Result: 63% 10 / 16



Neptun ID:	Draft papers:
Name:	

The test consists of **2 questions**. The available time to solve the quiz is **20 minutes**. Please use a blue coloured pen; the use of any other tools is forbidden.

	abcdef	g
1.)		
2.)		
•		

Please copy the multiple choice questions' solution in the attached table. For each correct answer marked, 2 points are awarded; for each incorrect answer marked, -1 point is awarded. There is no limit to the number of correct answers per question. A negative aggregate score will be interpreted as 0 points.

1.) Let $L^{(1)} = \langle LC, Var, (\mathcal{P}(1) \cup \mathcal{P}(2) \cup \mathcal{F}(0) \cup \mathcal{F}(2)), Term, Form \rangle$ be a first-order language so that

$$Var = \{ y_i | i \in \mathbb{N} \}, \quad \mathcal{P}(1) = \{ Q \}, \quad \mathcal{P}(2) = \{ R \}, \quad \mathcal{F}(0) = \{ a \}, \quad \mathcal{F}(2) = \{ g \}.$$

Which string of symbols are terms or formulas of the language $L^{(1)}$. Select the correct statements.

- **-1** A term of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $R(y_1, y_2)$
- **2** A term of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $g(y_1, y_2)$
- -1 A term of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $g(y_3,c)$
- A formula of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $(Q(y_1) \equiv Q(y_2))$
- **-1** A formula of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $\forall y_1 \neg (Q(y_1) = a)$
- **2** A formula of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $\neg R(a, a)$
- A formula of the language $L^{(1)}$ is: $\neg \exists y_1 R(y_1, a)$

2.) Let $L^{(1)}$ be a first-order language defined as follows:

$$L^{(1)} = \langle LC, \{x_1, x_2, \ldots\}, \{P, Q, c\}, Term, Form \rangle$$
$$P \in \mathcal{P}(1), \qquad Q \in \mathcal{P}(2), \qquad c \in \mathcal{F}(0).$$

Let $\langle U, \varrho \rangle$ az $L^{(1)}$ be an interpretation of the language, so that:

- $U = \{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$
- $\varrho(P) = P'$ $P'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = u_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $\varrho(Q) = Q'$ $Q'(x,y) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x = u_1 \text{ és } y = u_1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
- $\varrho(c) = u_2$

Let v be an assignment relying on the interpretation, so that $v: Var \to U$ and

$$v(x_1) = u_3, \qquad v(x_2) = u_1$$

Which of the formulas below are true?

- -1 $|(Q(c,c) \equiv P(x_2))|_v^{\langle U,\varrho\rangle}$
- $\boxed{2} \quad |\neg P(x_1)|_v^{\langle U,\varrho\rangle}$
- $|(Q(c,c) \equiv P(x_1))|_v^{\langle U,\varrho\rangle}$
- $-1 \qquad |(\neg P(x_1) \land P(c))|_v^{\langle U,\varrho\rangle}$
- $\boxed{2} \quad |((x_1 = x_2) \supset (x_2 = c))|_v^{\langle U, \varrho \rangle}$
- $-1 \qquad |(P(x_2) \supset Q(x_1, x_2))|_v^{\langle U, \varrho \rangle}$