

# Package ‘lingtypology’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Linguistic Typology and Mapping

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**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**Imports** leaflet,

stats,

stringdist,

magrittr,

grDevices,

rowr

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**Description** Provides R with the Glottolog database <<http://glottolog.org>> and some more abilities for purposes of linguistic cartography. The Glottolog database contains the catalogue of languages of the world. This package helps researchers to make a linguistic maps, using philosophy of the Cross-Linguistic Linked Data project <<http://clld.org/>>, which allows for while at the same time facilitating uniform access to the data across publications. A tutorial for this package is available on GitHub pages <<https://agricolamz.github.io/lingtypology/>> and package vignette.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**URL** <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=lingtypology>, <https://github.com/agricolamz/lingtypology/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/agricolamz/lingtypology/issues>

**LazyData** TRUE

**RoxygenNote** 5.0.1

**Suggests** knitr,

rmarkdown,

testthat,

covr,

dplyr

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

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aff.lang	<i>Get affiliation by languoid</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return affiliation.

**Usage**

```
aff.lang(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

- x                   A character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)
- glottolog.source   A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[area.lang](#), [country.lang](#), [iso.lang](#), [lat.lang](#), [long.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
aff.lang('Korean')
aff.lang(c('Korean', 'Polish'))
```

---

area.lang

*Get macro area by languoid*

---

**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return macro area.

**Usage**

```
area.lang(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

x                      character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)

glottolog.source        A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[aff.lang](#), [country.lang](#), [iso.lang](#), [lat.lang](#), [long.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
area.lang('Adyghe')
area.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Aduge'))
```

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circassian	<i>Circassian villages in Russia</i>
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### Description

A dataset contains the list of the Circassian villages in Russia with genealogical affiliation, coordinates and district names. Most data collected during the fieldworks (2011–2016).

### Usage

circassian

### Format

A data frame with 157 rows and 6 variables:

**longitude** longitude

**latitude** latitude

**village** name of the village

**district** names of the subjects of the Russian Federation: kbr — Kabardino–Balkar Republic, kch — Karachay–Cherkess Republic, kk — Krasnodar Krai, ra — Republic of Adygea, stv — Stavropol Krai

**languoid** names of the Circassian dialects

**language** according standard Circassian devision there are Adyghe and Kabardian languages

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countries	<i>Catalogue of countries names.</i>
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### Description

Catalogue of countries names.

### Usage

countries

### Format

A data frame with 86 rows and 3 variables:

**common** common name

**official** official name

**abbreviation** abbreviated name

**official\_languages** official languages from the given country

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country.lang	<i>Get country by languoid</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return affiliation.

**Usage**

```
country.lang(x, intersection = FALSE, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

x	character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)
intersection	logical. If TRUE, function returns vector of countries, where all languoids from x argument are spoken.
glottolog.source	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[aff.lang](#), [area.lang](#), [iso.lang](#), [lat.lang](#), [long.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
country.lang('Udi')
country.lang(c('Udi', 'Laz'))
country.lang(c('Udi', 'Laz'), intersection = TRUE)
```

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glottolog.modified	<i>Catalogue of languages of the world</i>
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**Description**

A dataset contains the modified catalogue of languages of the world involving genealogical affiliation, macro-area, country, iso code, and coordinates.

**Usage**

```
glottolog.modified
```

**Format**

A data frame with 8304 rows and 7 variables:

**iso** code based on ISO 639–3 <http://www-01.sil.org/iso639-3/>

**languoid** name of the languoid

**affiliation** genealogical affiliation

**macro\_area** have six values Africa, Australia, Eurasia, North America, Papunesia, South America

**country** list of countries, where the language is spoken

**latitude** latitude

**longitude** longitude

**Details**

Glottolog 2.7. Hammarstrom, Harald & Forkel, Robert & Haspelmath, Martin & Bank, Sebastian. 2016. Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History. Accessed on 2016-06-15.

**Source**

<http://glottolog.org/>

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glottolog.original	<i>Catalogue of languages of the world</i>
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**Description**

A dataset contains the original catalogue of languages of the world involving genealogical affiliation, macro-area, country, iso code, and coordinates.

**Usage**

glottolog.original

**Format**

A data frame with 8285 rows and 7 variables:

**iso** code based on ISO 639–3 <http://www-01.sil.org/iso639-3/>

**languoid** name of the languoid

**affiliation** genealogical affiliation

**macro\_area** have six values Africa, Australia, Eurasia, North America, Papunesia, South America

**country** list of countries, where the language is spoken

**latitude** latitude

**longitude** longitude

**Details**

Glottolog 2.7. Hammarstrom, Harald & Forkel, Robert & Haspelmath, Martin & Bank, Sebastian. 2016. Max Planck Institute for the Science of Human History. Accessed on 2016-06-15.

**Source**

<http://glottolog.org/>

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is.glottolog

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*Are these languoids in glottolog?*


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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids or ISO codes and return a logical vector.

**Usage**

```
is.glottolog(x, response = FALSE, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

x	A character vector of languoids (can be written in lower case) or ISO codes
response	logical. If TRUE, when languoid is absent, return warnings with a possible candidates.
glottolog.source	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**Examples**

```
is.glottolog(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'))

# Add warning message with suggestions
is.glottolog(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'), response = TRUE)
# > FALSE TRUE
# Warning message:
# In is.glottolog(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'), response = TRUE) :
# Languoid Adyghe is absent in our database. Did you mean Aduge, Adyghe?
```

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iso.lang	<i>Get ISO 639-3 code by languoid</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return ISO code.

**Usage**

```
iso.lang(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

x	A character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)
glottolog.source	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[aff.lang](#), [area.lang](#), [country.lang](#), [lat.lang](#), [long.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
iso.lang('Adyghe')
iso.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Udi'))
```

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lang.aff	<i>Get languoids by affiliation</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of affiliations and return languoids.

**Usage**

```
lang.aff(x, list = FALSE, glottolog.source = "modified")
```



**Arguments**

`x` A character vector of the affiliations (can be written in lower case)

`list` logical. If TRUE, returns a list of languoids, if FALSE return a named vector.

`glottolog.source` A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[lang.country](#), [lang.iso](#)

**Examples**

```
lang.aff('Balto-Slavic')
lang.aff(c('East Slavic', 'West Slavic'))
lang.aff(c('East Slavic', 'West Slavic'), list = TRUE)
```

---

lang.country	<i>Get languoids by country</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of countries and return languoids.

**Usage**

```
lang.country(x, list = FALSE, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

`x` character vector of the countries (can be written in lower case)

`list` logical. If TRUE, returns a list of languoids, if FALSE return a vector.

`glottolog.source` A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[lang.aff](#), [lang.iso](#)

**Examples**

```
lang.country('North Korea')
lang.country(c('North Korea', 'Luxembourg'))
lang.country(c('North Korea', 'Luxembourg'), list = TRUE)
## What languoids are both in North Korea and in South Korea?
lang.country('Korea')
```

---

`lang.iso`*Get languoid by ISO 639-3 code*

---

**Description**

Takes any vector of ISO codes and return languoids.

**Usage**

```
lang.iso(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

<code>x</code>	A character vector of the ISO codes.
<code>glottolog.source</code>	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[lang.aff](#), [lang.country](#)

**Examples**

```
lang.iso('ady')
lang.iso(c('ady', 'rus'))
```

---

lat.lang	<i>Get latitude by languoid</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return latitude.

**Usage**

```
lat.lang(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

x	A character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)
glottolog.source	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[aff.lang](#), [area.lang](#), [country.lang](#), [iso.lang](#), [long.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
lat.lang('Adyghe')
long.lang('Adyghe')
lat.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'))
long.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'))
```

---

long.lang	<i>Get longitude by languoid</i>
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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return longitude.

**Usage**

```
long.lang(x, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

`x` A character vector of the languoids (can be written in lower case)  
`glottolog.source` A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**See Also**

[aff.lang](#), [area.lang](#), [country.lang](#), [iso.lang](#), [lat.lang](#)

**Examples**

```
lat.lang('Adyghe')
long.lang('Adyghe')
lat.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'))
long.lang(c('Adyghe', 'Russian'))
```

---

makelink

---

*Make a link for a languoid*


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**Description**

Takes any vector of languoids and return links to glottolog pages.

**Usage**

```
makelink(x, popup = "", glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

`x` A character vector of languoids (can be written in lower case)  
`popup` character vector of strings that will appear in pop-up window of the function  
`map.feature`  
`glottolog.source` A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: 'original' or 'modified' (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**Examples**

```
makelink('Korean')
```

map.feature

*Create a map***Description**

Map a set of languoids and color them by feature or two sets of features.

**Usage**

```
map.feature(languages, features = "none", popup = "", label = "",
  label.hide = FALSE, label.fsize = 14, label.position = "right",
  stroke.features = NULL, latitude = NULL, longitude = NULL,
  color = NULL, stroke.color = NULL, image.url = NULL,
  image.width = 100, image.height = 100, image.X.shift = 0,
  image.Y.shift = 0, title = NULL, stroke.title = NULL, control = FALSE,
  legend = TRUE, legend.opacity = 1, legend.position = "topright",
  stroke.legend = TRUE, stroke.legend.opacity = 1,
  stroke.legend.position = "bottomleft", radius = 5, stroke.radius = 9.5,
  opacity = 1, stroke.opacity = 1, scale.bar = TRUE,
  scale.bar.position = "bottomleft", minimap = FALSE,
  minimap.position = "bottomright", minimap.width = 150,
  minimap.height = 150, tile = "OpenStreetMap.Mapnik", tile.name = NULL,
  zoom.control = FALSE, glottolog.source = "modified")
```

**Arguments**

languages	character vector of languoids (can be written in lower case)
features	character vector of features
popup	character vector of strings that will appear in pop-up window
label	character vector of strings that will appear near points
label.hide	logical. If FALSE, labels are displayed allways. If TRUE, labels are displayed on mouse over. By default is TRUE.
label.fsize	numeric value of the label font size. By default is 14.
label.position	the position of labels: "left", "right", "top", "bottom"
stroke.features	additional independent stroke features
latitude	numeric vector of latitudes
longitude	numeric vector of longitudes
color	vector of colors
stroke.color	vector of stroke colors
image.url	character vector of URLs with an images
image.width	numeric vector of image widths
image.height	numeric vector of image heights

image.X.shift	numeric vector of image's X axis shift relative to the latitude-longitude point
image.Y.shift	numeric vector of image's Y axis shift relative to the latitude-longitude point
title	title of a legend
stroke.title	title of a stroke-feature legend
control	logical. If TRUE, function show layer control buttons. By default is TRUE.
legend	logical. If TRUE, function show legend. By default is FALSE.
legend.opacity	a numeric vector of legend opacity.
legend.position	the position of the legend: "topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft", "topleft"
stroke.legend	logical. If TRUE, function show stroke.legend. By default is FALSE.
stroke.legend.opacity	a numeric vector of stroke.legend opacity.
stroke.legend.position	the position of the stroke.legend: "topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft", "topleft"
radius	a numeric vector of radii for the circles.
stroke.radius	a numeric vector of stroke radii for the circles.
opacity	a numeric vector of marker opacity.
stroke.opacity	a numeric vector of stroke opacity.
scale.bar	logical. If TRUE, function shows scale-bar. By default is TRUE.
scale.bar.position	the position of the scale-bar: "topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft", "topleft"
minimap	logical. If TRUE, function shows mini map. By default is FALSE.
minimap.position	the position of the minimap: "topright", "bottomright", "bottomleft", "topleft"
minimap.width	The width of the minimap in pixels.
minimap.height	The height of the minimap in pixels.
tile	a character vector with a map tiles, popularized by Google Maps. See <a href="#">here</a> for the complete set.
tile.name	a character vector with a user's map tiles' names
zoom.control	logical. If TRUE, function shows zoom controls. By default is FALSE.
glottolog.source	A character vector that define which glottolog database is used: "original" or "modified" (by default)

**Author(s)**

George Moroz <agricolamz@gmail.com>

**Examples**

```

map.feature(c("Adyghe", "Russian"))

## All Sign languages
map.feature(lang.aff("Sign"))

## Map all Slavic languages
map.feature(lang.aff(c("Slavic"))))

## Add control buttons
map.feature(c("Adyghe", "Russian"), control = TRUE)

## Color languoids by feature
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature)
## ... or add a control buttons for features
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, control = TRUE)

## Adding pop-up
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"),
  popup = c("Circassian", "Circassian", "Slavic", "Slavic", "Slavic"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, df$popup)

## Adding labels
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"),
  popup = c("Circassian", "Circassian", "Slavic", "Slavic", "Slavic"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, label = df$lang)

## Adding title
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"),
  popup = c("Circassian", "Circassian", "Slavic", "Slavic", "Slavic"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, df$popup, title = "type of a language")

## Add your own coordinates
map.feature("Adyghe", latitude = 43, longitude = 57)

## Change map tile
map.feature("Adyghe", tile = "Thunderforest.OpenCycleMap")
map.feature("Adyghe", tile = c("OpenStreetMap.BlackAndWhite", "Thunderforest.OpenCycleMap"))
map.feature("Adyghe", tile = "Thunderforest.OpenCycleMap", tile.name = "colored")

## Add you own colors
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"),
  popup = c("Circassian", "Circassian", "Slavic", "Slavic", "Slavic"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, df$popup, color = c("green", "navy"))

## Map two sets of features

```

```
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Adyghe", "Kabardian", "Polish", "Russian", "Bulgarian"),
  feature = c("polysynthetic", "polysynthetic", "fusion", "fusion", "fusion"),
  popup = c("Circassian", "Circassian", "Slavic", "Slavic", "Slavic"))
map.feature(df$lang, df$feature, df$popup,
  stroke.features = df$popup)

## Add a pictures to plot
df <- data.frame(lang = c("Russian", "Russian"),
  lat = c(55.75, 59.95),
  long = c(37.616667, 30.3),
  urls = c("https://goo.gl/50Uv1E", "https://goo.gl/UWmvDw"))
map.feature(languages = df$lang,
  latitude = df$lat,
  longitude = df$long,
  image.url = df$urls)

## Add a minimap to plot
map.feature(c("Adyghe", "Russian"), minimap = TRUE)

## Remove scale bar
map.feature(c("Adyghe", "Russian"), scale.bar = FALSE)
```



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