Name:					NetID	:		
Section	(Circle 1):	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Instruct	ions:							
- - -	Do NOT begin Do NOT remo DO put your in DO write legil DO write con additional pa	ove the standard on one of the standard on one of the standard of the standard one of	aple every sh e the fe	neet west nur		vords ne	cessary	to answer the question. No
Just C tl	nings (Pick 10	out of 13	to answ	ver. Circl	e the pro	blem nu	mbers y	ou want graded):
1.	What happen linking?	ns in each	of the s	stages of	compilat	tion: Pre	processi	ng, compilation, assembly, and
2.	The new vers and how to u			-		_		ow do you find what groot does et.
3.	What Is a syst	tem call?	When d	lo you us	se system	n calls?		
4.	How are strin	-	ented ir	າ C? Crea	ate a strir	ng called	foo wit	h the value "cs214". This string

Name:	NetID:
5.	What is the difference between a struct, an enum, and a union? Which of these constructs is best suited to represent the colors of the rainbow? Instantiate such a construct In C called colors. The colors of the rainbow are red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet.
6.	
a) ٦ hov	The following code attempts to reimplement strcpy. What is wrong with it? Show an example we it goes wrong. You may assume initial addresses for dst and src to be 0x5000 and 0x7000 pectively.
VO:	id strcpy (char* dst, const char* src) {
	while (*src) {
	<pre>dst = src;</pre>
	dst++;
	src++;
	}
}	
b)	Edit the code above to fix the error. You may do this inline by crossing out and updating the cod

7. What is a segmentation fault? Name 2 different causes of segmentation faults.

Name:	NetID:
8.	Given this code:
	<pre>unknown * thingy = (unknown*)malloc(4 * sizeof(unknown));</pre>
	<pre>int mystery = 0;</pre>
	<pre>mystery = (thingy + 1) - thingy;</pre>
	What value does mystery hold?
9.	Write a function pointer named "derp" for the following function:
	<pre>int * oddFunction(int* values, struct stuff* storage, char delimiter)</pre>
	{}
10.	Why might the following code segfault? Add some code to make sure it returns -1 rather than segfaults.
	<pre>int aValue = 12;</pre>
	<pre>int* ptr = (int*)malloc(4 * sizeof(int));</pre>
	*ptr = aValue;

11. What are the differences between strlen and sizeof a string in C? Why? Show an example.

Name:	NetID:

12. The code below is supposed to increment each value in an int array of length N by 1 and save the new value in a new array. What is printed out instead? Why? Fix the code so that the right thing happens. (Hint: the numbers in someArray are indeed incremented by 1 and stored somewhere)

```
while (i < N) {
    incrementArray[i] = someArray[i]++;
    printf("%d %d\n", incrementArray[i], someArray[i]);
    i++;
}</pre>
```

13. You wish to write a function that encrypts text as numerical values. You know that in C, memory is an amorphous entity. You wish to take every 4 characters in a string, and output the integer equivalent of those 4 bytes. E.g. the string "jack" is encoded as a single integer 1784767339. You may output via printf. You may assume that strlen(str) % 4 == 0. Do NOT make assumptions about the length of a string. Hint: This solution requires fewer than 10 lines of code.

j	а	С	K		
01101010	01100001	01100011	01101011		
0110101001100001011010110111					
1784767339					

```
void convert (char* str) {
```

Name:	NetID:
Memo	ry Management (Answer all questions)
1.	Fill in the following memory map with the correct labels. Then describe the function, in one sentence, of each part of memory. Possible labels: heap, stack, text, data, bss.
Oxfffff	ff
0x0000	00
2.	0 7 1 5
	return?
3.	What is wrong with the following function?
in	t* sum (int a, int b) {
	int c = a + b;
	return &c
}	

Name:	NetID:
Given a 4096-byte block block (and no free opera	m's implementation of malloc as an implicit list (size + free boundary tags). of memory to manage, and 100 successful malloc operations within that itions), calculate the metadata overhead (e.g. amount of memory for of memory). Assume size and the free tag are both stored as shorts.
boundary tags). What Is	nagine that blocks are implemented in explicit lists (pointer + size + free the metadata overhead now? Assume the same 4095 initial block and 100 me size and free are stored as shorts.
	of an explicit free list in malloc implementations vs. implicit lists via size? of an explicit free list?
freeing malloced me	c implementation never checked for adjacent free blocks (coalesce) when emory. Given enough memory allocations and frees, eventually the code: char* anArray = (char*)malloc(2 * sizeof(char)); r how much memory was being used. Why?

Name:		NetID:
7.	metada	ly system memory allocator can coalesce adjacent free blocks quickly and reduces at a overhead. What ways might a buddy system allocator waste more memory/than a allocator with block splitting would? Max 4 sentences.
8.	What is	s a memory leak? How does it occur? How does one fix it?
Project	: Redux ((Answer all questions)
1.		the issues faced by groups v/as to handle commas inside a movie title properly. How did rse the string to ensure that movie titles with commas were parsed correctly?
2.	statica	groups used dynamically allocated arrays to store each movie record. Some groups used lly allocated arrays to store each movie record. Assume Record is a typedef struct enting all the fields of a movie record. Also assume sizeof(Record) returns 100.
Red	cord a	rr[5000];
Re	cord*	arr2[5000];
	a)	How much memory is allocated for arr?
	b)	How much memory is allocated for arr2?
	c)	Which of the above declared arrays can data be copied into without further
		initialization? Why?
	d)	Suppose a sorting algorithm requires swap operations. Which of the above structures is more (time) efficient for swapping records? Why?

Name:	NetID:	
Scratch/Additional space:		