

C++ Programmeermethoden Assignment5

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1 Introduction

Assignment5 replaces the 2020 C++ Programmeermethoden exams because of ongoing online teaching due to Corona virus measures and will determine your grade for this course. In this assignment you are asked to modify and extend the *VirusGame* software.

2 Tasks

You are asked to do the following tasks but first install and run VirusGame on your computer using the installation instructions provided and read the documentation and code to get somewhat familiar with it.

2.1 task1: Polymorphism

Currently in VirusGame.cpp all units are stored in a static array:

```
Virus units[max_nr_units];
```

But we want to be able to add other classes as units besides only the “Virus” class. In addition we want to handle the “player” object as just another unit so the code gets simpler. Therefore change the “units” array so that units of different types can be added to it using dynamic polymorphism.

2.2 task2: Avoid Duplicate Code

Avoid having duplicate code or expressions or said differently: don't repeat yourself (DRY). The `Virus::step()` function is currently already a duplicate of `Player::step()`. Find a good way to avoid that and other duplication.

2.3 task3: RAII

With dynamic polymorphism you will often have to dynamically allocate memory when you instantiate objects. This could be done using the “new” keyword. However you will then have to remember to deallocate the memory using the “delete” keyword when it is no longer needed to avoid memory leaks. Alternatively with *Resource Acquisition Is Initialization (RAII)* you can make sure you, and other people that might use your code in the future, won't forget to release any resource such as memory. This is done by putting the code that releases the resource in a destructor that is automatically called when an object goes out of scope. Use RAII in your code to make sure all resources are released automatically.

2.4 task4: STL Containers

The modern *Standard Template Library containers* are the preferred data structures to use. Prefer `std::vector` over a static array as it can grow to arbitrary size, it knows its own size, it doesn't decay to a pointer when passed to a function, and has only little additional overhead compared to a static array. Therefore replace any static array in your code (for example: `Virus units[max_nr_units]`) with a `std::vector` and prefer STL containers if you choose to add other data structures.

2.5 task5: STL Algorithms

ES.1 of C++ Core Guidelines recommends using the standard library over “handcrafted code”. Therefore use as much as possible the functions defined in the *STL Algorithms Library* instead of for example raw for-loops. For a gentle introduction to STL Algorithms see the “*105 STL Algorithms in Less Than an Hour*” talk by Jonathan Boccara.

2.6 task6: Your Own Creative Extension

The VirusGame is not yet finished. Extend it so it has interesting game play. Maybe the player has to avoid touching the viruses, or shoot them, or bump into them to bounce them into an anti-virus unit. Maybe also add some special effects like explosions or tire/skid marks or keep a score. The more creative the better, make it fun. You are free to change anything in the provided source code. Write a short description of your extensions with references to your source code and maybe how I should use them during the game in the README.md file just so that I don't miss anything when grading your submission.

2.7 task7: SOLID principles

As source code grows from a few hundred lines to many thousands of lines it tends to get harder and harder to change. This is one of the most difficult problems in software engineering. There are different schools of thought on how to alleviate this problem. One of these is using the SOLID principles which focuses on reducing code dependencies. For the SOLID principles see the *“Breaking Dependencies: The SOLID Principles”* and *“Free Your Functions!”* talks by Klaus Iglberger. Try to use the SOLID principles to decide how to structure your code. Describe the code structure decisions you made in relation to the SOLID principles in the README.md file with references to your source code. It is quite hard to use the SOLID principles and this task mostly is for the top students so they can differentiate themselves, you will not get points for trivial decisions.

3 Grading

Your grade will follow from which tasks you complete to a satisfactory level:

task	points
task1: Polymorphism	1
task2: Avoid Duplicate Code	1
task3: RAI	1
task4: STL Containers	1
task5: STL Algorithms	2
task6: Creative Extension	3
task7: SOLID principles	1

Points will be deducted if your code is not “simple” as described by Kate Gregory in her *“Simplicity: not just for beginners”* talk, watch it!

4 Plagiarism

You are not allowed to share code with other students, if we detect (manually or with plagiarism checkers) that different submissions have similar structure we will have to report that to the examination board (see the UvA “Fraude en plagiaat regeling”).

Therefore if you optionally choose to fork the VirusGame git repository so you can use git to track and backup your changes, then make sure the repository is private otherwise you could get accused of plagiarism if someone copies your code. Bitbucket allows you to make repositories private if you use your “@uva.nl” email address for your profile.

If you base parts of your work on code written by others add references to the source. Code that is not written/designed by you will generally not earn you many points so don’t rely on others too much.

5 Submission

Submit your code as a zip/tar of the whole VirusGame project before the deadline on May 28 2021 23:59 on Canvas. Remove the compiled executables and other derivatives that I don’t need to compile your code in order to reduce the size and complexity. If you add other dependencies (additional libraries) describe them in the README.md so I can easily install them. Double check that your submission contains all required files before you submit.