

$$\underline{\text{Ex. 1:}} \quad (1) \quad f(x) = (x+2)^2 \quad f'(x) = 2(x+2) \cdot \underbrace{(x+2)}_{=1+0}^1 = 2x+4 \quad f''(x) = (f'(x))^1 = (2x+4)^1 = 2$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = x^3 + 5^x \cdot \cos(x) \quad f'(x) = 3x^2 + 5^x \cdot \ln(5) \cdot \cos(x) + 5^x \cdot (-\sin(x)) = \\ = 3x^2 + 5^x (\ln(5) \cdot \cos(x) - \sin(x))$$

$$f''(x) = 6x + 5^x \cdot \ln(5) (\ln(5) \cdot \cos(x) - \sin(x)) + 5^x (\ln(5)(-\sin(x)) - \cos(x))$$

(3)

$$f(x) = (x^2+1)^{\cos(x)} = \left(e^{\ln(x^2+1)}\right)^{\cos(x)} = e^{\ln(x^2+1) \cdot \cos(x)}$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\ln(x^2+1) \cdot \cos(x)} \cdot (\ln(x^2+1) \cdot \cos(x))^1 = e^{\ln(x^2+1) \cdot \cos(x)} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot \frac{(x^2+1)^1}{(2x+0)\cos(x)}\right) \\ + \ln(x^2+1) \cdot (-\sin(x)) = e^{\ln(x^2+1) \cdot \cos(x)} \left(\frac{2x \cdot \cos(x)}{x^2+1} - \ln(x^2+1) \cdot \sin(x)\right)$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \ln(x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1} \cdot (x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)^1 = \frac{3x^2 + 6x + 3}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1}$$

$$f''(x) = (f'(x))^1 = \frac{(6x+6)(x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1) - (3x^2 + 6x + 3)^2}{(x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)^2}$$

$$(3x^2 + 6x + 3)^1 = 6x + 6$$

$$(x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)^1 = 3x^2 + 6x + 3$$

$$(5) \quad f(x) = \tan(x^2) \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{\cos^2(x^2)} \cdot 2x = \frac{2x}{\cos^2(x^2)}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{2 \cdot \cos^2(x^2) - 2x \cdot [2 \cdot \cos(x^2) \cdot (-\sin(x^2))] \cdot 2x}{\cos^4(x^2)} = (\cos^2(x^2))'$$

$$(6) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2}{\log_5(x)} \quad f'(x) = \frac{2x \cdot \log_5(x) - x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x \cdot \ln(5)}}{(\log_5(x))^2}$$

$$(7) \quad f(x) = \cos(\sin(x) + 1) \quad f'(x) = -\sin(\sin(x) + 1) \cdot \cos(x)$$

$$f''(x) = -\cos(\sin(x) + 1) \cdot \cos(x) \cdot \cos(x) + (-\sin(\sin(x) + 1)) \cdot (-\sin(x))'$$

$$(8) \quad f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x} \cdot \ln(x)}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \ln(x) + \sqrt{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{\ln(x)}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x} \cdot 2\sqrt{x} - \ln(x) \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{(2\sqrt{x})^2} + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot x^{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$(9) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 4}{(x+2)^3} = \frac{(x+2)^2}{(x+2)^3} = \frac{1}{x+2} = (x+2)^{-1}$$

$$f'(x) = (-1)(x+2)^{-2} \cdot (x+2)^1 = (-1) \cdot (x+2)^{-2} = \frac{-1}{(x+2)^2}$$

$$f''(x) = (-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot (x+2)^{-3} = 2 \cdot (x+2)^{-3} = \frac{2}{(x+2)^3}$$

$$(10) \quad f(x) = (x^3 + 1)^{x^3 + 1} = \left(e^{\ln(x^3 + 1)}\right)^{x^3 + 1} = e^{(x^3 + 1) \cdot \ln(x^3 + 1)}$$

$$f'(x) = e^{(x^3 + 1) \cdot \ln(x^3 + 1)} \cdot ((x^3 + 1) \cdot \ln(x^3 + 1))' =$$

$$= e^{(x^3 + 1) \cdot \ln(x^3 + 1)} \left( \underbrace{3x^2}_{(x^3 + 1)^1} \cdot \ln(x^3 + 1) + (x^3 + 1) \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{x^3 + 1} \cdot 3x^2}_{(\ln(x^3 + 1))'} \right)$$

$$(11) \quad f(x) = 3^{x+1} \cdot \sinh(x^4 + 2x)$$

$$f'(x) = 3^{x+1} \cdot \ln(3) \cdot \underbrace{(x+1)' = 1}_{\ln(3)} \cdot \sinh(x^4 + 2x) + 3^{x+1} \cdot \cosh(x^4 + 2x) \cdot (4x^3 + 2)$$

$$(12) \quad f(x) = x^x = (e^{\ln(x)})^x = e^{x \cdot \ln(x)}$$

$$f'(x) = e^{x \cdot \ln(x)} \cdot (x \cdot \ln(x))' = e^{x \ln(x)} \left( \frac{x}{1} \cdot \ln(x) + x \cdot \frac{1}{x} \right) = e^{x \cdot \ln(x)} (\ln(x) + 1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} f''(x) &= (e^{x \cdot \ln(x)})' \cdot (\ln(x) + 1) + e^{x \ln(x)} \cdot (\ln(x) + 1)' = \\ &= e^{x \cdot \ln(x)} \cdot (\ln(x) + 1)^2 + e^{x \ln(x)} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$(13) \quad f(x) = \arctan(x) \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$f''(x) = ((1+x^2)^{-1})' = (-1) \cdot (1+x^2)^{-2} \cdot \frac{(1+x^2)'}{2x} = \frac{-2x}{(1+x^2)^2} \quad \text{or}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2} = \frac{0 \cdot (1+x^2) - 1 \cdot \frac{(1+x^2)'}{2x}}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{-2x}{(1+x^2)^2}$$

$$(14) \quad f(x) = \cosh(3x+1) \quad f'(x) = \sinh(3x+1) \cdot \frac{(3x+1)'}{3}$$

$$f''(x) = 3 \cdot \cosh(3x+1) \cdot \frac{(3x+1)'}{3} = 9 \cdot \cosh(3x+1)$$

$$(15) \quad f(x) = \frac{4^x \cdot (x+2)^3}{\ln(x)} = \frac{4^x \cdot (x+2)^3}{e^{\ln(\ln(x)) \cdot x}}$$

$$(\ln(x))^x = (e^{\ln(\ln(x))})^x = e^{\ln(\ln(x)) \cdot x}$$

$$(4^x \cdot (x+2)^3)' = \underbrace{4^x \cdot \ln(4)}_{(4^x)'} \cdot (x+2)^3 + 4^x \cdot \underbrace{3(x+2)^2 \cdot \frac{1}{(x+2)}}_{((x+2)^3)'} = 4^x \cdot (x+2)^2 (\ln(4)(x+3) + 3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (e^{\ln(\ln(x)) \cdot x})' &= e^{\ln(\ln(x)) \cdot x} \left( \frac{1}{\ln(x)} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \cdot x + \ln(\ln(x)) \cdot \frac{1}{x} \right) = \\ &= \underbrace{e^{\ln(\ln(x)) \cdot x}}_{(\ln(x))^x} \left( \frac{1}{\ln(x)} + \ln(\ln(x)) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(4^x \cdot \ln(4) \cdot (x+2)^3 + 4^x \cdot 3 \cdot (x+2)^2) \cdot (\ln(x))^x - 4^x \cdot (x+2)^3 \cdot (\ln(x))^x \cdot \left( \frac{1}{\ln(x)} + \ln(\ln(x)) \right)}{(\ln(x))^{2x}}$$

$$\underline{\text{Ex. 4. (1)}} \quad f(x) = 2^x \quad f'(x) = 2^x \cdot \ln(2), \quad f''(x) = 2^x (\ln(2))^2, \quad f'''(x) = 2^x (\ln(2))^3, \\ \dots \Rightarrow f^{(n)}(x) = 2^x \cdot (\ln(2))^n$$

$$(2) \quad f(x) = \cos(x), \quad f'(x) = -\sin(x), \quad f''(x) = -\cos(x), \quad f'''(x) = \sin(x), \\ f^{(n)}(x) = f(x) = \cos(x) \Rightarrow$$

$$f^{(n)}(x) = \begin{cases} \cos(x) & \text{if } n = 4k \\ -\sin(x) & \text{if } n = 4k+1 \\ -\cos(x) & \text{if } n = 4k+2 \\ \sin(x) & \text{if } n = 4k+3 \end{cases} \quad (k \in \mathbb{N})$$

$$(3) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{2x+1} = (2x+1)^{-1} \quad f'(x) = (-1) \cdot (2x+1)^{-2} \cdot \frac{(2x+1)^1}{2} = (-1) \cdot (2x+1)^{-2}$$

$$f''(x) = (-1)(-2)(2x+1)^{-3} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot 2}{2^2}, \quad f'''(x) = (-1)(-2)(-3)(2x+1)^{-4} \cdot \frac{2^3}{2^3}, \dots \\ \Rightarrow f^{(n)}(x) = (-1)^n \cdot n! (2x+1)^{-(n+1)} \cdot \frac{2^n}{2^n}$$

$$(4) \quad f(x) = \sin(3x), \quad f'(x) = \cos(3x) \cdot 3, \quad f''(x) = -\sin(3x) \cdot 3^2, \\ f'''(x) = -\cos(3x) \cdot 3^3, \quad f^{(n)}(x) = \sin(3x) \cdot 3^4 = f(x) \cdot 3^4$$

$$\Rightarrow f^{(n)}(x) = \begin{cases} \sin(3x) \cdot 3^n & \text{if } n = 4k \\ \cos(3x) \cdot 3^n & \text{if } n = 4k+1 \\ -\sin(3x) \cdot 3^n & \text{if } n = 4k+2 \\ -\cos(3x) \cdot 3^n & \text{if } n = 4k+3 \end{cases}$$