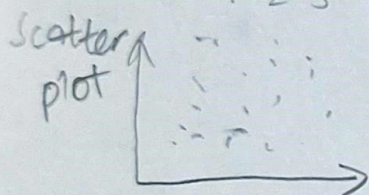
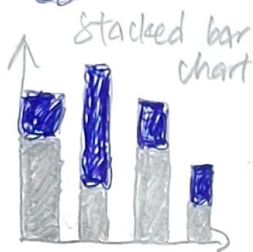
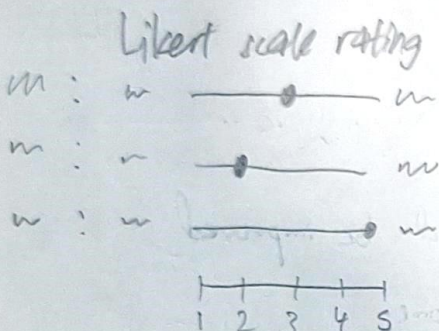
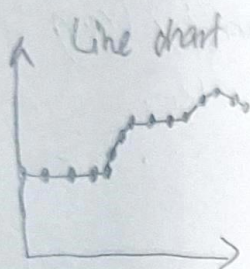
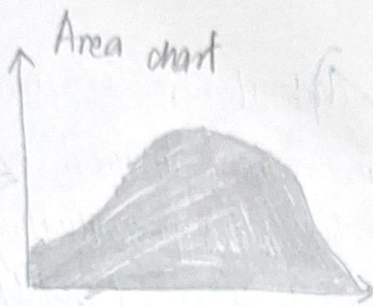
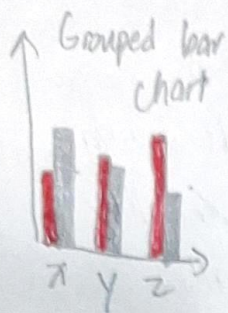
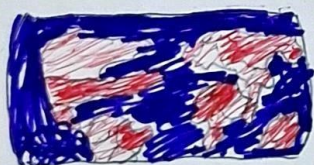


## 1. Ideas

Chong Wei Zhe 34084810

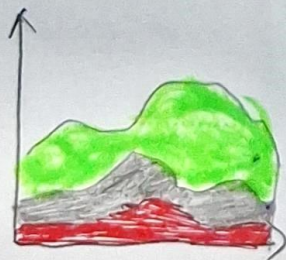


Choropleth map

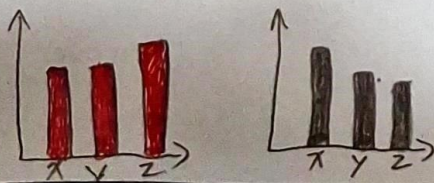


## 4. Combine and Refine

① Area chart + stacked bar chart = stacked area chart



② Separate grouped bar chart = multiples (for better clarity)



## 2. Filter

① Donut chart can be visualised better in regular bar chart or area chart, so remove it.

② Based off datasets collected, a bubble plot will probably benefit more due to continent data and also having one more quantitative attribute to be visualised.

③ Choropleth map will probably be more suitable since proportional symbol can cause circles to cluster and block each other in regions with many small countries like Europe.

## 3. Categorise

① Likert scale rating can be used to show means for answers to a questionnaire.

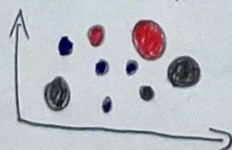
② Line chart and area chart can be used to show trends over time for a quantitative attribute.

③ Symbol map can be used for datasets with geographic attributes (e.g. countries) with a quantitative attribute.

④ Grouped bar chart and stacked bar chart can be used to show proportions of different constituents for a nominal attribute

⑤ Scatter plot can be used to show the relationship between two quantitative attributes.

⑥ Scatter plot + symbol map = bubble plot



"small"

## 5. Question

① Can the visualisations show relationships between different economic indicators (e.g. GDP, Gini coefficient, unemployment rate)?

② Can the visualisations show trends in economic indicators like employment and unemployment rate?

③ Can the choropleth map show clear distinctions between different data classes?



# Layout

(Main title)

(Title 1)

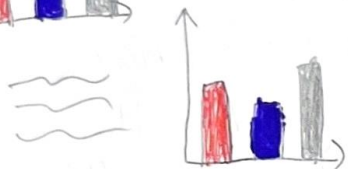
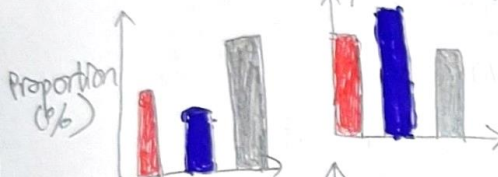
GDP



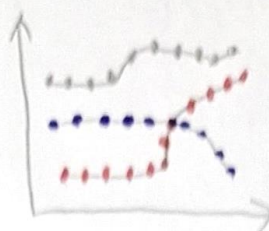
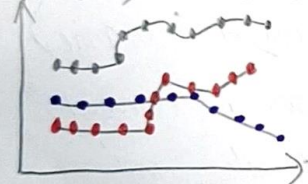
Unemployment rate



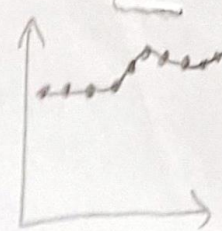
(Title 2) Employment sectors



(Title 3) Mental Health Indicators



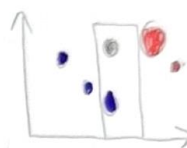
Click 'Indicator 1'



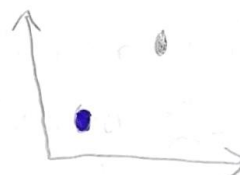
Show all	✓
Indicator 1	
Indicator 2	
Indicator 3	



Brush horizontally



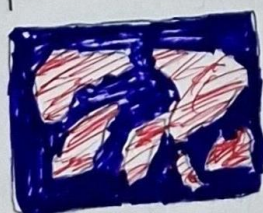
Bubble graph filtered



## Facts

- Filtering via selection menu for choropleth and multi-line chart.
- Brushing for choropleth map and bubble chart to coordinate values.

## Operations



click '200 Billion'



0 Billion	✓
10 Billion	
50 Billion	
100 Billion	
200 Billion	

200 Billion ✓

## Discussion

- + Filtering available to show user details they want to narrow down on.
- Filtering by continent will probably be more useful for the bubble chart.
- Brushing can be hard to use for the bubble chart if the bubbles are clustered and stack on top of each other.

## Meta-Information

Title: Standard view

Author: Hong Wei Zhe

Date: 29/9/2025

Sheet: 2

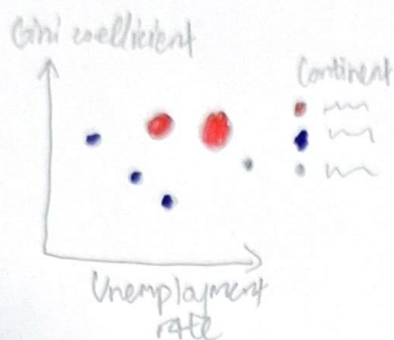
Task: Finding impact of economic factors on mental health



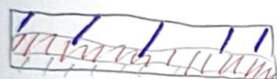
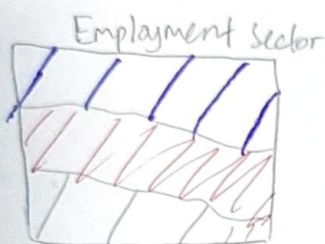
# Layout

(Main title)

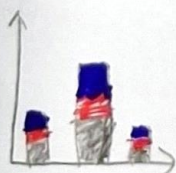
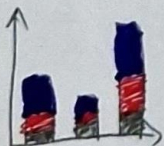
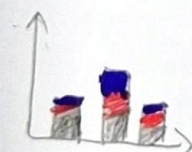
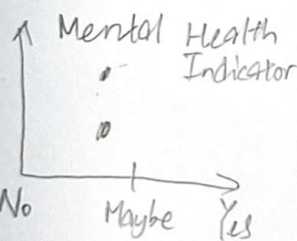
(Title 1)



(Title 2)



(Title 3)



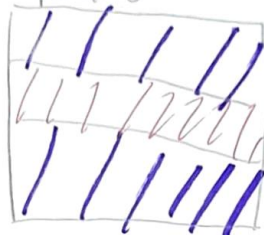
Suicide rate



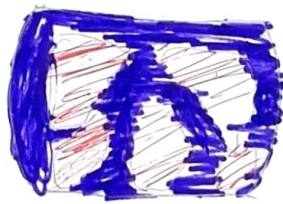
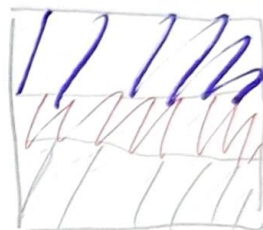
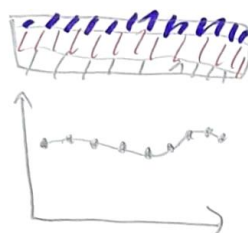
## Focus

- Have a logical flow from top to bottom, having similar visualisations together to minimise distractions for the user.
- Visualisations are split into economic factors at the top half and mental health at the bottom half.
- The use of small multiples adds cohesiveness and allow users to compare between the visualisations easily instead of squeezing all into one bar chart.

Operations



Brush horizontally on middle chart



Drag slider to the right



## Discussion

- + The visualisations are more organised when grouped into sections
- + there is more variety in the visualisations which makes them more engaging.
- + The slider filter allows more fine-tuning ability for the user to control the level of details.
- The user may have to scroll up and down a lot to compare visualisations at the top and bottom since the visualisation is rather long.

## Meta-Information

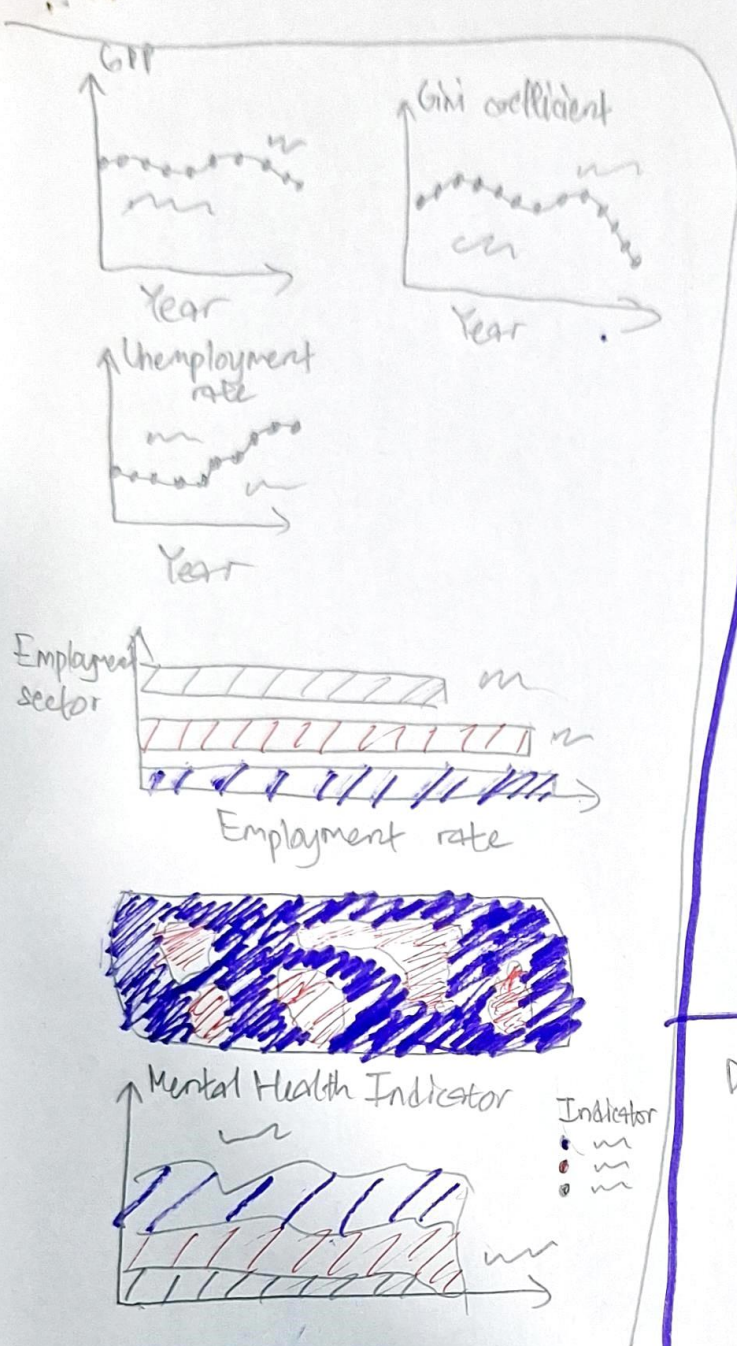
Title: Long sectioned view  
Author: Chong Wei Zhe  
Date: 29/9/2025

Sheet: 3

Task: Finding impact of economic factors on mental health



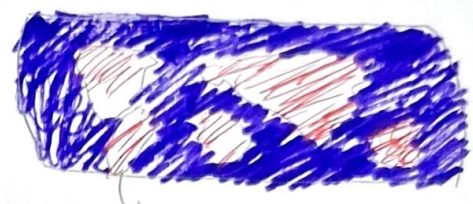
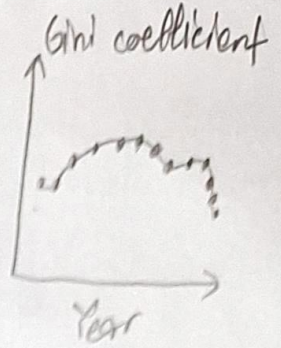
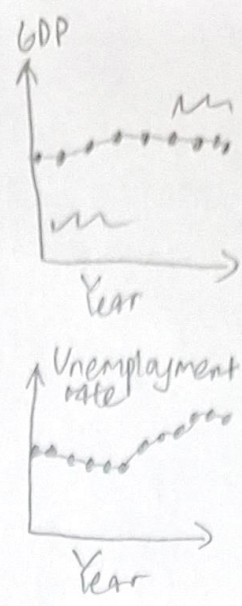
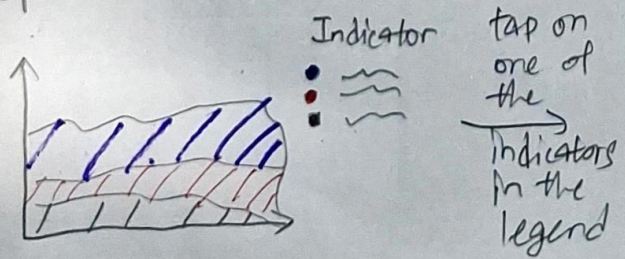
## Layout



## Focus

- Visualisations will contain annotations which prevents the need for paragraphs to explain the visualisations at the slide.
- Visualisations are stacked vertically one after the other without paragraphs or unnecessary titles to allow smooth reading for the user.

## Operations



tapping on a country on the choropleth map shows the GDP, Gini coefficient and unemployment rate in the top three graphs.

## Discussion

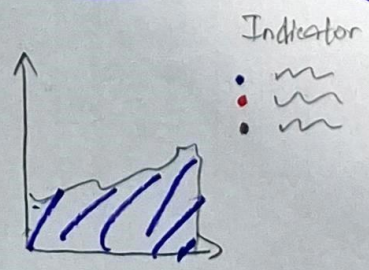
- + Visualisations have ample space since some visualisations take up the entire width of the page.
- Having only text annotations may still make readers confused due to the lack of sectioning; users are forced to jump into the visualisation immediately.
- Having text annotations may clutter the visualisation and prevent white space from benefitting the visualisation. This is rejecting layout principles.

## Meta-Information

Title: Brief view  
Author: Chong Wei Zhe  
Date: 29/9/2025

Sheet: 4

Task: Finding impact of economic factors on mental health





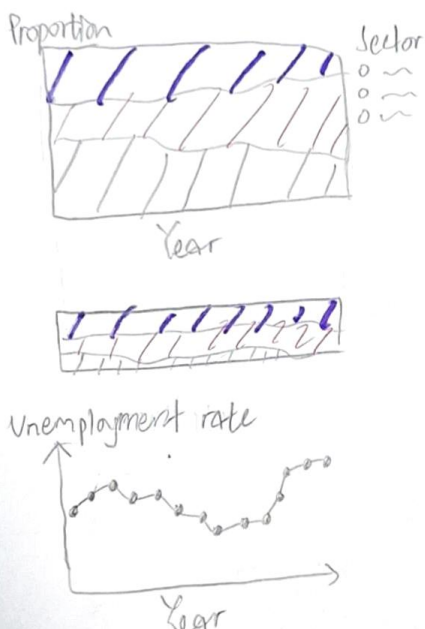
# Impact of Economic Factors on Mental Health

(name)  
(date)

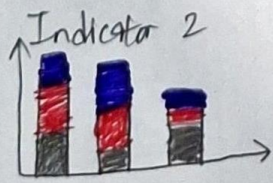
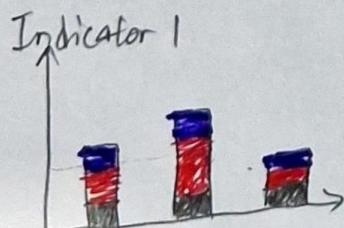
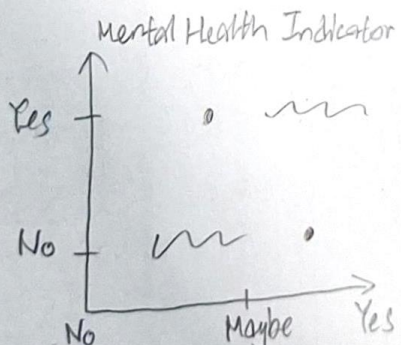
Relationship between  
Gini coefficient, unemployment  
rate and GDP



## Employment in Malaysia



## Mental Health

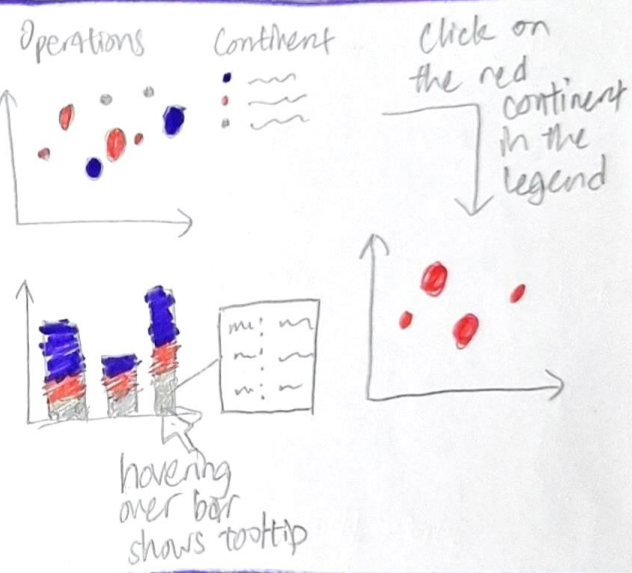


Suicide Rate



## Focus

- The design and visualisations were chosen from sheet 3, with filters and titles chosen for datasets to visualise.
- Visualisation is sectioned in two, the top half focuses on economic factors while the bottom half shows its impact on mental health.
- Interactive elements include a selector to filter the GDP, continent legend filter to filter according to continent and a slider filter to filter the suicide rate. The small visualisation of the area chart is used for the purpose of horizontal brushing, where the top area chart and bottom line chart will filter accordingly.



## Detail

- Vega-lite will be used in tandem with html, CSS and JavaScript to produce the visualisation.
- Each section is expected to take a day. Since there are two sections, two days will be needed for the visualisation. Another 5 hours will probably be needed to create the webpage.
- The size of the visualisation is expected to be around the size of an A4 paper, without its length fixed.

## Meta-information

Title: Final version of visualisation  
Author: Chung Wei Zhe  
Date: 30/9/2025  
Sheet: 5  
Task: Impact of economic factors on mental health