

# Permutation Graph

<https://vjudge.csgrandeur.cn/problem/CodeForces-1696D>

A permutation is an array consisting of  $n$  distinct integers from 1 to  $n$  in arbitrary order. For example,  $[2, 3, 1, 5, 4]$  is a permutation, but  $[1, 2, 2]$  is not a permutation (2 appears twice in the array) and  $[1, 3, 4]$  is also not a permutation ( $n = 3$  but there is 4 in the array).

You are given a permutation of  $1, 2, \dots, n$ ,  $[a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n]$ . For integers  $i, j$  such that  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ , define  $\text{mn}(i, j)$  as  $\min_{k=i}^j a_k$ , and define  $\text{mx}(i, j)$  as  $\max_{k=i}^j a_k$ .

Let us build an undirected graph of  $n$  vertices, numbered 1 to  $n$ . For every pair of integers  $1 \leq i < j \leq n$ , if  $\text{mn}(i, j) = a_i$  and  $\text{mx}(i, j) = a_j$  both holds, or  $\text{mn}(i, j) = a_j$  and  $\text{mx}(i, j) = a_i$  both holds, add an undirected edge of length 1 between vertices  $i$  and  $j$ .

In this graph, find the length of the shortest path from vertex 1 to vertex  $n$ . We can prove that 1 and  $n$  will always be connected via some path, so a shortest path always exists.

## Input

Each test contains multiple test cases. The first line contains the number of test cases  $t$  ( $1 \leq t \leq 5 \cdot 10^4$ ). Description of the test cases follows.

The first line of each test case contains one integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 2.5 \cdot 10^5$ ).

The second line of each test case contains  $n$  integers  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  ( $1 \leq a_i \leq n$ ). It's guaranteed that  $a$  is a permutation of  $1, 2, \dots, n$ .

It is guaranteed that the sum of  $n$  over all test cases does not exceed  $5 \cdot 10^5$ .

## Output

For each test case, print a single line containing one integer — the length of the shortest path from 1 to  $n$ .

## Sample 1

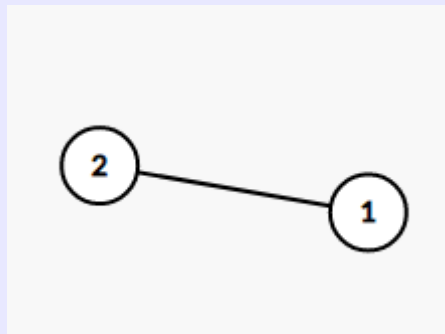
Input	Output
5	0
1	1
1	1
2	4
1 2	6
5	
1 4 2 3 5	
5	
2 1 5 3 4	
10	
7 4 8 1 6 10 3 5 2 9	

## Note

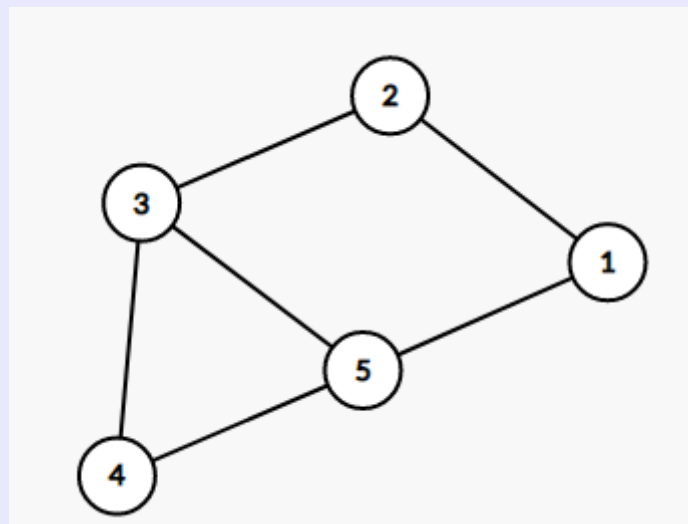
The following are illustrations of constructed graphs in example test cases.



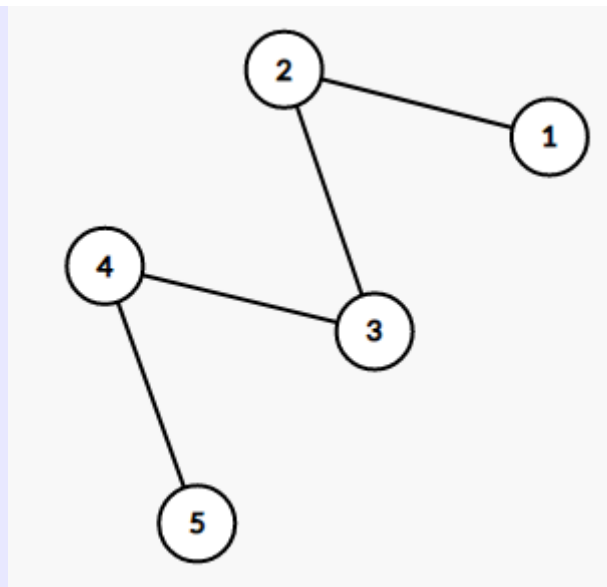
the constructed graph in test case 1



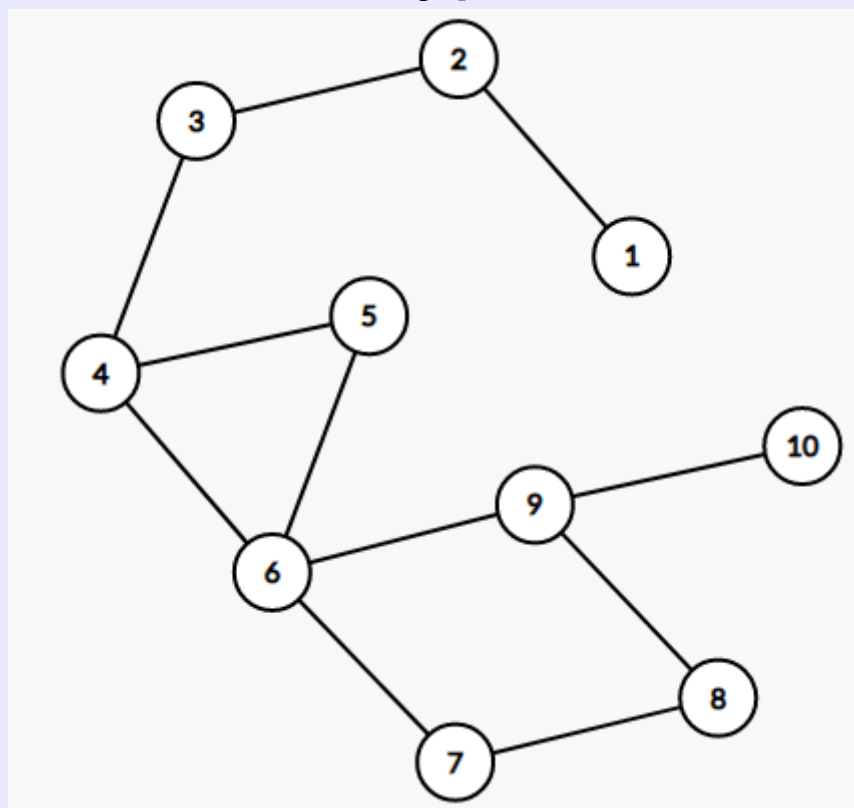
the constructed graph in test case 2



the constructed graph in test case 3



the constructed graph in test case 4



the constructed graph in test case 5