# Null hypothesis: last 30 years the same temperature as before

Alternative: different temperature

Conclusion: reject null hypothesis

### Welch t-test

- wiki: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Welch%27s\_t-test
- scipy: https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/generated/scipy.stats.ttest\_ind.html#scipy.stats.ttest\_ind

#### Data source

- page: https://www.knmi.nl/nederland-nu/klimatologie/daggegevens/antieke-waarnemingen
- data:
   https://cdn.knmi.nl/knmi/map/page/klimatologie/gegevens/daggegevens/antieke\_wrn/labrijn\_ea.zip

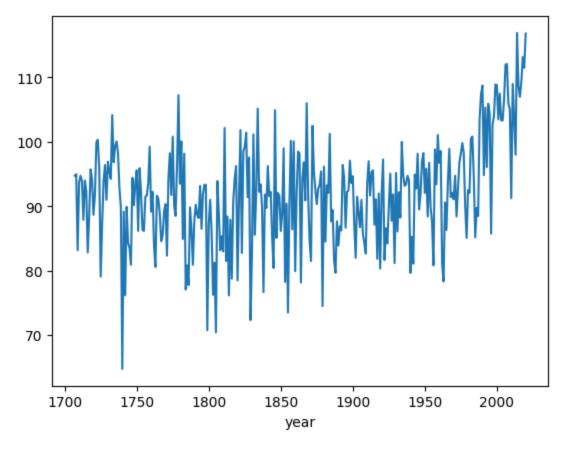
```
In [1]:
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        import scipy
        from scipy.stats import t
In [2]: THRESHOLD = 1990
In [3]: file_name = 'labrijn_ea.dat'
        cols = 'year Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec Year Win Spr Sum Aut'.split()
        df = (
            pd.read_csv(file_name, sep=r'\s+', skiprows=21, header=0, names=cols)
            .set_index('year')
            .drop('Year Win Spr Sum Aut'.split(), axis=1)
            .dropna() # drop incomplete last year (2021)
        df['year_avg'] = df.mean(axis=1)
        df[f'before_{THRESHOLD}'] = df.index < THRESHOLD</pre>
        mask = df[f'before_{THRESHOLD}']
        df.head()
```

#### Out[3]: Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec year\_avg before\_1990 year 1707 7 49 47 83 120 168.0 181.0 159.0 149.0 90.0 65.0 19.0 94.750000 True 1708 39 31 59 95 122 146.0 154.0 185.0 159.0 92.0 54.0 4.0 95.000000 True **1709** -51 -3 11 92 116 153.0 161.0 162.0 145.0 109.0 78.0 25.0 83.166667 True 1710 18 56 133 150.0 152.0 161.0 147.0 108.0 70.0 55.0 93.666667 True 1711 32 50 98 127 168.0 160.0 154.0 142.0 106.0 60.0 34.0 94.750000 True

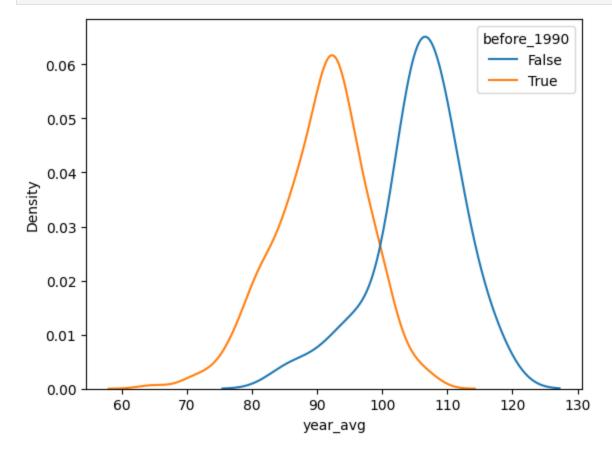
```
In [4]: assert 2020-1707+1 == df.shape[0]
```

In [5]: df['year\_avg'].plot()

Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='year'>



In [6]: sns.kdeplot(data=df, x='year\_avg', hue=f'before\_{THRESHOLD}', common\_norm=False)
plt.show()



```
In [7]: before_1990 = df.loc[mask, 'year_avg']
         from_1990 = df.loc[~mask, 'year_avg']
In [8]: def std(x, dof):
             return (((x - x.mean()) ** 2).sum() / (x.shape[0] - dof)) ** 0.5
In [9]: std(before_1990, dof=1), before_1990.std(ddof=1)
Out[9]: (7.004986535824251, 7.004986535824251)
In [10]: # own implementation
         mu1 = before_1990.mean()
         mu2 = from_1990.mean()
         sigma1 = before_1990.std(ddof=1)
         sigma2 = from_1990.std(ddof=1)
         n1 = before_1990.shape[0]
         n2 = from_1990.shape[0]
         std_error1 = sigma1 / np.sqrt(n1)
         std_error2 = sigma2 / np.sqrt(n2)
         test_stat = (mu1 - mu2) / (np.sqrt(std_error1 ** 2 + std_error2 ** 2))
         dof = (std_error1 ** 2 + std_error2 ** 2) ** 2 / (std_error1 ** 4 / (n1 - 1) + std_error2 ** 4 /
         pval = t.cdf(test_stat, df=dof) * 2
         test_stat, dof, pval
Out[10]: (-11.510212643389224, 37.26574563278072, 7.840663626690791e-14)
In [11]: # scipy implementation
         scipy.stats.ttest_ind(before_1990, from_1990, equal_var=False)
```

Out[11]: Ttest\_indResult(statistic=-11.510212643389224, pvalue=7.840663626690791e-14)

## 2nd null hypothesis: last 30 years are warmer than before

Cannot be rejected

```
In [12]: scipy.stats.ttest_ind(before_1990, from_1990, equal_var=False, alternative='greater')
Out[12]: Ttest_indResult(statistic=-11.510212643389224, pvalue=0.999999999999999999)
```