

# Chapter 2

Huakang

August 9, 2020

## 1 Sample Space

### 1.1 Experiment

Describe any process that generates a set of data

### 1.2 Definition 2.1

The set of all possible outcomes of a statistical experiment is called the **sample space** and is represented by symbol  $S$

Each outcome in a sample space is called an element or a member of the sample space, or simply a sample point.

The sample space  $S$ , of possible outcomes when a coin is flipped, may be written

$$S = \{H, T\},$$

where  $H$  and  $T$  correspond to heads and tails, respectively

## 2 Events

### 2.1 Definition 2.2

An **event** is a subset of a sample space

### 2.2 Definition 2.3

The complement of an event  $A$  with respect to  $S$  is the subset of all elements of  $S$  that are not in  $A$ . We denote the complement of  $A$  by symbol  $A'$ .

### 2.3 Definition 2.4

The intersection of two events  $A$  and  $B$ , denoted by the symbol  $A \cap B$

## 2.4 Definition 2.5

Two events  $A$  and  $B$  are **mutually exclusive**, or **disjoint**, if  $A \cap B = \emptyset$ , that is, if  $A$  and  $B$  have no elements in common

## 2.5 Definition 2.6

The **union** of the two events  $A$  and  $B$ , denoted by the symbol  $A \cup B$ , is the event containing all the elements that belong to  $A$  and  $B$  or both

# 3 Counting Sample Points