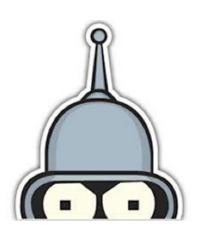


### **B1 - GetNextLine**

**B-CPE-120** 

# Get Next Line

a very first parsing tool







## Get Next Line

group size: 1

repository name: CPE\_getnextline\_\$ACADEMICYEAR

repository rights: ramassage-tek

language: C



- Your repository must contain the totality of your source files, but no useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...).
- All the bonus files (including a potential specific Makefile) should be in a directory named *bonus*.



The only authorized functions are: read, malloc and free.

The goal of this project is to write a function that returns a read line from a file descriptor. If there are no more lines to return, or if there is an error during the reading, the function will come back **NULL**.

You must define a macro called *READ\_SIZE* in your **get\_next\_line.h** file, which indicates the amount of characters to be read for each **read()** call.

```
#ifndef READ_SIZE
# define READ_SIZE (/* value here */)
#endif /* !READ_SIZE */
```



The value of this macro may be changed (by another strictly positive value) during the evaluation in order to verify that you are using it correctly.

Don't forget the #ifndef directive to avoir re-defining the macro.



A static variable may be used to save some datas between each call to **get\_next\_line**.





The function should be prototyped as follows:

```
char *get_next_line(int fd);
```



get\_next\_line must return the results without the '\n'.



You must submit **get\_next\_line.c** and **get\_next\_line.h** (both of which must be located at the directory's root), but no **main** function.



A Makefile is useful only if you do unit tests. That is with the tests\_run rule.

### **EXAMPLE**

Here is an example of use of the function:

```
#include "my.h"
#include "get_next_line.h"

int main(void)
{
    char *s = get_next_line(0);

    while (s) {
        my_putstr(s);
        my_putchar('\n');
        free(s);
        s = get_next_line(0);
    }
    return (0);
}
```





#### **TESTS EXAMPLES**



The following example do only one test by calling the get\_next\_line function. Be sure to already test all internal functions you may have.

```
#include <criterion/criterion.h>
#include <criterion/redirect.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <unistd.h>
char *get_next_line(int fd);
int fd = -1;
The file contain the following content:
Confidence is so overrated.
It's when we're most uncomfortable and in desperate need of an answer that we grow
   the most.
void open_file(void)
   fd = open("tests/data.txt", O_RDONLY);
    cr_redirect_stdout();
}
void close_file(void)
    if (fd != -1)
        close(fd);
}
Test(get_next_line, read_line, .init = open_file, .fini = close_file) {
    char *expected = "Confidence is so overrated.";
    char *got = get_next_line(fd);
    cr_assert_str_eq(got, expected);
```



The get\_next\_line function can be particularly hard to unit test correctly. have you identified why? It's a very good subject to talk about during follow-ups and reviews!

Speaking of reviews, you could also present a version of get\_next\_line who doesn't have the same flaws, as a bonus.

