

Jenkins Task-2

TASKS

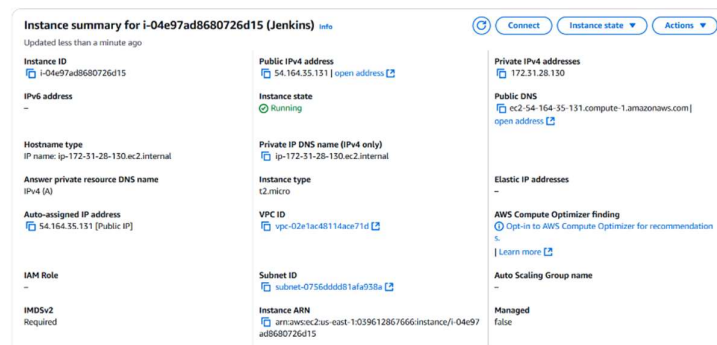
Work Flow:

- Create an EC2 instance with the help of AWS Management Console with linux OS of required configuration and ensure that where the instance type should be “t2.medium” and also configure an security group and edit an inbound traffic to “all traffic”.
- Now, Connect an EC2 instance with an help of Windows Terminal or Gitbash or Vbox.
- To connect an EC2 instance the command is:

- `ssh -i “key_file” ec2-user@“Public_IP_address”`

Key_file --- Key file of the instance with the extension .pem

Public_IP_address --- Public IP address of the instance.



1. **Create a simple script file and push it to repo. Create a project in Jenkins connected to your GitHub repository. When a commit is made to your repo, automatically build must get triggered from Jenkins and the output must be shared to me via email.**

Step 1: Install Java and Jenkins in EC2-instance

Install An Java Package :

- ✓ Before installing an Jenkins, we have to install an java package because where Jenkins are developed using java programming language, so we need an java package to run an jenkins. In this case java package installation is mandatory.
- ✓ To list the java package from an repository, The command is:
 - `yum list | grep java`

✓ Once you got an right package, now to install that java package, the command is:

- **sudo yum install java-21-amazon-corretto.x86_64**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo yum install java-21-amazon-corretto.x86_64
Amazon Linux 2023 Kernel Livepatch repository
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                               Architecture      Version           Repository        Size
-----
Installing:
java-21-amazon-corretto               x86_64            1:21.0.7+6-1.amzn2023.1  amazonlinux      214 k
Installing dependencies:
alsa-lib                              x86_64            1.2.7.2-1.amzn2023.0.2  amazonlinux      584 k
cairo                                  x86_64            1.18.0-4.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      718 k
dejavu-sans-fonts                     noarch            2.37-16.amzn2023.0.2    amazonlinux      1.3 M
dejavu-sans-mono-fonts                noarch            2.37-16.amzn2023.0.2    amazonlinux      467 k
dejavu-serif-fonts                   noarch            2.37-16.amzn2023.0.2    amazonlinux      1.0 M
fontconfig                             x86_64            2.13.94-2.amzn2023.0.2  amazonlinux      272 k
fontconfig-devel                     noarch            1:2.0.5-12.amzn2023.0.2  amazonlinux      9.5 k
freetype                              x86_64            2.13.2-5.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      423 k
glib2                                  x86_64            5.2.10-9.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      40 k
google-noto-fonts-common              noarch            20201206-2.amzn2023.0.2  amazonlinux      15 k
google-noto-sans-vf-fonts             noarch            20201206-2.amzn2023.0.2  amazonlinux      492 k
graphviz                               x86_64            1:2.14-9.amzn2023.0.2   amazonlinux      97 k
harfbuzz                              x86_64            7.0.0-2.amzn2023.0.2    amazonlinux      873 k
java-21-amazon-corretto-headless      x86_64            1:21.0.7+6-1.amzn2023.1  amazonlinux      96 M
javadoc-dejavu-fonts                  noarch            3.0-21.amzn2023.0.4     amazonlinux      10 k
langpacks-core-font-en                x86_64            1.1.1-3.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      76 k
libICE                                 x86_64            1.2.4-3.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      45 k
libX11                                x86_64            1.8.10-2.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      659 k
libX11-common                         noarch            1.8.10-2.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      147 k
libXau                                 x86_64            1.3.11-6.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      33 k
libXext                                x86_64            1.3.6-1.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      42 k
libXft                                 x86_64            1.8.2-1.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      42 k
libXft-render                          x86_64            1.1.5-6.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      16 k
libXrender                            x86_64            1.5.4-3.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      29 k
libXt                                  x86_64            0.9.11-6.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      20 k
libXt-devel                           x86_64            1.3.6-3.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      103 k
libXtst                                x86_64            1.2.5-1.amzn2023.0.1    amazonlinux      22 k
libbrotli                             x86_64            1.0.9-4.amzn2023.0.2    amazonlinux      315 k
libjpeg-turbo                         x86_64            2.1.4-2.amzn2023.0.5    amazonlinux      190 k
libpng                                 x86_64            2:1.6.37-10.amzn2023.0.6  amazonlinux      128 k
libxkb                                x86_64            1.19.0-1.amzn2023.0.1   amazonlinux      235 k
=====
```

Install An Jenkins :

- ✓ To install an Jenkins in linux machine go to an official website by using below link.
- ✓ Link : <https://www.jenkins.io/doc/book/installing/linux/#red-hat-centos>
- ✓ Now you can see the instructions given in the official page to install an Jenkins, follow all the steps to install.
- ✓ And also where the command as given below to install an Jenkins from an official Page, run all the commands in your linux machine one by one.

- **sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo \ <https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.repo>**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo wget -O /etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo \
https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.repo
--2025-06-02 16:28:10-- https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.repo
Resolving pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)... 146.75.34.133, 2a00:4e42:78::645
Connecting to pkg.jenkins.io (pkg.jenkins.io)[146.75.34.133]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 85
Saving to: '/etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo'

/etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo 100%[=====] 85 --.-KB/s in 0s
2025-06-02 16:28:10 (2.52 MB/s) - '/etc/yum.repos.d/jenkins.repo' saved [85/85]
```

- **sudo rpm --import https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key**
- **sudo yum upgrade**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo rpm --import https://pkg.jenkins.io/redhat-stable/jenkins.io-2023.key
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo yum upgrade
Jenkins-stable
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
```

- **sudo yum install fontconfig**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo yum install fontconfig
Last metadata expiration check: 0:00:35 ago on Mon Jun 2 16:28:46 2025.
Package fontconfig-2.13.94-2.amzn2023.0.2.x86_64 is already installed.
Dependencies resolved.
Nothing to do.
Complete!
```

- **sudo yum install Jenkins**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo yum install jenkins
Last metadata expiration check: 0:00:52 ago on Mon Jun 2 16:28:46 2025.
Dependencies resolved.
=====
Package                Architecture      Version           Repository        Size
-----
Installing:
jenkins                noarch            2.504.2-1.1      jenkins           90 M
Transaction Summary
-----
Install 1 Package
```

- `sudo systemctl daemon-reload`
- ✓ To start and enable an jenkins service, The command is:
 - `sudo systemctl start jenkins`
 - `sudo systemctl enable jenkins`
- ✓ To check the status of the jenkins service, The command is:
 - `sudo systemctl status Jenkins`

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo systemctl enable jenkins
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/jenkins.service → /usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service.
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo systemctl start jenkins
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo systemctl status jenkins
jenkins.service - Jenkins Continuous Integration Server
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/jenkins.service; enabled; preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since Mon 2025-06-02 16:30:53 UTC; 8s ago
Main PID: 26499 (java)
Tasks: 45 (limit: 1111)
Memory: 389.1M
CPU: 15.887s
CGroup: /system.slice/jenkins.service
└─26499 /usr/bin/java -Djava.awt.headless=true -jar /usr/share/java/jenkins.war --webroot=/var/cache/jenkins/war --httpPort=8080
```

Step 2: Access Jenkins through an web browser.

- ✓ To accessing an Jenkins through an web browser copy / paste the public IP along with the localhost(:8080), The format is given below:
 - <http://54.226.235.178:8080>

Getting Started

Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log (not sure where to find it?) and this file on the server:

```
/var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
```

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

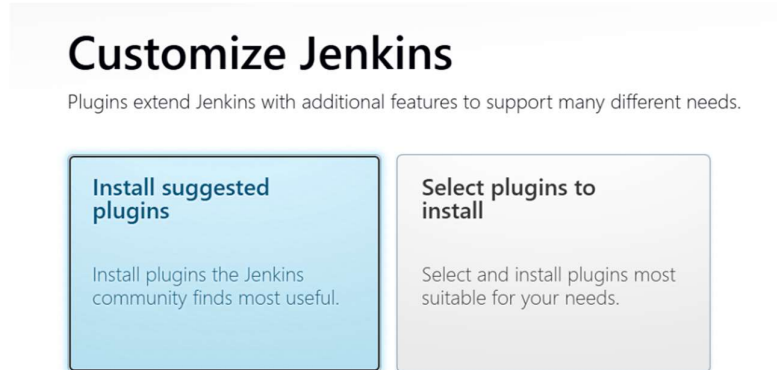
Administrator password

- ✓ To get an initial admin password run an below command it will give you an password for an initial login, The command is:
 - `sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword`

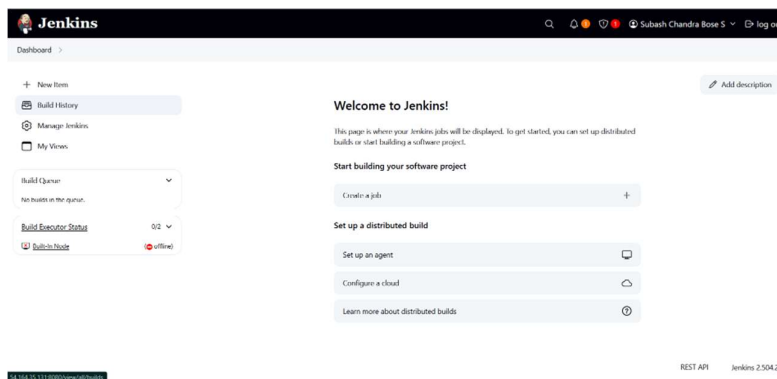
```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$ sudo cat /var/lib/jenkins/secrets/initialAdminPassword
546b30aa1de04c7ab7d27763e4578152
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-28-130 ~]$
```

- ✓ Now copy and paste the password into the Jenkins UI to unlock.

- ✓ Now it will ask you to select an customize plugins, you can choose “Install suggested plugins”.



- ✓ And then it will move you to create an your first admin user account, Once created it will move you to the Jenkins dashboard.



Step 3: Create a Simple Script and Push to GitHub.

- ✓ To create an new scripting file and push to github, so first create an directory and move to the directory, the command is:
 - **mkdir jenkins-github-demo**
 - **cd jenkins-github-demo**
- ✓ Now create an bash scripting file and add an permission to it, The command is:
 - **touch build.sh**
 - **vi build.sh**

```
#!/bin/bash  
  
echo 'Hello from jenkins build!'  
  
~
```

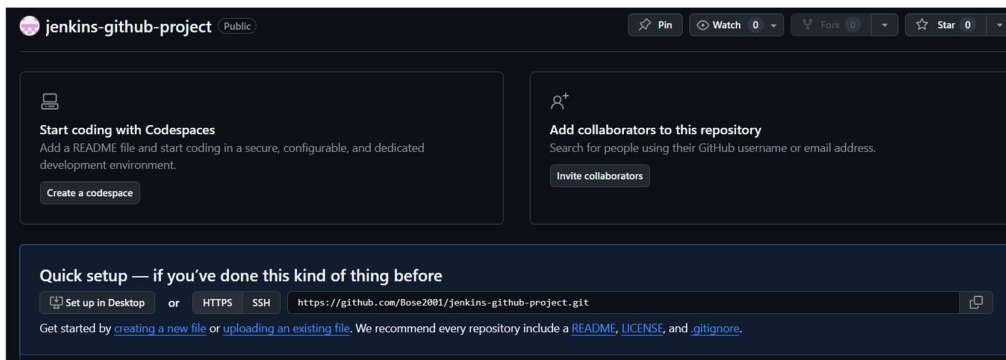
- ✓ To add an permission for this bash scripting file, the command is:

- **chmod +x build.sh**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 ~]$ mkdir jenkins-github-demo
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 ~]$ cd jenkins-github-demo
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ touch build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ vi build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ ls
build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ |
```

Step 4: Initialize Git and Push to GitHub

- ✓ Before pushing an bash script in remote git repo we have to create one new repo to push the bash script to it.



- ✓ To initialize an git and add an bash script file to the git, the command is:

- **git init**
- **git add build.sh**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git add build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git commit -m "Initial commit with script"
[master (root-commit) 2f10cd7] Initial commit with script
Committer: EC2 Default User <ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145.ap-south-1.compute.internal>
Your name and email address were configured automatically based
on your username and hostname. Please check that they are accurate.
You can suppress this message by setting them explicitly. Run the
following command and follow the instructions in your editor to edit
your configuration file:

    git config --global --edit

After doing this, you may fix the identity used for this commit with:

    git commit --amend --reset-author

1 file changed, 5 insertions(+)
create mode 100755 build.sh
```

- ✓ [ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]\$ | And commit

the file to the git and give an branch for an file to store in an git, the command is:

- **git commit -m "Initial commit with script"**
- **git branch -M main**

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git add build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git commit -m "Initial commit with script"
[master (root-commit) 2f10cd7] Initial commit with script
Committer: EC2 Default User <ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145.ap-south-1.compute.internal>
Your name and email address were configured automatically based
on your username and hostname. Please check that they are accurate.
You can suppress this message by setting them explicitly. Run the
following command and follow the instructions in your editor to edit
your configuration file:

    git config --global --edit

After doing this, you may fix the identity used for this commit with:

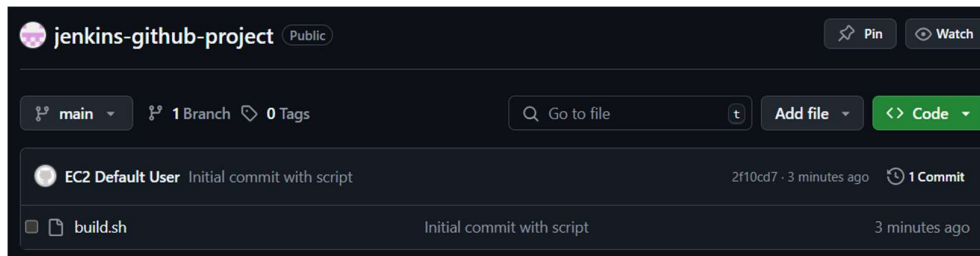
    git commit --amend --reset-author

1 file changed, 5 insertions(+)
create mode 100755 build.sh
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ |
```

✓ Finally, to push an entire bash scripting file from local to remote git , the command is:

- **git remote add origin https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git**
- **git push -u origin main**

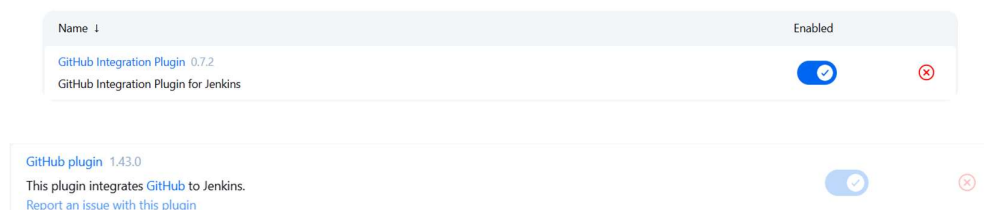
```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git remote add origin https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ git push -u origin main
Username for 'https://github.com': Bose2001
Password for 'https://Bose2001@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 3, done.
Counting objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 301 bytes | 301.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
To https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git
 * [new branch]    main -> main
branch 'main' set up to track 'origin/main'.
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-7-145 jenkins-github-demo]$ |
```



Step 5: Configure Jenkins for GitHub Project

✓ To perform an task requirements, we have to install an required plugins to perform an required task, the plugins are:

- **GitHub Integration**
- **GitHub plugin**
- **Email Extension Plugin**
- **Pipeline or Freestyle project type (if not present)**







Step 5: Configure Jenkins Credentials

- ✓ To configure an Jenkins credentials and add an github credentials, the only we can able to access an github account.
- ✓ To add an credentials in Jenkins, follow the below path to configure.
 - **Manage Jenkins → Credentials → System → Global → Add Credentials**
- ✓ Now select an option called username with password and follow the below step.
 - **Username** = GitHub username
 - **Password** = GitHub personal access token (PAT)

Global credentials (unrestricted)

[+ Add Credentials](#)

Credentials that should be available irrespective of domain specification to requirements matching.

ID	Name	Kind	Description
 Github-pw	Bose2001/***** (github password)	Username with password	github password 

Step 6: Create Jenkins Job and Connect to GitHub

- ✓ **Create Freestyle Project**
 - Go to Jenkins Dashboard → New Item → Freestyle project
 - Name: github-auto-build
 - Click OK
- ✓ **Configure GitHub Source**
 - Under Source Code Management, select Git
 - Enter your repo URL: <https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git>
 - Select the credentials you created

Source Code Management

Connect and manage your code repository to automatically pull the latest code for your builds.

☐ None

☒ Git ?

Repositories ?

Repository URL ?

<https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git>

Credentials ?

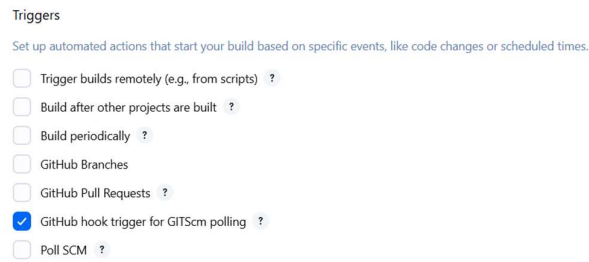
Bose2001/***** (github password)

+ Add

Advanced ▾

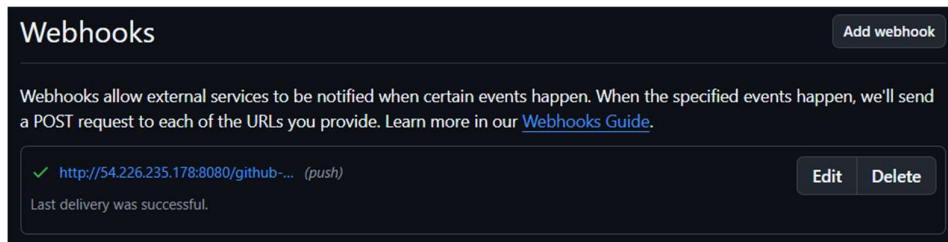
✓ Add Build Trigger

- Enable GitHub hook trigger for GITScm polling



Step 7: Set Up GitHub Webhook

- ✓ Here webhook is used for an automation, which means, if we change anything in our bash scripting file, it will automatically trigger and build an job automatically.
- ✓ Now to enable an webhook in github go to settings and click add webhook
- ✓ Give an payload an URL as <http://54.226.235.178:8080/github-webhook/>
- ✓ Give an content type as application/json.
- ✓ Give an events as Just the push event and save it.



Step 8: Add Build Step

- ✓ This step tells Jenkins what to do after pulling the latest code from your GitHub repository.
- ✓ Where Jenkins can only able to pull an latest code from an github, so now we have to run that latest code.so here we are adding an build step.
- ✓ Under Build, click Add build step → Execute shell.
 - **bash build.sh**



Step 9: Configure Email Notification

- ✓ Now to enable an email notification from Jenkins, we have to configure SMTP in Jenkins
- ✓ **Configure SMTP in Jenkins**
 - Go to **Manage Jenkins** → **Configure System**:
 - SMTP server: smtp.gmail.com
 - Use SMTP Authentication: Yes
 - Username: your Gmail ID
 - Password: App Password (not your Gmail password)
 - Use SSL: Yes
 - SMTP Port: 465
 - Sender Email Address: your Gmail ID
- ✓ Click **Test configuration by sending test e-mail** to verify.

Extended E-mail Notification

SMTP server
smtp.gmail.com

SMTP Port
465

Advanced ^ Edited

Credentials
ssubashchandrabose2001@gmail.com/***** (Gmail password) v

+ Add

☒ Use SSL

☒ Test configuration by sending test e-mail

Test e-mail recipient
ssubashganesh2512@gmail.com

Email was successfully sent

Test configuration

✓ **Add Email Notification to Job**

In your Jenkins job config:

- Post-build Actions → Add → Editable Email Notification
- Recipient list: your_email@example.com

Project Recipient List ?

Comma-separated list of email address that should receive notifications for this project.

ssubashganesht2512@gmail.com

Project Reply-To List ?

Comma-separated list of email address that should be in the Reply-To header for this project.

ssubashchandrabose2001@gmail.com

- Default Subject: Jenkins Build: \$PROJECT_NAME - \$BUILD_STATUS
- Default Content:

Greetings From Jenkins,

Project: \$PROJECT_NAME
Build Status: \$BUILD_STATUS
Console Output: \$BUILD_URL/console

Content Type ?

Default Content Type

Default Subject ?

Jenkins Build: \$PROJECT_NAME - \$BUILD_STATUS

Default Content ?

Greetings From Jenkins,

Project: \$PROJECT_NAME
Build Status: \$BUILD_STATUS
Console Output: \$BUILD_URL/console

- ✓ Now all add an trigger with an Always, it will help to trigger an email to your given email address.

≡ Always ?

Send To

≡ Developers ?

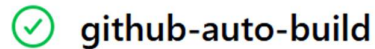
≡ Recipient List ?

Add ▾

Advanced ▾

Step 10: Test the Setup

- ✓ Make a change in your GitHub repo (like edit build.sh).
- ✓ Now Commit and push.
- ✓ Where setup should:
 - Trigger Jenkins build automatically.
 - Send an email with build result.



Permalinks

- [Last build \(#3\), 1 min 8 sec ago](#)
- [Last stable build \(#3\), 1 min 8 sec ago](#)
- [Last successful build \(#3\), 1 min 8 sec ago](#)
- [Last completed build \(#3\), 1 min 8 sec ago](#)

✓ Console Output

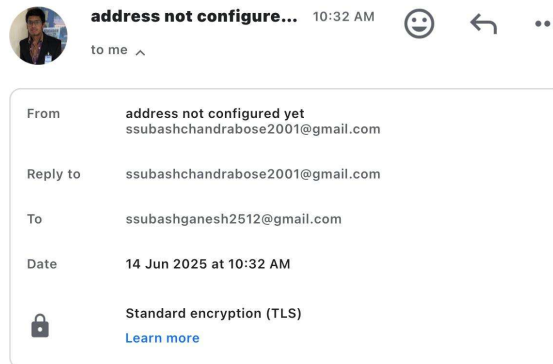
[Download](#)[Copy](#)[View as plain text](#)

```
Started by GitHub push by Bose2001
Running as SYSTEM
Building in workspace /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/github-auto-build
The recommended git tool is: NONE
using credential Github-pw
> git rev-parse --resolve-git-dir /var/lib/jenkins/workspace/github-auto-build/.git # timeout=10
Fetching changes from the remote Git repository
> git config remote.origin.url https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git # timeout=10
Fetching upstream changes from https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git
> git --version # timeout=10
> git --version # 'git version 2.47.1'
using GIT_ASKPASS to set credentials github password
> git fetch --tags --force --progress -- https://github.com/Bose2001/jenkins-github-project.git +refs/heads/*:refs/remotes/origin/* #
timeout=10
> git rev-parse refs/remotes/origin/main^{commit} # timeout=10
Checking out Revision bc33c5782690dc99bc75ff0bae92ebc9fbb814ca (refs/remotes/origin/main)
> git config core.sparsecheckout # timeout=10
> git checkout -f bc33c5782690dc99bc75ff0bae92ebc9fbb814ca # timeout=10
Commit message: "Testing the autobuild"
First time build. Skipping changelog.
No emails were triggered.
```

```
[github-auto-build] $ /bin/sh -xe /tmp/jenkins10885803123468064696.sh
+ bash build.sh
Hello from jenkins build!
This is a test change for Jenkins auto build
This is a test change for Jenkins auto build 1
Email was triggered for: Always
Sending email for trigger: Always
Sending email to: ssubashganesh2512@gmail.com
Finished: SUCCESS
```

- ✓ Once the build gets success, where we will receive an email and also we can check with an console output.

- ✓ This is an email where received from Jenkins ,once the Jenkins is triggered to build an job for an latest bash script.



***** **TASK COMPLETED** *****