

Reminder: present your own work and properly cite any sources used. Solutions should be presented satisfying the *other student viewpoint*. If you need clarification, contact the instructor: asminer@iastate.edu.

Question 1

15 points

Write CTL formulas for the following English specifications or questions.

1. “Condition C never holds after condition B holds”.
2. “Whenever condition B holds, condition C will eventually hold, and condition D cannot occur between B and C .”
3. “Whenever condition B holds, condition C holds within 2 steps”.

Question 2

16 points

Given a Kripke structure $M = (\mathcal{S}, \mathcal{S}_0, \mathcal{R}, L)$ where $\mathcal{S} = \{s_0, s_1, s_2, s_3\}$, $\mathcal{R} = \{(s_0, s_1), (s_0, s_2), (s_1, s_1), (s_1, s_2), (s_2, s_3), (s_3, s_2)\}$, and $L(s_0) = \emptyset$, $L(s_1) = \{p\}$, $L(s_2) = \{p, q\}$, $L(s_3) = \{q, r\}$, identify the sets of states that satisfy the following properties:

1. $(AX p) \rightarrow (AX AX p)$
2. $EF EG q$
3. $(AF AG (p \wedge q)) \rightarrow (AG AF (p \wedge q))$
4. $AG AF (\neg p \vee \neg q)$

Question 3

10 points

Define a new CTL temporal operator X^2 that requires a property to hold *two* steps from now. Formally, define AX^2 and EX^2 as follows:

1. $M, s \models AX^2 \phi$ if and only if, for all paths $\pi = (p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots)$ with $p_0 = s$, $p_2 \models \phi$.
2. $M, s \models EX^2 \phi$ if and only if, there exists a path $\pi = (p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3, \dots)$ with $p_0 = s$, such that $p_2 \models \phi$.

Prove or disprove the following conjectures:

$$EX^2 \phi \stackrel{?}{\equiv} EX EX \phi$$

$$AX^2 \phi \stackrel{?}{\equiv} AX AX \phi$$

CPRE/SE/COMS 412, COMS 512 HOMEWORK 1

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Question 4 (optional for 412)

15 points

A CTL formula ϕ_1 is said to be *at least as strong as* another CTL formula ϕ_2 if, for any Kripke structure $M = (\mathcal{S}, s_0, \mathcal{R}, L)$ and any state $s \in \mathcal{S}$, if $M, s \models \phi_1$ then $M, s \models \phi_2$. Formula ϕ_1 is said to be *stronger than* ϕ_2 if ϕ_1 is at least as strong as ϕ_2 , and ϕ_2 is not at least as strong as ϕ_1 . Prove or disprove:

$\text{AF AX } \phi$ is stronger than $\text{AX AF } \phi$

Question 5

10 points

For any set \mathcal{S} and any $\mathcal{Z} \subseteq \mathcal{S}$, define function $u_{\mathcal{Z}} : 2^{\mathcal{S}} \rightarrow 2^{\mathcal{S}}$ as

$$u_{\mathcal{Z}}(\mathcal{X}) = \mathcal{X} \cup \mathcal{Z}.$$

1. Prove that $u_{\mathcal{Z}}$ is monotonic.
2. What is the least fixed point of $u_{\mathcal{Z}}$?
3. What is the greatest fixed point of $u_{\mathcal{Z}}$?