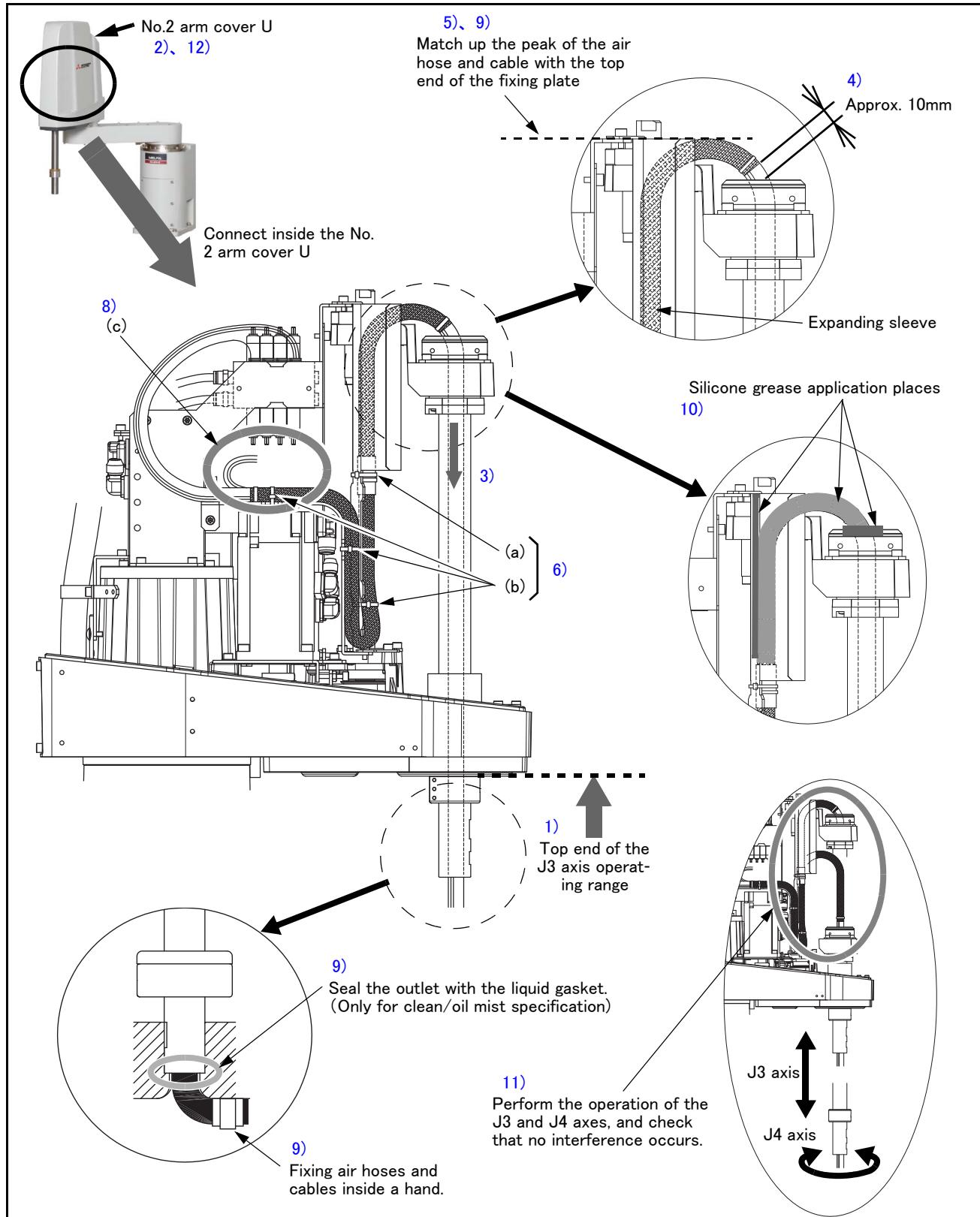
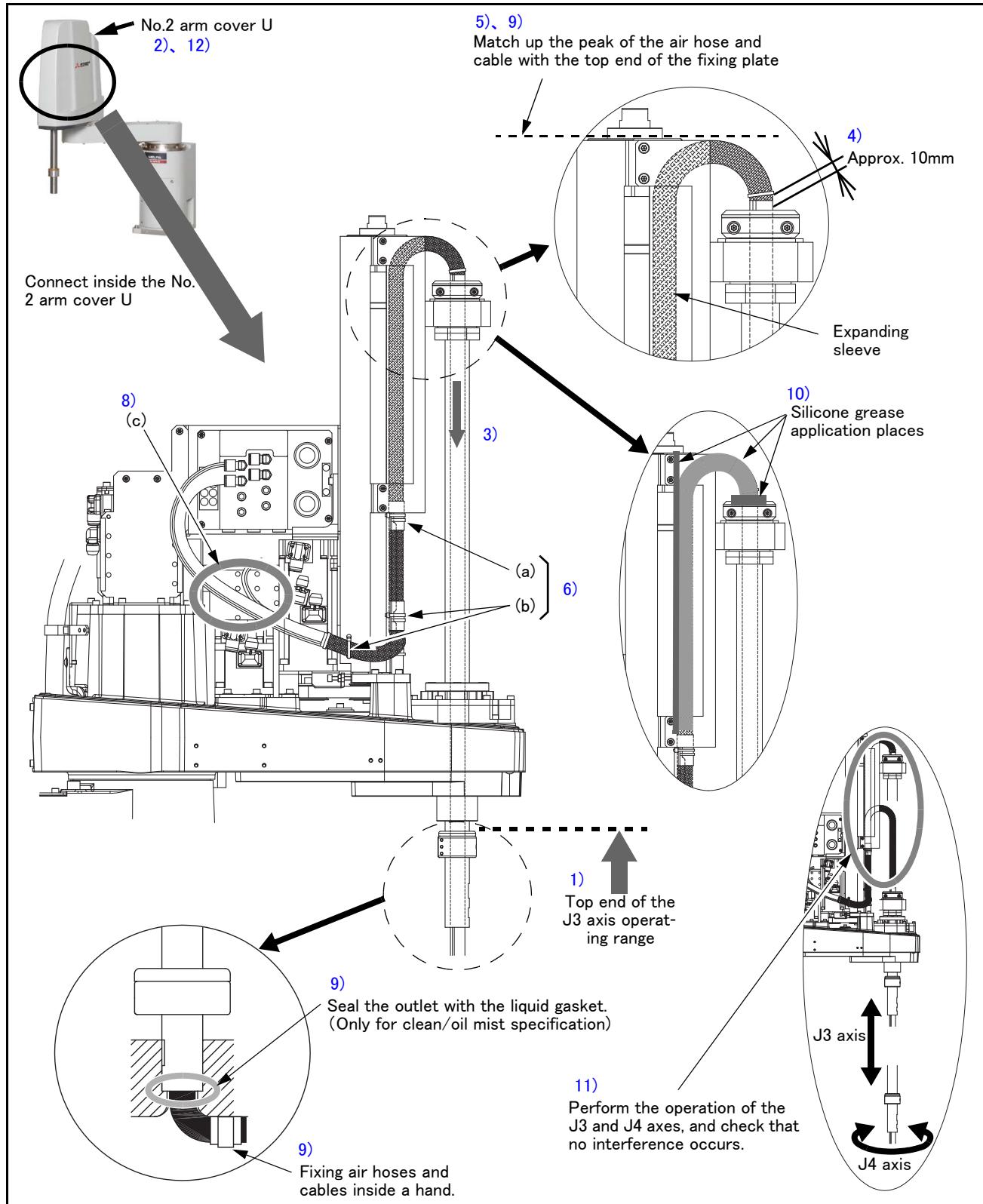


Fig.2-12 : Installation of air hoses and cables inside the robot's shaft (RH-6FH series)

## (6) RH-12FH/20FH series

Refer to [Page 22, "\(3\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 2-13](#) correspond to the same numbers in "[\(3\) Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.



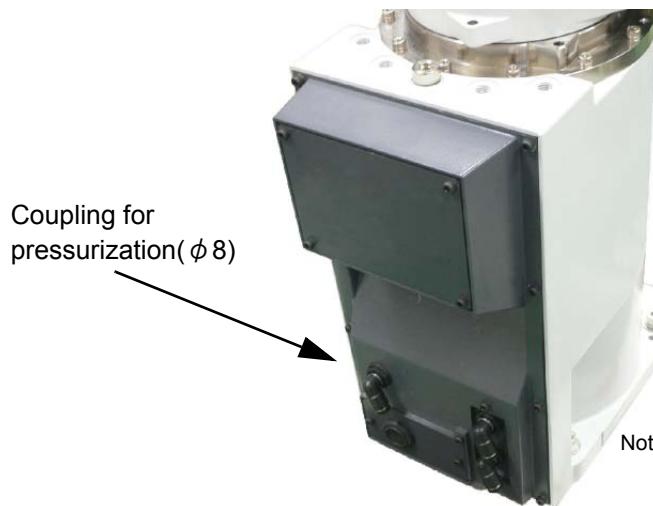
[Fig.2-13 : Installation of air hoses and cables inside the robot's shaft \(RH-12FH/20FH series\)](#)

## 2.2.8 About oil mist specification

### (1) Piping for pressurization inside robot arm

In use in oil mist environment, protection performance can be improved by pressurizing the inside of the robot arm. Please connect the  $\phi 8$  air hose to the joint for pressurization of the robot arm base portion "AIR PURGE", and pressurize the inside of the robot arm.

Refer to the separate "Standard specifications manual" for specification of air purge.



Note) Although the figure is RH-6FH, the position of the coupling is the same also in RH-3FH/12FH/20FH.

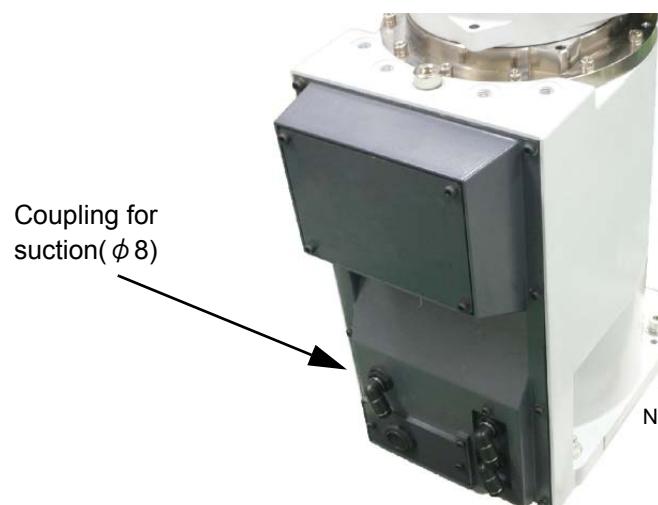
Fig.2-14 : Air purge

## 2.2.9 About clean specification

### (1) Piping for suction inside robot arm

In use of the robot of clean specification, please connect the  $\phi 8$  air hose to the coupling for suction of the robot body base portion "VACUUM", and suck the inside of the robot arm.

Refer to the separate "Standard specifications manual" for vacuum condition.



Note) Although the figure is RH-6FH, the position of the coupling is the same also in RH-3FH series.  
RH-12FH/20FH series has two couplings.

Fig.2-15 : Vacuum

## (2) Arrangement of the ventilation duct

The ventilation duct is attached to the robot's base section rear (reference Fig. 2-16). As the Z axis moves up and down the volume of the bellows varies, and air is sucked in and released out of the robot's ventilation duct opening. Be sure to locate the ventilation duct's opening in a position that will not affect the robot's cleanliness. Furthermore, whilst it is only a small amount, internal suction results in external air flows into the robot through the ventilation duct's opening, and therefore the following two points should be considered when deciding where to locate the ventilation duct's opening.

- The opening should be facing downwards
- The opening should not be located in the vicinity of dust/dirt or liquids, etc.  
(Recommended cleanliness of surrounding area: less than ISO class 5)

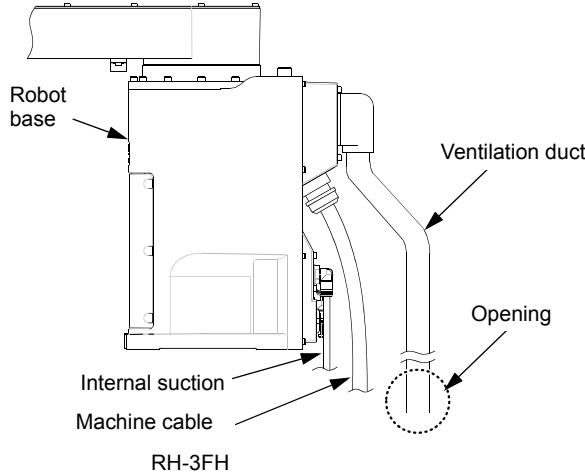
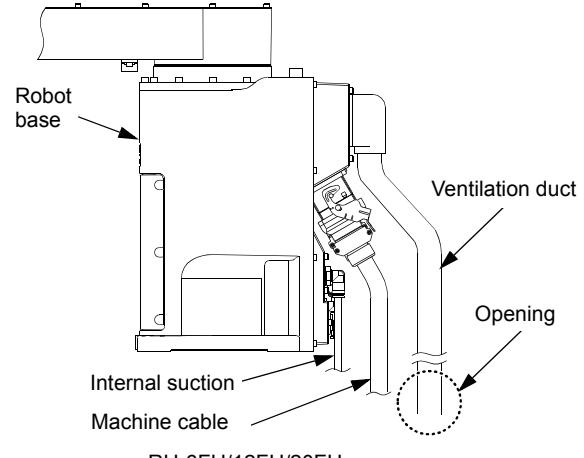
RH-3FHRH-6FH/12FH/20FH

Fig.2-16 : Arrangement of the exhaust duct

Note) When using the optional electromagnetic valve set, we recommend using the primary piping's spare piping ( $\phi 6$  air hose) to release the exhaust fumes.

Please take care as leaking exhaust fumes inside the robot may have an impact on the robot's cleanliness.

## 2.3 Setting the origin

The origin is set so that the robot can be used with a high accuracy. After purchasing the robot, always carry out this step before starting work. This step must also be carried out if the combination of robot and controller being used is changed.

There are several methods for setting the origin, but the origin data input method will be explained here. Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#) for the other methods.

The teaching pendant is required for this operation.

[Caution] If the origin data at shipment is erased due to out of battery, it is necessary to set the origin again.

Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#) and reset the origin using the jig method, mechanical stopper method or ABS method.

### 2.3.1 Installing the teaching pendant (T/B)

When installing and removing the T/B, turn off the controller power supply. If T/B is installed or removed in the state of power supply ON, emergency stop alarm will occur.

If you use the robot wherein T/B is removed, please install the attached dummy connector. With the connector, put the dummy connector or draw it out.



#### CAUTION

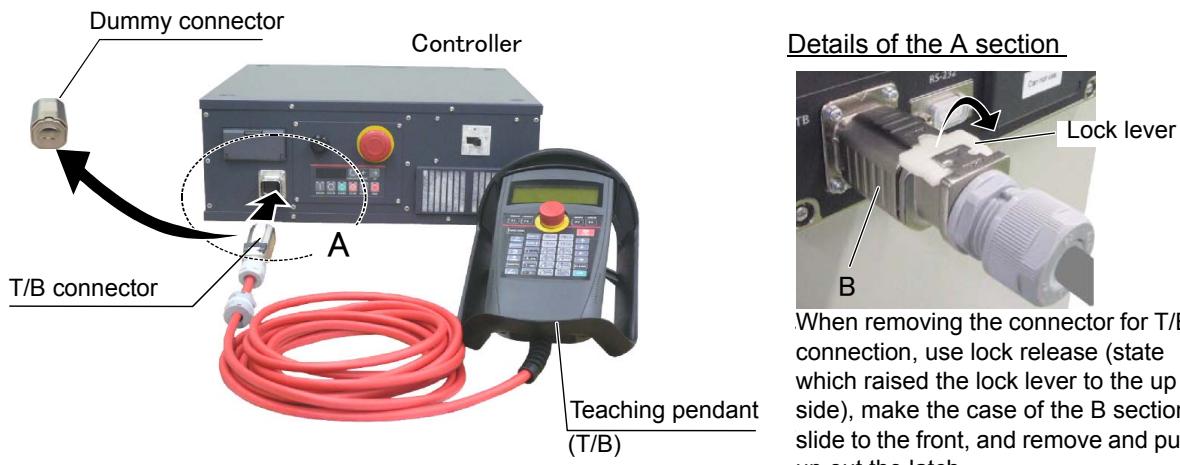
Please do not pull the cable of T/B strongly or do not bend it too much.

It becomes the breaking of a wire of the cable and the cause of breakage of the connector. Please installing and removing so that stress does not start the cable with the connector itself.

#### (1) CR750 controller

Explain the installation method of T/B below.

- 1) Check that the POWER (power supply) switch of the robot controller is OFF.
- 2) Connects T/B connector to the robot controller. Use as the upper surface the lock lever shown in [Fig. 2-17](#), and push in until there is sound.



[Fig.2-17 : Installing and removing the T/B \(CR750 controller\)](#)

The installation of T/B is finished.

#### ◇◆◇ If error C0150 occurs ◇◆◇

At the time of the first power supply injection, error:C0150 (the serial number of the robot arm has not been set up) occur the robot after purchase.

Parameter: Please input the serial number of the robot body into RBSERIAL. Refer to "instructions manual / controller setup, and basic operation & maintenance" for the operation method.

## (2) CR751 controller

Explain the installation method of T/B below.

- 1) Check that the POWER (power supply) switch of the robot controller is OFF.
- 2) Connect the T/B connector to the controller's T/B connector. Make sure to fix it securely by fastening the hand locks (in 2 places), as shown in Fig. 2-18.

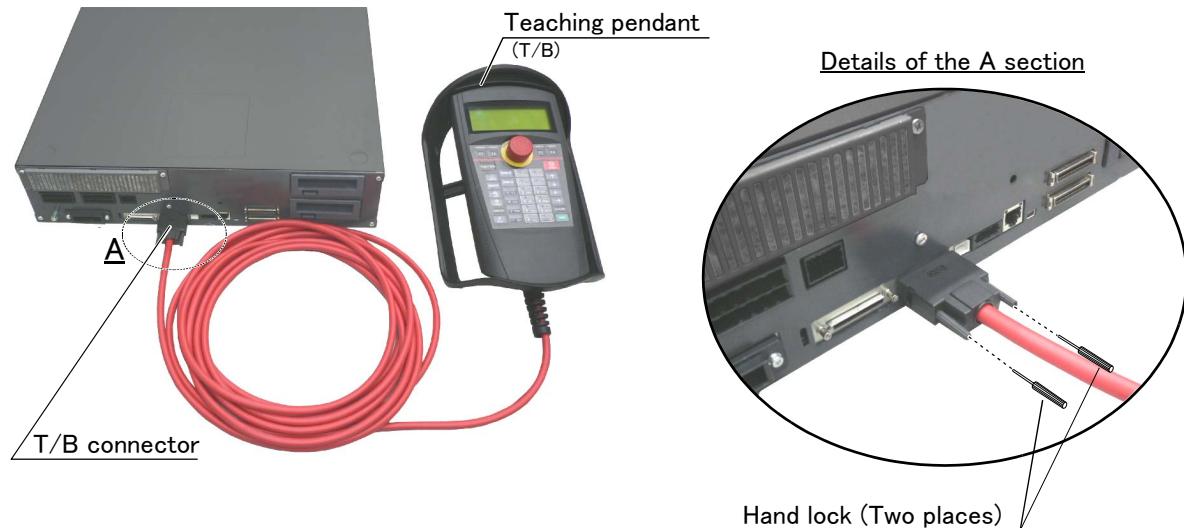


Fig. 2-18 : Installing and removing the T/B (CR751controller)

The installation of T/B is finished.

◆◆◆ If error C0150 occurs ◆◆◆

At the time of the first power supply injection, error:C0150 (the serial number of the robot arm has not been set up) occur the robot after purchase.

Parameter: Please input the serial number of the robot body into RBSERIAL. Refer to "instructions manual / controller setup, and basic operation & maintenance" for the operation method.

### 2.3.2 Setting the origin with the origin data input method

#### (1) Confirming the origin data

- Origin data history table (Origin Data History) Serial No.ES804008

Date	Default	...	...	...
D	VI#S29			
J 1	06DTYY			
J 2	2?HL9X			
J 3	1CP55V			
J 4	T6!M\$Y			
J 5				
J 6				
Method	E	E · N · S P	E · N · S P	E · N · S P

(O: O(Alphabet), 0: Zero)

Note) Meanings of symbols in method column

E: Jig method

N: Not used

SP: Not used

The origin data to be input is noted in the origin data sheet enclosed with the arm, or on the origin data history table attached to the back side of the battery cover. (Refer to Fig. 2-19).

Referring to Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/ removing the cover", remove the battery cover and confirm the value.

The value given in the default setting column is the origin settings set with the calibration jig before shipment.

Fig.2-19 : Origin data label (an example)

\* The origin data to input is found on also the robot examination report sheet.



#### WARNING

Always install/remove the cover with the controller control power turned OFF. Failure to do so could lead to physical damage or personal injury should the robot start moving due to incorrect operations.

#### (2) Turning ON the control power



#### CAUTION

Confirm that there are no operators near the robot before turning the power ON.

##### 1) Turn the controller [POWER] switch ON.

The CR750 controller turns ON the front power switch.

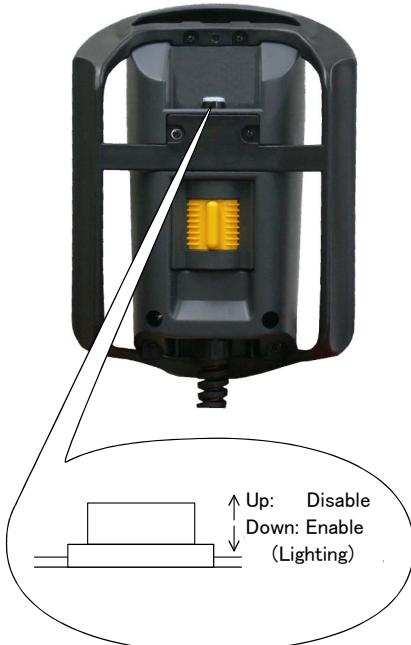
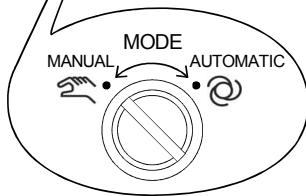
The CR751 controller turns ON the switch of the earth leakage breaker of installation outside.

## (3) Preparing the T/B



Next, prepare to use the T/B

- 1) Set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL".  
(The figure is example for CR750 controller)



- 2) Set the T/B [ENABLE] switch to "ENABLE". The menu selection screen will appear.

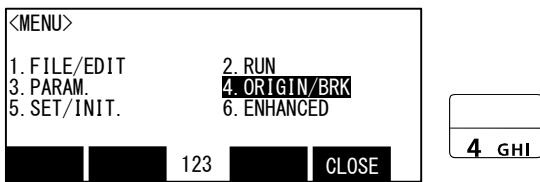
The following operations are carried out with the T/B.

◆◆◆ Operating from the T/B ◆◆◆

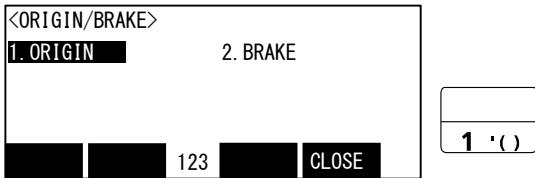
Always set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL", and then set the T/B [ENABLE] switch to "ENABLE".

When the T/B is valid, only operations from the T/B are possible. Operations from the controller or external signals will not be accepted.

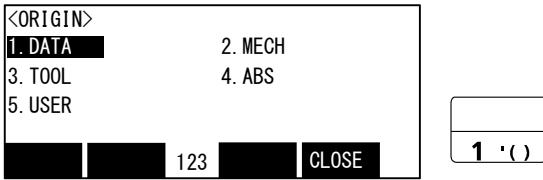
## (4) Selecting the origin setting method



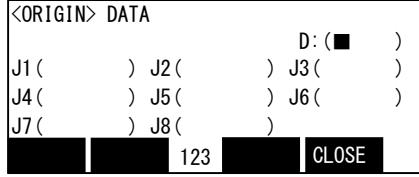
1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the ORIGIN/BRAKE screen.



2) Press the [1] key on the ORIGIN/BRAKE screen, and display the origin setting method selection screen.



3) Press the [1] key on the origin setting method selection screen, and select the data input method.



4) Display the origin data input screen

## ◇◆◇ Selecting a menu ◇◆◇

The menu can be selected with one of the following methods.

A: Press the numeral key for the No. of the item to be selected.

B: Using the [ ↓ ] and [ ↑ ] keys, etc., move the cursor to the item to be selected, and then press the [INP] key.

## ◇◆◇ The input method of numeral ◇◆◇

The number can be inputted if the key displayed on the lower left of each key is pressed. Press the [CHARACTER] key, and in the condition that "123" is displayed on the screen lower side, press the number key.

## (5) Inputting the origin data

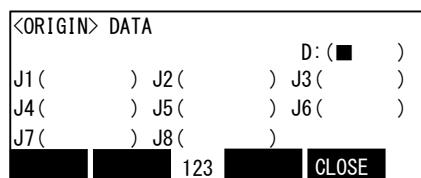


Input the value confirmed in section [Page 31, "\(1\) Confirming the origin data"](#).

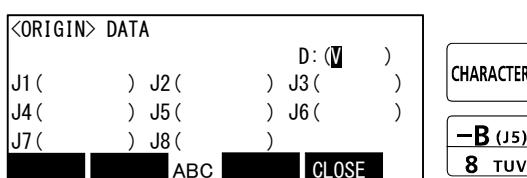
The correspondence of the origin data label value and axis to be input is shown in [Fig. 2-20](#).

Fig.2-20 : Correspondence of origin data label and axis

The method for inputting the origin data is explained below. The value shown in [Fig. 2-19](#) will be input as an example.



1) Confirm that the cursor is at the "D" position on the T/B display screen.

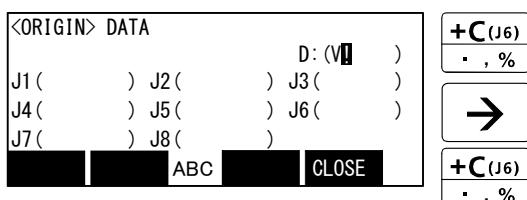


2) Input the D value "V!%S29".

Inputting "V"

Press the [CHARACTER] key and set to the character input mode. (Condition that "ABC" was displayed under the screen)

Press the [TUV] key three times. "V" will be set.

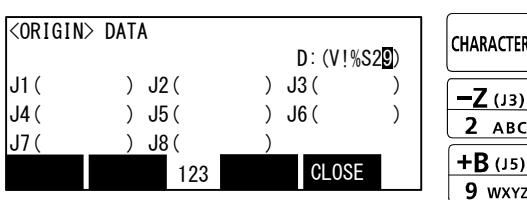


Inputting "!"

Press the [ , % ] key five times. "!" will be set.

Press the [ → ] key once and advance the cursor.

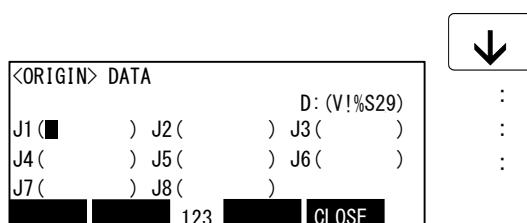
Press the [ , % ] key twice (input "%"), and press the [PQRS] key four times (input "S").



Press the [CHARACTER] key and set to the numeral input mode. (Condition that "123" was displayed under the screen)

Press the [2] key (input "2"), and press the [9] key (input "9").

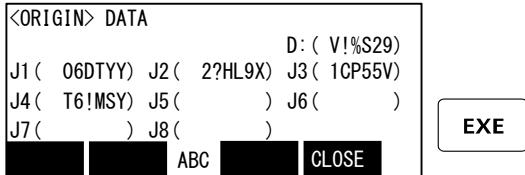
"V!%S29" will appear at the "D" data on the teaching pendant screen.



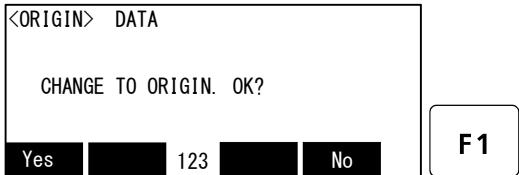
3) Press the [ ↓ ] key, and move the cursor to the J1 input position.

4) Input the J1 value in the same manner as above.

5) Input the J2, J3 and J4 values in the same manner.



6) After inputting all of the values, press the [EXE] key. The origin setting confirmation screen will appear.



7) Press [F1] (Yes) to end the origin setting

#### ◆◆◆ Moving the cursor ◆◆◆

Press the [↑], [↓], [←] and [→] keys.

#### ◆◆◆ Inputting characters ◆◆◆

Press the [CHARACTER] key and set to the character input mode. (Condition that "ABC" was displayed under the screen). The displayed character is scrolled each time at pressing the key.

#### ◆◆◆ How to input symbols ◆◆◆

The symbol is allocated to [‘()], [=@], and [%] key. Please repress each key until the symbol to wish is displayed.

- a) [‘()] key ..... ' ( ) " ^ : ; ¥ ?
- b) [=@] key ..... @ = + - \* / < >
- c) [%] key ..... , % # \$ ! & \_ .

#### ◆◆◆ Correcting an input ◆◆◆

After returning one character by pressing the [CLEAR] key, input the character again.

#### (6) Installing the battery cover.

Return the battery cover removed in section [Page 31, "\(1\) Confirming the origin data"](#) to its original position.  
This completes the setting of the origin with the origin data input method.



#### WARNING

Removing and installing the cover by always turning off the controller power.

Failure to do so could lead to the robot moving because of incorrect operations, or to physical damage or personal injury.

#### ◆◆◆ If the origin input data is incorrect ◆◆◆

If the origin input data is incorrect, the alarm No. 1760 (origin setting data illegal) will occur when origin data input. In this case, reconfirm the value input for the origin data.

## 2.4 Confirming the operation

In this section, the robot will be moved manually using the T/B to confirm that the operation is correct.

Moving the robot manually is called "jog operation". This operation includes the JOINT jog that moves each axis, the XYZ jog that moves along the base coordinate system, the TOOL jog that moves along the tool coordinate system, and the CYLINDER jog that moves along the circular arc.

This operation is carried out while pressing the deadman switch on the back of the T/B.

Note) The figure of the robot which indicated to the explanation page in each jog mode is an example.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

The robot will move during this operation. Make sure that there are no operators near the robot, and that there are no obstacles, such as tools, in the robot operation range.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

To immediately stop the robot, release the deadman switch on the back of the T/B. The servo power will turn OFF, and the robot will stop.

The robot will also stop if the [EMG.STOP] switch (emergency stop switch) on the front of the T/B or the [EMG.STOP] switch (emergency stop) on the front of the controller is pressed.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

To check whether the origin of the robot deviates, move the robot arm to the position where the ABS marks align each other, and check the displayed joint coordinates of the position.

For the details of the ABS mark position and the joint coordinates, refer to [Page 105, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#), and [Page 120, "5.6.2 ABS origin method"](#).

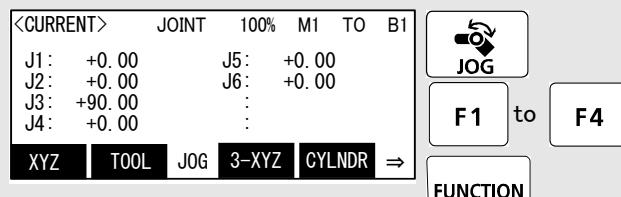
### **⚠ WARNING**

Confirm that the origin has been set. If the origin has not been set, "\*\*\*\*" will appear at the current position display on the teaching pendant, the JOINT jog operation will take place in any jog mode selected.

In such a case, the robot may operate beyond the software-defined operating range, which will cause interference or collisions between the robot mechanical sections.

Refer to [Page 29, "2.3 Setting the origin"](#) for details on setting the origin.

### ◆◆◆ How to choose the jog mode ◆◆◆



Press the [JOG] key, the jog screen will be displayed, and display the jog mode which can be chosen at the bottom of the screen. Because these correspond to the function key of [F1] – [F4], press the function key corresponding to the jog mode to wish. And, if the [FUNCTION] key is pressed, selection in jog modes other than the present display is possible. The override (100%), the mechanism number (M1), and the tool number (T1), and the base coordinate number (B1) are displayed on the upside of the screen following the present jog mode (JOINT).

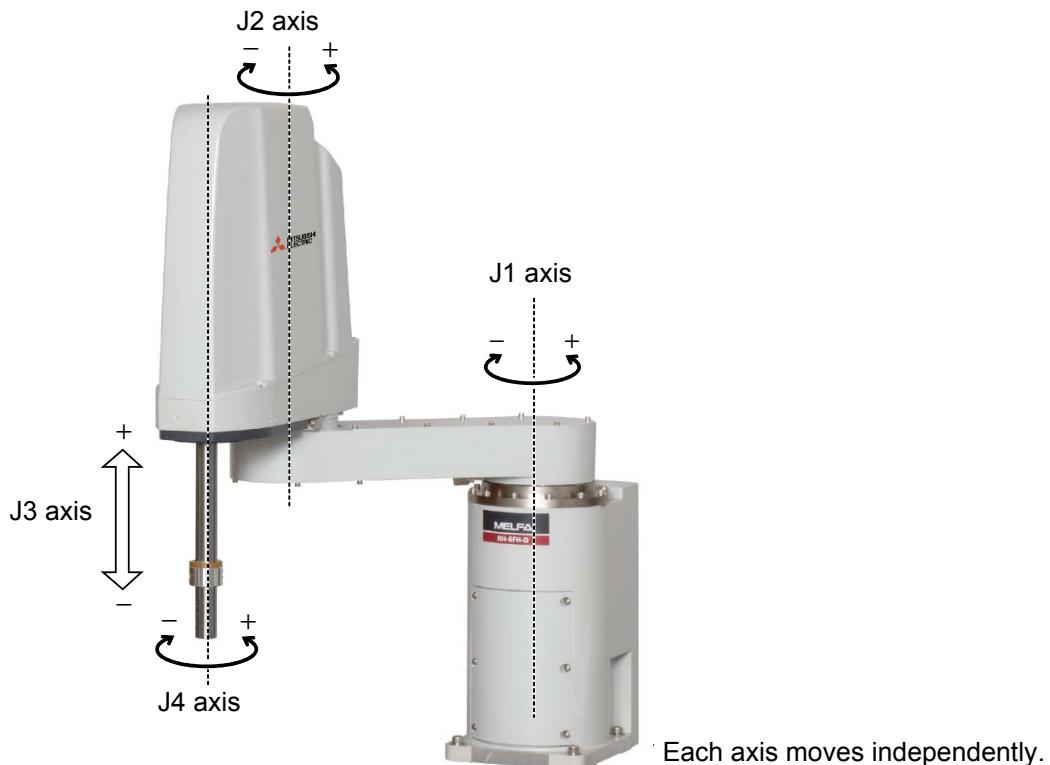


Fig.2-21 : JOINT jog operation

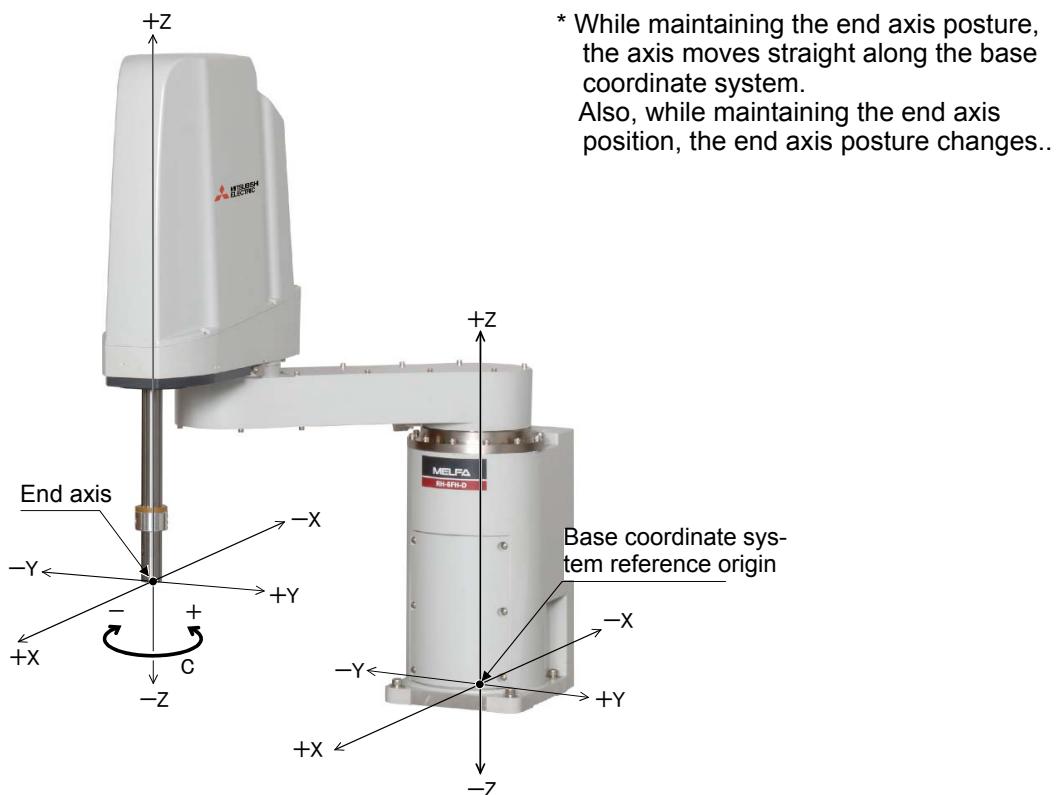
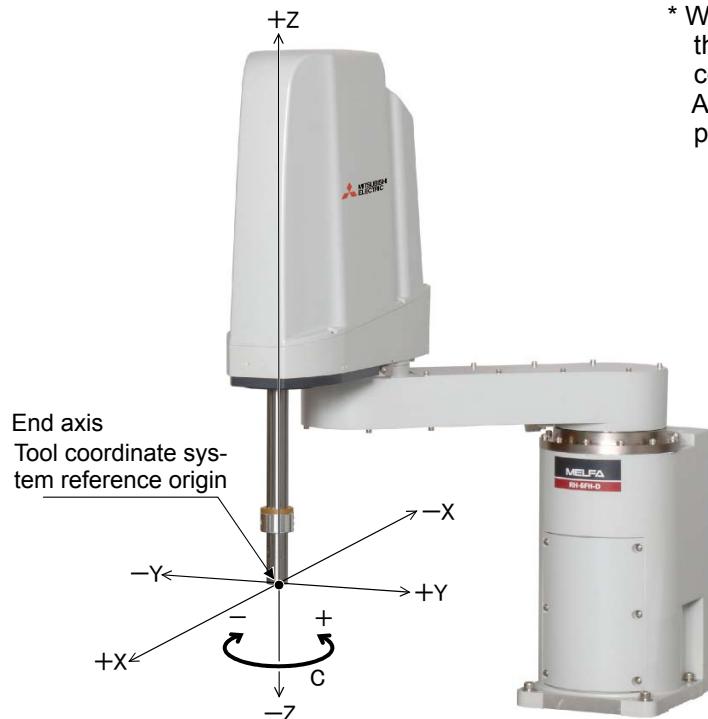
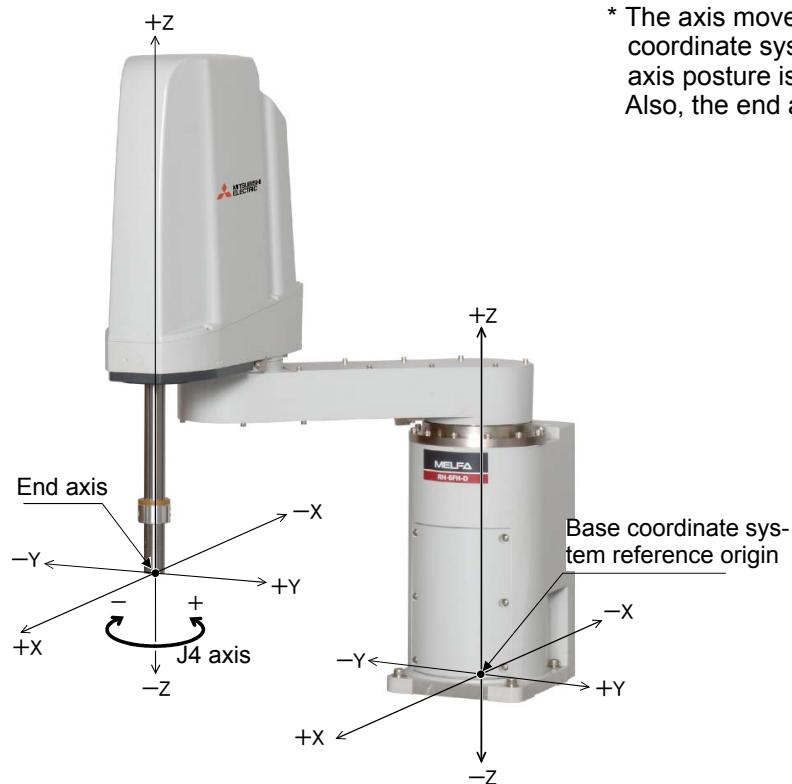


Fig.2-22 : XYZ jog operation



- \* While maintaining the end axis posture, the axis moves straight along the tool coordinate system.
- Also, while maintaining the end axis position, the end axis posture changes

Fig.2-23 : TOOL jog operation



- \* The axis moves straight along the base coordinate system. At this time, the end axis posture is not maintained.
- Also, the end axis posture changes.

Fig.2-24 : 3-axis XYZ jog operation

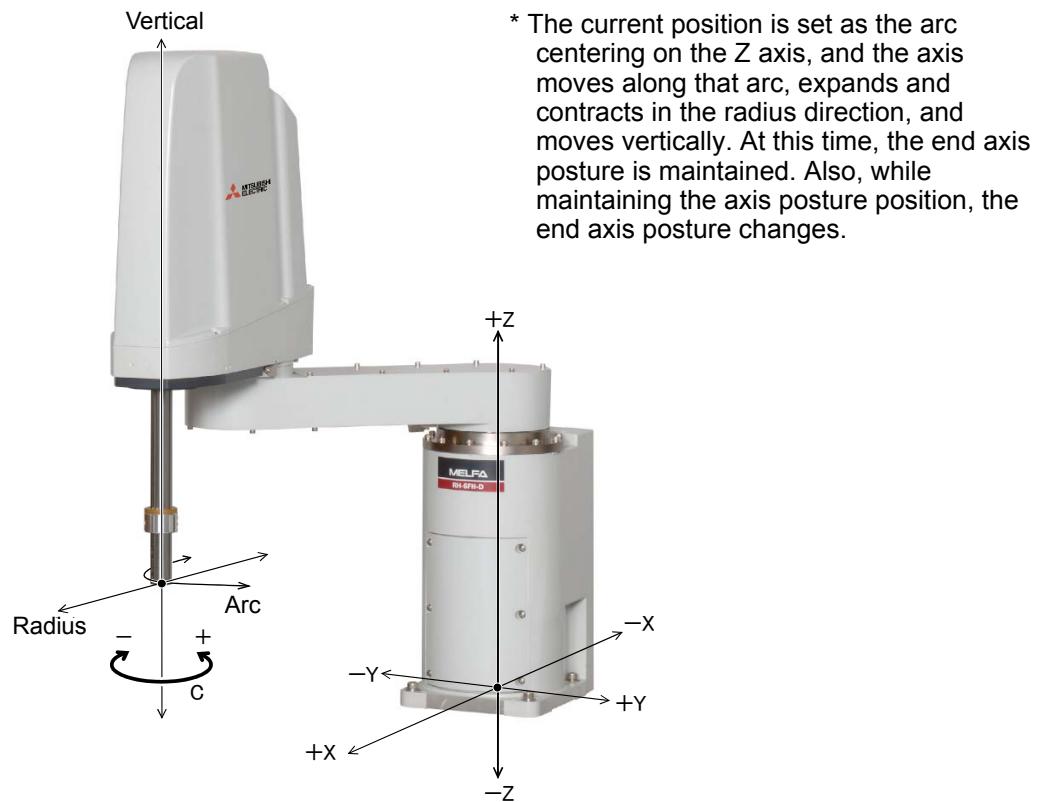
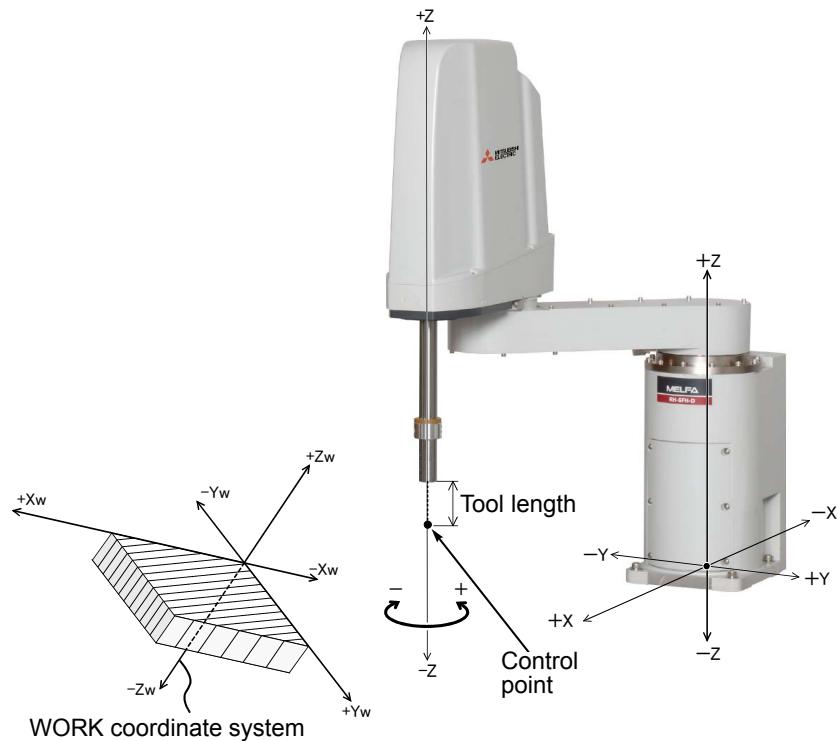


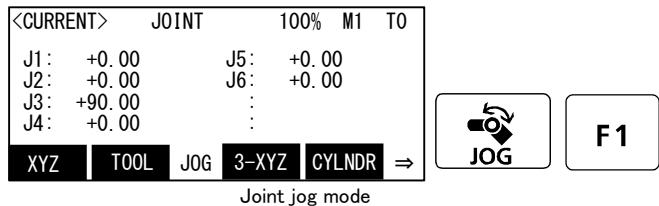
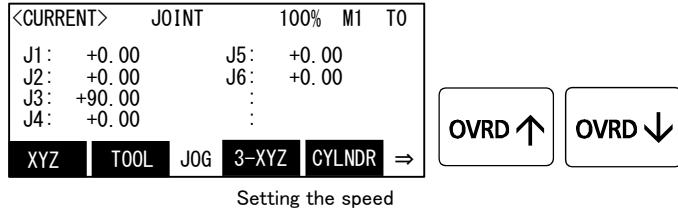
Fig.2-25 : CYLINDER jog operation



- \* While maintaining the end axis posture, the axis moves straight along the work coordinate system.  
Also, while maintaining the end axis position, the end axis posture changes.
- \* When the controller software version is R5 (F-Q series)/S5 (F-D series) or later, jog operation around the work coordinates system is available (EX-T jog). In this jog operation, when the jog operation is performed for the posture elements, the posture rotates on the Xw axis, Yw axis, or Zw axis of the work coordinates system while the control point is changed.

Fig.2-26 : WORK jog operation

## (1) JOINT jog operation

Select joint jog modeSet jog speed

[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen.  
("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)  
Check that the "joint" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

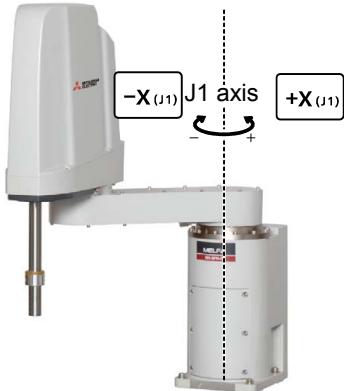
If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "joint." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD ↑ ], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD ↓ ] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work.

J1 axis jog operation

- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the J1 axis will rotate in the plus direction.
- When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

J2 axis jog operation

- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the J2 axis will rotate in the plus direction.
- When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

◇◆◇ When the robot is in the transportation posture ◇◆◇

The axes may be outside the movement area. Move these axes toward the inner side of the movement area.

### J3 axis jog operation



- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the J3 axis will rotate in the plus direction.
- When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

### J4 axis jog operation

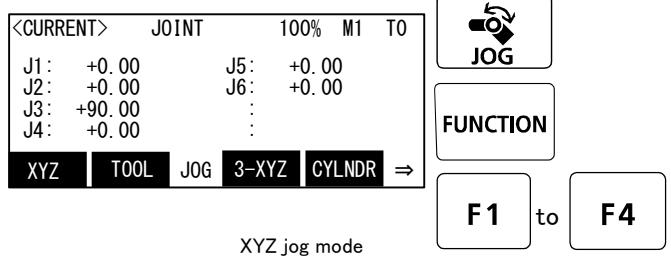
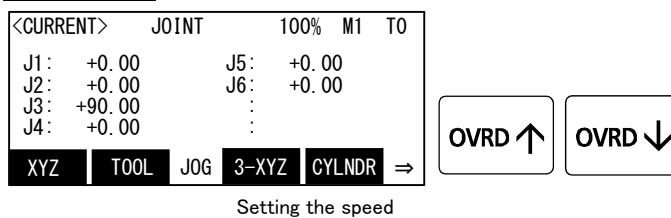


- When the [+A (J4)] keys are pressed, the J4 axis will rotate in the plus direction.
- When the [-A (J4)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

◇◆◇ If the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move ◇◆◇

If it is going to move the robot across the operation range, the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move. In this case, please move to the counter direction.

## (2) XYZ jog operation

Select XYZ jog modeSet jog speed

[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen.  
("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)  
Check that the "XYZ" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

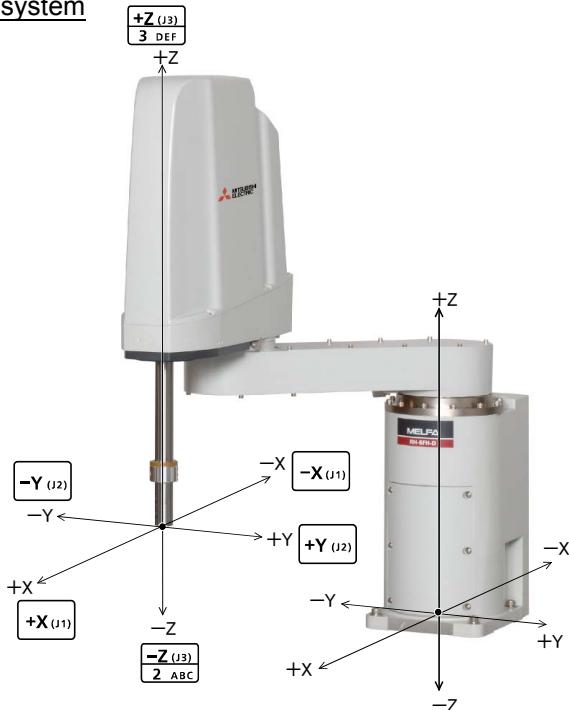
If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "XYZ." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD ↑], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD ↓] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work.

Moving along the base coordinate system

\*The direction of the end axis will not change.

- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the X axis plus direction.  
When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Y axis plus direction.  
When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Z axis plus direction.  
When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.

◇◆◇ When the robot is in the transportation posture ◇◆◇

There are directions from which linear movement is not possible from the transportation posture. In this case, the robot will not move. Refer to section [Page 41, "\(1\) JOINT jog operation"](#), and move the robot to a position where linear movement is possible, and then carry out XYZ jog.

◇◆◇ If the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move ◇◆◇

If it is going to move the robot across the operation range, the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move. In this case, please move to the counter direction.

Changing the end axis posture



- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the Z axis will rotate in the plus direction.  
When the [-C (J6)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

◇◆◇ When alarm No. 5150 occurs ◇◆◇

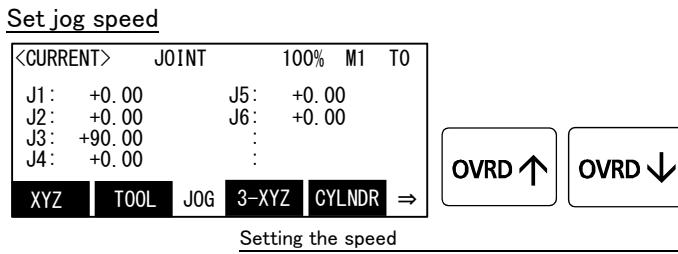
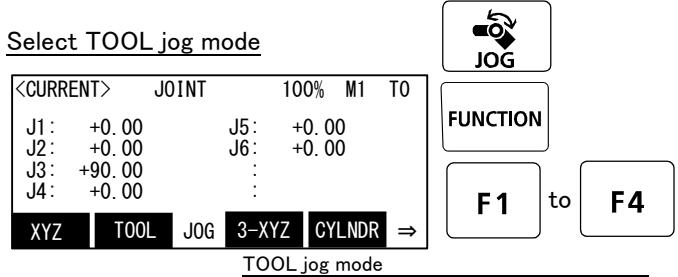
If alarm No. 5150 (ORIGIN NOT SET) occurs, the origin has not been set correctly. Reconfirm the value input for the origin data.

◇◆◇ Tool length ◇◆◇

The default tool length is 0mm, and the control point is the center of the end axis.

After installing the hand, set the correct tool length in the parameters. Refer to the separate manual "Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details.

## (3) TOOL jog operation



[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen. ("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)

Check that the "TOOL" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

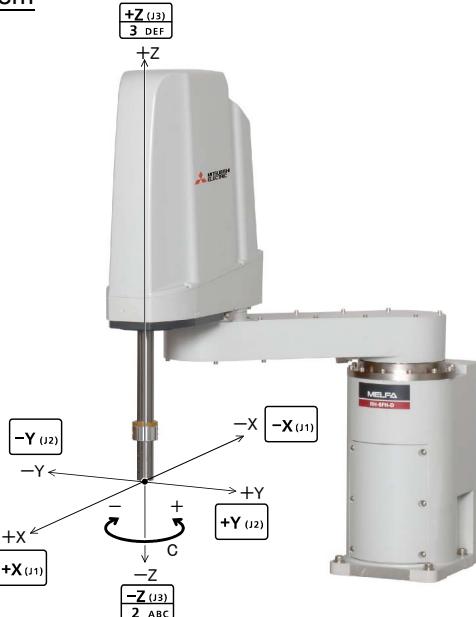
If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "TOOL." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD ↑], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD ↓] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work.

Moving along the tool coordinate system

- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the X axis plus direction of the tool coordinate system.  
When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Y axis plus direction of the tool coordinate system.  
When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Z axis plus direction of the tool coordinate system.  
When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.

◇◆◇ When the robot is in the transportation posture ◇◆◇

There are directions from which linear movement is not possible from the transportation posture. In this case, the robot will not move. Refer to section [Page 41, "\(1\) JOINT jog operation"](#), and move the robot to a position where linear movement is possible, and then carry out XYZ jog.

◇◆◇ If the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move ◇◆◇

If it is going to move the robot across the operation range, the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move. In this case, please move to the counter direction.

Changing the end axis posture



\*The Position of the end axis will not change.

- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the Z axis will rotate in the plus direction of the tool coordinate system.  
When the [-C (J6)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

◇◆◇ When alarm No. 5150 occurs ◇◆◇

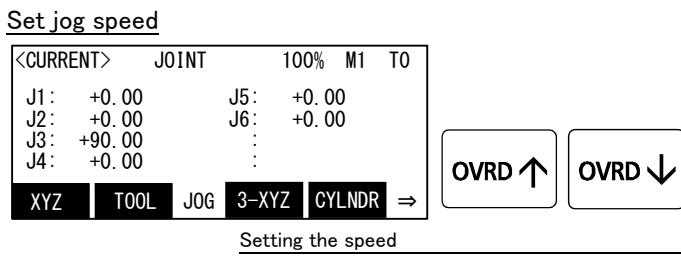
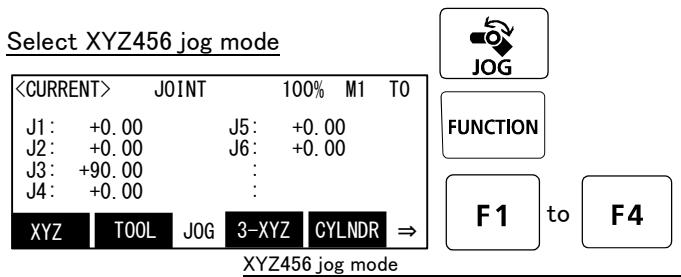
If alarm No. 5150 (ORIGIN NOT SET) occurs, the origin has not been set correctly. Reconfirm the value input for the origin data.

◇◆◇ Tool length ◇◆◇

The default tool length is 0mm, and the control point is the center of the end axis.

After installing the hand, set the correct tool length in the parameters. Refer to the separate manual "Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details.

## (4) 3-axis XYZ jog operation



[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen.

("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)

Check that the "XYZ456" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "XYZ456." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD ↑], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD ↓] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work.

Moving along the base coordinate system

\*The direction of the end axis will change.

- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the X axis plus direction.  
When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Y axis plus direction.  
When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Z axis plus direction.  
When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.

◆◆◆◆ The flange surface end axis posture cannot be maintained with 3-axis XYZ jog. ◆◆◆◆

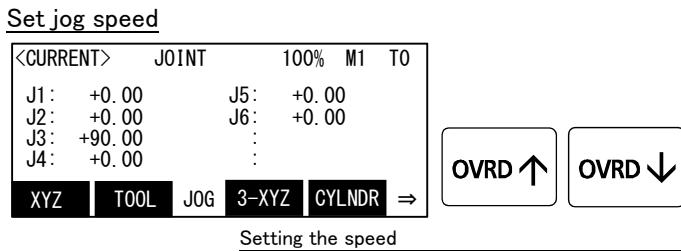
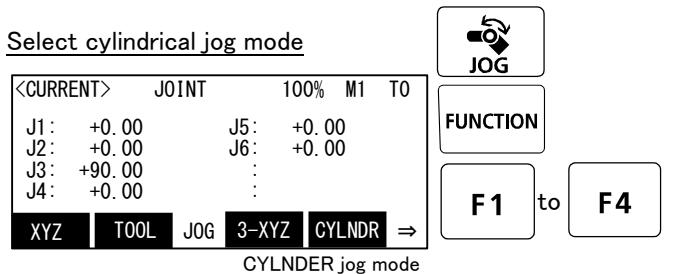
With 3-axis XYZ jog, the flange surface end axis posture (orientation) is not maintained when moving linearly in the X, Y or Z axis direction.

Use XYZ jog to maintain the posture.

Changing the end axis posture

- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the J4-axis will rotate in the plus direction.  
When the [-C (J6)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

## (5) CYLINDER jog operation



[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen.

("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)

Check that the "CYLINDER" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

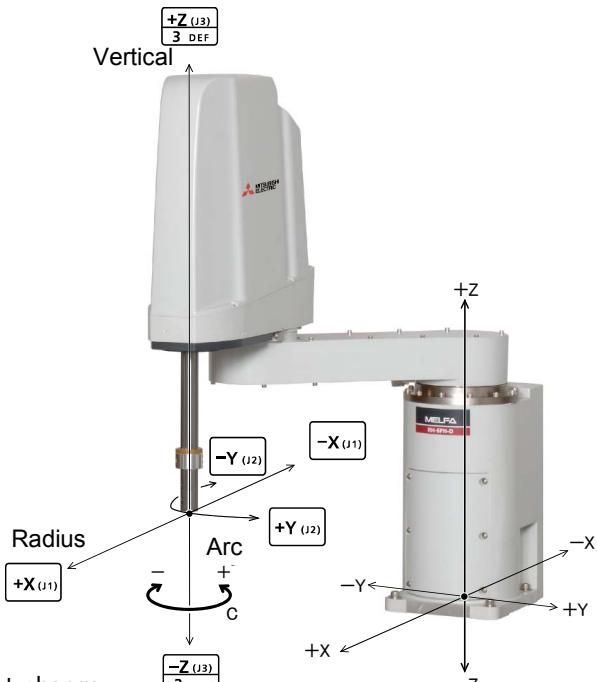
If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "CYLINDER." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD ↑], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD ↓] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work.

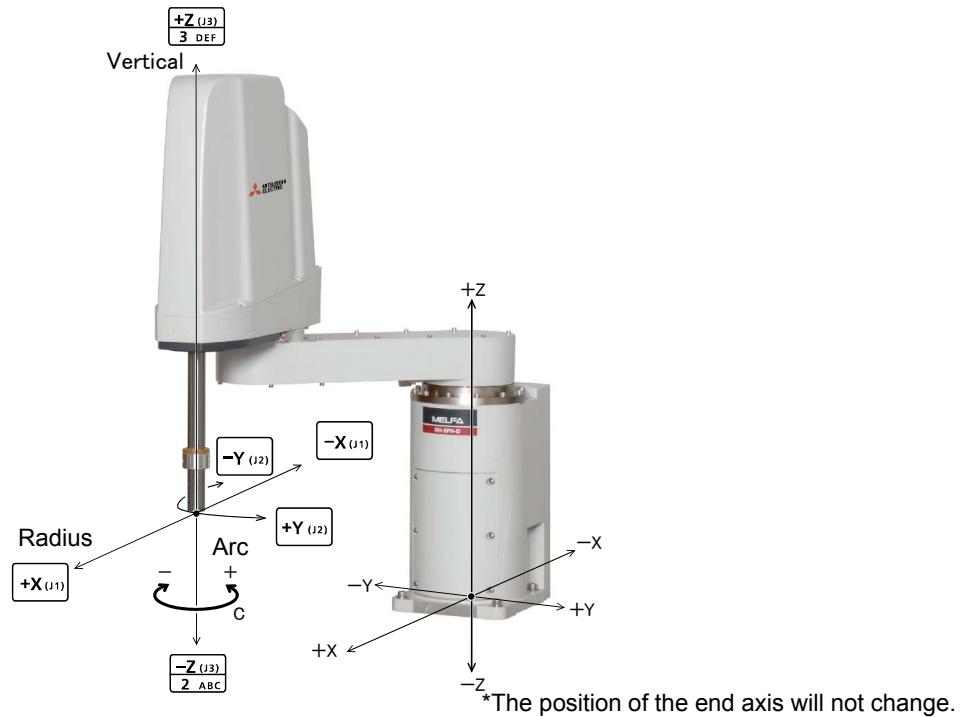
Moving along an arc centering on the Z axis

\* The direction of the frange will not change.

Assuming that the current position is on an arc centering on the Z axis, the robot moves along that arc.

- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the robot will expand in the radial direction.  
When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, contract in the radial direction.
- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the arc in the plus direction.  
When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, move in the minus direction.
- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Z axis plus direction.  
When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, move along the minus direction.

### Changing the flange surface posture



- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the Z axis will rotate in the plus direction.  
When the [-C (J6)] keys are pressed, rotates in the minus direction.

## (6) Work jog operation

Setting of the work coordinates system is necessary.

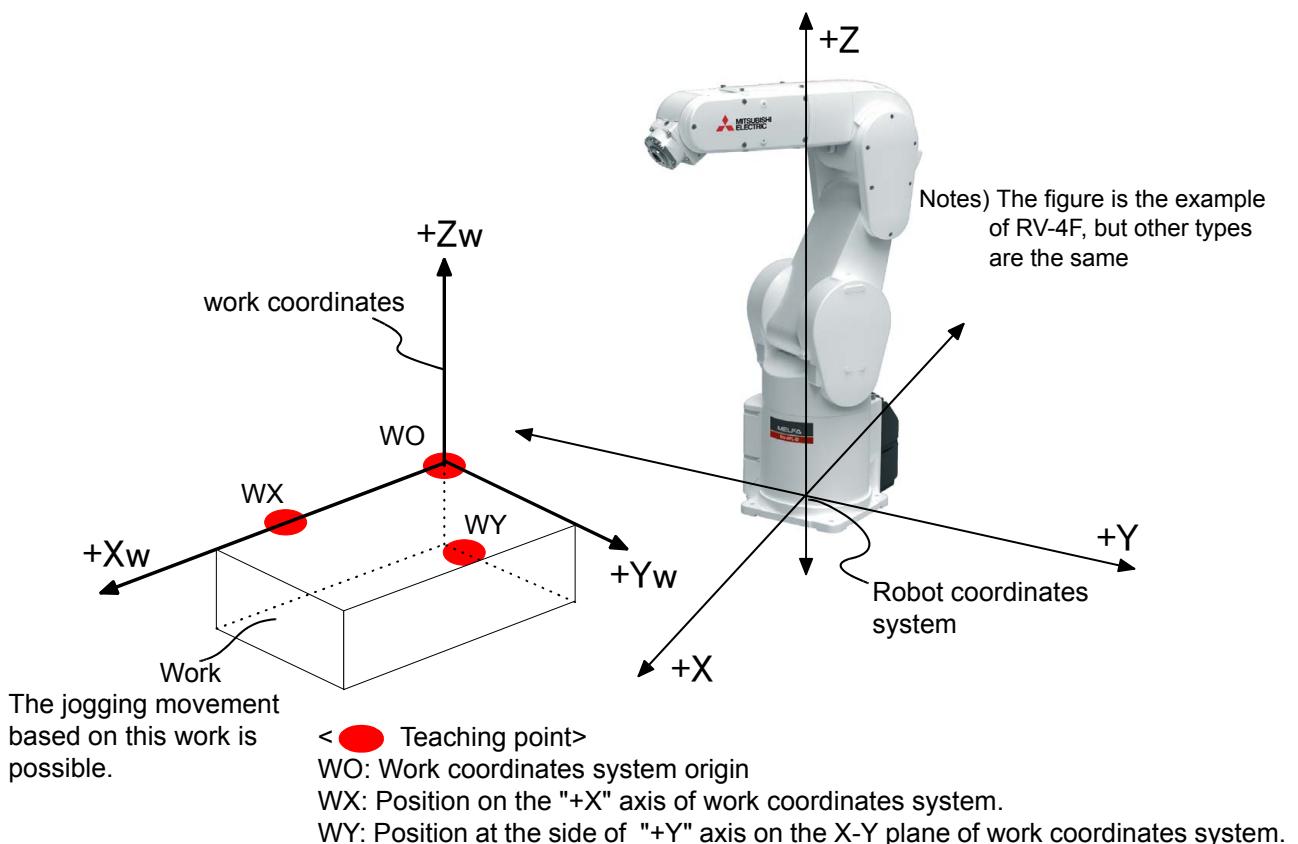
By this jog operation, robot can be move along with the direction of work (or working table etc.), so teaching operations get easier.

When jog operation, select by which work coordinates the robot moves

The setting method of the work coordinates system using T/B (R32TB) is shown in the following.

(Parameter: Setting the coordinate value to WK<sub>n</sub>CORD ("n" is meaning the number (1-8) of work coordinates) can also set up the work coordinates system. Refer to the separate manual "Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details of parameter.)

The work coordinates system teaches and sets up the three points (WO, WX, WY).

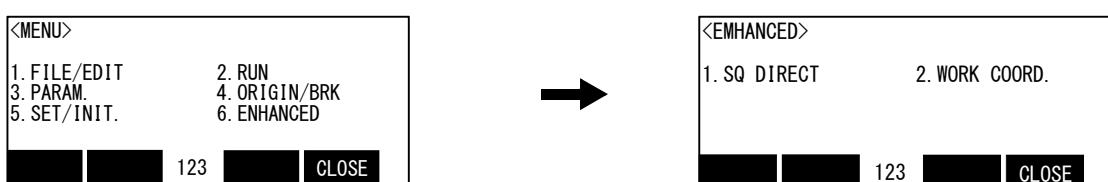


[Supplement] : The coordinate values which use all three teaching points for setting of the work coordinates system are each only X, Y, and the Z-axis. Although the coordinate value of A, B, and C axis is not used, positioning will get easy if the XYZ jog or TOOL jog movement is effected with the same value. (The direction of the hand is the same)

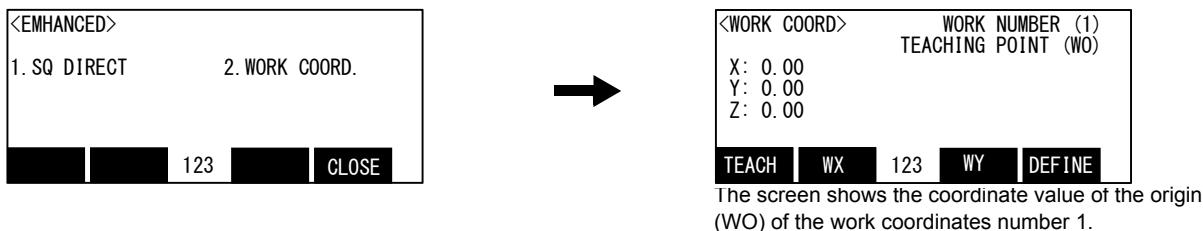
Fig.2-27 : Setting of the work coordinates system (teaching point)

The setting (definition) method of the work coordinates system is shown in the following.

- 1) Select "6.ENHANCED" screen on the <MENU> screen.

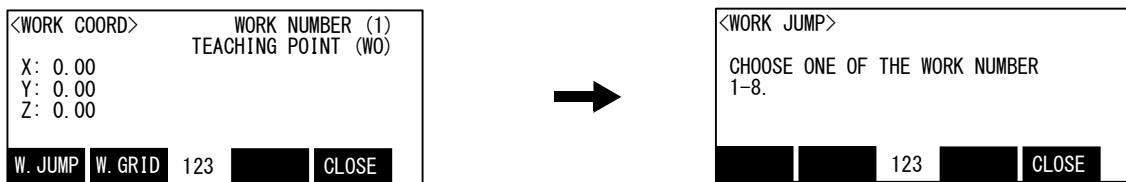


2) Press the [2] keys in the menu screen and select "2. WORK COORD."

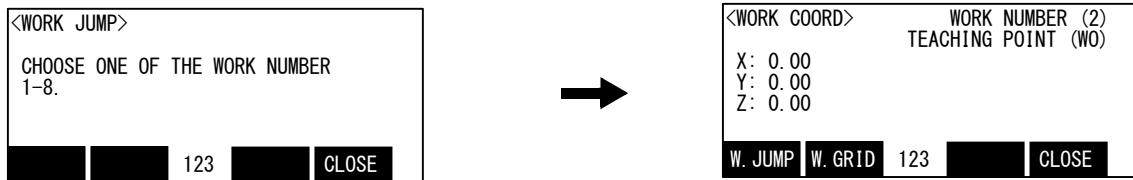


3) Selection of the work coordinates number

Press the [FUNCTION] keys, and display "W: JUMP" function. Press the function key corresponding to "W: JUMP"



Press numeral key [1] - [8] and specify the work coordinates number. The coordinate value of the specified work coordinates system is displayed.

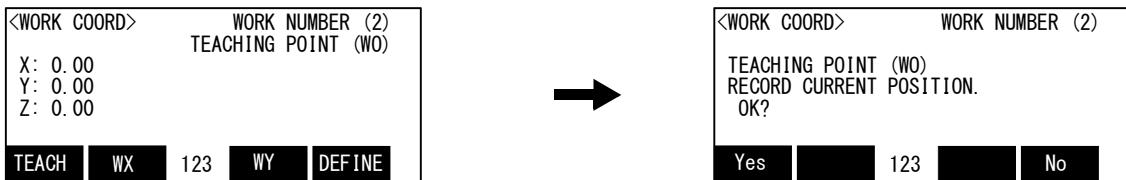


Operation will be canceled if the [CLOSE] key is pressed.

The screen is the example which specified the work coordinates number 2. ("2" at the upper right of the screen)

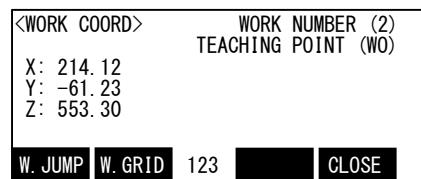
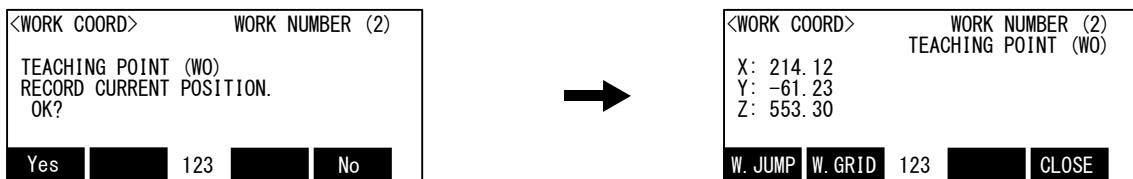
4) The teaching of the work coordinates system

Teach the three points shown in Fig. 2-27. Confirm the name currently displayed on the "TEACHING POINT" at the upper right of the screen. If it differs, press the function key corresponding to each point(WO, WX, WY) to teach. Move the robot's arm by jog operation (other jogging movement), and press the function key corresponding to "TEACH."([F1]) The confirmation screen is displayed.



Specify the teaching point [WO],[WX],[WY]  
teaching the position [TEACH]

Presses the function key corresponding to "Yes", the robot's current position is registered, and the registered coordinates value is displayed. Operation will be canceled if the [CLOSE] key is pressed.



Teach the three points, WO, WX, and WY, by the same operation.

The position data taught here is each registered into the following parameters. ("n" means the work coordinates numbers 1-8)

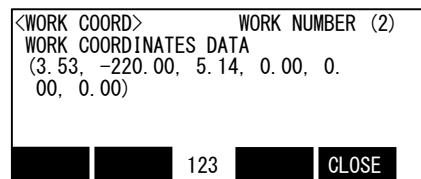
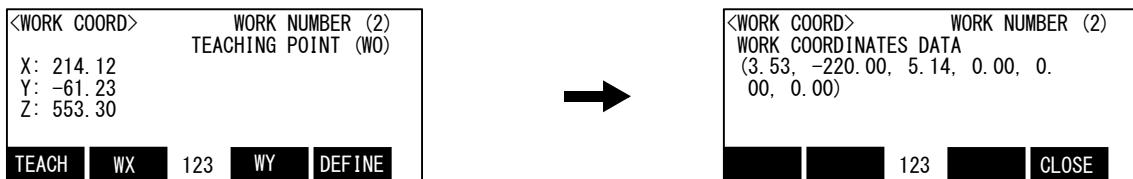
WO= parameter: WK<sub>n</sub>WO

WX= parameter: WK<sub>n</sub>WX

WY= parameter: WK<sub>n</sub>WY

#### 5) Setting of work coordinates (definition)

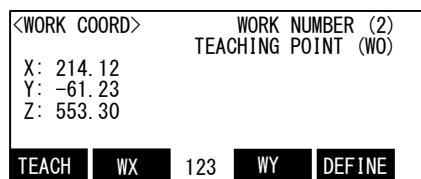
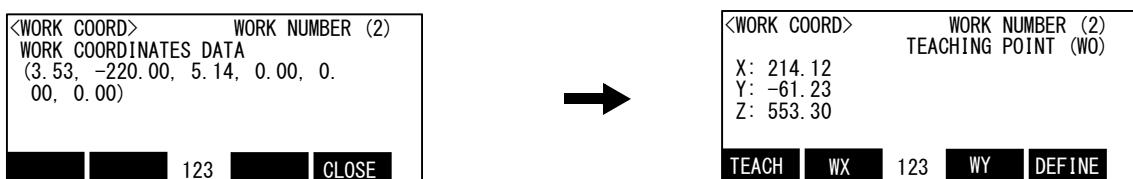
If the function key corresponding to "DEFINE" ([F1]) is pressed, the work coordinates system will be calculated using the three points, and the result will be displayed.



The alarm occurs if the work coordinates system is incalculable. (There are the three points on the straight line, or the two points have overlapped) In this case, reset alarm and re-teach the three points.

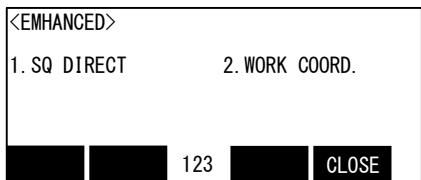
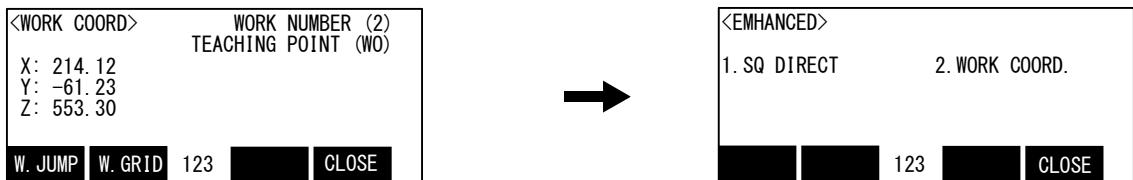
This work coordinate data is registered into parameter: WK<sub>n</sub>CORD. ("n" means the work coordinates numbers 1-8)

If the function key corresponding to "CLOSE" is pressed, it will return to the previous screen.



#### 6) Finishing of setting the work coordinates

Press the [FUNCTION] keys, and display "CLOSE" function. Press the function key corresponding to "CLOSE". Returns to the <MENU> screen.



Although setting of work coordinates is finishing above, confirmation of work coordinates can be done by pressing the function key corresponding to "W GRID."([F2])

<WORK COORD>		WORK NUMBER (2)	
		TEACHING POINT (WO)	
X: 214.12			
Y: -61.23			
Z: 553.30			
W.JUMP		W.GRID 123 CLOSE	



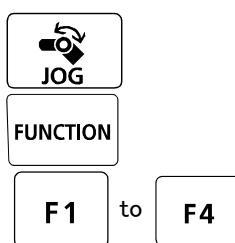
<WORK COORD>		WORK NUMBER (2)	
		WORK COORDINATES DATA	
		(3.53, -220.00, 5.14, 0.00, 0.	
		00, 0.00)	
		123 CLOSE	

Return to the previous screen by pressing the [CLOSE] ([F4]) key.

Then, the operation method of the work jog is shown.  
Change to the work jog after nearing the work.

Select WORK jog mode

<CURRENT>		WORK	100%	M1 TO W1
J1:	+0.00	J5:	+0.00	
J2:	+0.00	J6:	+0.00	
J3:	+90.00	:		
J4:	+0.00	:		
XYZ	TOOL	JOG	3-XYZ	CYLNDR $\Rightarrow$
<u>WORK jog mode</u>				



[JOG] Press the key and display the jog screen. ("JOG" is displayed on the screen bottom)

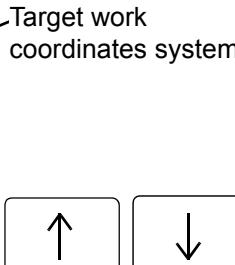
Check that the "WORK" in jog mode is displayed on the screen.

If other jog modes are displayed, please press the function key corresponding to the "WORK." (If the jog mode which he wishes under the screen is not displayed, it is displayed that the [FUNCTION] key is pressed)

If it finishes jog operation, press the [JOG] key again, or function key which correspond to "close."

#### Confirmation and selection of the work coordinates system

<CURRENT>		WORK	100%	M1 TO W1
J1:	+0.00	J5:	+0.00	
J2:	+0.00	J6:	+0.00	
J3:	+90.00	:		
J4:	+0.00	:		
XYZ	TOOL	JOG	3-XYZ	CYLNDR $\Rightarrow$
<u>Select the work coordinates system</u>				



Target work coordinates system

Confirm the target work coordinates system. The current target number is displayed on the screen upper right. (W1 - W8)

The number of work coordinates can be changed by the arrow key [Upper arrow], [Lower arrow]

Push the key [Upper arrow], the number will increase. (W1, W2, .... W8) Conversely, push the key [Lower arrow], the number will decrease



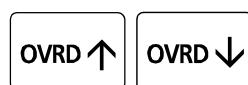
#### CAUTION

Always confirm that the number of the target work coordinates system is displayed correctly (Display of W1-W8 at the upper right of the screen)

If mistaken, the robot will move in the direction which is not meant and will cause the damage and the personal injuries.

#### Set jog speed

<CURRENT>		JOINT	100%	M1 T0
J1:	+0.00	J5:	+0.00	
J2:	+0.00	J6:	+0.00	
J3:	+90.00	:		
J4:	+0.00	:		
XYZ	TOOL	JOG	3-XYZ	CYLNDR $\Rightarrow$
<u>Setting the speed</u>				



Whenever it presses the key of [OVRD(Upper arrow)], the override goes up. Conversely, if the [OVRD(Lower arrow)] key is pressed, it will go down.

The current setting speed is displayed on screen upper right, and "STATUS NUMBER" of the controller.

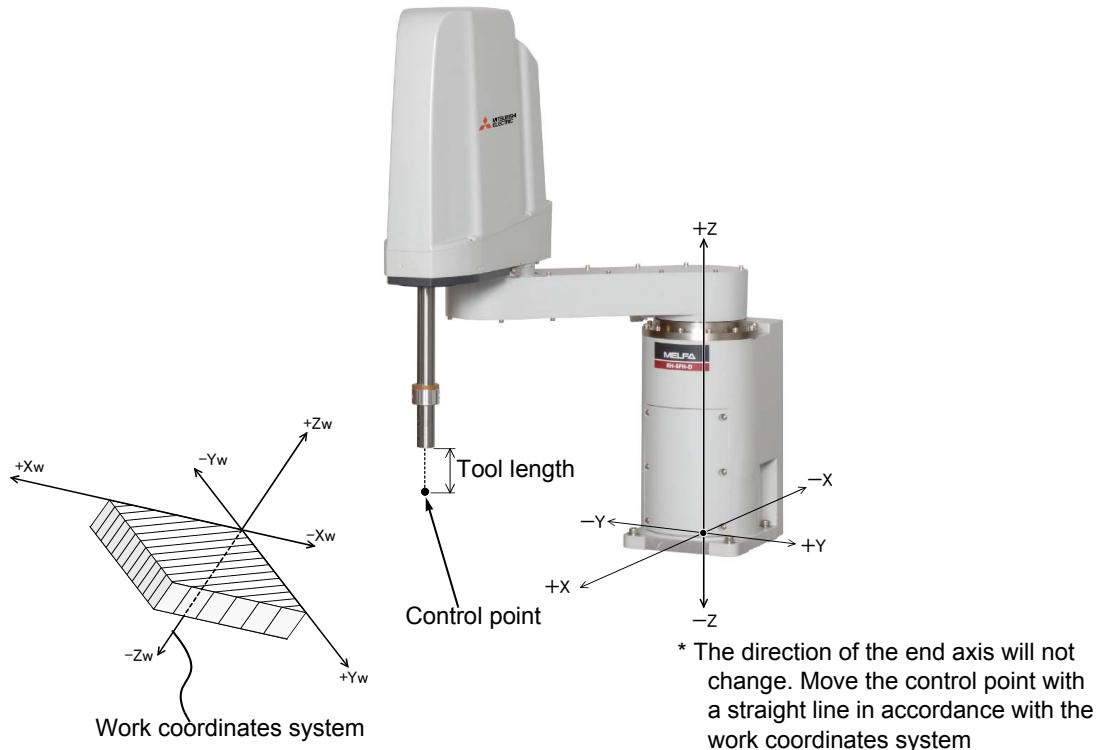
Set the override to 10% here for confirmation work

When the software version is R5 (F-Q series)/S5 (F-D series) or later, the additional WORK jog operation, Ex-T jog, is available. The conventional WORK jog operation and the Ex-T jog operation can be switched by setting the parameters WK1JOGMD to WK8JOGMD of each work coordinates system.

The respective operations are as follows.

WORK jog operation mode	Conventional WORK jog	Ex-T jog
Parameters WKnJOGMD (n is 1 to 8) setting	0 (initial value)	1
XYZ key operation	Moves along each axis of the work coordinates system	Same as the conventional WORK jog
C key operation	With the control point position maintained, the direction changes along the work coordinates system.	While the control point position is changed, the direction changes on the Z axis of the work coordinates system (Zw).
AB key operation	The robot does not move.	The robot does not move.

#### The jog movement based on work coordinates system

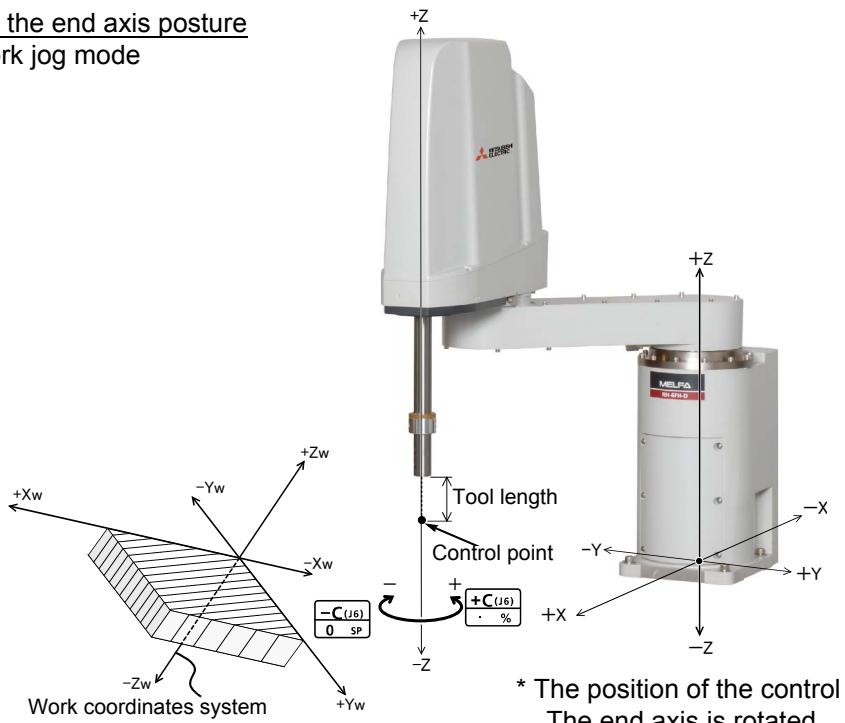


- When the [+X (J1)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the X axis (Xw) plus direction on the work coordinates system.  
When the [-X (J1)] keys are pressed, Move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Y (J2)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Y axis (Yw) plus direction on the work coordinates system.  
When the [-Y (J2)] keys are pressed, Move along the minus direction.
- When the [+Z (J3)] keys are pressed, the robot will move along the Z axis (Zw) plus direction on the work coordinates system.  
When the [-Z (J3)] keys are pressed, Move along the minus direction.

When the X, Y, or Z keys are used, the operation is the same in the WORK jog and the Ex-T jog modes.

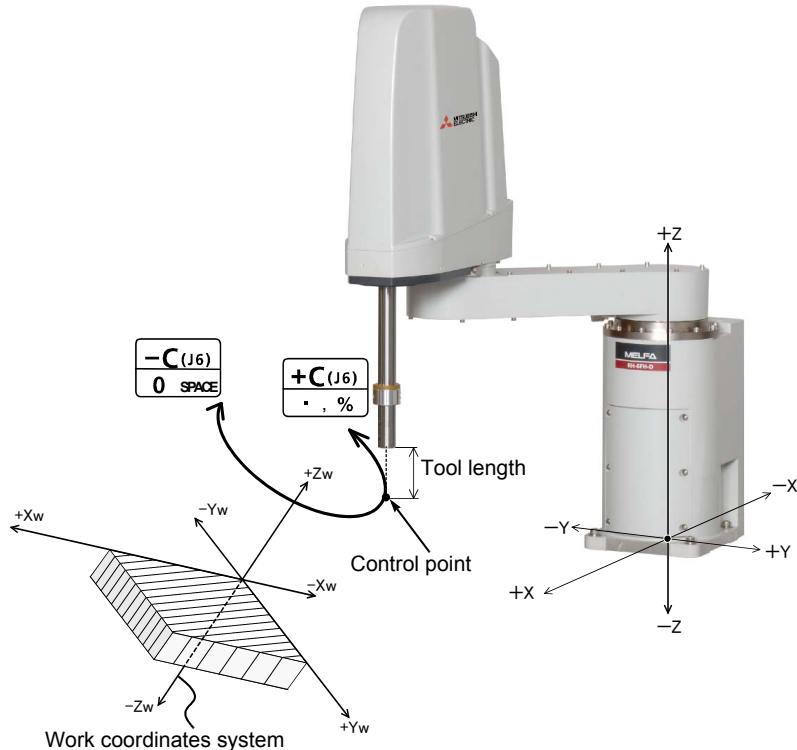
Changing the end axis posture

## &lt;1&gt; Work jog mode



- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the Z axis will rotate in the plus direction of the XYZ coordinate system.  
When the[-C (J6)] keys are pressed, rotate in the minus direction.

## &lt;2&gt; Ex-T jog mode



- When the [+C (J6)] keys are pressed, the control point will rotate in the plus direction around the Z axis (Zw) of work coordinates system (Ex-T coordinates system).  
When the [-C (J6)] keys are pressed, the control point will rotate in the minus direction.

◆◆◆ When the robot is in the transportation posture ◆◆◆

There are directions from which linear movement is not possible from the transportation posture. In this case, the robot will not move. Refer to section [Page 41, "\(1\) JOINT jog operation"](#), and move the robot to a position where linear movement is possible, and then carry out XYZ jog.

◆◆◆ If the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move ◆◆◆

If it is going to move the robot across the operation range, the buzzer of T/B sounds and the robot does not move. In this case, please move to the counter direction.

◆◆◆ Tool length ◆◆◆

The default tool length is 0mm, and the control point is the center of the end axis.

After installing the hand, set the correct tool length in the parameters. Refer to the separate manual "Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details.

### 3 Installing the option devices

#### 3.1 Installing the solenoid valve set

The installation summary of the solenoid valve is shown in [Fig. 3-1](#) and [Fig. 3-2](#). Remove the No.2 arm cover U, and install the solenoid valve on the No.2 arm. Turn the controller's power OFF before this installing operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

It is necessary to set the parameters (HIOTYPE, HANDYPE) in accordance with solenoid valve type (sink type/ source type) and output signal before using the solenoid valve set.

Refer to the separate volume, "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanations of Functions and Operations" for how to set parameters.

##### (1) RH-3FH/6FH series

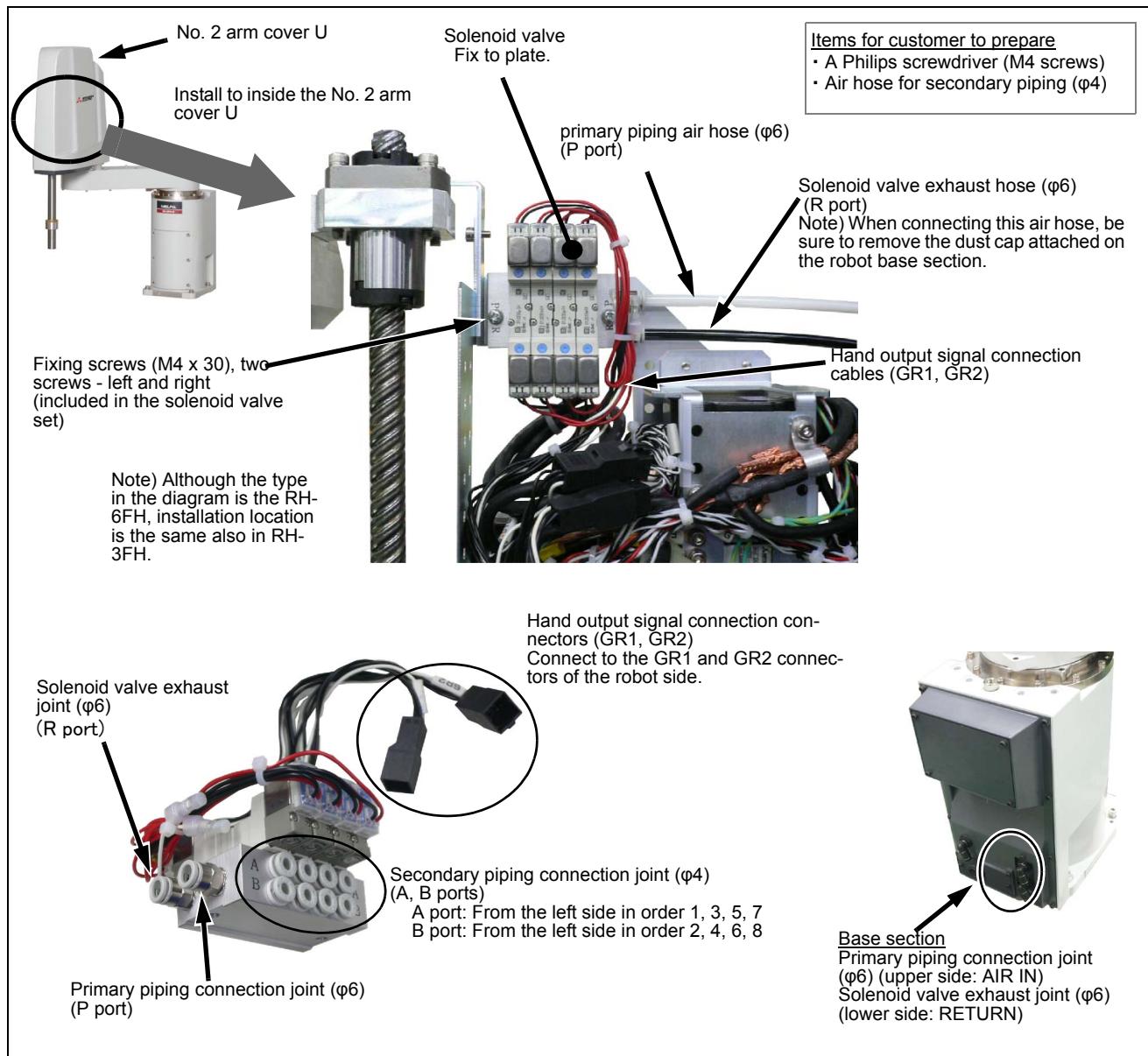


Fig.3-1 : Solenoid valve installation procedures (RH-3FH/6FH)

The installation procedure is detailed below.

- 1) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 2) Fix the solenoid valve to the plate in the position indicated in [Fig. 3-1](#). Place it so that the solenoid valve's primary piping connection joints (P, R ports) are located on the right hand side, and fix it securely using the M4 screws included (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89N · m).

3) Connect the connector (GR1, GR2) of solenoid valve with connector of robot arm side (GR1, GR2). Connect with the same names. The hand output signal cables of the robot arm side are located close to where the solenoid valve is installed and are tied up with cable tie. Pull out and connect them to the connectors.

4) Connect the primary piping air hose ( $\phi 6$ ). The air hoses are located close to where the solenoid valve is installed and are tied up with cable tie. Cut the cable tie and connect them. Of the two air hoses, connect the one marked "AIR IN" to the solenoid valve's P port, and the one marked "RETURN" to the R port.

Note) When connecting the RETURN air hose, be sure to remove the dust cap attached at the RETURN joint on the robot base section. If the cap is not removed, exhaust air pressure will increase and the solenoid valve may not operate properly. By connecting the exhaust air hose ( $\phi 6$ : customer preparation) to this RETURN air joint, exhaust air from the solenoid valve is able to escape to the designated point.

5) Connect the secondary piping air hose ( $\phi 4$ ).

The optional hand curl tube, the hand internal wiring and piping set, or the air hose prepared by customer can all be used, however when pulling the tip of the air hose out from the shaft please be sure to use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set.

Connect the air hoses to solenoid valve port A and port B. Please refer to [Table 3-1](#) and connect to the necessary ports. Covers the unused solenoid valve joints with the plugs included.

Note) When pulling the tip of the air hose out from the shaft, please be sure to use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set. Silicon grease to apply to friction points is included with the product (please refer to [Page 66, "3.5 Hand internal wiring and piping set"](#)). Further, when using the optional external wiring and piping box, the air hose can be pulled out from the rear of the No. 2 arm (please refer to [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#)).

6) If the hand output cable and the air hose have excess length, please tie the excess section by cable tie and fix it to the plate. The plate have some holes for fixing the cable/hose with a cable tie.

Also, anchor the cables to the plate by a cable tie to prevent the cable connectors from moving freely. Otherwise, the connectors may be damaged due to the impact of hitting devices near the connectors while the robot is under operating condition.

7) Install securely the No.2 arm cover U as before with fixing screws (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89 Nm).

Note) The installation surface of the clean and the oil-mist specification covers is using sealing material. In the event that the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken to the extent that it cannot be return to the original form, be sure to replace the sealing material. Please inform the dealer, if exchange is necessary.

The installing of the solenoid valve set is completed.

## CAUTION

When installing the solenoid valve set, check that no cables are pinched and no air hoses are bent.

Cable pinching may cause a break in a cable or damage of the solenoid valve cover. Air hose bending may cause a malfunction of the solenoid valve.

## (2) RH-12FH/20FH series

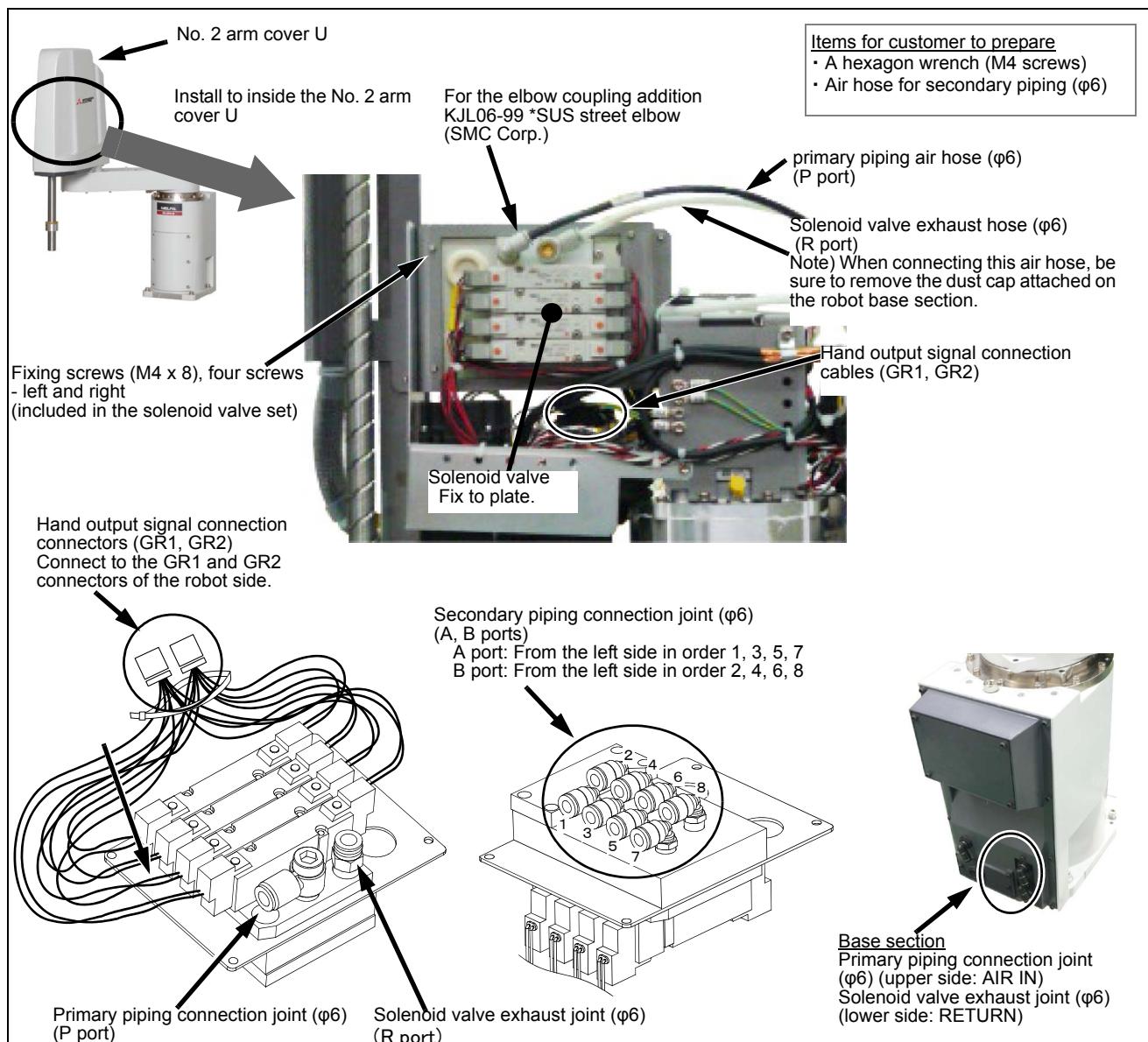


Fig.3-2 : Solenoid valve installation procedures (RH-12FH/20FH)

The installation procedure is detailed below.

- 1) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
  - 2) Fix the solenoid valve to the plate in the position indicated in Fig. 3-1. Place it so that the solenoid valve's primary piping connection joints (P, R ports) are located on the upper side, and fix it securely using the M4 screws included (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89N · m).
  - 3) Connect the connector (GR1, GR2) of solenoid valve with connector of robot arm side (GR1, GR2). Connect with the same names. The hand output signal cables of the robot arm side are located close to where the solenoid valve is installed and are tied up with cable tie. Pull out and connect them to the connectors.
  - 4) Connect the primary piping air hose (φ6). The air hoses are located close to where the solenoid valve is installed and are tied up with cable tie. Cut the cable tie and connect them. Of the two air hoses, connect the one marked "AIR IN" to the solenoid valve's P port, and the one marked "RETURN" to the R port.
- Note) When connecting the RETURN air hose, be sure to remove the dust cap attached at the RETURN joint on the robot base section. If the cap is not removed, exhaust air pressure will increase and the solenoid valve may not operate properly. By connecting the exhaust air hose (φ6: customer preparation) to this RETURN air joint, exhaust air from the solenoid valve is able to escape to the designated point.

5) Connect the secondary piping air hose ( $\phi 6$ ).

The optional hand curl tube, the hand internal wiring and piping set, or the air hose prepared by customer can all be used, however when pulling the tip of the air hose out from the shaft please be sure to use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set.

Connect the air hoses to solenoid valve port A and port B. Please refer to [Table 3-1](#) and connect to the necessary ports. Covers the unused solenoid valve joints with the plugs included.

Note) When pulling the tip of the air hose out from the shaft, please be sure to use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set. Silicon grease to apply to friction points is included with the product (please refer to [Page 66, "3.5 Hand internal wiring and piping set"](#)). Further, when using the optional external wiring and piping box, the air hose can be pulled out from the rear of the No. 2 arm (please refer to [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#)).

## 6) If the hand output cable and the air hose have excess length, please tie the excess section by cable tie and fix it to the plate. The plate have some holes for fixing the cable/hose with a cable tie.

Also, anchor the cables to the plate by a cable tie to prevent the cable connectors from moving freely.

Otherwise, the connectors may be damaged due to the impact of hitting devices near the connectors while the robot is under operating condition.

## 7) Install securely the No.2 arm cover U as before with fixing screws (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89 Nm).

Note) The installation surface of the clean and the oil-mist specification covers is using sealing material.

In the event that the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken to the extent that it cannot be return to the original form, be sure to replace the sealing material. Please inform the dealer, if exchange is necessary.

The installing of the solenoid valve set is completed.



**CAUTION** When installing the solenoid valve set, check that no cables are pinched and no air hoses are bent.

Cable pinching may cause a break in a cable or damage of the solenoid valve cover. Air hose bending may cause a malfunction of the solenoid valve.

## (3) Hand number and solenoid valve ports (common to RH-FH series)

The connection correspondence after installation is as shown in [Table 3-1](#).

Table 3-1 : Solenoid valve ports and hoses: Correspondence of couplings and hand ports

Hand	Hand port	Solenoid valve port	Solenoid valve used
Hand 1	OPEN	1	1 st row
	CLOSE	2	
Hand 2	OPEN	3	2 nd row
	CLOSE	4	
Hand 3	OPEN	5	3 rd row
	CLOSE	6	
Hand 4	OPEN	7	4 th row
	CLOSE	8	

### 3.2 Installing the hand input cable

[Fig. 3-3](#) shows the hand input cable's storage location on the robot.

Please use the optional external wiring and piping box to pull the hand input cable out externally. After connecting the hand input cable connector, reference [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#), and pull it out from the robot arm.

When passing through the inside of the shaft and using it, please use the optional hand internal wiring and piping set.

Remove the No. 2 arm cover U and connect the connector above the No. 2 arm. Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

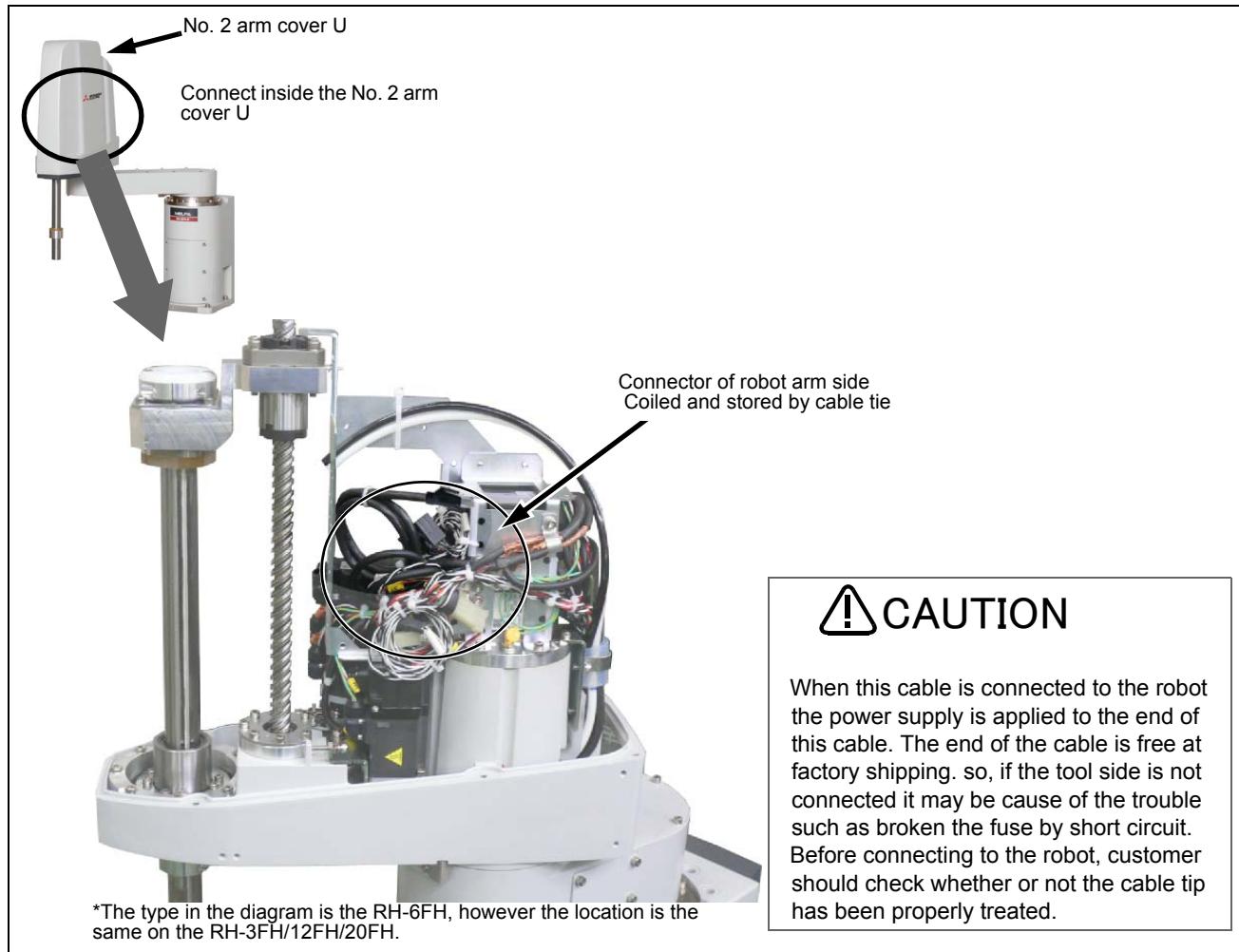


Fig.3-3 : Installing the hand input cable

The installation procedure for the hand input cable is shown below

- 1) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 2) The hand input cable is stored in the location shown in [Fig. 3-3](#). Pull out and check the connectors (HC1, HC2).
- 3) Connect the connector (HC1, HC2) of optional cable with connector of robot arm side (HC1, HC2). Connect with the same names.
- 4) Pull the hand input cables out of the robot arm. Referencing [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#), pull the cable out.

When installation of the optional external wiring and piping box finished, installing the hand input cable is complete.

### 3.3 Installing the hand output cable

[Fig. 3-4](#) shows the hand output cable's storage location on the robot.

Please use the optional external wiring and piping box to pull the hand output cable out externally. After connecting the hand output cable connector, reference [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#), and pull it out from the robot arm.

Remove the No. 2 arm cover U and connect the connector above the No. 2 arm. Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

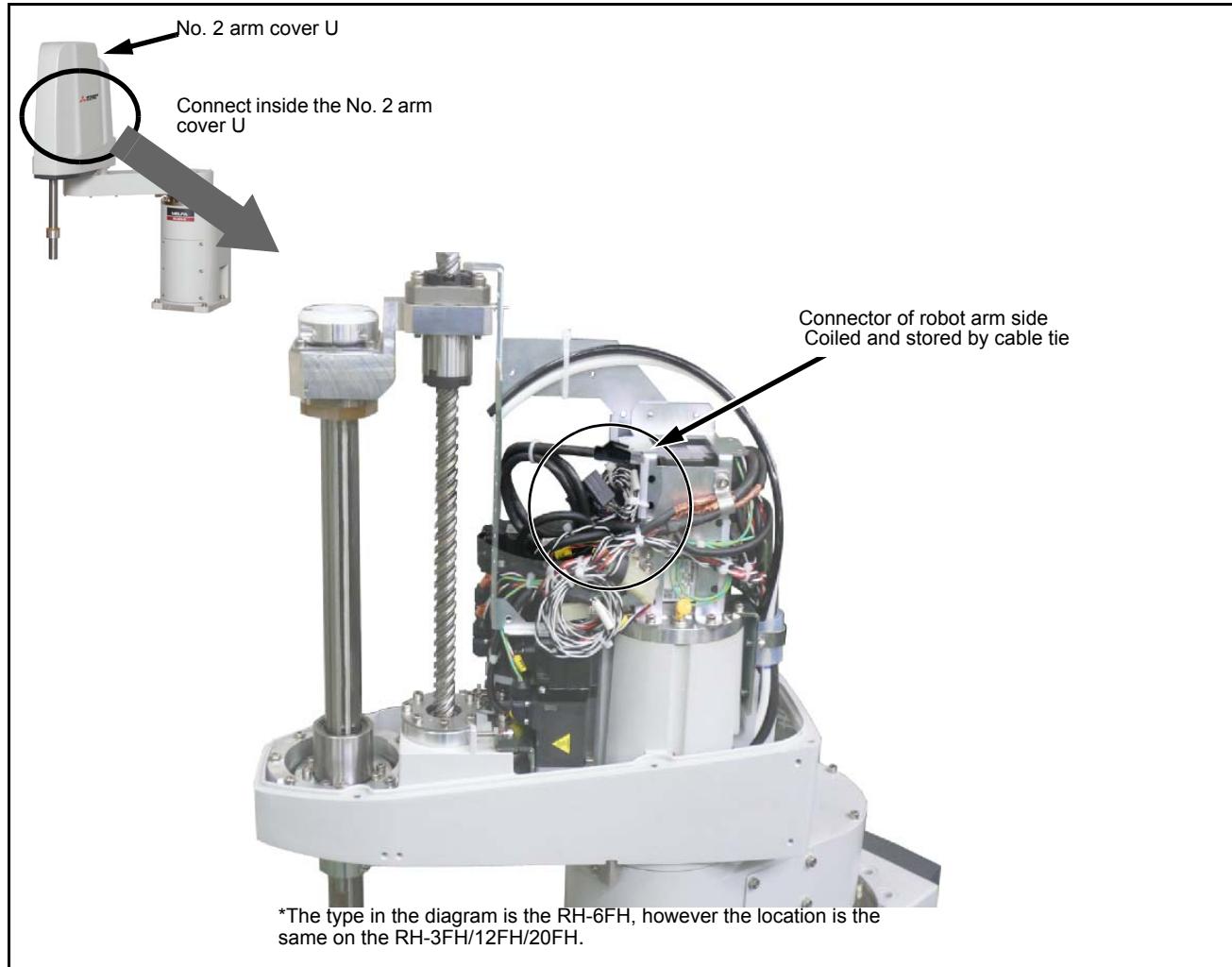


Fig.3-4 : Installing the hand output cable

The installation procedure for the hand output cable is shown below

- 1) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 2) The hand output cable is stored in the location shown in [Fig. 3-4](#). Pull out and check the connectors (GR1, GR2).
- 3) Connect the connector (GR1, GR2) of optional cable with connector of robot arm side (GR1, GR2). Connect with the same names.
- 4) Pull the hand output cables out of the robot arm. Referencing [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#), pull the cable out.

When installation of the optional external wiring and piping box finished, installing the hand output cable is complete.

### 3.4 Changing the operating range

The operating ranges of J1 axis can be limited. Change the mechanical stopper and the operating range to be set inside of that area.

If the operating range must be limited to avoid interference with peripheral devices or to ensure safety, set up the operating range as shown below.

#### (1) Operating range changeable angle

The operating range must be set up at angels indicated by [Table 3-2](#).

**Table 3-2 : Operating range changeable angle**

	Type Note1)	Direction Note2)	Standard	Change angle Note3) Note4)
<b>RH-3FH/6FH series</b>				
J1	RH-3FH35*/45*/ 55*RH-6FH35*/45*/ 55*	+ side	+170 deg	+150 deg
		Mechanical stopper angle	+172.3 deg	+152.3 deg
		Mechanical stopper position	P10	P11
		- side	-170 deg	-150 deg
		Mechanical stopper angle	-172.3 deg	-152.3 deg
		Mechanical stopper position	P10	N11
<b>RH-12FH/20FH series</b>				
J1	RH-12FH55*/70*/85* RH-20FH85*/100*	+ side	+170 deg	+150 deg
		Mechanical stopper angle	+173.3 deg	+153.3 deg
		Mechanical stopper position	P10	P11
		- side	-170 deg	-150 deg
		Mechanical stopper angle	-173.3 deg	-153.3 deg
		Mechanical stopper position	P10	N11

Note1)The “\*” of the robot type indicates up/down stroke length and environment specification. It is possible to change the movement ranges shown in [Table 3-2](#) for any model.

Note2)Refer to [Fig. 3-5](#) for mechanical stopper position.

Note3)The changeable angle shown in [Table 3-2](#) indicates the operation range by the software. The mechanical stopper angle in the table shows the limit angle by the mechanical stopper. Use caution when layout designing of the robot.

Note4)The changeable angle can be set independently on the + side and - side.

## (2) The change method of the operating range

## ■ Installation of the mechanical stopper

1) Turn off power to the controller.

2) Install the hexagon socket bolt in the screw hole to the angle to set up referring to [Table 3-2](#) and [Fig. 3-5](#).

About the mechanical stopper position and the relation of bolt size is shown in [Fig. 3-5](#). When the screw hole is covered by the arm, move the No.1 arm slowly by hand.

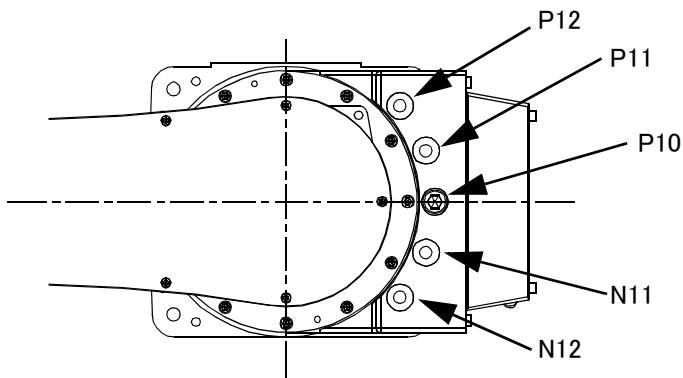


Fig.3-5 : Mechanical stopper position

## Installation bolt:

Hexagon socket head cap screw

• RH-3FH/6FH series: M10 x 20

• RH-12FH/20FH series: M12 x 20

\* Changing the operating range is prepared optional.

## ■ Change the operating range parameters

Specify the operating range to parameters MEJAR with appropriate values (variable angles given in [Table 3-2](#)) by the following steps:

1) Turn on power to the controller.

2) Set up the operating range changed into parameter MEJAR

MEJAR: (J1 minus (-) side, J1 plus (+) side, □ , □ , □ , ...).

## ■ Change the mechanical stopper origin position parameters

If you have changed operating range on the J1 minus(-) side, change mechanical stopper origin position parameters by the following step:

1) Set MORG parameter to the angle which set mechanical stopper position.

MORG: (J1 mechanical stopper angle, □ , □ , □ , ...).

## ■ Check the operating range

After changing the parameter, turn off the controller power and turn on again. Then, move the axis changed by joint jog operation to the limit of the operating range.

Confirm that the robot stops by limit over at the changed angle.

The changing of the operating range is completed.

### 3.5 Hand internal wiring and piping set

Remove the No. 2 arm cover U and fix this option to the plate on the No. 2 arm.

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

#### (1) Installation procedure

The installation procedure is shown below.

Refer to the installation diagram shown from the next section, and perform the installation correctly. Installation diagram of RH-3FH series is shown in [Fig. 3-6](#), and RH-6FH series is shown in [Fig. 3-7](#), RH-12FH/20FH series is shown in [Fig. 3-8](#).

- 1) Move the J3 axis to the top end with a jog operation and shut off the controller's power supply. This is necessary for space standard settings when feeding the air hose and hand input cable through the inside of the shaft.
- 2) Remove the screws fixing the No. 2 arm cover U, and remove the No. 2 arm cover U.
- 3) Pass the tool (hand) side of the secondary piping air hoses and hand input cables through the shaft. Make sure that the air hoses and the cables are not twisted or crossed.
- 4) Fix the air hoses and the cables with a cable tie so as to position the end of the expanding sleeve 10mm away from the opening of the shaft.
- 5) The highest point of the curved section of the air hoses and cables should be matched up with the top of the fixing plate.

#### CAUTION

If the air hoses and the cables are not long enough or too long, when the robot operates, excessive bending and friction with the shaft upper end or the cover may result in a break or abnormal operations of the tool (hand).

- 6) In the state of the steps 4) and 5), fix the air hoses and the cables to the (a) and (b) portions of the plate with cable ties. For the (a) portion, wrap the air hoses and the cables with cushion rubber before fixing.
- 7) Cut the secondary piping air hoses in appropriate length, and connect the air hoses to the solenoid valve.  
The diagram shows the connection to the optional solenoid valve as an example. The air hoses can also be pulled out from the rear of the No. 2 arm by using another option: an external wiring and piping box. For the details, refer to [Page 71, "3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box"](#).  
For the connection to the optional solenoid valve, connect the air hoses to the A and B ports of the solenoid valve.
- 8) When using the hand input cable connect the connectors (HC1, HC2) of optional hand input cable to connectors (HC1, HC2) of robot side. Connect with the same names. The connectors of robot side and cables are tied up by cable tie at (c) portion. Cut the cable tie and pull them out.  
The connected connectors are stored to the (c) portion.  
When the hand input cable is not used tie up the connector and fix to the plate by cable tie.

#### CAUTION

Do not remove the cable ties which fixing connectors.

Fix the plate on the No. 2 arm, other cables and air hoses with cable ties. In this way, the internal cables and connectors do not touch the plate edge and others, or break due to the vibration during the robot operation.

- 9) Carry out piping and wiring on the tool side.  
Fix the air hoses and the cables, which are pulled out from the shaft lower end, to the hand side. Check again that the highest point of the curved section of the air hoses and the cables reaches the height of the fixing plate upper end, and then fix the air hoses and the cables at the outlet of the shaft. In the case of oil-mist and clean specification models, to avoid mists entering and ensure the cleanliness level, use liquid gasket and others to seal the outlet on the shaft tip where the air hoses and the cables are pulled out.
- 10) Apply silicon grease to the contact surface between the air hoses of the fixing plate and the cables, the cable sliding portion from the shaft upper end to the fixed portion, and the opening on the shaft upper end.
- 11) Power on the controller, perform the jog operation for the J3 and J4 axes, and check that the air hoses and the cables do not interfere with other components.

## CAUTION

Do not power on the controller when the internal cables are connected to the connectors on the robot.

If the end of the cables on the tool side is not processed, troubles such as fuse blown by ground fault or short circuit may occur. Check that the end of the cables has been processed before powering on the controller.

- 12) Turn off the controller's power supply, then install the No.2 arm cover U securely as before with fixing screws (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89 Nm).

When installing the cover, check that no air hose or cable is pinched, and no air hose is bent.

Note) The installation surface of a clean and a oil-mist specification covers is using sealing material. In the event that the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken to the extent that it cannot be return to the original form, be sure to replace the sealing material. Please contact dealer when the sealing material needs to be replaced.

The installing of the hand internal wiring and piping set is completed.

## (2) RH-3FH series

Refer to [Page 66, "\(1\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 3-6](#) are correspond to the same numbers in "[\(1\)Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

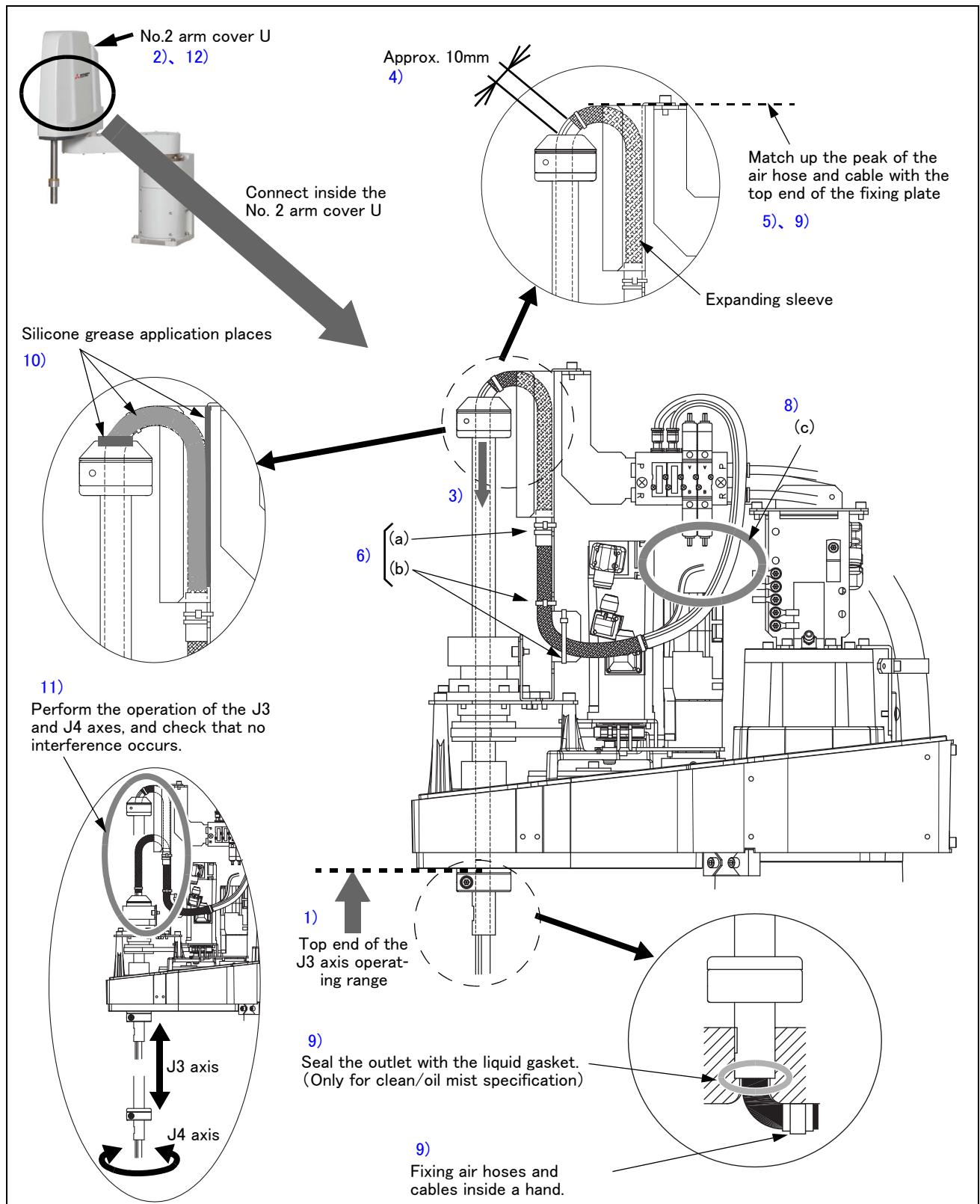


Fig.3-6 : Installing the hand internal wiring and piping set (RH-3FH)

(3) RH-6FH series

Refer to [Page 66, "\(1\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 3-7](#) are correspond to the same numbers in "[\(1\) Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

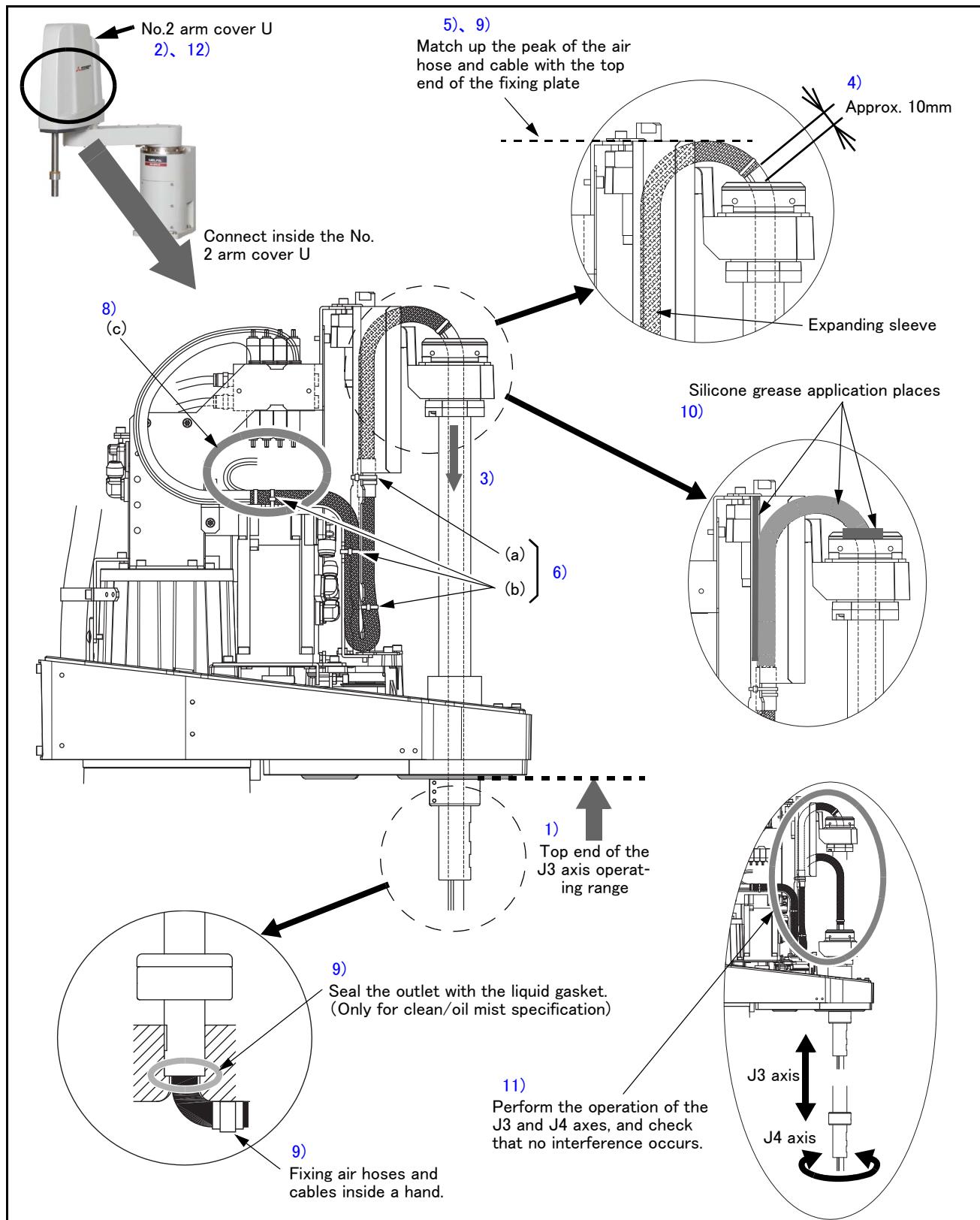


Fig.3-7 : Installing the hand internal wiring and piping set (RH-6FH)

## (4) RH-12FH/20FH series

Refer to [Page 66, "\(1\) Installation procedure"](#) and install cables and air hoses correctly. The numbers in [Fig. 3-8](#) are correspond to the same numbers in "[\(1\)Installation procedure](#)".

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

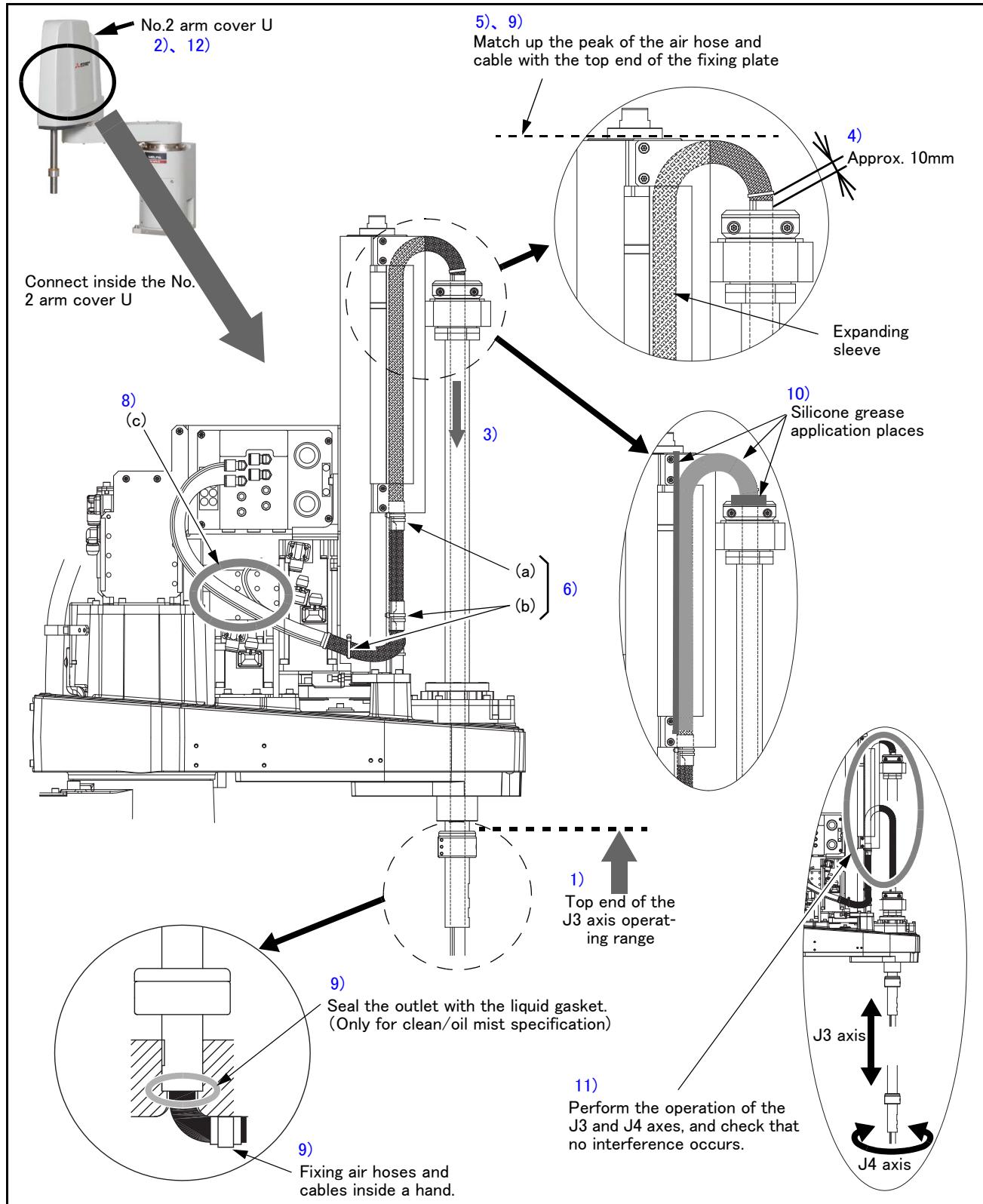


Fig.3-8 : Installing the hand internal wiring and piping set (RH-12FH/20FH series)

### 3.6 External Wiring and Piping Box

The air hose that is connected inside the robot, the optional hand output cable, the hand input cable, etc., can all be pulled out from the rear of the No. 2 arm.

These can be used to connect a customer supplied solenoid valve to the hand output cable, etc.

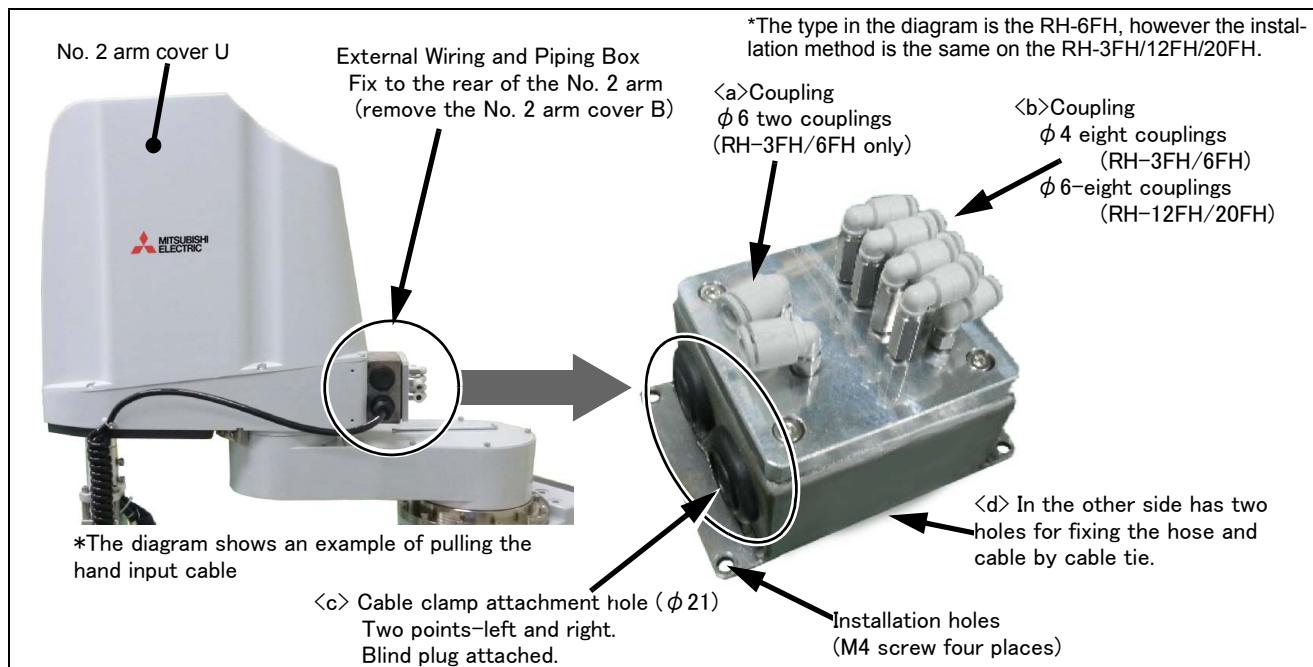


Table 3-3 : Hose and cables which can be pulled out

No	Air hoses/cables	Position to pull out		Example usage
		RH-3FH/6FH	RH-12FH/20FH	
(1)	Primary piping air hose (φ 6-2 hoses) (The primary piping is equipped from rear of base to No. 2 arm)	<a> Coupling φ 6 two couplings	Coupling φ 6 two couplings	Primary air supply to externally installed solenoid valve.
(2)	Secondary piping air hose (φ 4-8 hoses: RH-3FH/6FH, φ 6-8 hoses: RH-12FH/20FH) (Air hose of the optional hand internal wiring and piping set or prepared by the customer)	<b> Coupling φ 4 eight couplings	Coupling φ 6 eight couplings	Taking in the secondary air from externally installed solenoid valve. Pulling out the secondary air from optional solenoid valve.
(3)	Optional hand output cable	<c> φ 21 hole four place	φ 21 hole four place	For driving the externally installed solenoid valve.
(4)	Optional hand input cable			Taking in the input signals from tools such as the hand.

Note) Fix all with cable tie (sections <d> and <e> of the diagram)

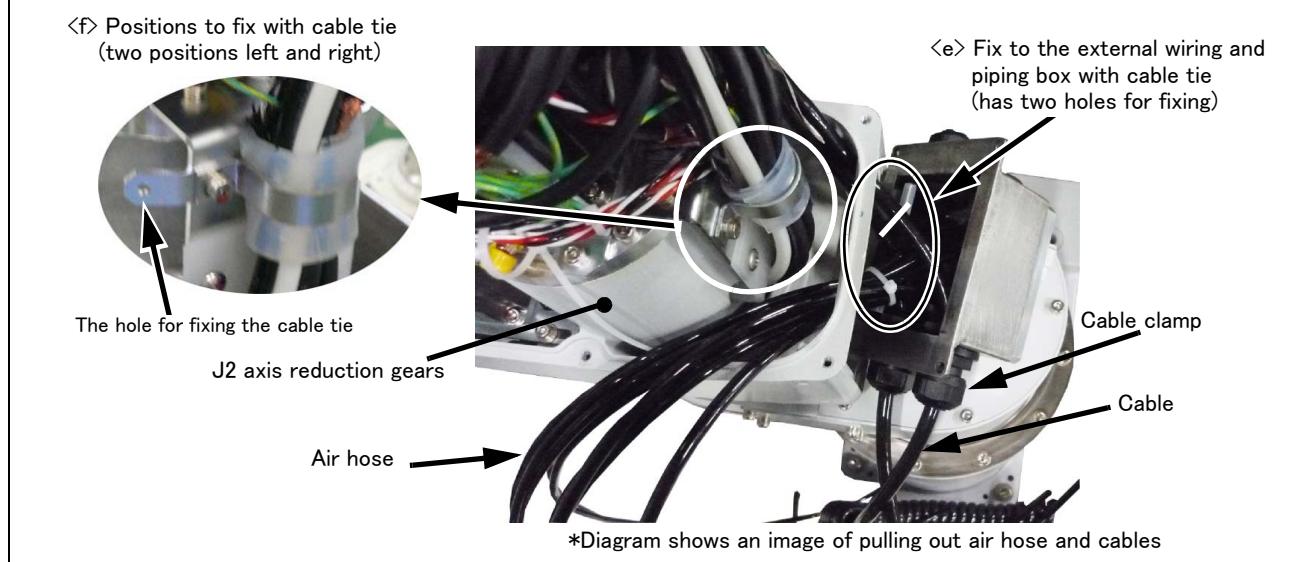


Fig.3-9 : External Wiring and Piping Box

**Fig. 3-9** shows the installation procedure for the external wiring and piping box. The procedure is the same in RH-3FH/6FH/12FH/20FH. Remove the No. 2 arm cover B and install this option using the same screw holes. The installation procedure is shown below.

Turn the controller's power OFF before this operation. Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#) for removing/ installing the cover.

- 1) Remove the each fixing screws and remove the No. 2 arm cover U and the No. 2 arm cover B.
- 2) Pull out the air hoses or cables from the opening which removed the No. 2 arm cover B.
- 3) Fix (or connect) the air hoses and cables to this option box.

Previously adjust the air hose and cables to an appropriate length. Make sure that the wiring and piping lines avoid the side of the J2 reducer (because gap is narrow, it interfere with the No. 2 arm cover U).

Connect the air hoses with the joint inside this option box.

Remove the blind plug attached to this option box and fix the cable with the cable clamp.

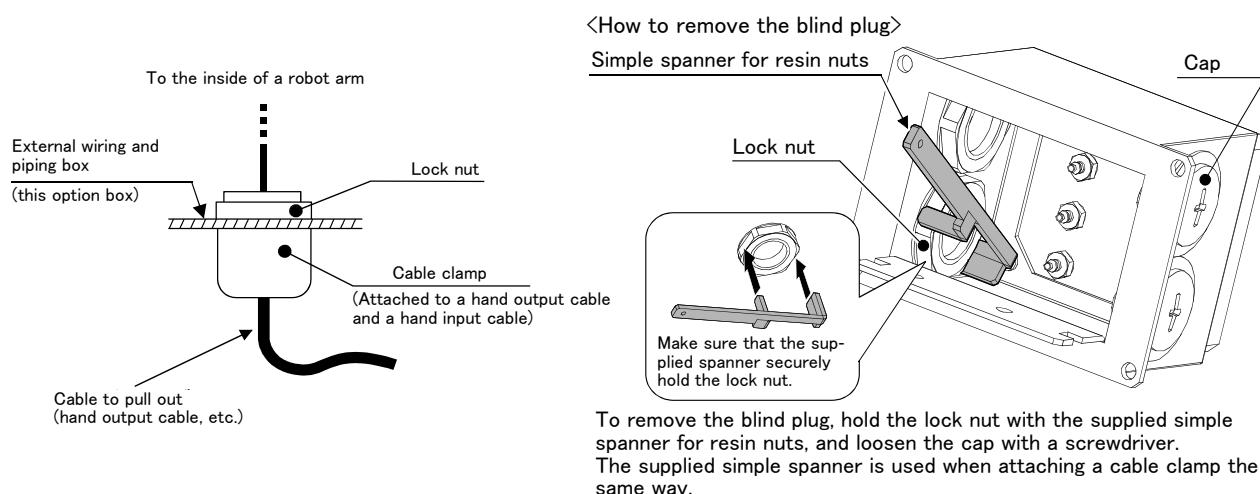


Fig.3-10 : Fixing the Cable

- 4) Fix the air hoses and cables to the hole inside of this box by using the attached cable tie. (section <e> of [Fig. 3-9](#))

Note) Be sure to fix the air hoses and cables to prevent the hoses falling out and breaking the cable. Also, fix carefully so that the air hose and cables may not be pulled too much.

- 5) Install securely the external wiring and piping box to the screw holes that previously installed the No. 2 arm cover B by attached screw. (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89Nm).

When installing pull it little by little from the No. 2 arm side, making sure that the air hose and cables are not bent or trapped.

- 6) Make sure that the wiring and piping lines on the No.2 arm avoid the side of the J2 reducer (because gap is narrow, it interfere with the No. 2 arm cover U).

Fix the hoses and cables to the hole shown in section <f> of [Fig. 3-9](#) using cable tie. There are 2 holes, located left and right.

- 7) If the cables and the air hoses have excess length, please tie the excess section using cable tie.

- 8) Install securely the No.2 arm cover U as before with fixing screws (tightening torque: 1.39 to 1.89 Nm).

Note) The installation surface of the clean and the oil-mist specification covers is using sealing material.

In the event that the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken to the extent that it cannot be return to the original form, be sure to replace the sealing material. Please contact dealer when the sealing material needs to be replaced.

In the case of oil-mist and clean specification models, to ensure the cleanliness level, use liquid gas-ket and others to seal the outlet on the shaft tip where the air hoses and the cables are pulled out.

The installing of the external wiring and piping box is completed.

## 4 Basic operations

The basic operations from creating the program to automatic operation are explained in section "4. Basic operations" in the "From Controller Setup to Maintenance" manual. Refer that manual as necessary.

## 5 Maintenance and Inspection

The maintenance and inspection procedures to be carried out to use the robot for a long time without trouble are described in this chapter. The types and replacement methods of consumable parts are also explained.

### 5.1 Maintenance and inspection interval

Maintenance and inspection are divided into the inspections carried out daily, and the periodic inspections carry out at set intervals. Always carry these out to prevent unforeseen trouble, to maintain the product for a long time, and to secure safety.

#### (1) Inspection schedule

In addition to the monthly inspection, add the following inspection items every three months (estimated at 1,000 Hr operation hours).

Operating time		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection	6-month inspection	Yearly inspection	2-year inspection	3-year inspection
0 Hr	Daily inspection	Monthly inspection					
1,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection				
2,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection	6-month inspection			
3,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection				
4,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection	6-month inspection	Yearly inspection		
8,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection	6-month inspection	Yearly inspection	2-year inspection	
12,000 Hr		Monthly inspection	3-month inspection	6-month inspection	Yearly inspection	2-year inspection	3-year inspection

#### <Guideline for inspection period>

For one shift..... 10 Hr/day × 20 days/month × 3 months = approx. 600 Hr

For two shifts..... 15 Hr/day × 20 days/month × 3 months = approx. 1,000 Hr

[Caution] When using two lines, the 3-month inspection, 6-month inspection and yearly inspection must be carried out when half the time has passed.

Fig.5-1 : Inspection schedule

## 5.2 Inspection items

The inspection items for the robot arm are shown below.

Also refer to section "5. Maintenance and inspection" in the "Controller setup, basic operation, and maintenance" manual, and inspect the controller.

### 5.2.1 Daily inspection items

Carry out the daily inspections with the procedures given in [Table 5-1](#).

**Table 5-1 : Daily inspection items (details)**

Procedure	Inspection item (details)	Remedies
Before turning power ON (Check the following items before turning the power ON.)		
1	Are any of the robot installation bolts loose? (Visual)	Securely tighten the bolts.
2	Are any of the cover tightening screws loose? (Visual)	Securely tighten the screws.
3	Are any of the hand installation bolts loose? (Visual)	Securely tighten the bolts
4	Is the power supply cable securely connected? (Visual)	Securely connect.
5	Is the machine cable between the robot and controller securely connected? (Visual)	Securely connect.
6	Are there any cracks, foreign contamination or obstacles on the robot and controller cover?	Replace with a new part, or take remedial measures.
7	Is there any abnormality in the pneumatic system? Are there any air leaks, drain clogging or hose damage? Is the air source normal? (Visual)	Drain the drainage, and remedy the air leaks (replace the part).
8	Are there any cracks, foreign contamination or obstacles on the bellows? (For clean/oil mist specification) (Visual)	Replace with a new bellows.
After turning the power ON (Turn the power ON while monitoring the robot.)		
1	Is there any abnormal motion or abnormal noise when the power is turned ON?	Follow the troubleshooting section.
During operation (try running with an original program)		
1	Check whether the movement points are deviated? Check the following points if there is any deviation. 1. Are any installation bolts loose? 2. Are any hand installation section bolts loose. 3. Are the positions of the jigs other than the robot deviated? 4. If the positional deviation cannot be corrected, refer to "Troubleshooting", check and remedy.	Follow the troubleshooting section.
2	Is there any abnormal motion or abnormal noise? (Visual)	Follow the troubleshooting section.

### 5.2.2 Periodic inspection

Carry out periodic inspection with the procedures given in [Table 5–2](#).

**Table 5–2 : Periodic inspection items (details)**

Procedure	Inspection item (details)	Remedies
<b>Monthly inspection items</b>		
1	Are any of the bolts or screws on the robot arm loose?	Securely tighten the bolts.
2	Are any of the connector fixing screws or terminal block terminal screws loose?	Securely tighten the screws.
<b>3-month inspection items</b>		
1	Is there any grease of the shaft section still?	Wipe off the old grease and supply the new grease.
<b>6-month inspection items</b>		
1	Has the dust accumulated into bellows? (For clean/oil mist specification, When environment with much dust)	Remove bellows and clean the inside. (Refer to <a href="#">Page 97, "5.3.5 Replacing the bellows"</a> for how to remove bellows)
<b>Yearly inspection items</b>		
1	Replace the backup battery in the robot arm.	Exchange it referring to <a href="#">Page 103, "5.3.7 Replacing the backup battery"</a> .
<b>2-year inspection items</b>		
1	Is the friction at the timing belt teeth severe?	If the teeth are missing or severe friction is found, replace the timing belt.
2	Is the timing belt tension abnormal?	If the timing belt is loose or too tense, adjust it.
<b>3-year inspection items</b>		
1	Replace the bellows (J3 axis). (For clean/oil mist specification)	Replace it referring to <a href="#">Page 97, "5.3.5 Replacing the bellows"</a>

Note) Supply the grease to each axis with referring to [Page 99, "5.3.6 Lubrication"](#).

### 5.3 Maintenance and inspection procedures

The procedures for carrying out the periodic maintenance and inspection are described in this section. Thoroughly read the contents, and follow the instructions. This work can be commissioned to the Mitsubishi Service Department for a fee. (Never disassemble, etc., the parts not described in this manual.)

The maintenance parts, etc., required for the customer to carry out maintenance and inspection are described in [Page 106, "5.5 Maintenance parts"](#) of this manual. Always contact your dealer when parts are needed.



**CAUTION** The origin of the machine system could deviate when this work is carried out.  
"Review of the position data" and "re-teaching" will be required.

#### 5.3.1 Robot arm structure

The outline drawing of RH-3FH series is shown in [Fig. 5-2](#), and RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is shown in [Fig. 5-3](#).

<RH-3FH series>

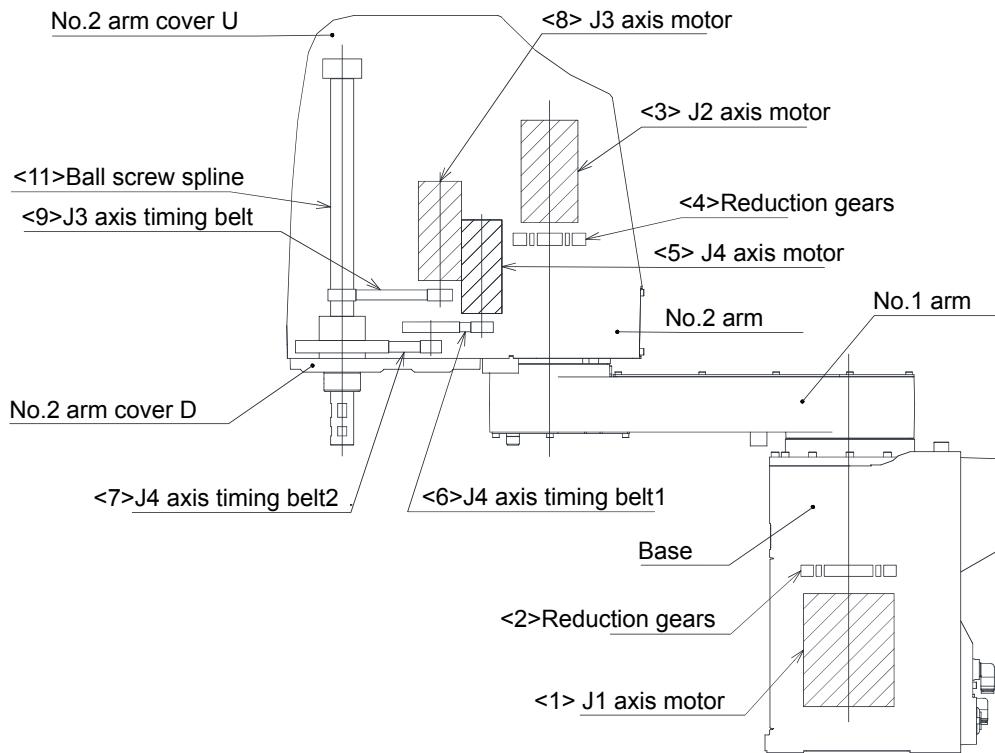


Fig.5-2 : Outline structure drawing of robot arm (RH-3FH)

&lt;RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series&gt;

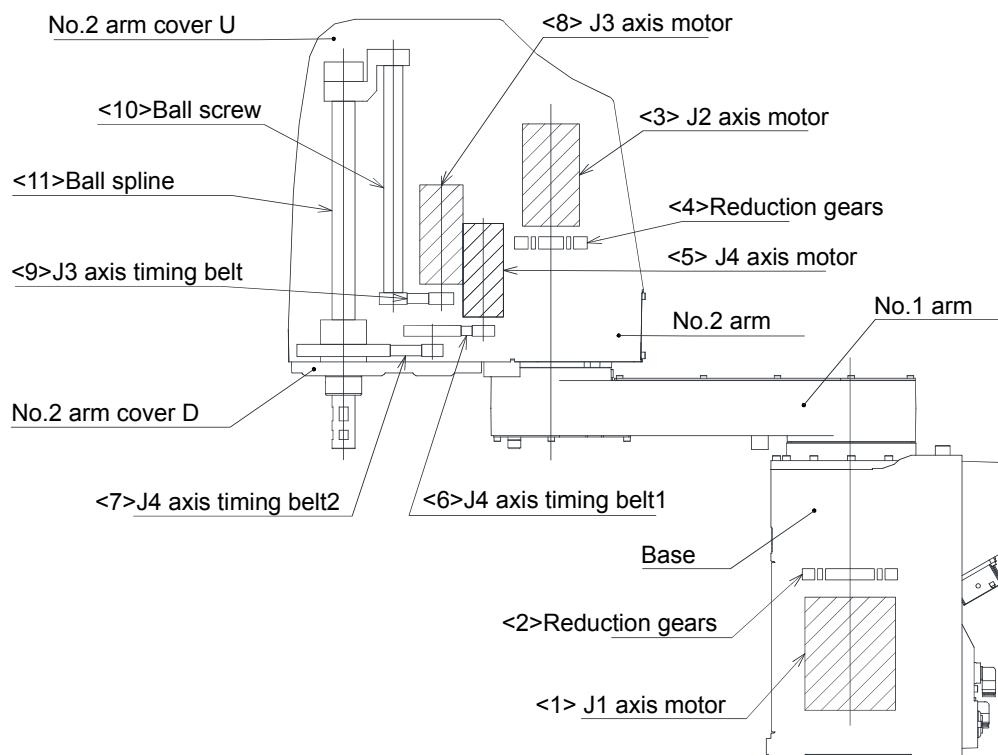


Fig.5-3 : Outline structure drawing of robot arm (RH-6FH/12FH/20FH)

### 5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover

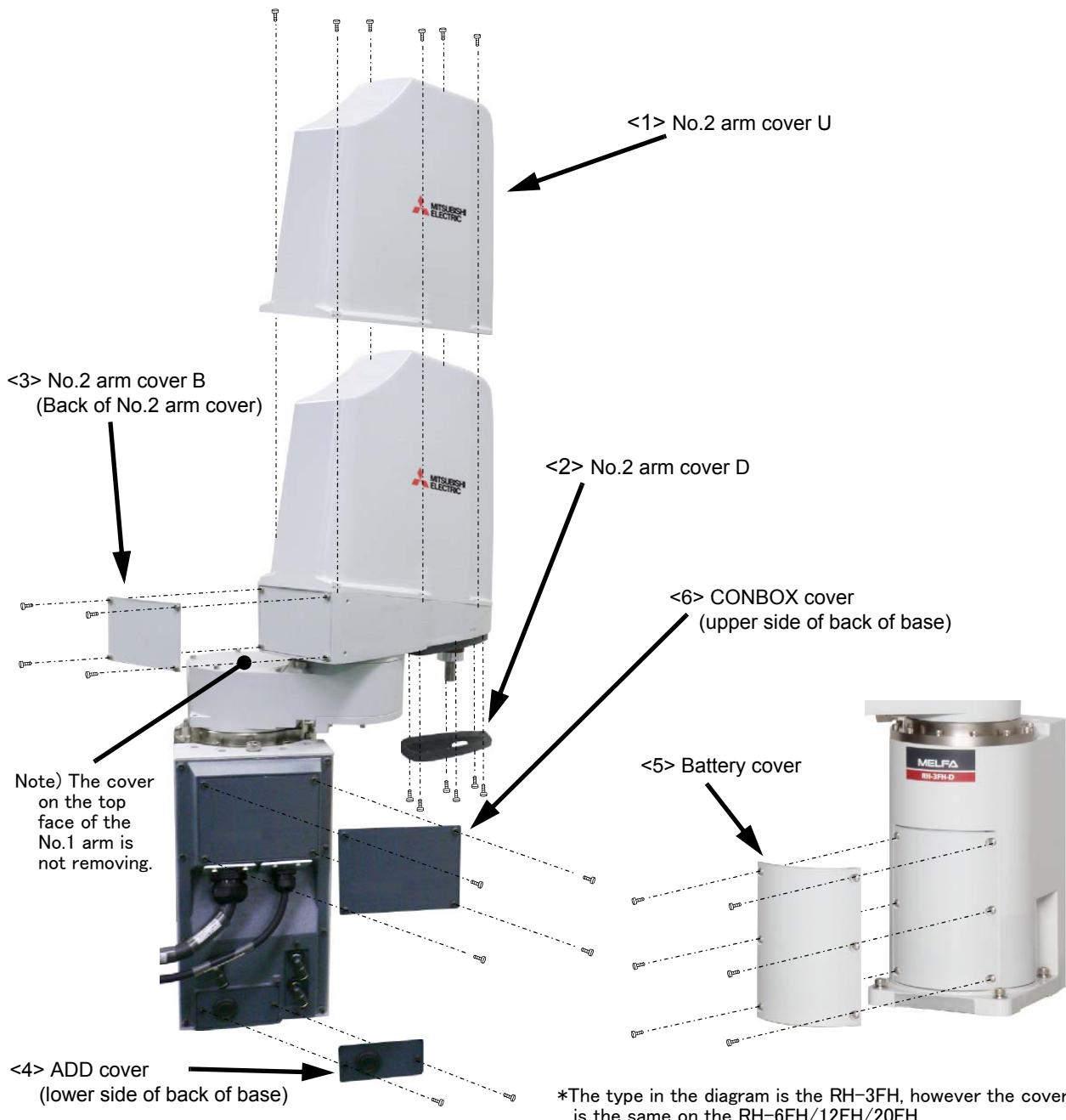


Fig.5-4 : Installing/removing the cover



### CAUTION

Check to see that the packing has not been torn or peeled off when the cover was mounted/removed. If it has been torn or peeled off, please contact dealer. If the cover is used with the packing torn or peeled off, oil mist and other substances may enter inside the arm and cause a malfunction.

**Table 5–3 : Cover fixing screw list**

No.	Cover name	Installation screw name: Qty. <sup>Note1)</sup>	Remarks
Common to RH-3FH/6FH/12FH/20FH series			
(1)	No.2 arm cover U	Truss head screw, M4 x 10: 6	RH-3FH/6FH series
		Truss head screw, M4 x 10: 8	RH-12FH series, RH-20FH85** series
		Truss head screw, M4 x 10: 10	RH-20FH100** series
(2)	No.2 arm cover D	Truss head screw, M4 x 10: 6	
(3)	No.2 arm cover B	Hexagon socket screw, M4 x 8: 4	
(4)	ADD cover	Hexagon socket screw, M4 x 8: 2	
(5)	Battery cover	Truss head screw, M4 x 10: 6	
(6)	CONBOX cover	Hexagon socket screw, M4 x 8: 4	

Note1)The fixing torque for each screw are 1.39–1.89Nm.

- (1) Refer to [Fig. 5–4](#) and remove the covers.
- (2) The names of the covers and installation screws are given in [Table 5–3](#).
- (3) When reattaching the covers after a maintenance inspection, proceed in the reverse order of their removal.  
Tightening the screw with the torque shown in [Table 5–3](#).

[Note] Sealant is applied to the installation surface of cover in the oil mist and clean specification models. Be sure to replace the sealant if it has been dislocated and bent or crushed and does not return to its original shape. Moreover, in the case of oil mist and clean specification models, it is necessary to remove the bellows. Refer to [Page 97, "5.3.5 Replacing the bellows"](#) for details on how to remove bellows.

### 5.3.3 Packing Replacement Procedure

The packing gets deteriorated with the passage of time and must be replaced as required. [Table 5-4](#) provides guidelines for replacing the packing. Replace the packing in accordance with the instructions given below. If the packing is not replaced in a timely manner, water or oil will be allowed to intrude the robot, possibly making it inoperative.

Table 5-4 : Packing replacement guideline

Service environment	Whether or not robot is pressurized	When packing must be replaced
General environment	Not pressurized <sup>Note1)</sup>	
Clean room	Not pressurized <sup>Note1)</sup>	When signs of cracking or peeling are noted in the packing.
Oil mist	Pressurized	
	Not pressurized	When the cover mounted on the robot is removed/put back in place

Note1) When used in the "general" or "clean room" environment, robot can do away with pressurization.

#### (1) Packing Replacement Instructions

Stick again new packing as before.

- 1) Remove the old packing, and clean and degrease the surface on which it has been placed.
- 2) The sticking surface of packing is double-coated adhesive tape. Referring to "[Fig.5-5 : Example of sticking packing \(good example\)](#)" and "[Fig.5-7 : Sticking the cord-like packing](#)", and stick the packing in line with form . Be careful for the packing not to slide. The example of unsuitable packing slid is shown in "[Fig.5-6 : Example of sticking packing \(bad example\)](#)".
- 3) Although the No.2 arm cover (U) sticks two or more packings per place, it has length with which packing ends overlap. Stick packing in the following procedures. For more information, see "[Fig.5-8 : Examples of packing overlaps](#)". Examples of improperly treated cut edge are shown, as well.
  - a) Stick packing in line with form of the sticking surface. Finally, cut packing so that adjoining pieces have a 1mm overlap at the end.
  - b) Apply liquid gasket to the cut edges. (Designated liquid gasket: 1212 (Maker: Three Bond))
  - c) Stick so that the gap may not be made to each other's packing.



#### CAUTION

Do not install the cover immediately after sticking packing. Install the cover, after the 6 hours pass after sticking packing for gasket hardening.

- 4) Confirm that packing is stuck correctly and install the cover. When tightening the bolts fixing the cover, avoid tightening them to a specified torque at a time. Tighten the bolt in the order shown as much as possible in the "[Fig. 5-9 Example of order which tighten bolts](#)" The torque which tightens the fixing bolt of each cover is shown in "[Table 5-3 : Cover fixing screw list](#)".



#### CAUTION

Stick the packing securely, pressing down with the finger. If sticking is insufficient, when the cover is installed, packing slides by the pressure, and there is a possibility that it may become impossible to secure protection performance.

Completion of packing replacement

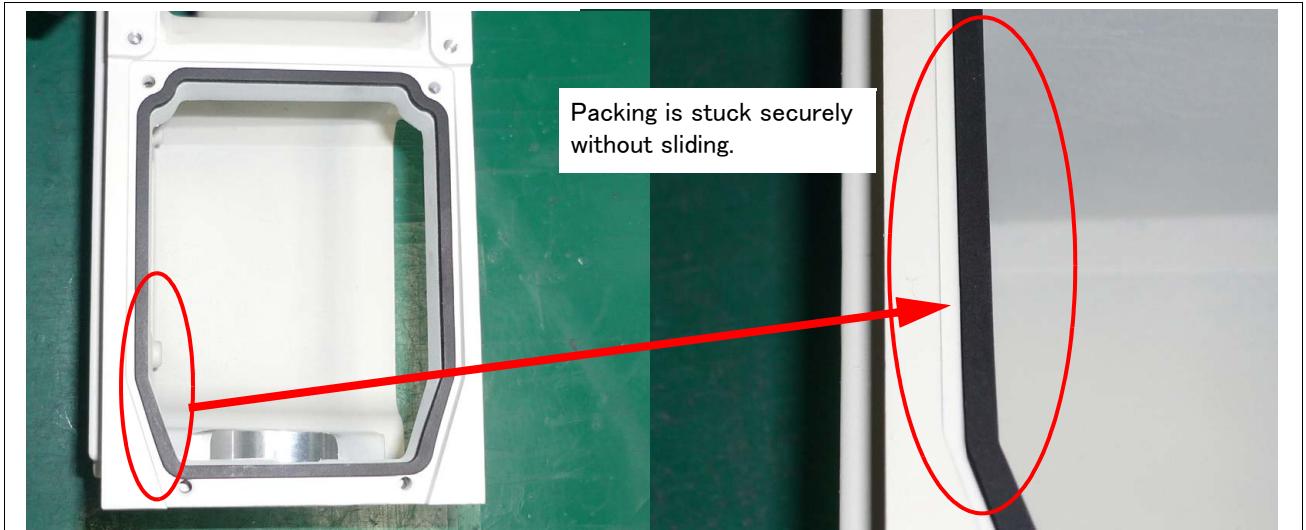


Fig.5-5 : Example of sticking packing (good example)

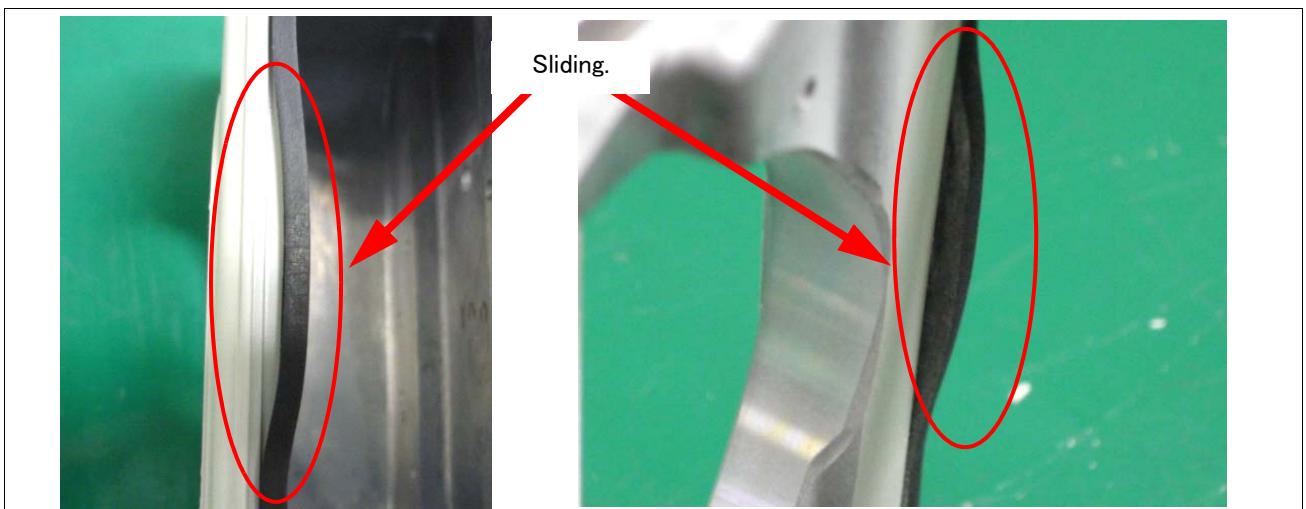


Fig.5-6 : Example of sticking packing (bad example)

Some of the packings to be used are cord-like.  
Stick such packings by bending in line with the form.

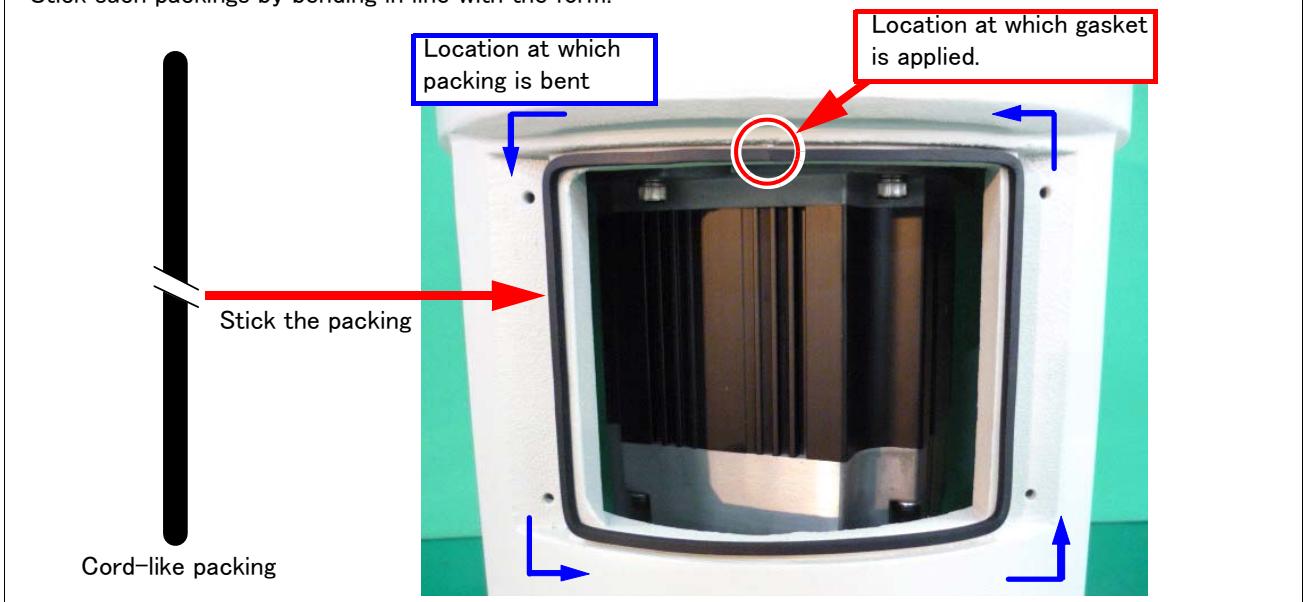


Fig.5-7 : Sticking the cord-like packing

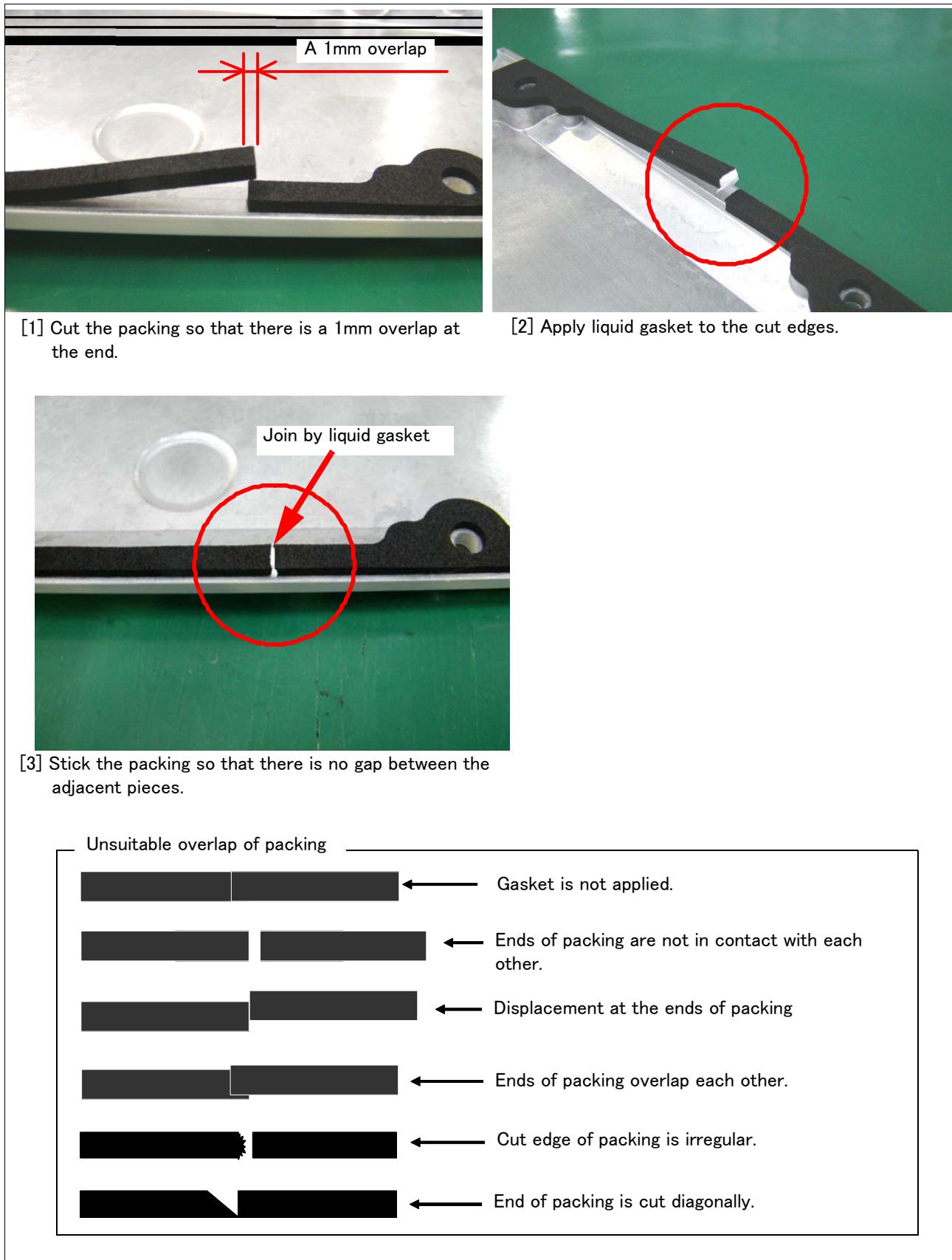


Fig.5-8 : Examples of packing overlaps

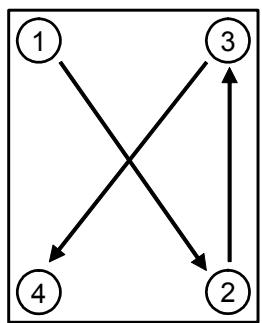


Fig.5-9 : Example of order which tighten bolts

### 5.3.4 Inspection, maintenance and replacement of timing belt

This robot uses a timing belt for the drive conveyance system of the J5 axis. Compared to gears and chains, the timing belt does not require lubrication and has a low noise. However, if the belt usage method and tension adjustment are inadequate, the life could drop and noise could be generated. Sufficient aging to remove the initial elongation of the belt, and adjustment of the belt tension have been carried out before shipment from the factory. However, depending on the robot working conditions, elongation will occur gradually over a long time. The tension must be confirmed during the periodic inspection.

The replacement is necessary if the timing belt is in the condition which showed in "[\(1\)Timing belt replacement period](#)". The inspection and adjustment and replacement method of the timing belt of each axis is shown below. Please check, and adjust and replace if necessary.

In addition, it is serviceable if there is the sound wave type belt tension gauge in inspection and adjustment of the timing belt. The recommendation gauge is shown below. Please prepare by customer. Refer to the [Page 96, "\(7\) Timing belt tension"](#) for the tension adjustment value of the timing belt.

Maker: Gates Unitta Asia Company,

Type: U-505



Image of Measurement by the sound wave type belt tension gauge



Measurement by the push-pull gauge

Fig.5-10 : Tension adjustment method of timing belt

#### (1) Timing belt replacement period

The timing belt life is greatly affected by the robot working conditions, so a set time cannot be given. However, if the following symptoms occur, replace the belt.

- 1) When cracks from at the base or back of the belt teeth.
- 2) When the belt expands due to adherence of oil, etc.
- 3) When the belt teeth wear (to approx. half of the tooth width).
- 4) When the belt teeth jump due to belt teeth wear.
- 5) When the belt snaps.



Due to the manufacturing of the timing belt, initial wear will occur. Wear chips may accumulate in the cover after approx. 300 Hr of operating the robot, but this is not a fault. If the wear chips appear soon after wiping them off, replace the belt.



When the belt is replaced, the machine system origin may deviate. In this case, the position data must be reviewed.

## (2) RH-3FH series: Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt

The section related to J3 axis timing belt of RH-3FH series and adjustment is shown in Fig. 5-11. The picture is the image which removed the No.2 arm cover.

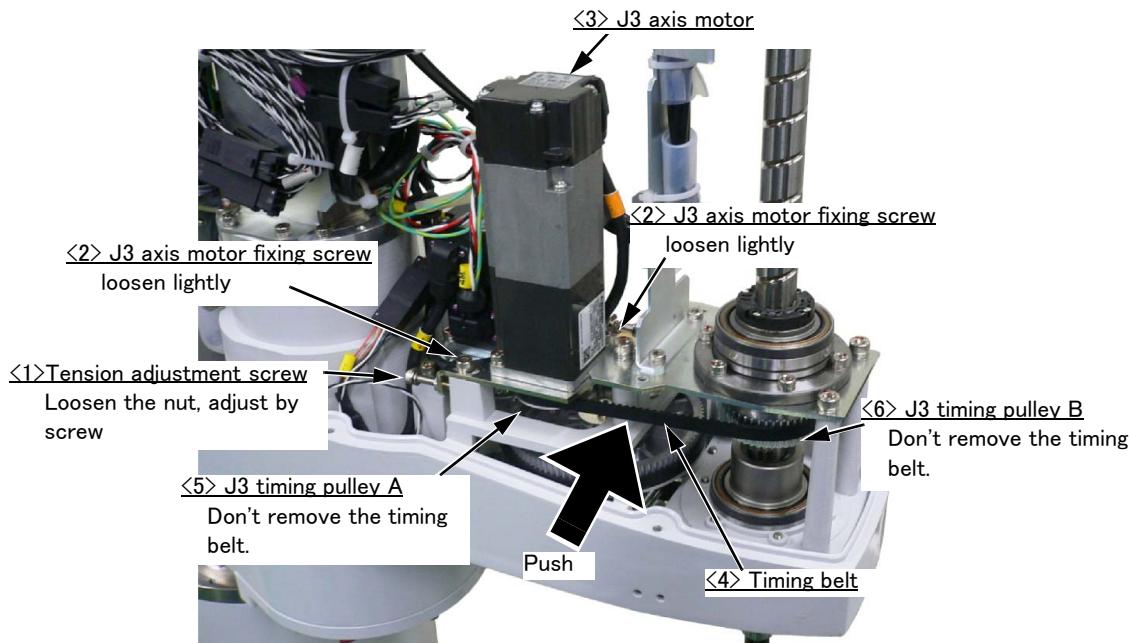


Fig.5-11 : Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt

Inspection and adjustment procedure of the timing belt of J3 axis are shown below.

- 1) Confirm that the power supply of the controller is OFF.
- 2) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the No.2 arm cover U.
- 3) Visually confirm that the symptoms indicated in "[\(1\)Timing belt replacement period](#)" have not occurred with the <4> timing belt.
- 4) Lightly press the center of the belt, and confirm that the value of belt slack is in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#). Or measure the tension of the belt with tension meters, and confirm that the value is in the range of standard tension shown in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#).

When adjustment is necessary, continue to follow the procedure shown below.

When adjustment is not necessary, install the No.2 arm cover U as before and finish the inspection.

- 5) Lightly loosen J3 motor installation screws <2> (Be careful not to overly loosen the screws.).
- 6) The nut which is fixing tension adjustment screw <1> is loosened, turn tension adjustment screw <1>, and adjust the tension of timing belt <4>.  
When the screw is turned to the right, the belt will be stretched, and when turned to the left, will loosen.  
Adjust tension to the above-mentioned value.  
Note) Be careful, if the belt is removed from pulley <5> <6>, or the mesh of belt and pulley <5> <6> is shifted by loosening the screw too much, the origin will deviate. If the position deviated, reset the origin. (Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#))
- 7) After adjustment, fasten securely the two J3 axial motor fixing screws <2>, and the nut of tension adjustment screw <1>. Improper tightening may cause the belt to loosen with vibration.
- 8) Install No.2 arm cover U securely as before and finish adjustment.

This completes adjustment of the J3 axis timing belt.

(3) RH-3FH series: Replacing the J3 axis timing belt

The procedure for replacing the J3 axis timing belt on the RH-3FH series is shown below. The diagram shows an image of the removed No. 2 arm cover U.

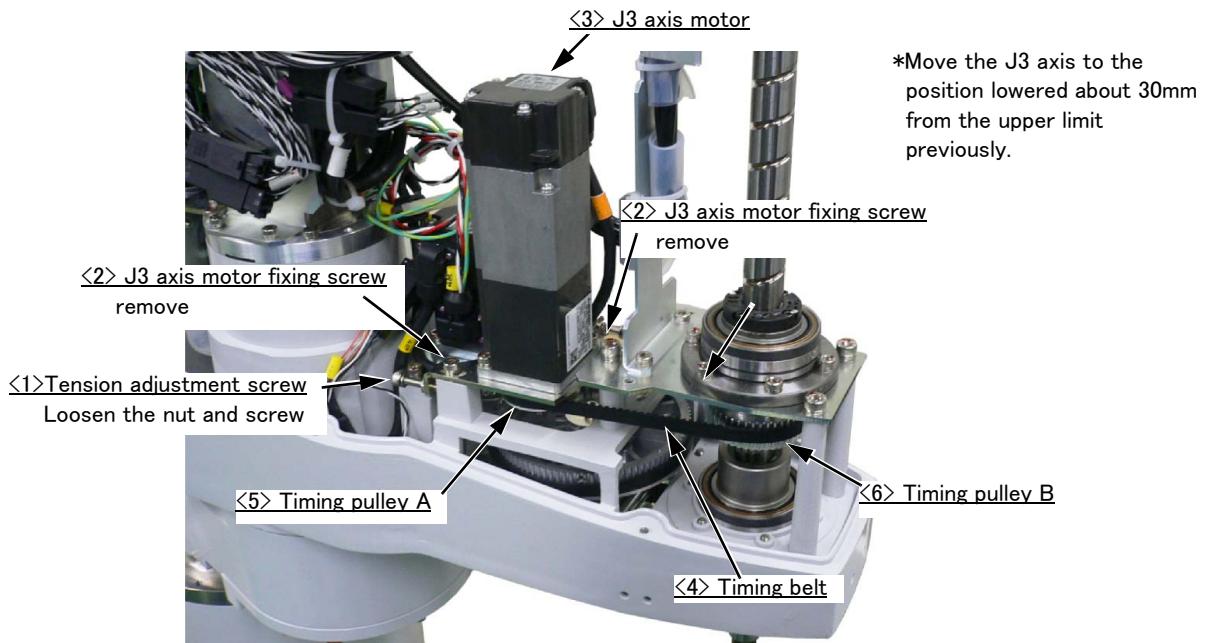
After replacing the J3 axis timing belt the resetting the origin of J3 and J4 axis is necessary.

- 1) Move the J3 axis to the position lowered about 30mm from the upper limit by jog operation. This position makes the space for removing the belt.

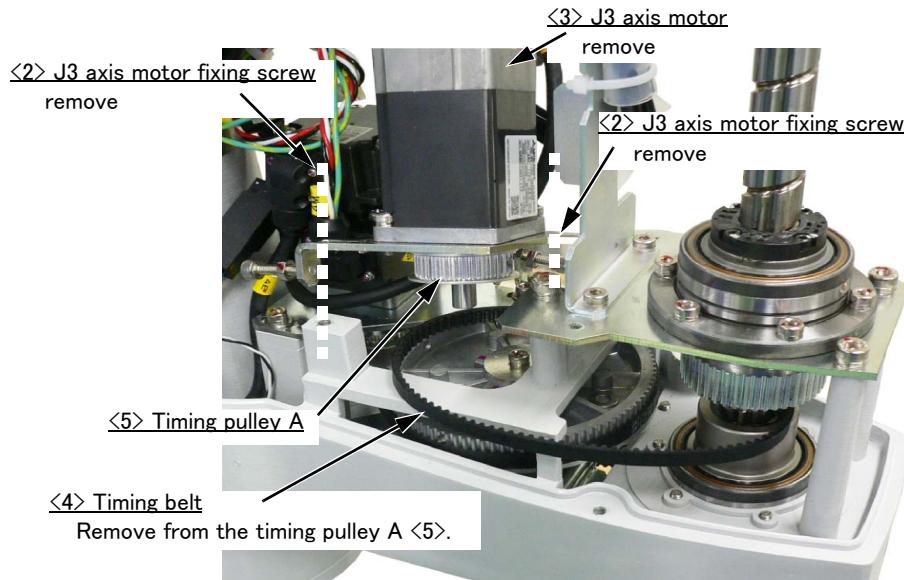
After moving the J3 axis turn the controller's power supply OFF.

- 2) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the No.2 arm cover U.

- 3) Loosen the nut of tension adjustment screw <1>, and loosen the tension adjustment screw <1>.



- 4) Remove two fixing screws <2>, remove the J3 axis motor <3>, remove the timing belt <4> from the timing pulley A <5>.

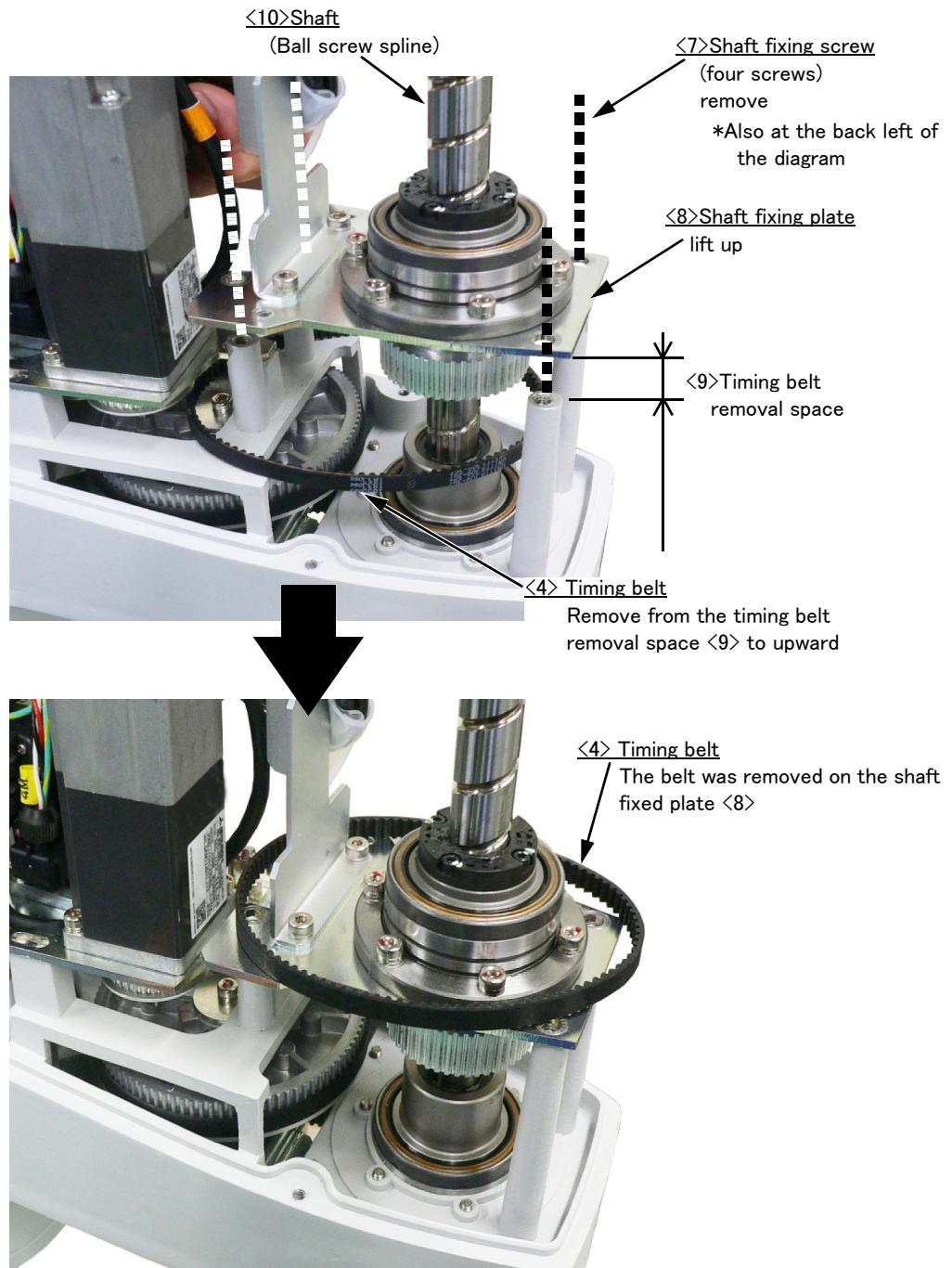


5) Remove the timing belt <4> from the shaft to upward.

Remove the fixing screw <7> of shaft fixing plates and lift up the shaft fixing plate <8>.

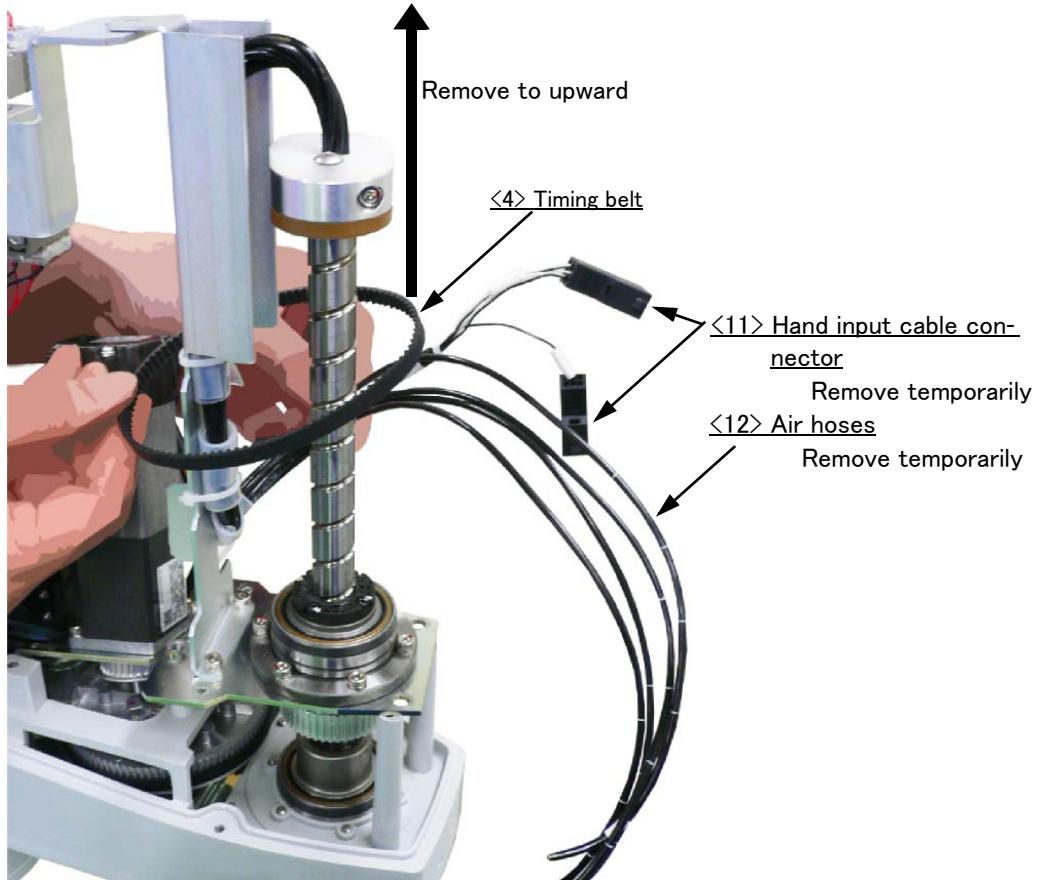
When using the optional hand internal wiring and piping set remove the fixing screws fixed to the top.

Remove the timing belt <4> from the timing belt removal space <9> created under the shaft fixing plate <8> by lift up.



## 6) Remove the timing belt &lt;4&gt; from the top of the shaft

If using the optional hand internal wiring and piping set, temporarily remove the hand input cable connector <11> and air hoses <12> of solenoid valve side. And remove the timing belt to upward.



## 7) Install the new timing belt in reverse procedure of removal.

Install the new belt to the timing pulley (on the motor) <5> and timing pulley B <6> securely.

Fix the shaft fixing plate <8> by fastening the original fixing screws securely.

If using the hand input cables <11> and air hoses <12>, connect them as before.

## 8) Install the J3 axis motor &lt;3&gt; by tightening lightly the J3 axis motor fixing screw &lt;2&gt; (two screws)

9) Adjust the tension of J3 axis timing belt with referring to [Page 86, "\(2\) RH-3FH series: Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt".](#)

## 10) Install No.2 arm cover U securely as before.

11) Reset the origin of J3 and J4 axis with referring to the [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#)

## 12) When the maintenance forecast function is valid, reset the accumulation data about the belt. Reset by the dedicated screen or parameter MFBRST of RT ToolBox2. Refer to "Instruction Manual/RT ToolBox2 User's Manual" for operation of RT2 and refer to "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for the parameter.

This completes replacement of the J3 axis timing belt.

## (4) RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series: Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt

The section related to J3 axis timing belt of RH-6FH/12FH/20FH is shown in Fig. 5-12. The picture is the image which removed the No.2 arm cover.

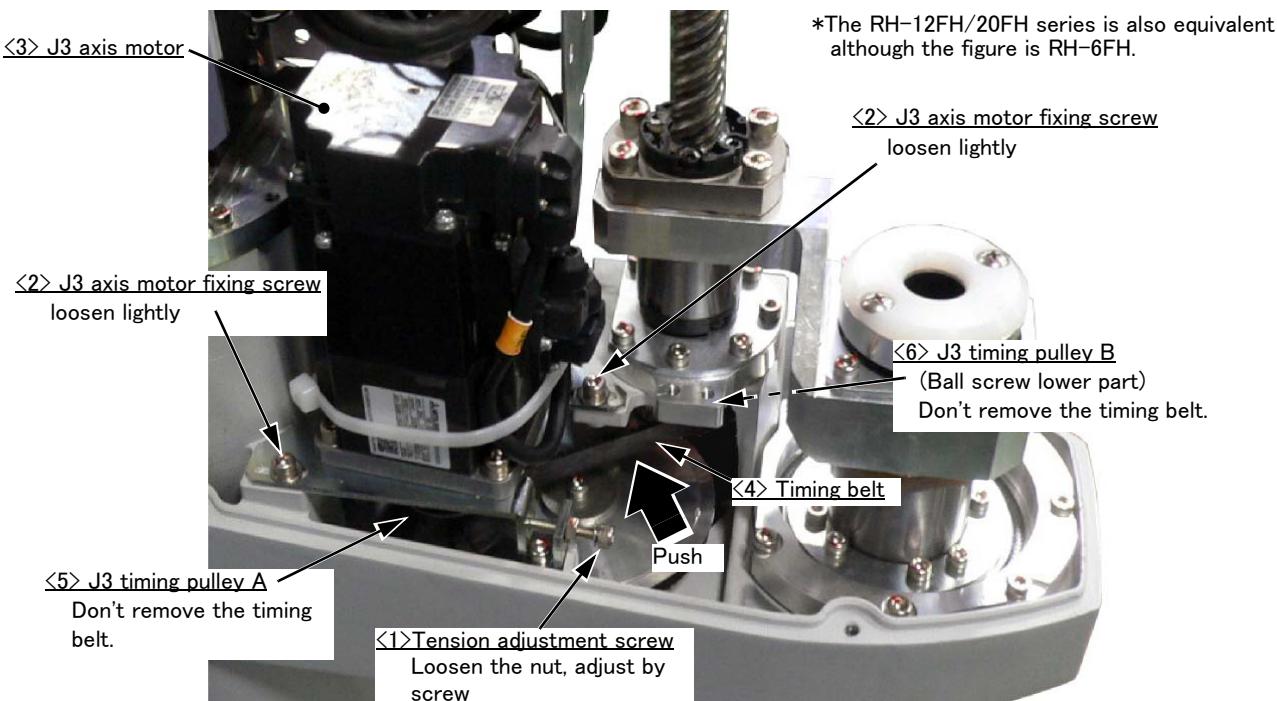


Fig.5-12 : Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt (RH-6FH/12FH/20FH)

Inspection and adjustment procedure of the timing belt of J3 axis are shown below.

- 1) Confirm that the power supply of the controller is OFF.
- 2) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the No.2 arm cover U.
- 3) Visually confirm that the symptoms indicated in ["\(1\)Timing belt replacement period"](#) have not occurred with the <4> timing belt.
- 4) Lightly press the center of the belt, and confirm that the value of belt slack is in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#).  
Or measure the tension of the belt with tension meters, and confirm that the value is in the range of standard tension shown in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#).

When adjustment is necessary, continue to follow the procedure shown below.

When adjustment is not necessary, install the No.2 arm cover U as before and finish the inspection.

- 5) Lightly loosen J3 motor installation screws <2> (Be careful not to overly loosen the screws.).
- 6) Loosen the tension adjustment screw <1>. Adjusts by turning the tension adjustment screw <1> slowly and moving the J3 axis motor <3> little by little.  
When the screw is turned to the right, the belt will be stretched, and when turned to the left, will loosen.  
Adjust tension to the above-mentioned value.  
Note) Be careful, if the belt is removed from pulley <5> <6>, or the mesh of belt and pulley <5> <6> is shifted by loosening the screw too much, the origin will deviate. If the position deviated, reset the origin. (Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#))
- 7) After adjustment, fasten securely the two J3 axial motor fixing screws <2>, and the nut of tension adjustment screw <1>. Improper tightening may cause the belt to loosen with vibration.
- 8) Install No.2 arm cover U securely as before and finish adjustment.

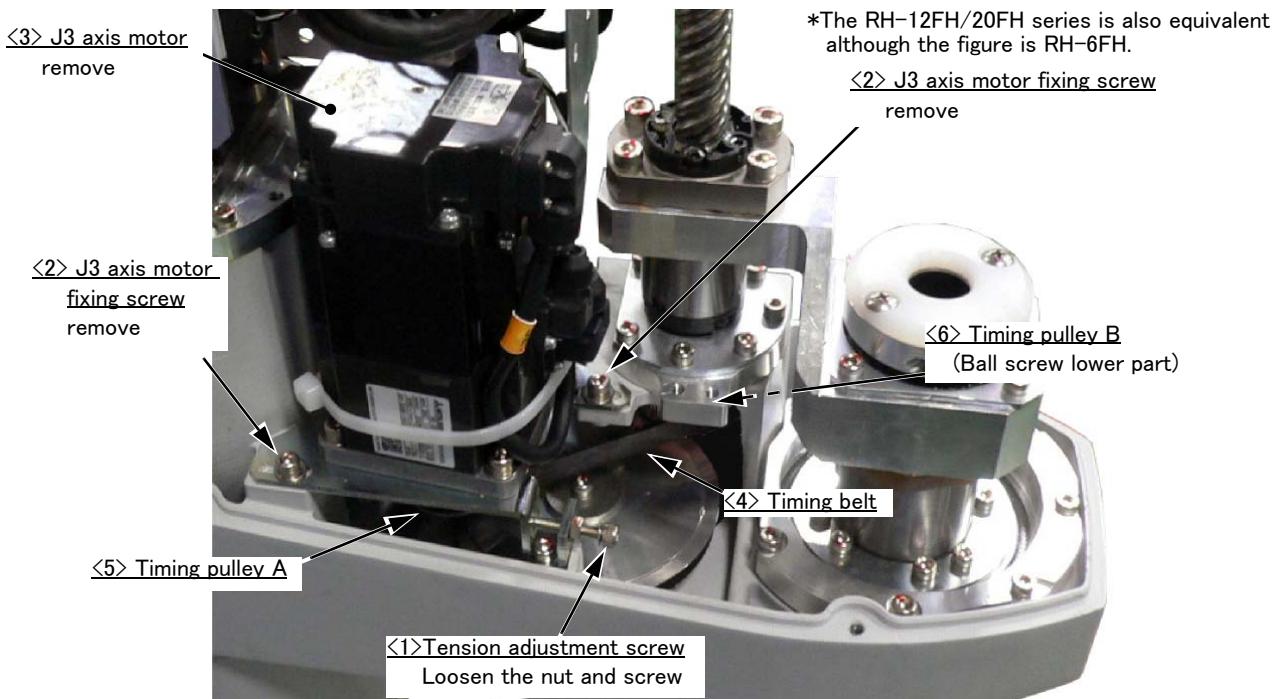
This completes adjustment of the J3 axis timing belt.

## (5) RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series: Replacing the J3 axis timing belt

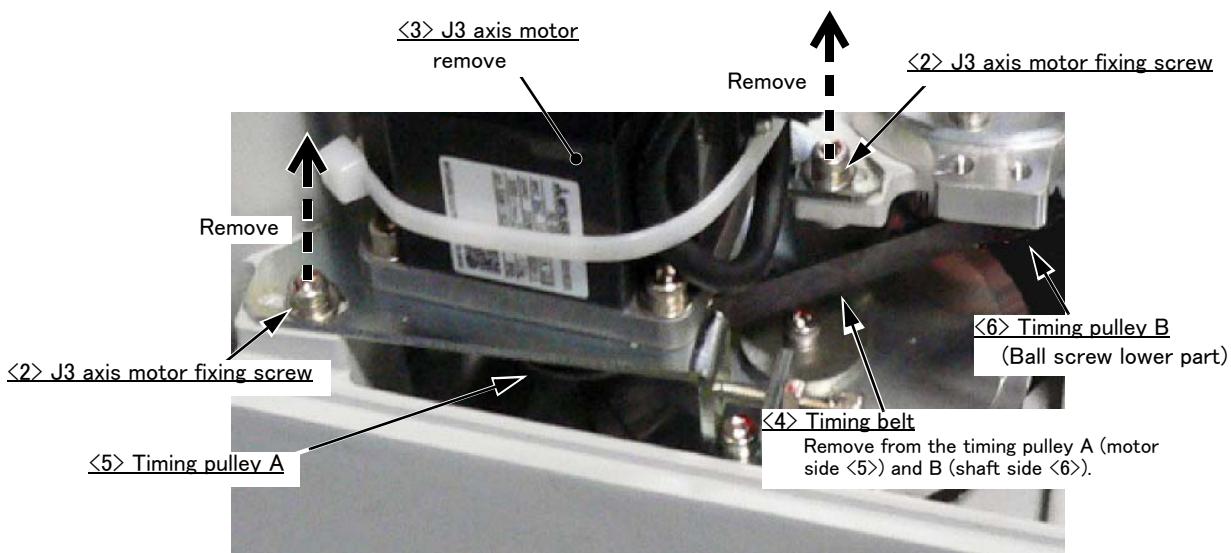
The procedure for replacing the J3 axis timing belt on the RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is shown below. The diagram shows an image of the removed No. 2 arm cover U.

After replacing the J3 axis timing belt the resetting the origin of J3 and J4 axis is necessary.

- 1) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the No.2 arm cover U.
- 2) Loosen the nut of tension adjustment screw <1>, and loosen the tension adjustment screw <1>.



- 3) Remove two fixing screws <2>, and remove the J3 axis motor <3>.



\*The RH-12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-6FH.

- 4) Remove the timing belt <4> from the timing pulley A (motor side <5>) and B (shaft side <6>).
- 5) Install surely the new belt to the timing pulley (on the motor) <5> and timing pulley B <6>, and fix the J3 axis motor <3> with J3 axis motor fixing screw <2>.
- Confirms having related the timing belt <4> to the timing pulley A <5> and the timing pulley B <6> securely.
- 6) Adjust the tension of J3 axis timing belt with referring to [Page 90, "\(4\) RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series: Inspecting/Adjusting the J3 axis timing belt"](#).
- 7) Install No.2 arm cover U securely as before.
- 8) Reset the origin of J3 and J4 axis with referring to the [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#)

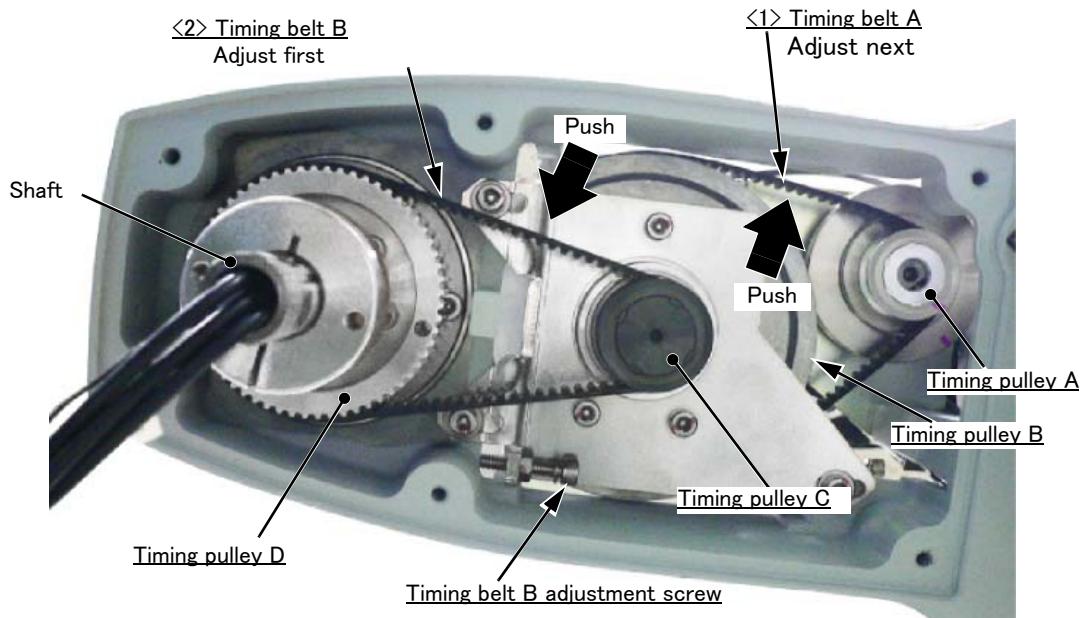
- 9) When the maintenance forecast function is valid, reset the accumulation data about the belt. Reset by the dedicated screen or parameter MFBRST of RT ToolBox2. Refer to "Instruction Manual/RT ToolBox2 User's Manual" for operation of RT2 and refer to "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for the parameter.

This completes replacement of the J3 axis timing belt.

(6) RH-3FH/6FH/12FH/20FH series: Inspecting/Adjusting the J4 axis timing belt

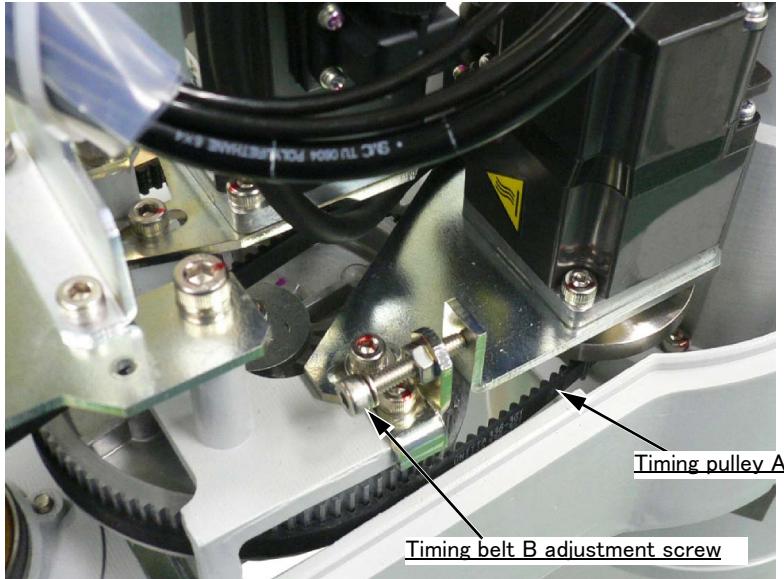
As shown in Fig. 5-13, the J4 axis timing belt consists of two timing belts: timing belt A <1> and timing belt B <2>. When adjusting the timing belts, first adjust timing belt B <2> and then proceed to adjust timing belt A <1>.

<The No.2 arm bottom view (Inside of the No.2 arm cover D)>



\*The RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-3FH.

<The No.2 arm upper view (Inside of the No.2 arm cover U)>



\*The RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-3FH.

Fig.5-13 : Inspecting/Adjusting the J4 axis timing belt

Inspection and adjustment procedure of the timing belt of J4 axis are shown below.

- 1) Confirm that the power supply of the controller is OFF.
- 2) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the No.2 arm cover U and No.2 cover D.
- 3) Visually confirm that the symptoms indicated in "[\(1\)Timing belt replacement period](#)" have not occurred with the timing belt.
- 4) Lightly press the center of the belt, and confirm that the value of belt slack is in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#).  
Or measure the tension of the belt with tension meters, and confirm that the value is in standard tension shown in [Page 96 "Fig. 5-14: Belt tension"](#).

When adjustment is necessary, continue to follow the procedure shown below.

When adjustment is not necessary, install the No.2 arm cover U and No.2 arm cover D as before and finish the inspection.

- 5) Adjusts the tension of the timing belt B <2>.

Lightly loosen timing pulley <B><C> fixing screws <3> (Be careful not to overly loosen the screws.).

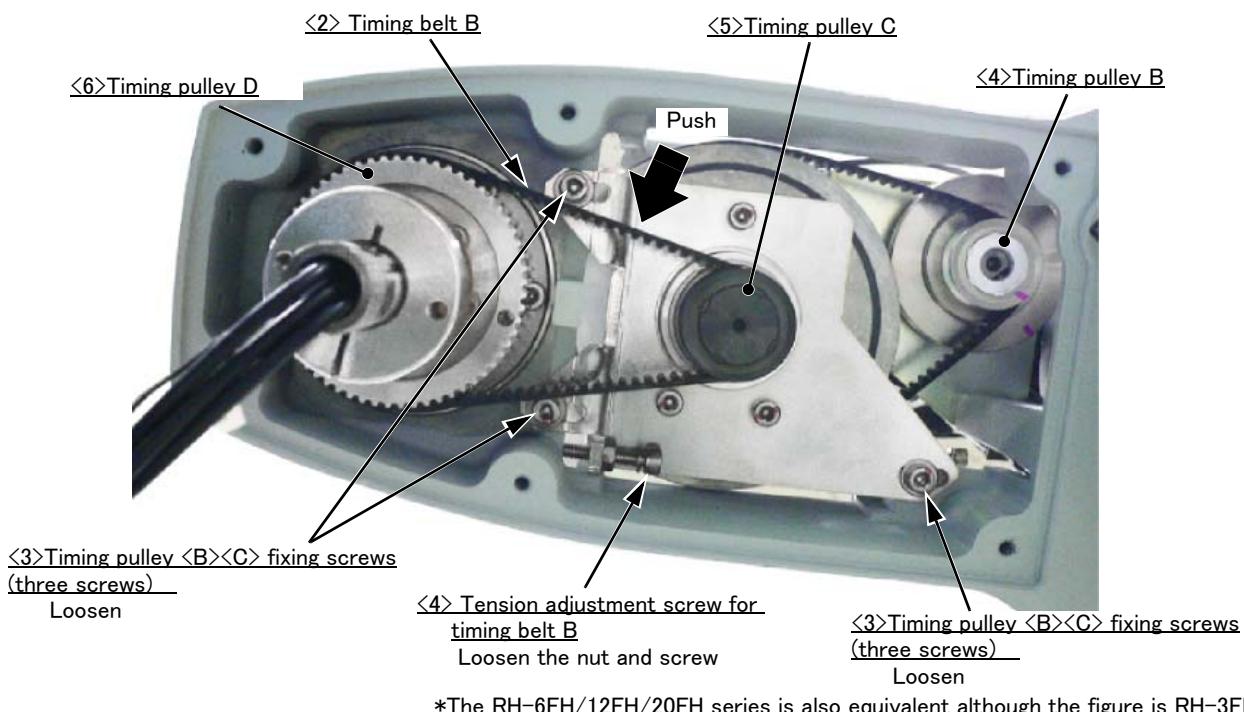
- 6) Loosen the nut of tension adjustment screw <4> for timing belt B. Adjusts by turning the tension adjustment screw <4> slowly and moving the timing pulley C <5> little by little.

When the screw is turned to the right, the belt will be stretched, and when turned to the left, will loosen.

Adjust tension to the above-mentioned value.

Note) Be careful, if the belt is removed from pulley <5> <6>, or the mesh of belt and pulley <5> <6> is shifted by loosening the screw too much, the origin will deviate. If the position deviated, reset the origin. (Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#))

#### <The No.2 arm bottom view (Inside of the No.2 arm cover D)>



\*The RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-3FH.

- 7) After adjustment, fasten certainly the three timing pulley <B><C> fixing screws <3>. And fasten certainly the nut of tension adjustment screw <4>. Improper tightening may cause the belt to loosen with vibration.

8) Next, adjusts the tension of the timing belt A <1>.

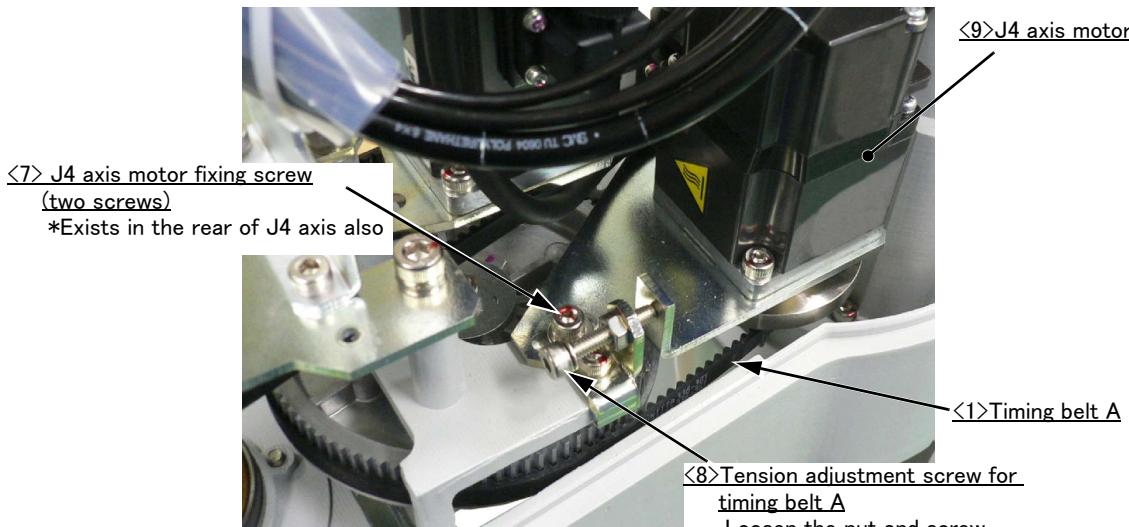
Lightly loosen two J4 motor fixing screws <7> (Be careful not to overly loosen the screws.).

9) Loosen the nut of tension adjustment screw <8> for timing belt A. Adjusts by turning the tension adjustment screw <8> slowly and moving the J4 axis motor <9> little by little.

When the screw is turned to the right, the belt will be stretched, and when turned to the left, will loosen. Adjust tension to the above-mentioned value.

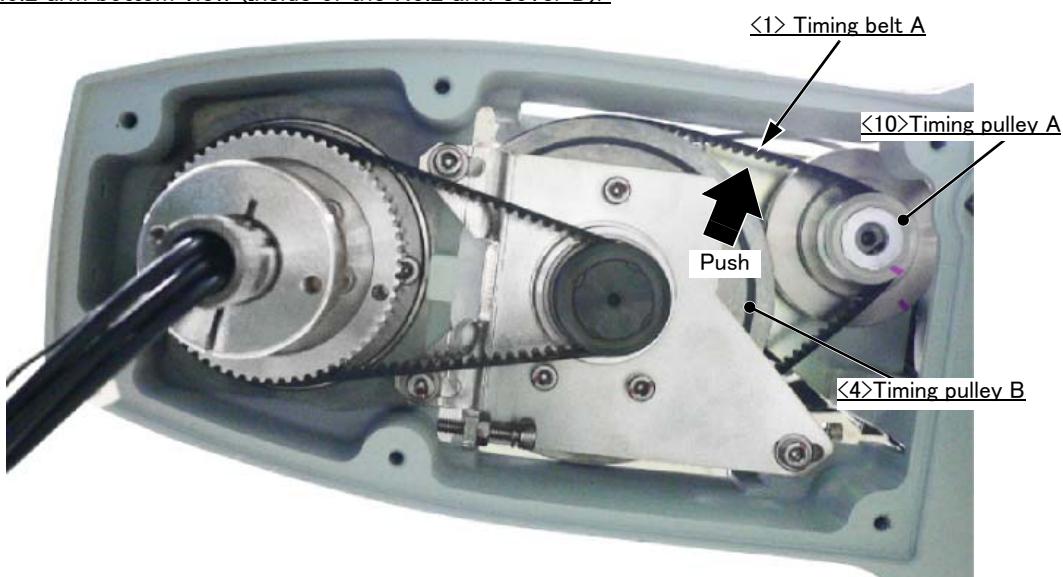
Note) Be careful, if the belt is removed from pulley <10> <4>, or the mesh of belt and pulley <10> <4> is shifted by loosening the screw too much, the origin will deviate. If the position deviated, reset the origin. (Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#))

<The No.2 arm upper view (Inside of the No.2 arm cover U)>



\*The RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-3FH.

<The No.2 arm bottom view (Inside of the No.2 arm cover D)>



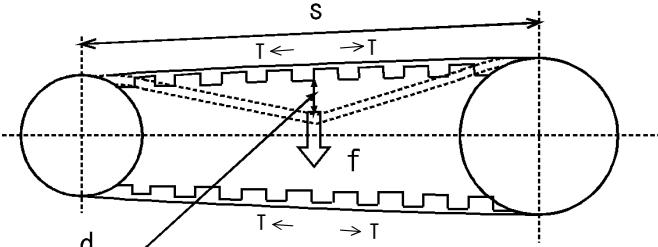
\*The RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series is also equivalent although the figure is RH-3FH.

10) After adjustment, fasten certainly the two J4 motor fixing fixing screws <7> And fasten certainly the nut of tension adjustment screw <8>. Improper tightening may cause the belt to loosen with vibration.

11) Install No.2 arm cover U and No.2 arm cover D securely as before and finish adjustment.

This completes adjustment of the J4 axis timing belt.

## (7) Timing belt tension



**Pressing force**

Axis	Belt type	Span : s (mm)	New belt		Used belt	
			Slack : d	Pressing force : f	Slack : d	Pressing force : f
<b>RH-3FH series</b>						
J3	309-EV3GT-6	96	1.5	3	1.5	2
J4(motor side)	336-EV3GT-6	64	1.0	3	1.0	2
J4(shaft side)	282-EV3GT-12	74	1.2	6	1.2	4
<b>RH-6FH series</b>						
J3	264-EV3GT-9	82	1.3	4	1.3	3
J4(motor side)	315-EV3GT-6	64	1.0	3	1.0	2
J4(shaft side)	363-EV3GT-12	95	1.5	6	1.5	4
<b>RH-12FH series</b>						
J3	288-EV3GT-12	71	1.1	6	1.1	4
J4(motor side)	417-EV3GT-9	99	1.5	4	1.5	3
J4(shaft side)	456-EV3GT-20	121	1.9	10	1.9	7
<b>RH-20FH series</b>						
J3	303-EV3GT-12	71	1.1	6	1.1	4
J4(motor side)	417-EV3GT-9	99	1.5	4	1.5	3
J4(shaft side)	456-EV3GT-20	121	1.9	10	1.9	7

**The preset value and adjustment value in the sound wave type belt tension gauge**

Axis	Belt type	Preset value			New belt	Used belt
		M(g/m)	W(mm/	S(mm)	Standard tension T(N)	Standard tension T(N)
<b>RH-3FH series</b>						
J3	309-EV3GT-6	2.5	6	96	39-48	26-32
J4(motor side)	336-EV3GT-6	2.5	6	64	39-48	26-32
J4(shaft side)	282-EV3GT-12	2.5	12	74	80-97	53-65
<b>RH-6FH series</b>						
J3	264-EV3GT-9	2.5	9	82	59-73	40-48
J4(motor side)	315-EV3GT-6	2.5	6	64	39-48	26-32
J4(shaft side)	363-EV3GT-12	2.5	12	95	80-97	53-65
<b>RH-12FH series</b>						
J3	288-EV3GT-12	2.5	12	71	83-101	53-65
J4(motor side)	417-EV3GT-9	2.5	9	99	60-73	40-48
J4(shaft side)	456-EV3GT-20	2.5	20	121	138-151	88-108
<b>RH-20FH series</b>						
J3	303-EV3GT-12	2.5	12	71	83-101	53-65
J4(motor side)	417-EV3GT-9	2.5	9	99	60-73	40-48
J4(shaft side)	456-EV3GT-20	2.5	20	121	138-151	88-108

Fig.5-14 : Belt tension

The timing belt can satisfactorily convey the drive and keep a durable force only when it has an adequate tension. The belt tension should not be too tight or too loose. Instead, it should be adjusted to a degree that elasticity is felt when the belt is pressed with the thumb. If the belt tension is too weak, the belt loosening side will vibrate. On the other hand, if the belt tension is too strong, a sharp sound will be heard and the belt tension side will vibrate. The detailed adjustment (tension) is shown in Fig. 5-14.

Check and adjust with the belt pressing force  $f$  and the slack amount  $d$  between spans.

### 5.3.5 Replacing the bellows

With reference to Fig. 5-15, exchanges the bellows. Replacement method of bellows is shown below.

## ⚠ CAUTION

Replace the bellows in a place where there is no risk of contamination by dust and oil mist. If it must be replaced in a dust-filled area, be sure to remove as much dust as possible in advance before replacing it.

#### (1) Clean specification

- 1) Turn off the controller's power supply.
- 2) Refer to Page 79, "Fig.5-4: Installing/removing the cover", and remove the No.2 arm cover U and the No.2 arm cover D.
- 3) Loosen the two fixing (M4) screws of bellows, and remove the bellows to downward together with No.2 arm cover D.
- 4) Remove the four fixing screws which fix the bellows to the No.2 arm cover D, and removes the ring, then the bellows can be removed from No.2 arm cover D.
- 5) Fix the new bellows to the No. 2 arm cover D in the same way (screw tightening torque: 0.8Nm). Fill the gap between the No. 2 arm cover D and the bellows with a seal such as a liquid gasket.
- 6) Install the No. 2 arm cover D as before.
- 7) Fix the bellows to shaft with adjusting the position of the bellows's bottom to 30mm from end of shaft. Align two set screws (M4) to the D cut surface and fix them securely.
- 8) Fill the gap between the bellows fixing section and the shaft with a seal, such as a liquid gasket.
- 9) Sticks the attached ABS mark on the lower part of bellows. Makes the J4 axis into the position of 0 degree by jog operation etc., and match the ABS mark sticker with ABS mark on the shaft, and stick it.

This completes the replacing bellows.

[Caution] When installing the No. 2 arm cover D to the No. 2 arm, please check the condition of the sealing. If the sealing material has been removed or has been bent or broken, and it is not suitable to be reused, be sure to replace the sealing material.

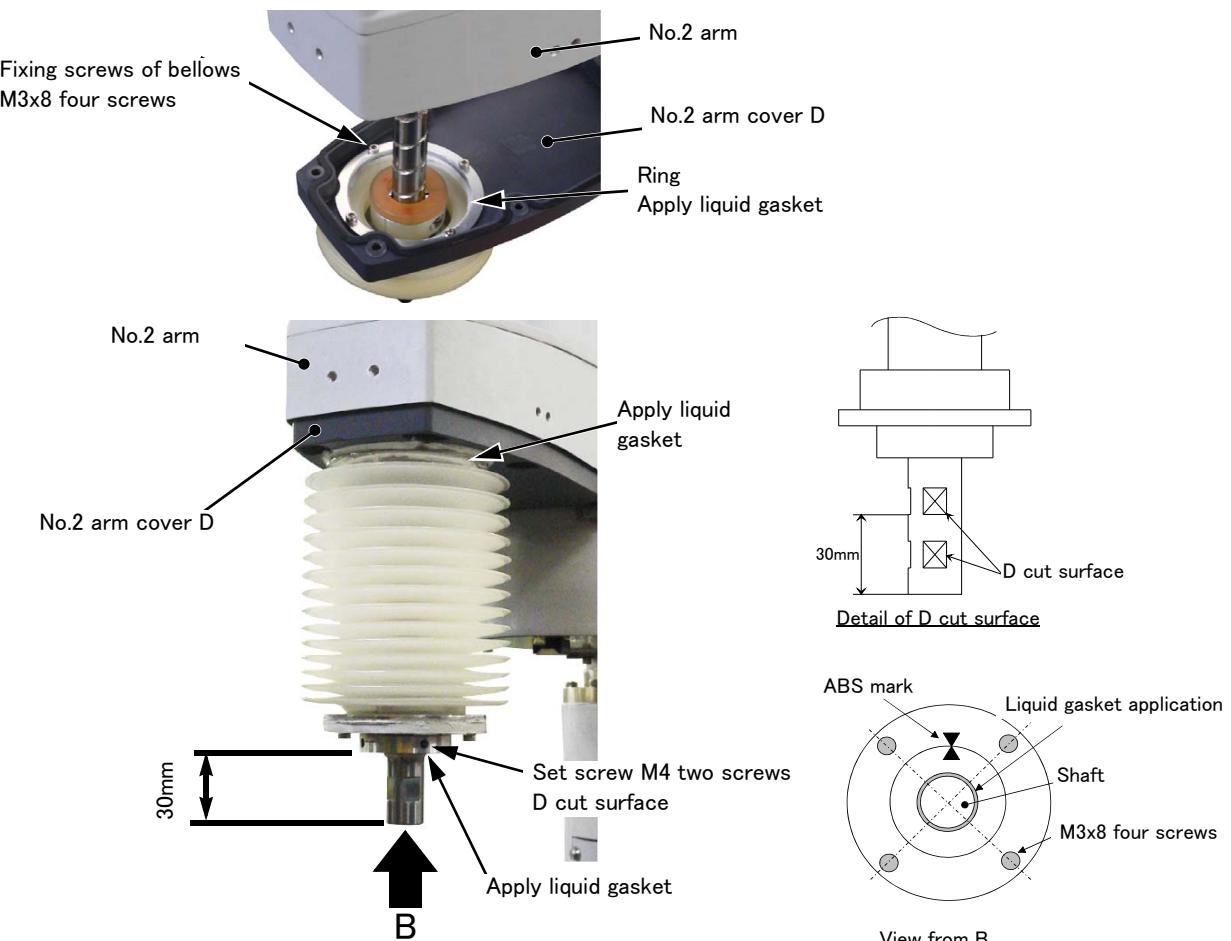


Fig.5-15 : Replace the bellows (clean specification)

## (2) Oil mist specification

- 1) Previously, move the J3 axis to upper end position by jog operation.  
This position is necessary to set the ABS mark (marking-off line) of J4 axis after.
- 2) Turn off the controller's power supply.
- 3) Remove the four screws (M3x8) which fix the lower part of bellows to the frange.
- 4) Lift the bellows, and loosen the two set screws of the frange, and remove the frange.
- 5) Loosens the fixing screw of the bellows stop ring which is fixing the upper part of bellows, and remove bellows.
- 6) Installs new bellows.
- 7) Installs the frange in the position of 30 mm from the shaft lower end as before. Align two set screws (M4) to the D cut surface and fix them securely.
- 8) Fixes the bellows lower part to the frange as before. Fixes the four bellows fixing screws (M3x8) securely.
- 9) Makes the J4 axis into the position of 0 degree by jog operation etc., and match the ABS mark (marking-off line) with ABS mark (marking-off line) on the shaft.  
In the condition that each other's ABS mark has matched, fixes the bellows upper part.
- 10) Fixes the fixing screw of the bellows stop ring as before, and fixes the upper part of bellows securely.

### CAUTION

The fixing screw should fix the bellows stop ring in the position used as the inner side.  
(refer to figure) If that is not right, the fixing screw may interfere with the No.1 arm.  
And, you should confirm that the stop ring has covered the perimeter of bellows surely.  
If the fixation is not enough, the protection performance may drop.

This completes the replacing bellows.

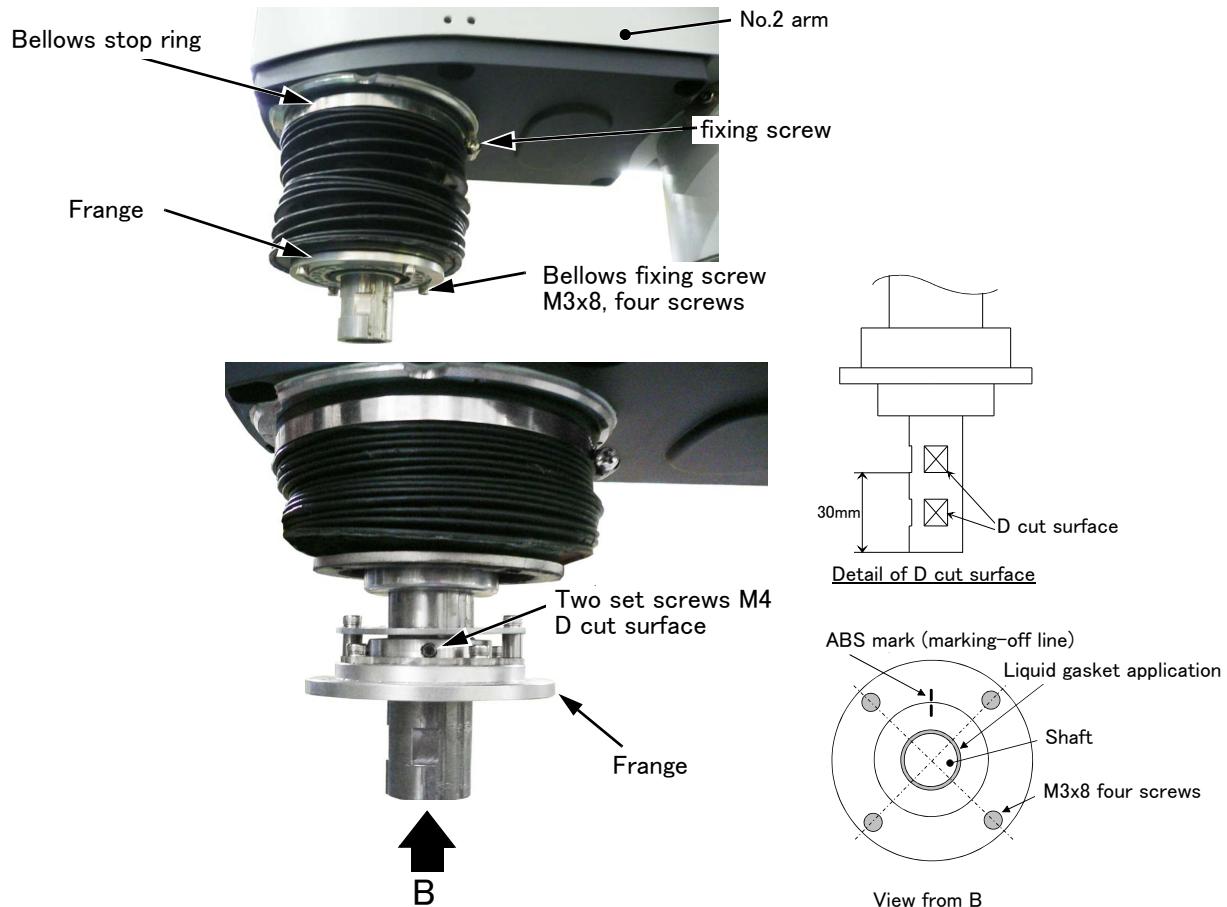


Fig.5-16 : Replace the bellows (oil mist specification)

### 5.3.6 Lubrication

#### (1) Lubrication position and specifications

The grease nipple position is shown in Fig. 5-17. The lubrication specifications for each place are shown in Table 5-5. Refer to the Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover" for the method of removing and installing the cover.

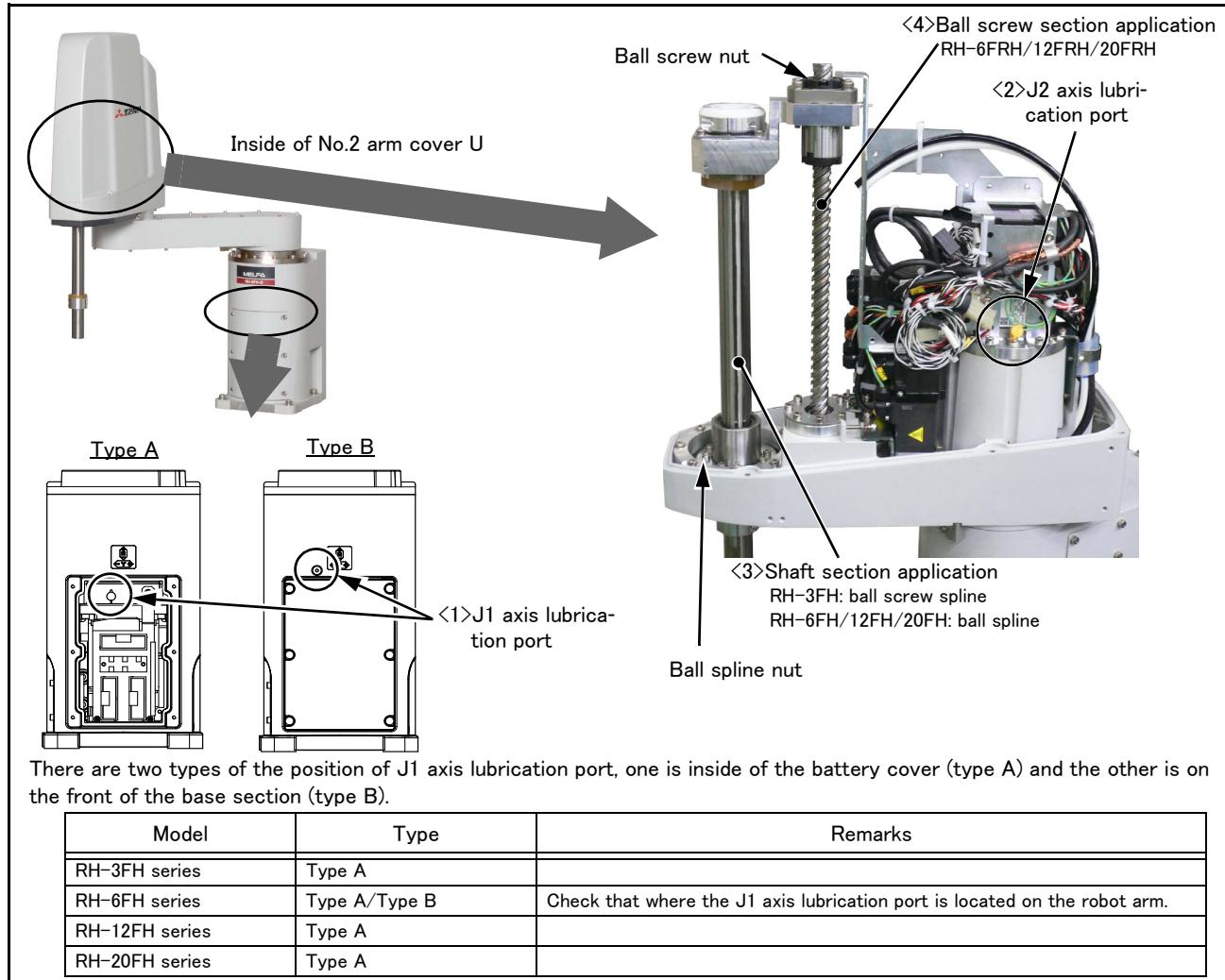


Fig.5-17 : Lubrication positions

Table 5-5 : Lubrication specifications

No.	Parts to be lubricated	Lubrication method	Lubrication oil Default charge amount (maker)	Lubrication interval	Lubrication amount guide	Cover to remove
<b>RH-3FH series</b>						
<1>	J1 axis reduction gears	Grease nipple WA-610(Only addition)	4B No.2 (Harmonic Drive Systems Inc.)	24,000 Hr	12 g	Battery cover
<2>	J2 axis reduction gears	Grease nipple WB-610(Only addition)		24,000 Hr	8 g	No.2 arm cover U
<3>	Shaft (ball screw spline)	Wipe the old grease, and applies		Every 2,000km movement	1 g	

No.	Parts to be lubricated	Lubrication method	Lubrication oil Default charge amount (maker)	Lubrication interval	Lubrication amount guide	Cover to remove	
RH-6FH series							
<1>	J1 axis reduction gears <sup>Note1)</sup>	Grease nipple WA-610(Only addition)	4B No.2 (Harmonic Drive Systems Inc.)	24,000 Hr	12 g		
<2>	J2 axis reduction gears	Grease nipple WB-610(Only addition)		24,000 Hr	8 g	No.2 arm cover U	
<3>	Shaft (ball spline)	Wipe the old grease, and applies		Every 2,000km movement	1 g		
<4>	Shaft (ball screw)				1 g		
RH-12FH/20FH series							
<1>	J1 axis reduction gears	Grease nipple WA-610(Only addition)	4B No.2 (Harmonic Drive Systems Inc.)	24,000 Hr	16 g	Battery cover	
<2>	J2 axis reduction gears	Grease nipple WB-610(Only addition)		24,000 Hr	12 g	No.2 arm cover U	
<3>	Shaft (ball spline)	Wipe the old grease, and applies		Every 2,000km movement	1 g		
<4>	Shaft (ball screw)				1 g		

Note1)In type B robot, remove the screw from lubrication point and install the supplied grease nipple for supplying grease.

#### [Caution]

- The brand name of the grease shown in the [Table 5-5](#) is the grease put in at shipping.
  - The lubrication time is a cumulative value of the operation at the maximum speed. If the operation has been suspended, or if the designated speed is slow, the lubrication time can be lengthened in proportion.
  - Depending on the robot operation state, the lubrication time will fluctuate, so determine the time according to the state so that the grease does not run out.
- For the shaft, the lubrication interval should be shorter than one in [Table 5-5](#) when the operation is repeated with a short stroke.
- By the maintenance forecast function of RT ToolBox2 (option) computes the guide of the lubrication hours put together with the customer's operation status.
  - The numbers in the [Table 5-5](#) correspond to the supply positions in [Fig. 5-17](#).
  - When the specified time limit (24,000 Hr) is due, the overhaul work to replace internal grease is required. For the J1/J2 axis reduction gears, if the overhaul cannot be conducted at the specified timing, lubricate them at the lubrication interval in [Table 5-5](#). Please ask dealer for more details about overhaul.

#### (2) Lubrication method to the J1, J2 axis

- Turn off the controller's power supply.
- Refer to the "[Fig.5-4 : Installing/removing the cover](#)" and remove the covers.
- In type B robot, remove the screw from the J1 axis lubrication port, and install the attached grease nipple.  
Securely tighten the grease nipple by 4.7 N·m to 6.3 N·m.
- Insert the grease shown in [Table 5-5](#) using a grease gun from the lubrication grease nipple. Add only the specified amount of grease. Adding excess grease may cause grease to leak.



Use manual grease gun, and inject grease with pressure 0.03Mpa or less. Do not use the grease gun, which derived by the factory air presser to avoid injecting by too high pressure.

A grease gun that fits the grease nipple is required.

Recommended grease gun: KH-120 (amount: 140ml) or KH-32 (amount: 200ml)  
(manufacture: Yamada Corporation Inc.,)

The grease guns come with a short nozzle (HSP-1) as standard. If this short nozzle does not reach the desired areas, depending on the robot model and installation location, it may be useful to use a long nozzle (HSP-2).

- In type B robot, removes the grease nipple installed above and installs the original screw. Securely tighten the screw by 4.7 N·m to 6.3 N·m.
- Install the removed cover as before.

Note) Sealant is applied to the installation surface of the cover in the oil mist and clean specification models. Be sure to replace the sealant if it has been dislocated and bent or crushed and does not return to its original shape.

- 7) If the maintenance forecast function is enable, please reset the accumulated data about grease. Carries out the resetting operation by RT ToolBox or parameter (MFGRST). Refer to separate "RT ToolBox2 / RT ToolBox2 mini User's Manual" for the operation method of RT ToolBox, and refer to separate "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details of parameter (MFGRST).

The lubricating to J1 and J2 axes is completed.

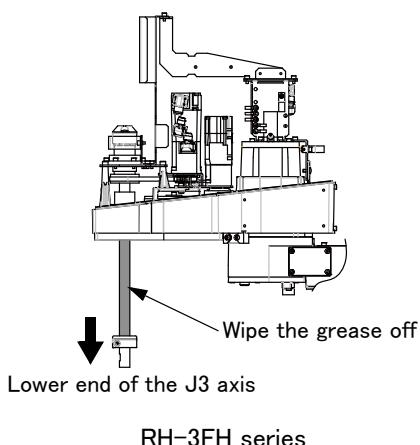
### (3) Lubrication method to the shaft

- 1) Move the J3 axis to the bottom end with a jog operation and shut off the controller's power supply.
- 2) Refer to [Page 79 "Fig. 5-4: Installing/removing the cover"](#), remove the No. 2 arm cover-U. The bellows must be removed in the case of the oil mist and clean specifications. Reference [Page 97, "5.3.5 Replacing the bellows"](#) and remove the bellows.

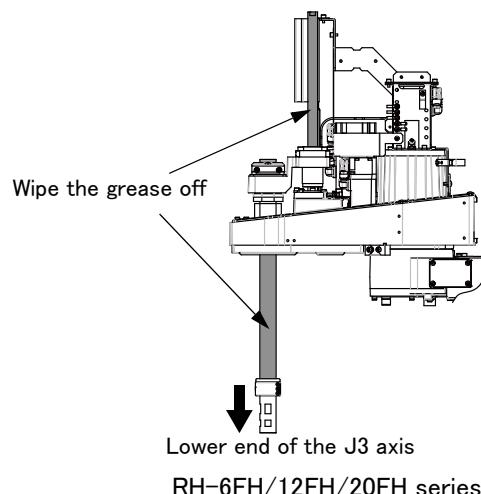


Replace the bellows in a place where there is no risk of contamination by dust and oil mist. If it must be replaced in a dust-filled area, be sure to remove as much dust as possible in advance before replacing it.

- 3) Wipe the old grease off the shaft. Wipe off the grease inside the No. 2 arm cover-U and the bracket attached vertically to the shaft fixing area.



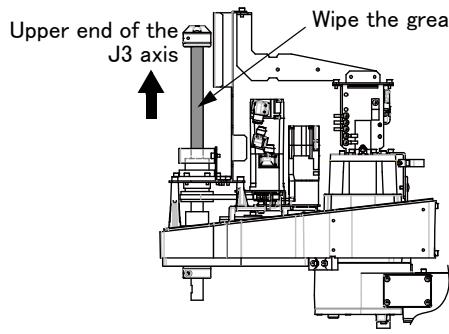
RH-3FH series



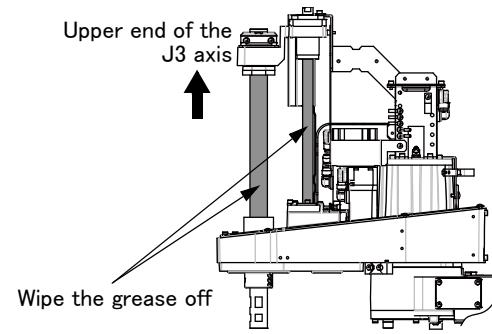
RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series

- 4) Power on the controller and move the J3 axis to the top end with a jog operation. Then shut off the controller's power supply again.

- 5) Wipe off the old grease beneath the ball spline nut and the ball screw nut on the shaft.

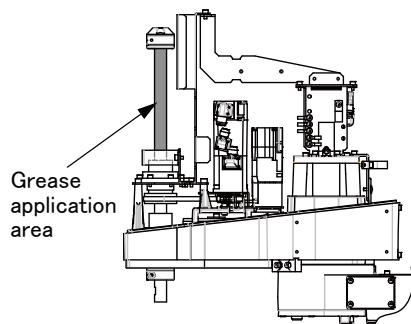
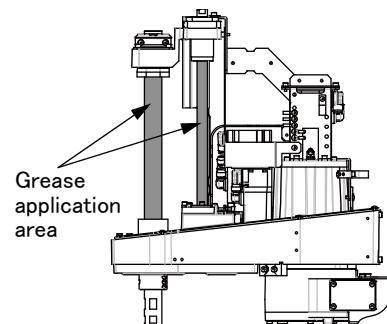


RH-3FH series

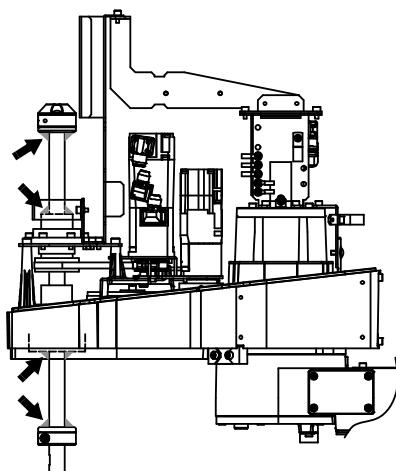
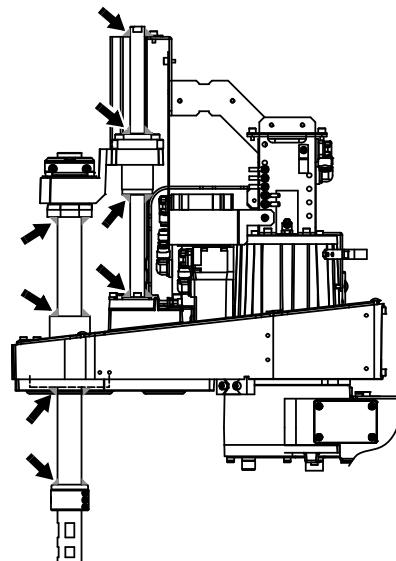


RH-6FH/12FH/20FH series

- 6) Apply the specified amount of grease to the shaft. Fill the shaft grooves with the grease. Also, apply the grease lightly to the areas other than the grooves on the shaft surface to prevent rusting.

RH-3FH seriesRH-6FH/12FH/20FH series

- 7) Turn on the controller's power supply. Move the J3 axis up and down for several times using the jog operation to distribute the grease inside the ball spline nut and the ball screw nut.  
 8) Move the J3 axis to a position around the center of the stroke using the jog operation. Then, turn off the controller's power supply.  
 9) Wipe off the grease adhering around the shaft ends or the nuts of the ball spline and the ball screw (indicated with the arrows below).  
 When the ball spline and the ball screw are moved with extra grease on them, a large amount of grease is scattered inside the arm. The grease may reach the timing belt inside the No.2 arm, causing the timing belt to deteriorate early.

RH-3FH seriesRH-6FH/12FH/20FH series

- 10) Install the No.2 arm cover U as before. Install the bellows as before in the oil mist and clean specification  
 Note) Sealant is applied to the installation surface of cover in the oil mist and clean specification models.  
 Be sure to replace the sealant if it has been dislocated and bent or crushed and does not return to its original shape.

This completes of applying grease to shaft.

### 5.3.7 Replacing the backup battery

An absolute encoder is used for the position detector, so while power of controller is turned off the position must be saved by the backup battery. The controller also uses a backup battery to save the program, etc. The battery is the lithium battery. These batteries are installed when the robot is shipped from the factory, but as these are consumable parts, they must be replaced periodically by the customer.

The guideline for replacing the battery is one year, but this will differ according to the robot's usage state. There exists the kinds of the errors about the battery shown in [Table 5-6](#). If error 7500 occurs, please exchange the battery of the robot arm and the controller simultaneously.

Table 5-6 : The error about the battery

Item	Error number	Description	Measure
Controller	7520	The battery consumption time was exceeded	Replace the battery
	7510	Battery voltage low	
	7500	No battery voltage	The backup data cannot be guaranteed if this error occurs.
Robot arm	7520	The battery consumption time was exceeded	Replace the battery
	133n <sup>Note1)</sup>	Encoder battery voltage low.	
	112n	Encoder ABS position data lost	The backup data cannot be guaranteed if this error occurs.

Note1) "n" indicates the axis number

The method of replacing the battery of robot arm is shown below.

refer to the separate "Instruction manual/Controller setup, basic operation, and maintenance" about controller's battery.

About the purchase of the battery, refers to [Page 106, "5.5 Maintenance parts"](#).



If error 7500 or 112n occurs, the program data and other data in the controller is lost and it becomes necessary to load the data such as program and origin data again.

## (1) Replacing the battery (robot arm)

**CAUTION**

The power supply for the encoder is supplied by cable connected with battery board. The cable must be connected while replacing the battery or operating usually. Thus, if the cable connection is incomplete, the encoder position data will be lost, and resetting the origin is necessary.

**CAUTION**

Replace the battery one by one . If all batterys are removed the encoder data will be lost, and resetting the origin is necessary.

The battery installation position is shown in Fig. 5-18. Refers to the figure and replaces the batteries in the following procedures.

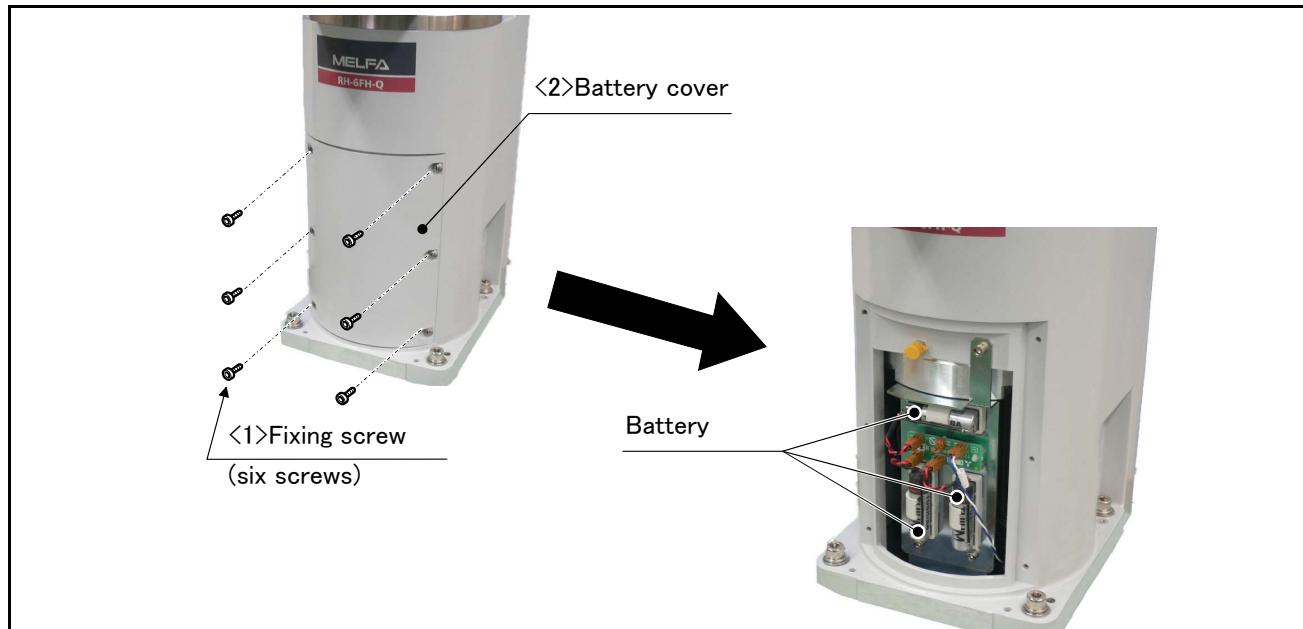


Fig.5-18 : Replacing the battery

- 1) Turn the controller control power OFF.
- 2) Remove the six fixing screws <1>, and remove the battery cover <2>.
- 3) Replaces the backup battery one by one. The battery holder is located inside the battery cover <2>. Remove the old battery from the holder, and disconnect the lead connector.
- 4) Insert the new battery into the holder, and connect the lead connector. Replace all batteries with new ones at the same time.
- 5) All the batteries should be checked that it has been exchanged newly. If the old battery is contained, generating heat and damaging may occur.
- 6) Install the battery cover <2> as before. Be careful so that the cable may not be inserted.
- 7) Initialize the battery consumption time.

Always carry out this step after replacing the battery, and initialize the battery usage time. Refer to the separate "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations" for details on the operation methods.

[Caution] If the old battery is replaced because it has been used up, it is necessary to set the origin again. Refer to [Page 108, "5.6 Resetting the origin"](#) and reset the origin using the ABS origin method.

## 5.4 About Overhaul

Robots which have been in operation for an extended period of time can suffer from wear and other forms of deterioration. In regard to such robots, we define overhaul as an operation to replace parts running out of specified service life or other parts which have been damaged, so that the robots may be put back in shape for continued use. As a rule of thumb, it is recommended that overhaul be carried out before the total amount of servo-on time reaches the specified time (24,000 hours for the robot arm and 36,000 hours for the controller) (See Fig. 5-19.). However, the degree of the equipment's wear and deterioration presumably varies depending on their operating conditions. Especially for operation with high load and frequency, the maintenance cycle may be shorter. For details on the part selection for replacement and the timing of overhaul, contact your dealer.

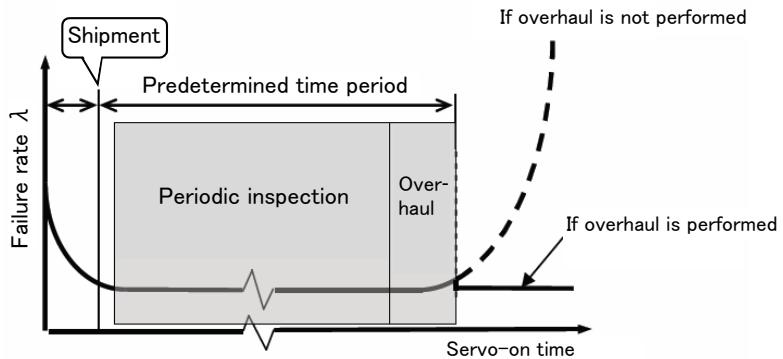


Fig.5-19 : Periodic inspection/overhaul periods

## 5.5 Maintenance parts

The consumable parts that must be replaced periodically are shown in [Table 5-7](#), and spare parts that may be required during repairs are shown in [Table 5-8](#). Purchase these parts from the dealer when required.

Some Mitsubishi-designated parts differ from the maker's standard parts. Thus, confirm the part name, robot arm and controller serial No. and purchase the parts from the dealer.

**Table 5-7 : Consumable part list**

No.	Part name	Type	Usage place	Q'ty	Supplier
1	Grease		Reduction gears of each axis	A small amount	Mitsubishi Electric
			Shaft	A small amount	
2	Lithium battery	ER6	Inside the battery cover		3
3	Liquefied gasket		Packing <sup>Note1)</sup>	A small amount	
<b>RH-3FH series</b>					
4	Timing belt		J3 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
5			J4 axis motor side	1	
6			J4 axis shaft side	1	
<b>RH-6FH series</b>					
7	Timing belt		J3 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
8			J4 axis motor side	1	
9			J4 axis shaft side	1	
<b>RH-12FH series</b>					
10	Timing belt		J3 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
11			J4 axis motor side	1	
12			J4 axis shaft side	1	
<b>RH-20FH series</b>					
13	Timing belt		J3 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
14			J4 axis motor side	1	
15			J4 axis shaft side	1	

Note1)The liquefied gasket is necessary for the place which uses two or more packings to connect.

**Table 5-8 : Spare parts list**

No.	Names	Usage place	Q'ty	Supplier
<b>RH-3FH series</b>				
1	AC servo motor	J1 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
2		J2 axis	1	
3		J3 axis	1	
4		J4 axis	1	
5	Reduction gears	J1 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
6		J2 axis	1	
7	Ball screw spline	J3 axis (general environment specification)	1	Mitsubishi Electric
8		J3 axis (clean and oil mist specification)	1	
9	Bellows	J3 axis (oil mist specification)	1	
10		J3 axis (clean specification)	1	
11	Liquid gasket	Bellows (clean specification)	An needed	

No.	Names	Usage place	Q'ty	Supplier
<b>RH-6FH series</b>				
1	AC servo motor	J1 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
2		J2 axis	1	
3		J3 axis	1	
4		J4 axis	1	
5	Reduction gears	J1 axis	1	
6		J2 axis	1	
7	Ball spline	J3 axis (general environment specification)	1	
8		J3 axis (clean and oil mist specification)	1	
9	Ball screw	J3 axis (general environment, clean and oil mist specification)	1	
10	Bellows	J3 axis (oil mist specification)	1	
11		J3 axis (clean specification)	1	
12	Liquid gasket	Bellows (clean specification)	A small amount	
<b>RH-12FH series</b>				
1	AC servo motor	J1 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
2		J2 axis	1	
3		J3 axis	1	
4		J4 axis	1	
5	Reduction gears	J1 axis	1	
6		J2 axis	1	
7	Ball spline	J3 axis (general environment specification)	1	
8		J3 axis (clean and oil mist specification)	1	
9	Ball screw	J3 axis (general environment, clean and oil mist specification)	1	
10	Bellows	J3 axis (oil mist specification)	1	
11		J3 axis (clean specification)	1	
12	Liquid gasket	Bellows (clean specification)	A small amount	
<b>RH-20FH series</b>				
1	AC servo motor	J1 axis	1	Mitsubishi Electric
2		J2 axis	1	
3		J3 axis	1	
4		J4 axis	1	
5	Reduction gears	J1 axis	1	
6		J2 axis	1	
7	Ball spline	J3 axis (general environment specification)	1	
8		J3 axis (clean and oil mist specification)	1	
9	Ball screw	J3 axis (general environment, clean and oil mist specification)	1	
10	Bellows	J3 axis (oil mist specification)	1	
11		J3 axis (clean specification)	1	
12	Liquid gasket	Bellows (clean specification)	A small amount	

## 5.6 Resetting the origin

The origin is set so that the robot can be used with a high accuracy. After purchasing the robot, always carry out this step before starting work. The origin must be reset if the combination of robot and controller being used is changed or if the motor is changed causing an encoder area. The origin setting methods and when each origin setting method is required are shown in [Table 5-9](#).

**Table 5-9 : Origin setting method**

No	Method	Explanation	Cases when setting the origin is required	Remarks
1	Origin data input method	The origin data set as the default is input from the T/B. Use this method at the initial startup.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• At the initial startup</li> <li>• When the controller is replaced</li> <li>• When the data is lost due to flat battery of the robot controller (when C7500 occurs)</li> </ul>	The setting method is explained in <a href="#">Page 29, "2.3 Setting the origin"</a> .
2	Jig method	The origin posture is set with the calibration jig installed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When a structural part of the robot (motor, reduction gear, timing belt, etc.) is replaced</li> <li>• When deviation occurred by a collision.</li> </ul>	The setting method is explained in <a href="#">Page 117, "5.6.2 Jig method"</a> .
3	Mechanical stopper method	This origin posture is set by contacting each axis against the mechanical stopper.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When a structural part of the robot (motor, reduction gear, timing belt, etc.) is replaced</li> <li>• When deviation occurred by a collision.</li> </ul>	The accuracy is lower than that of the jig method. The setting method is explained in <a href="#">Page 109, "5.6.1 Mechanical stopper method"</a> .
4	ABS origin method	This method is used when the encoder backup data lost in the cause such as battery cutting.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When the encoder data is lost due to flat battery of the robot arm (when H112n occurs)</li> </ul>	Before using this method, the origin must be set with the other method with same encoder. The setting method is explained in <a href="#">Page 122, "5.6.3 ABS origin method"</a> .
5	User origin method	A randomly designated position is set as the origin posture.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• When an arbitrary position is set as the origin</li> </ul>	Before using this method, the origin must be set with the other method. The setting method is explained in <a href="#">Page 126, "5.6.4 User origin method"</a> .

### [Caution]

- The origin is set using the jig method (No.2) at factory default.
- The value set with the jig method is encoded and used as the origin data to be input at the initial startup after shipment. When the robot arm does not mechanically deviate (for example caused by replacement of the reduction gear, motor, or timing belt) or does not lose the encoder data, the origin data input method at shipment can be used to set the origin.
- The origin data is inherent to the serial number of each robot arm.
- The ABS origin method is used to restore the previous data by aligning the triangular marks to each other for each axis to set the lost origin data.  
(Although the setting position is confirmed visually, deviations within a half rotation of the motor can be compensated.)

### [Remarks]

- The ABS origin method cannot be used when the robot arm mechanically deviates (for example caused by replacement of the reduction gear, motor, or timing belt).
  - After the origin setting is completed, move the robot arm to the position where the ABS marks align each other, and check that the displayed joint coordinates of the position are correct.
- For the details of the ABS mark position and the joint coordinates, refer to [Page 122, "5.6.3 ABS origin method"](#).

### 5.6.1 Mechanical stopper method

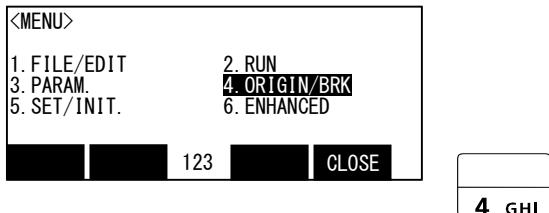
The method for setting the origin with the transportation jig is explained below.

This operation is carried out with the T/B. Set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL", and set the T/B [ENABLE] switch to "ENABLE" to validate the T/B.

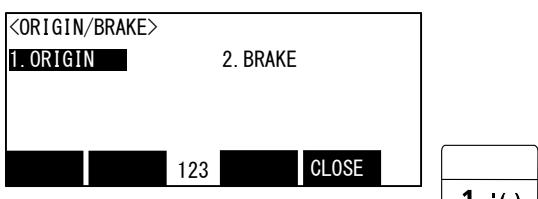


The brakes are released here, and the J3 axis (shaft) is moved with both hands.  
For safety purposes, the brakes must be released by two workers.

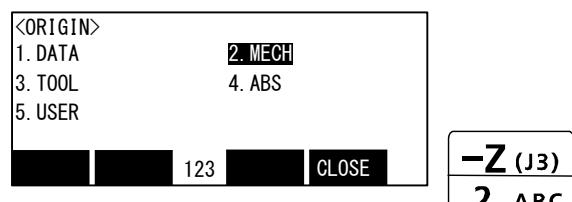
#### (1) J1 axis origin setting (mechanical stopper)



- 1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.

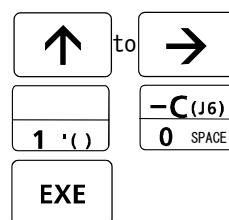
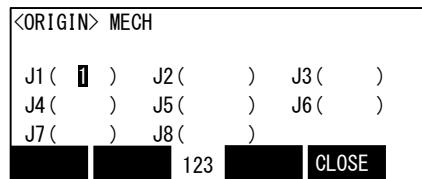


- 2) With both hands, slowly move the J1 axis in - (minus) direction, and contact the axis against the mechanical stopper.



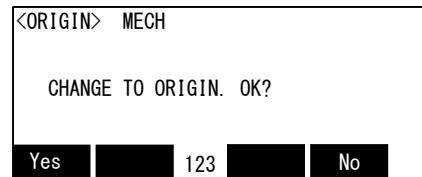
- 3) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

- 4) Press the [2] key, and display the Mechanical stopper selection screen.

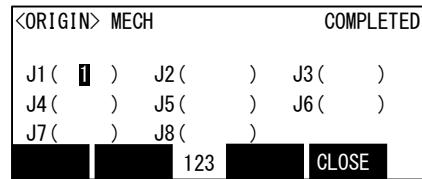


5) Input "1" into the J1 axis. Set "0" to other axes.

6) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



7) Press the [F1] key , and the origin position is set up.



8) Setting of the origin is completed.

9) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

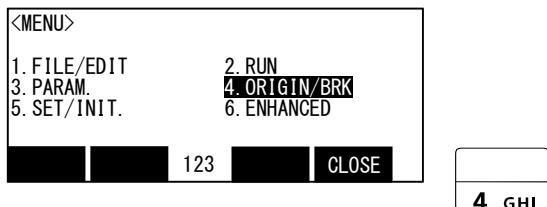
#### ◇◆◇ Release the brake ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The brakes can be released only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the brakes are not to be released, press the [0] key and display a "0". If the [F1] key on the teaching pendant or the enabling switch is detached while the brakes are released, the brakes will be work immediately.

#### ◇◆◇ Select the axis of origin setting ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The origin is set only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the origin is not to be set, press the [0] key and display a "0".

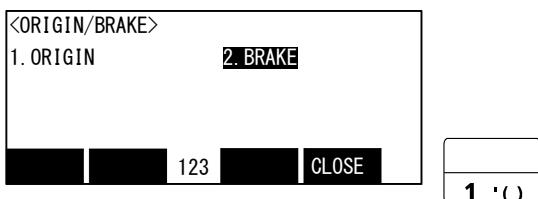
## (2) J2 axis origin setting (mechanical stopper)



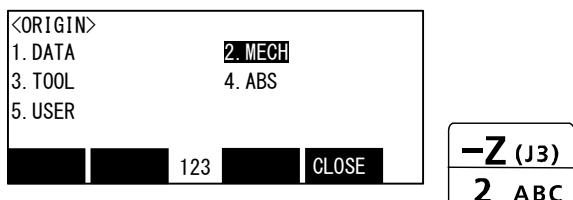
- 1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.



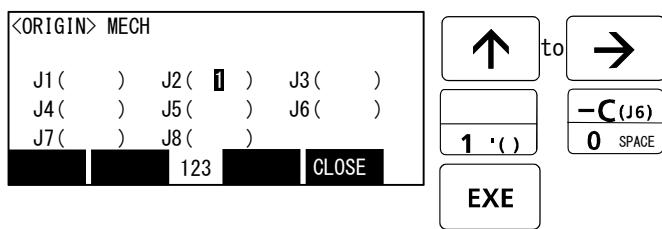
- 2) With both hands, slowly move the J2 axis in + (plus) direction, and contact the axis against the mechanical stopper.



- 3) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

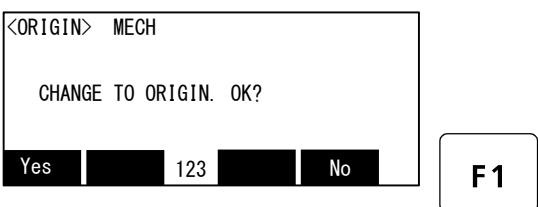


- 4) Press the [2] key, and display the Mechanical stopper selection screen.

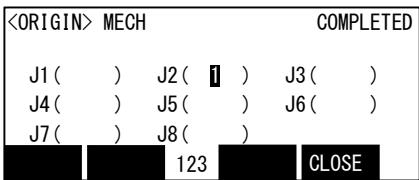


- 5) Input "1" into the J2 axis. Set "0" to other axes.

- 6) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



- 7) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.



8) Setting of the origin is completed.

9) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

#### ◇◆◇ Release the brake ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The brakes can be released only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the brakes are not to be released, press the [0] key and display a "0". If the [F1] key on the teaching pendant or the enabling switch is detached while the brakes are released, the brakes will work immediately.

#### ◇◆◇ Select the axis of origin setting ◇◆◇

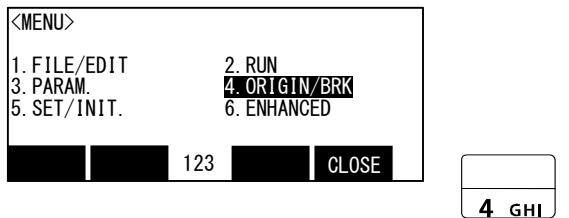
Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The origin is set only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the origin is not to be set, press the [0] key and display a "0".

## (3) J3 and J4 axis origin setting (mechanical stopper)

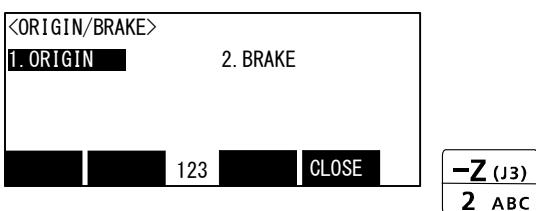
Always perform origin setting of the J3 axis and the J4 axis simultaneously.

In the RH-3FH series, if the wiring and piping is passed in the shaft, remove the No.2 arm cover U and operate the origin setting.

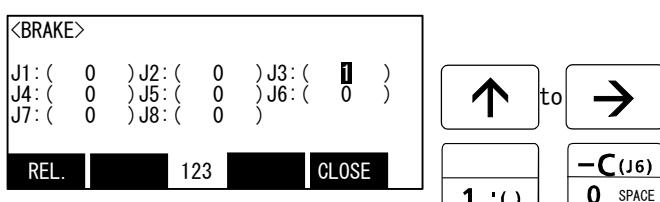
Note) If origin setting is carried out with the No.2 arm cover U installed, the origin may not be set up correctly because the wiring and the piping interfere with the No.2 arm cover U.



- 1) In the RH-3FH series, if the wiring and piping is passed in the shaft, removes the No.2 arm cover U referring the [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#). It is not necessary to remove the cover if wiring and piping is not passed, or if using the other robot.



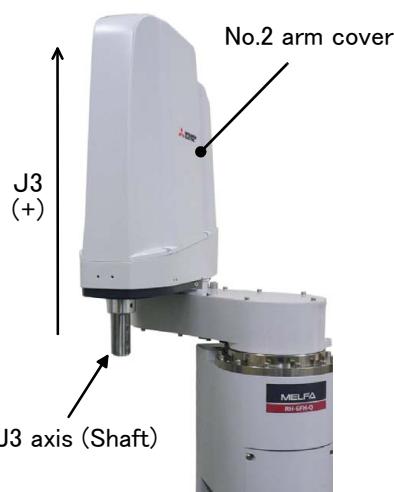
- 2) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.



- 3) Press the [2] key, and display the Break release selection screen.



- 4) Release the brake of the J3 axis.  
Input "1" into the J3 axis. Set "0" to other axes.



- 5) Confirm the axis for which the brakes are to be released.

- 6) Pressing the [F1] key is kept with the enabling switch of T/B pressed down. The brake is released while pressing the key.

Note) The brake of the axis shown below repeats release/lock at the interval in each about 200ms for dropping the J3 axis slowly.

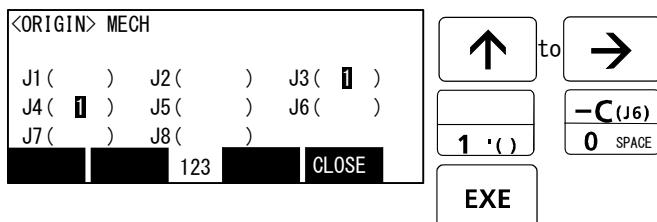
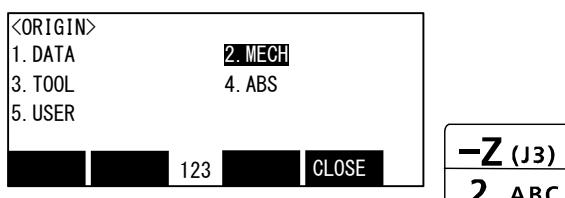
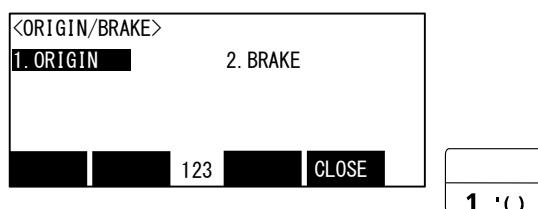
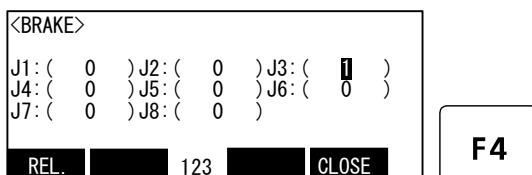
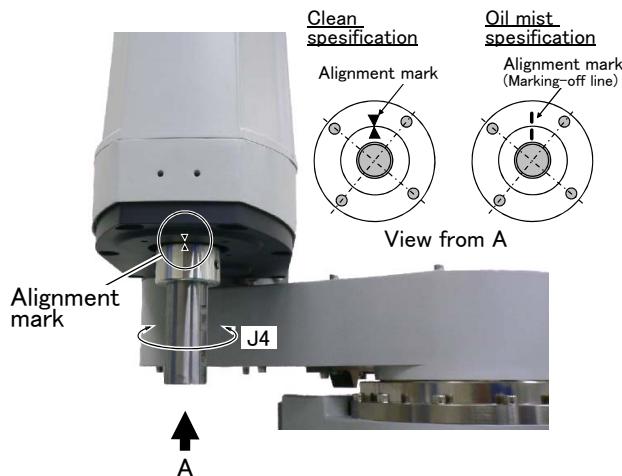
- 7) With both hands, slowly move the J3 axis in + (plus) direction, and contact the axis against the mechanical stopper.

## ⚠ CAUTION

For safety purposes, the step for releasing the brakes must be carried out by two workers. One worker must operate the T/B, and the other must support the J3 axis (shaft). When the brake is released, the J3 axis could drop with its own weight.

## ⚠ CAUTION

If [F1] key or enable switch of T/B is released, the brakes will be work immediately.



- 8) Hold the J4 axis with your hand and rotate it slowly to match the alignment marks.  
\*Move the J4 axis with maintaining the condition that the releasing brake of the J3 axis and the J3 axis contact to the mechanical stopper.

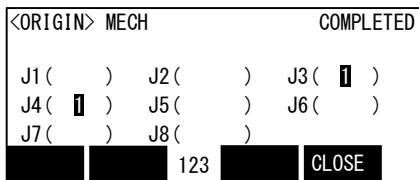
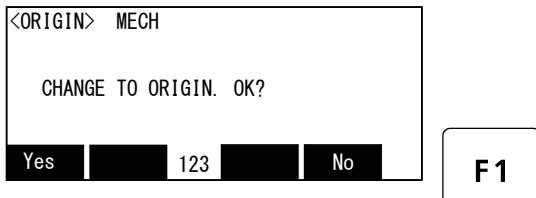
- 9) Detach the [F1] key and work the brake.  
Press the [F4] key and return to the origin / brake screen.

- 10) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

- 11) Press the [2] key, and display the Mechanical stopper selection screen.

- 12) Input "1" into the J3 and J4 axis. Set "0" to other axes.

- 13) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



14) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.

15) When No.2 arm cover U was removed, installs as before.

16) Setting of the origin is completed.

17) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

#### ◇◆◇ Release the brake ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The brakes can be released only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the brakes are not to be released, press the [0] key and display a "0". If the [F1] key on the teaching pendant or the enabling switch is detached while the brakes are released, the brakes will be work immediately.

#### ◇◆◇ Select the axis of origin setting ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The origin is set only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the origin is not to be set, press the [0] key and display a "0".

## (4) All axis origin setting



<ORIGIN/BRAKE>

<b>1. ORIGIN</b>	<b>2. BRAKE</b>
<b>123</b>	
<b>CLOSE</b>	

**1 '()**

<ORIGIN>

<b>1. DATA</b>	<b>2. MECH</b>
<b>3. TOOL</b>	<b>4. ABS</b>
<b>5. USER</b>	
<b>123</b>	
<b>CLOSE</b>	

**+Z (J3)**  
**3 DEF**

<ORIGIN> MECH

J1( <b>1</b> )	J2( <b>1</b> )	J3( <b>1</b> )
J4( <b>1</b> )	J5(      )	J6(      )
J7(      )	J8(      )	
<b>123</b>		
<b>CLOSE</b>		

**↑**            **→**  
**1 '()**        **-C(J6)**  
**EXE**            **0 SPACE**

<ORIGIN> MECH

CHANGE TO ORIGIN. OK?

<b>Yes</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>No</b>
------------	------------	-----------

**F1**

<ORIGIN> MECH    COMPLETED

J1( <b>1</b> )	J2( <b>1</b> )	J3( <b>1</b> )
J4( <b>1</b> )	J5(      )	J6(      )
J7(      )	J8(      )	
<b>123</b>		
<b>CLOSE</b>		

1) Refer to the paragraphs from [Page 109, "\(1\) J1 axis origin setting \(mechanical stopper\)"](#) to [Page 113, "\(3\) J3 and J4 axis origin setting \(mechanical stopper\)"](#) above for the description of how to adjust the origins of the J1 to J4 axes. Line up the ABS marks for the J4 axis and move the other axes into contact with the mechanical stoppers. At this point, the robot will have the posture shown below

2) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

3) Press the [2] key, and display the Mechanical stopper selection screen.

4) Input "1" into the J1 to J4 axis. Set "0" to other axes.

5) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.

6) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.

7) Setting of the origin is completed.

8) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

The origin settings are completed by the mechanical stopper method.

### 5.6.2 Jig method

This method is using the origin setting tool. If the origin setting tool is required, please ask nearby dealer. The reference figure of the origin setting tool is shown in Fig. 5-20.

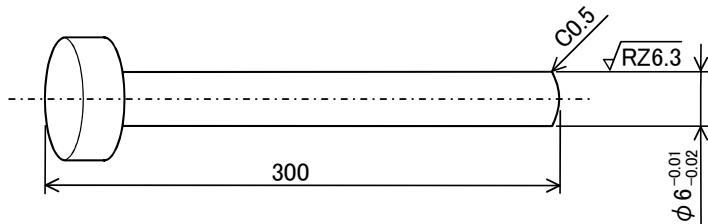


Fig.5-20 : Reference dimension of origin setting tool

The procedure of setting the origin with the origin setting tool is shown below.

This operation is carried out with the teaching pendant. Set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL", and set the [ENABLE] switch on the teaching pendant to "ENABLE" to enable the teaching pendant.

The origin setting can be performed for the target axis only instead of for all axes. Go to steps for the target axis to set the origin.

Do the following operations, pressing down the enabling switch of T/B lightly.

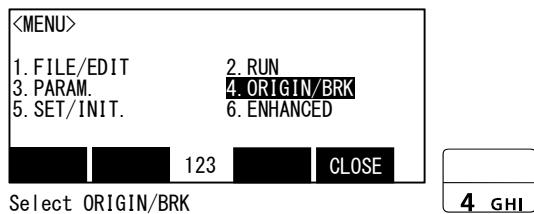


### CAUTION

In the following procedure, the J3 axis brake is released to move its shaft with both hands.

To ensure safety, the brake-release procedure should always be done by two persons.

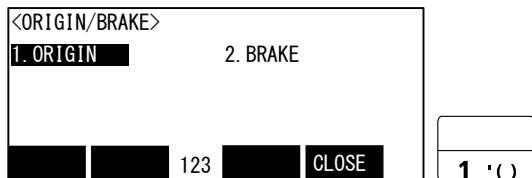
## (1) J1 axis origin setting



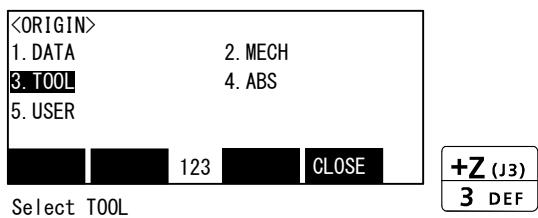
- 1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.



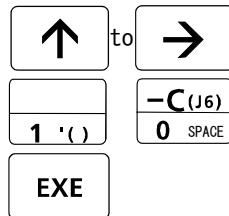
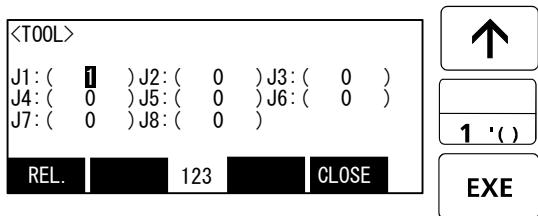
- 2) Move the J1 axis slowly toward the front using both hands. Align the pinhole of the No.1 arm and the pinhole at the base section, feed through the origin jig into the pinholes and fasten.



- 3) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

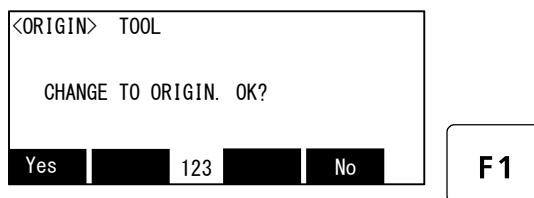


- 4) Press the [3] key, and display the Tool selection screen.

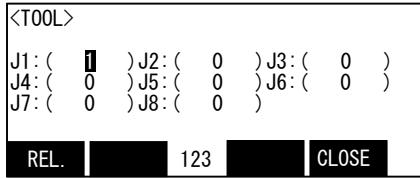


- 5) Input "1" into the J1 axis. Set "0" to other axes.

- 6) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



- 7) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.



8) Setting of the origin is completed.

9) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

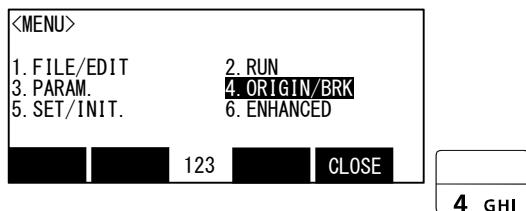
◇◆◇ Release the brake ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The brakes can be released only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the brakes are not to be released, press the [0] key and display a "0". If the [F1] key on the teaching pendant or the enabling switch is detached while the brakes are released, the brakes will work immediately.

◇◆◇ Select the axis of origin setting ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The origin is set only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the origin is not to be set, press the [0] key and display a "0".

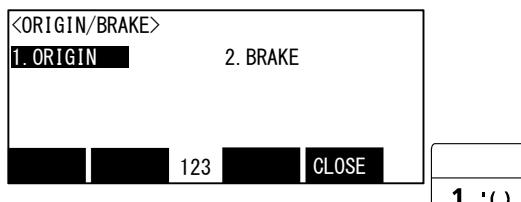
## (2) J2 axis origin setting



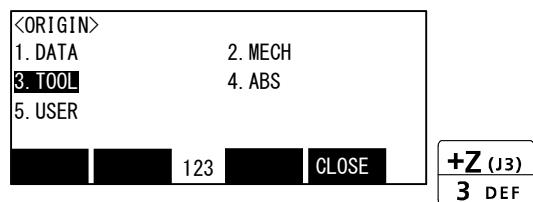
1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.

2) Slowly rotate the J2 axis 0 degree with both hands. And align the pinholes of the No. 1 and No. 2 arms, feed through the origin jig into the pinholes and fasten.

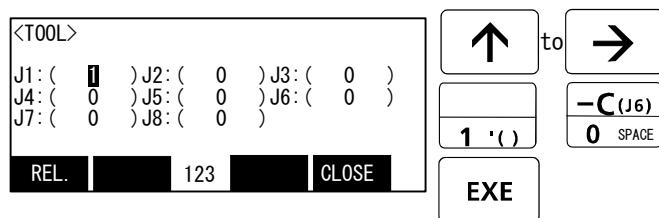
Note) RH-3FH/6FH series robot which have 350mm arm length have to be rotated in the direction of +90 degrees.



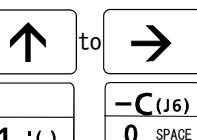
3) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.



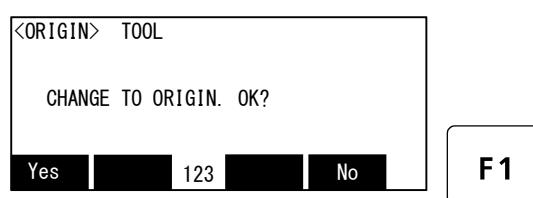
4) Press the [3] key, and display the Tool selection screen.



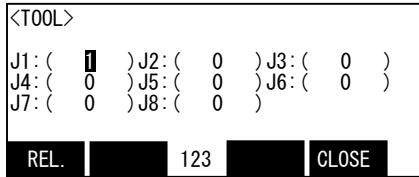
5) Input "1" into the J2 axis. Set "0" to other axes.



6) Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



7) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.



8) Setting of the origin is completed.

9) Refer to [Page 128, "5.6.5 Recording the origin data"](#) in this manual, and record the origin data on the origin data seal.

#### ◇◆◇ Release the brake ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The brakes can be released only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the brakes are not to be released, press the [0] key and display a "0". If the [F1] key on the teaching pendant or the enabling switch is detached while the brakes are released, the brakes will be work immediately.

#### ◇◆◇ Select the axis of origin setting ◇◆◇

Do cursor movement into the parenthesis of each axis by the arrow key. The origin is set only for the axis for which a "1" is displayed on the screen. If the origin is not to be set, press the [0] key and display a "0".

#### (3) J3 and J4 axis origin setting

Origin settings for the J3 and J4 axes must be performed at the same time.

The method of origin setting is the same as the mechanical stopper method. Refer to [Page 113, "\(3\) J3 and J4 axis origin setting \(mechanical stopper\)"](#), perform the required origin setting operations.

The origin settings are completed by the jig method.

### 5.6.3 ABS origin method

When the origin setting of the robot is performed for the first time, this product records the angular position of the origin within one rotation of the encoder as the offset value. If the origin setting is performed according to the ABS origin method, this value is used to suppress variations in the origin setting operations and to reproduce the initial origin position accurately.

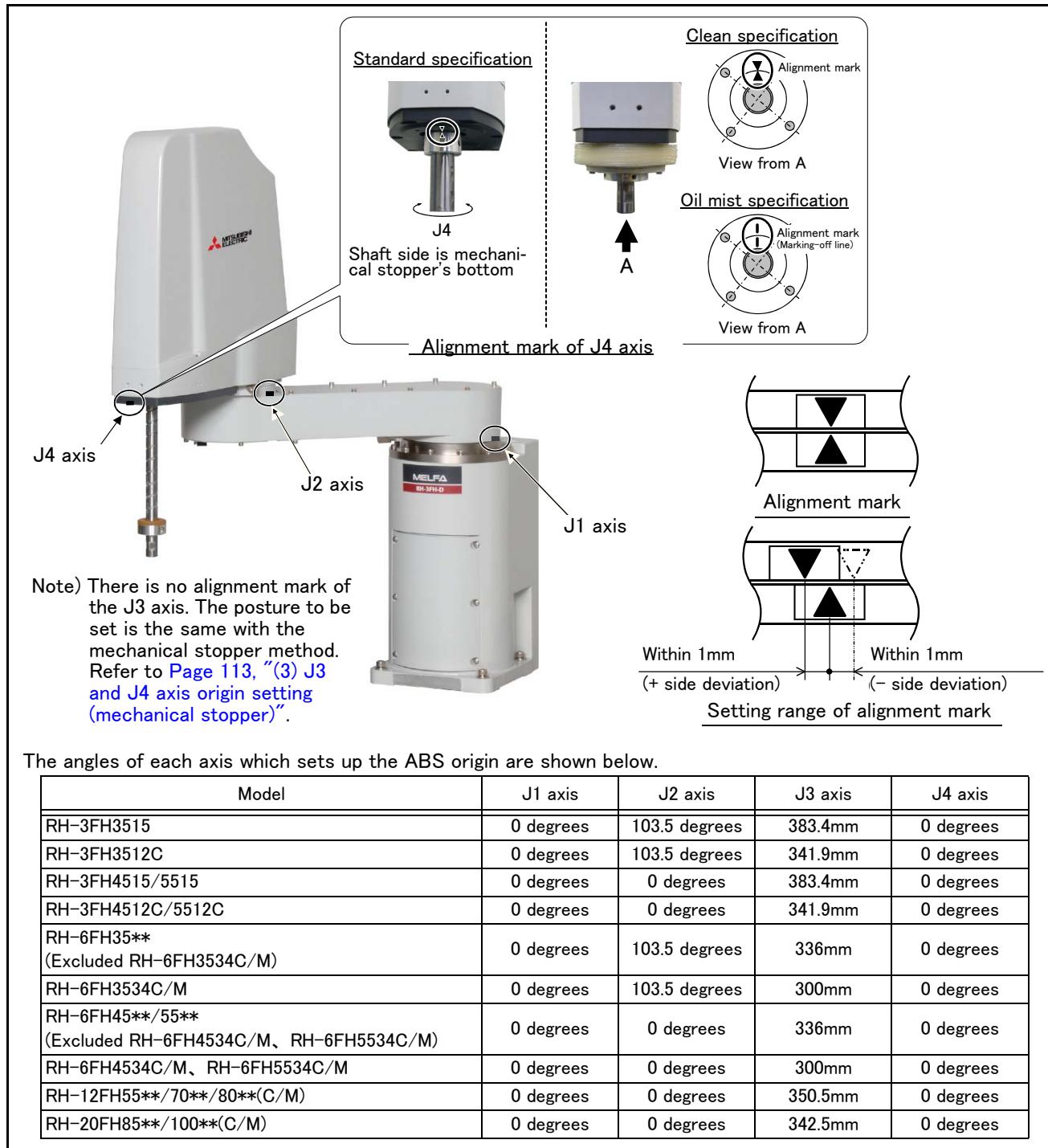
This operation is carried out with the teaching pendant. Set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL", and set the [ENABLE] switch on the teaching pendant to "ENABLE" to enable the teaching pendant.

First, set to the ABS mark arrow of the axis for which the origin is to be set with jog operation. This can be set for all axes simultaneously or each axis independently.

To align the ABS marks, view the robot from the front. The deviation between the end points of the two triangular marks must be 1 mm or less.

The positions where the ABS mark is attached are shown in below. Refer to [Page 36, "2.4 Confirming the operation"](#) for details on the jog operation.

Note that if the ABS marks are peeled off, the positions can be matched using the following alternative methods.  
\*Match the ruling lines of the ABS mark mounting position surfaces.



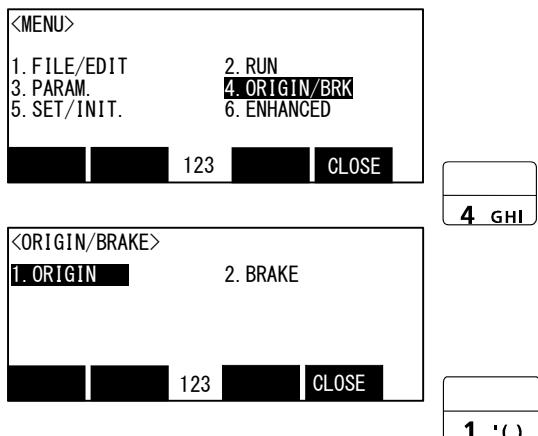
The angles of each axis which sets up the ABS origin are shown below.

Model	J1 axis	J2 axis	J3 axis	J4 axis
RH-3FH3515	0 degrees	103.5 degrees	383.4mm	0 degrees
RH-3FH3512C	0 degrees	103.5 degrees	341.9mm	0 degrees
RH-3FH4515/5515	0 degrees	0 degrees	383.4mm	0 degrees
RH-3FH4512C/5512C	0 degrees	0 degrees	341.9mm	0 degrees
RH-6FH35** (Excluded RH-6FH3534C/M)	0 degrees	103.5 degrees	336mm	0 degrees
RH-6FH3534C/M	0 degrees	103.5 degrees	300mm	0 degrees
RH-6FH45**/55** (Excluded RH-6FH4534C/M, RH-6FH5534C/M)	0 degrees	0 degrees	336mm	0 degrees
RH-6FH4534C/M, RH-6FH5534C/M	0 degrees	0 degrees	300mm	0 degrees
RH-12FH55**/70**/80** (C/M)	0 degrees	0 degrees	350.5mm	0 degrees
RH-20FH85**/100** (C/M)	0 degrees	0 degrees	342.5mm	0 degrees

Fig.5-21 : ABS mark attachment positions

The procedures for setting the origin with the ABS method are explained below.

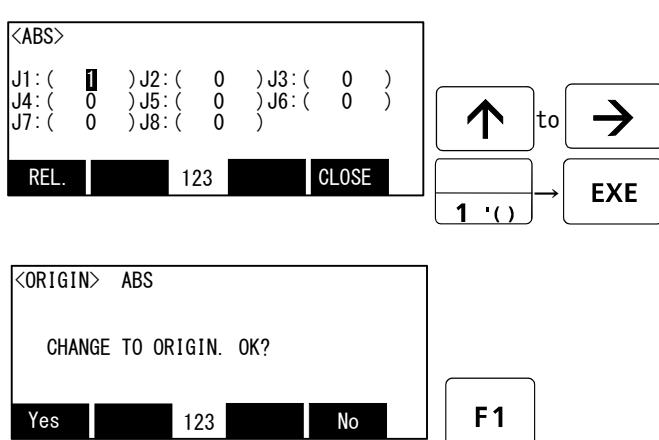
(1) Select the T/B



1) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.

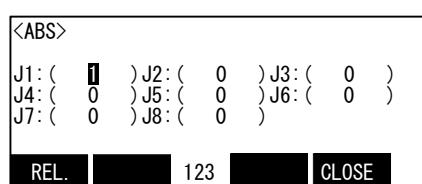
2) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

3) Press the [4] key, and display the ABS selection screen.



4) Input "1" into the axis to origin setting. Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.

5) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.



The origin settings are completed by the ABS method.



**CAUTION**

After setting the origin, when the joint coordinates of the ABS mark position deviate from the coordinates of the ABS origin by 1.5° or more, align the end points of the ABS marks and set the origin using the ABS origin method again.



## CAUTION

When the ABS mark label of the axis other than the J4 axis is peeled off, align the pinholes used to set the origin with the jig method. The joint coordinates are the same between the ABS origin method and the jig method.

### 5.6.4 User origin method

#### **CAUTION**

Before using this method, the origin must be set with the other method.

The setting method is explained in [Page 108, "Table 5-9 : Origin setting method"](#).

The procedure for setting the origin with the user origin method is explained below.

This operation is carried out with the teaching pendant. Set the mode of the controller to "MANUAL", and set the [ENABLE] switch on the teaching pendant to "ENABLE" to enable the teaching pendant.

The operation method is shown below.

When setting the origin for the first time using this method, carry out the operations in order from step 1). For the second and following time, move the robot arm to the user origin position with jog operation, and accurately position all axis. Then start the procedure from step 4).

#### 1) Determine the user origin position

Move the robot to the position to be set as the origin with jog operation. Refer to [Page 36, "2.4 Confirming the operation"](#) for details on the jog operation.

#### **CAUTION**

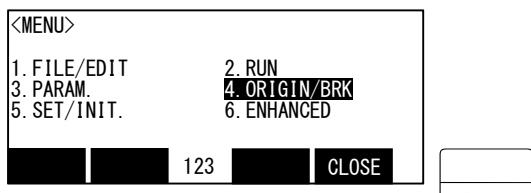
Choose the user origin position as the position where it doesn't move by the gravity.

This position is left as a guideline to position all axes with jog operation when setting the origin again with this method.

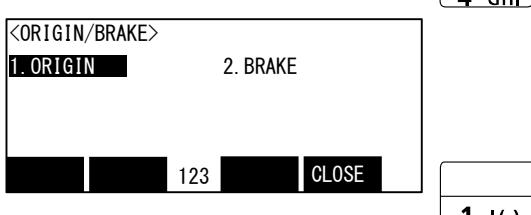
#### 2) Enter the JOINT jog mode, and display the joint coordinates on the teaching pendant screen. Record the value of the axis for which the origin is to be set.

#### 3) Input the value recorded in the "user designated origin parameter (USERORG)".

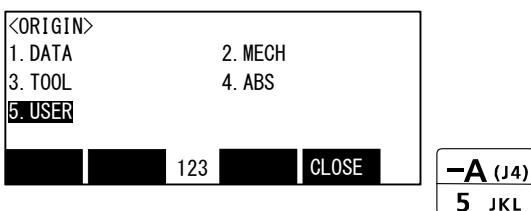
The parameter details and input methods are described in the separate "Instruction Manual/Detailed Explanation of Functions and Operations". Refer to that manual and input the user designated origin position.



4) Next, set the origin.  
Display the menu screen.

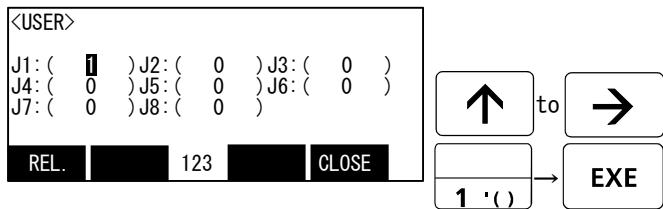


5) Press the [4] key on the menu screen, and display the Origin/Break selection screen.

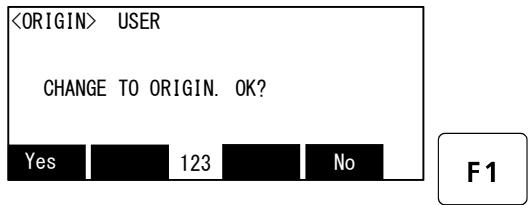


6) Press the [1] key, and display the Origin setting selection screen.

7) Press the [5] key, and display the User selection screen.



8) Input "1" into the axis to origin setting. Press the [EXE] key, and display Confirmation screen.



9) Press the [F1] key, and the origin position is set up.

The origin settings are completed by the user origin method.

### 5.6.5 Recording the origin data

When the origin has been set with the jig method, record that origin data on the origin data label. With this, the origin can be set with the origin data input method the next time.

Confirm the origin data on the teaching pendant screen (origin data input screen). The origin data label is enclosed with the arm or attached on the back of the battery cover.

The teaching pendant operation method and battery cover removal method for confirming the origin data is the same as the methods for setting the origin with the origin data input method. Refer to [Page 31, "2.3.2 Setting the origin with the origin data input method"](#), and write the origin data displayed on the teaching pendant onto the origin label.

#### (1) Confirming the origin data label

Remove the battery cover.

Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#), and remove the battery cover.

#### (2) Confirming the origin data

Confirm the value displayed on the teaching pendant's Origin Data Input screen.

Refer to [Page 31, "2.3.2 Setting the origin with the origin data input method"](#), "(5)Inputting the origin data" and display the Origin Data Input screen on the teaching pendant display screen.

#### (3) Recording the origin data

Write the origin data displayed on the teaching pendant to the origin data label attached to the back of the battery cover. Refer to [Page 31, "Fig.2-19 : Origin data label \(an example\)"](#), and [Page 34, "Fig.2-20 : Correspondence of origin data label and axis"](#) for details on the origin data label.

#### (4) Installing the battery cover

Install the battery cover removed in step "(1)Confirming the origin data label" above.

Refer to [Page 79, "5.3.2 Installing/removing the cover"](#), and replace the battery cover.

This completes the recording of the origin data.

## 6 Appendix

### Appendix 1 : Configuration flag

The configuration flag indicates the robot posture.

For the 6-axis type robot, the robot hand end is saved with the position data configured of X, Y, Z, A, B and C. However, even with the same position data, there are several postures that the robot can change to. The posture is expressed by this configuration flag, and the posture is saved with FL1 in the position constant (X, Y, Z, A, B, C) (FL1, FL2).

The types of configuration flags are shown below.

#### (1) RIGHT/LEFT

Indicates the location of the end axis relative to the line that passes through both the rotational center of the J1 axis and the rotational center of the J2 axis.

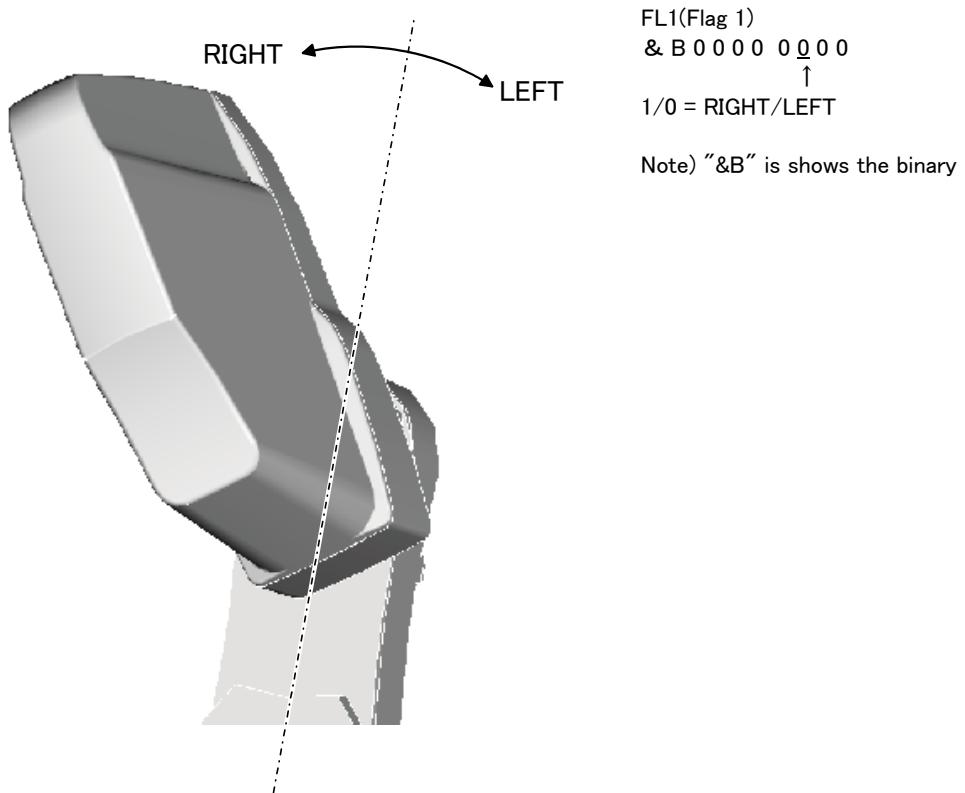


Fig.6-1 : Configuration flag (RIGHT/LEFT)



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