

University of Manchester AI ML Society - Introduction to ML

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Workshop 2
16th of October 2019

By Botond Maros



Intro to ML timetable

Workshop 1 - Introduction to Machine Learning

Workshop 2 - Data preprocessing

Workshop 3 - Fundamental Algorithms I

Workshop 4 - Fundamental Algorithms II

Workshop 5 - Neural Networks Part I

Workshop 6 - Neural Networks Part II

Today's session

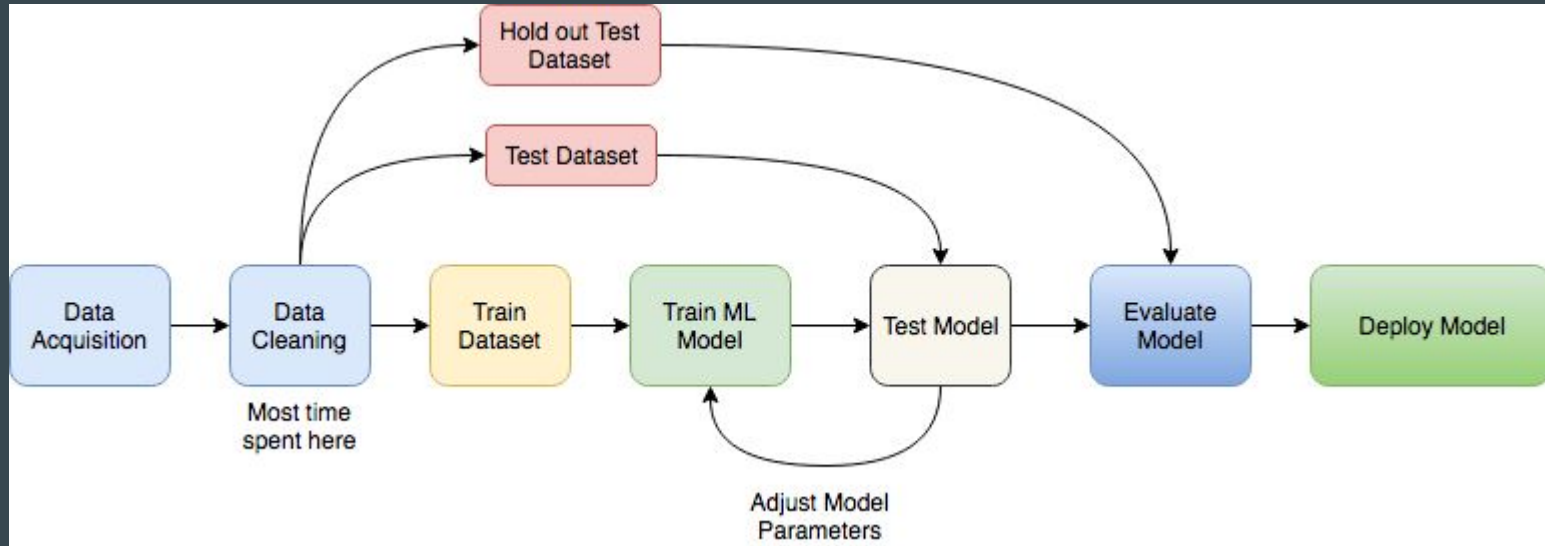
Recap of workshop 1

What is data preprocessing and why is it important?

Coding exercise

Take home challenge

Recap of the ML Workflow



Machine Learning Workflow in Practice

- Common misconception: what is useful and what is trendy in practical research and industry
- In the “wild” massive, unstructured data sets
- Problem ambiguity -> visualize

What to look out for in numerical data

- Number of samples per class (class imbalance)
- Number of total samples in dataset (choosing models)
- Number of features (dimensionality)
 - Categorical vs numerical features
 - Feature dependency
- Missing features (average, median, etc.)

How to represent non numerical data

- Text
 - create corpus
 - sparse matrix
 - numbers represent occurrence
 - every row is a training example
- Images:
 - colors -> numbers
 - use matrices
 - every matrix is a training example
 - flat matrix to vector

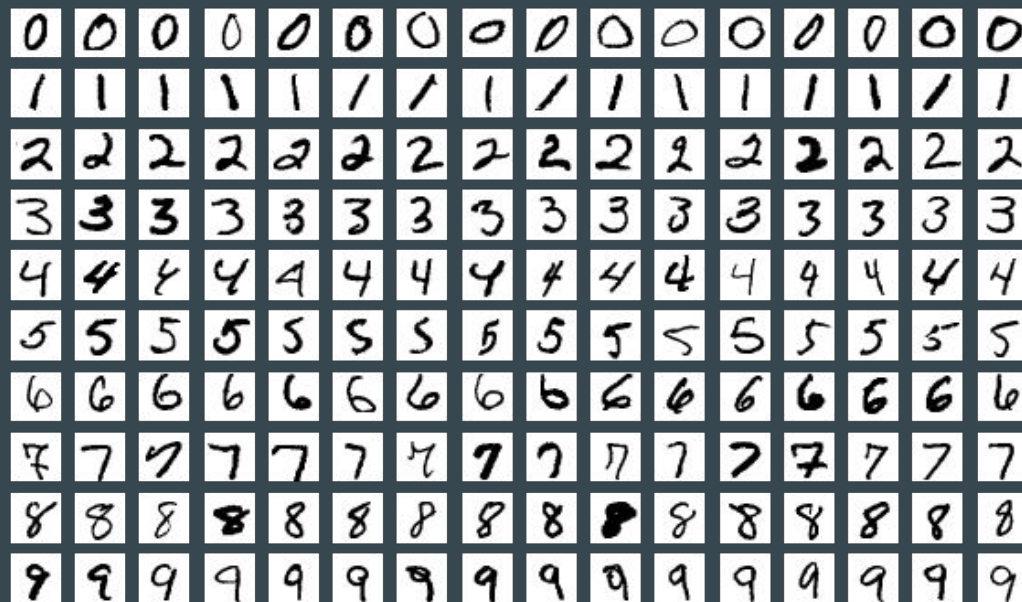
Evaluating your model

		Predicted	
		Negative	Positive
Actual	Negative	True Negative	False Positive
	Positive	False Negative	True Positive

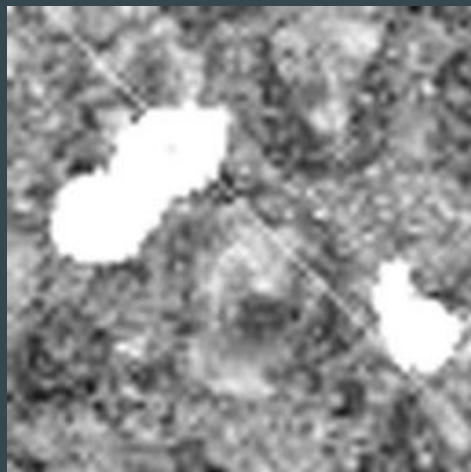
Evaluating your model

- $\text{Recall} = \text{True positive} / (\text{True positive} + \text{False negative})$
- $\text{Precision} = \text{True positive} / (\text{True positive} + \text{False positive})$
- $\text{F1} = 2 * \text{Precision} * \text{Recall} / (\text{Precision} + \text{Recall})$

MNIST example



Modified MNIST



Thank you!