

Max Sum

<https://vjudge.net/problem/hdu-1003>

Given a sequence $a[1], a[2], a[3], \dots, a[n]$, your job is to calculate the max sum of a sub-sequence. For example, given $(6, -1, 5, 4, -7)$, the max sum in this sequence is $6 + (-1) + 5 + 4 = 14$.

Input

The first line of the input contains an integer $T (1 \leq T \leq 20)$ which means the number of test cases. Then T lines follow, each line starts with a number $N (1 \leq N \leq 100000)$, then N integers followed (all the integers are between -1000 and 1000).

Output

For each test case, you should output two lines. The first line is "Case #:", # means the number of the test case. The second line contains three integers, the Max Sum in the sequence, the start position of the sub-sequence, the end position of the sub-sequence. If there are more than one result, output the first one. Output a blank line between two cases.

Sample

Input	Output
2 5 6 -1 5 4 -7 7 0 6 -1 1 -6 7 -5	Case 1: 14 1 4 Case 2: 7 1 6