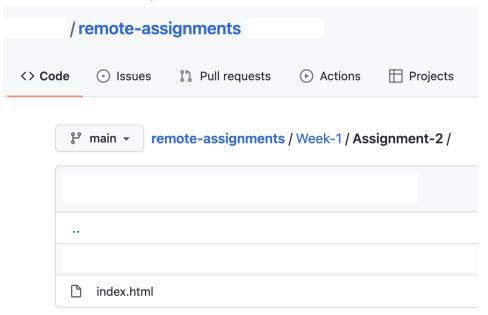
Remote Learning Assignment - Week 1

Assignment 1: Git and GitHub Page

Follow this <u>document</u> to host your own website on Github Page and take steps below to hand in your assignments:

- 1. Create a new repository named remote-assignments in your GitHub account.
- 2. Create folders in this repository for assignments of each week.
 - a. Create folder <u>Week-n</u> for week N. (N is an integer)
 - b. Under folder <u>Week-n</u>, create folder <u>Assignment-M</u> for all the files you like to submit in assignment M (M is an integer)
- 3. Manage and submit your work to GitHub by any Git tool.
- 4. For example of Week-1, Assignment-2:
 - a. Your Github Page link should look like: https://username.github.io/remote-assignments/Week-1/Assignment-2/
 - b. Your **Github repository** should look like:



Reminder: this assignment is very important for coming tasks in the next 3 weeks. You have to complete it anyway!

Remote Learning Assignment - Week 1

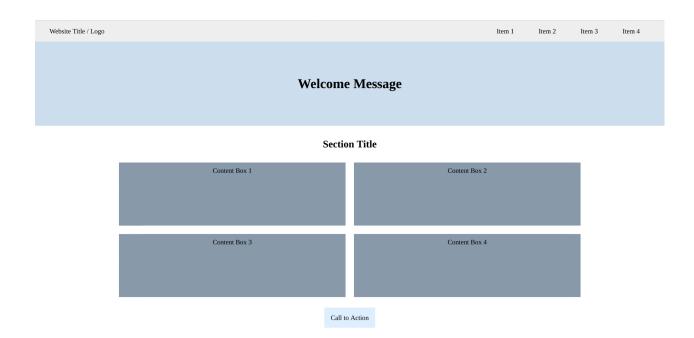
Assignment 2: Page Layout in pure HTML/CSS

Apply any HTML, CSS techniques <u>without</u> Bootstrap, JQuery or other libraries to accomplish following page layout requests.

Basic Principle: You can use <u>Chrome Device Mode</u> to get detail information about the web page.

Key Points:

- 1. Website Title / Logo in the navigator should align to the left.
- 2. Menu Items in the navigator should align to the right.
- 3. Total width of content boxes should be fixed in 1200px when screen width > 1200px.



Remote Learning Assignment - Week 1

Assignment 3: Python Basic

Your job is to complete the following two functions.

- 1. find_max: find the max value of an array of numbers.
- 2. find_position: find the first position of the target number inside an array of numbers. The position should be counted starting from 0, if you can't find the target, please return -1.

Reminder: you <u>cannot</u> use those built-in functions like max() and index() to complete this assignment, please implement it by yourself.

```
def find_max(numbers):
    # your code here

def find_position(numbers, target):
    # your code here

print(find_max([1, 2, 4, 5])); # should print 5
print(find_max([5, 2, 7, 1, 6])); # should print 7

print(find_position([5, 2, 7, 1, 6], 5)) # should print 0
print(find_position([5, 2, 7, 1, 6], 7)) # should print 2
print(find_position([5, 2, 7, 7, 7, 1, 6], 7)) # should print 2 (the first one)
print(find_position([5, 2, 7, 1, 6], 8)) # should print -1
```

Remote Learning Assignment - Week 1

Assignment 4: Algorithm Practice (Advanced Optional)

We created a function in Assignment 3 which can find the position of the target number inside an array of numbers. Actually, if the array was **Sorted** already, there is a beautiful algorithm called **Binary Search** which can do this job efficiently. You can try to lookup these keywords and learn the concept behind this algorithm and write the code by yourself.

For simplicity, you can assume that there are no duplicate numbers in the given array. It could be a bit of challenge if you haven't learned any algorithm before.

```
def binary_search_position(numbers, target):
    # your code here

print(binary_search_position([1, 2, 5, 6, 7], 1)) # should print 0
print(binary_search_position([1, 2, 5, 6, 7], 6)) # should print 3
```