SDS 383D Final exam

Spring 2018

For all questions, you do not need to repeat calculations that you have carried out in homework exercises; instead you may refer back to the appropriate exercise. Any derivations that do not refer back to homework exercises must be described in full.

1. Let

$$\lambda \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$$

 $X_i \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda)$

Derive the form of $P(X_{n+1}|X_{1:n})$

2. Now, let X be sampled from a mixture of two Poisson distributions, so that

$$\pi \sim \text{Beta}(\tau, \tau)$$

$$\lambda_k \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta), \qquad k \in \{0, 1\}$$

$$Z_i | \pi \sim \text{Bernoulli}(\pi)$$

$$X_i | Z_i = k \sim \text{Poisson}(\lambda_k)$$

Derive the form of $P(Z_i|Z_{-i},X)$

3. Let

$$y \sim \text{Normal}(X\beta, I)$$

 $\beta \sim \text{Normal}(0, (X^T X)^{-1})$

Showing all work (i.e. not simply referring back to previous exercise questions), what is the posterior distribution over β given y?

4. You want to use a Gaussian process

$$f \sim GP(0, K)$$

to model annual rainfall at various geographic locations. Since you know that rainfall is always positive, a Gaussian likelihood is not appropriate here. Write down an appropriate likelihood model for this problem (there are a number of valid options!), and describe either:

- (a) A Gibbs sampler for posterior inference of the latent function f, providing all necessary conditional likelihoods.
- (b) Or, the steps required (i.e. an equation that must be solved to provide the mean, and an analytic form for the covariance) for a Laplace approximation to the posterior of f.