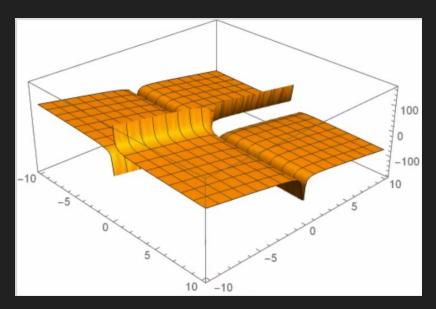
# Interference (Q<sup>2</sup> vs. t)



Interference term is where the CFFs fit parameters appear on the cross section (F) function.

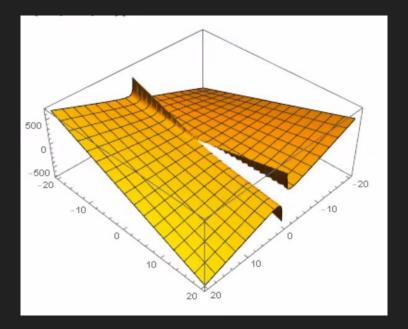


# Liuti's Formulation Interference coefficients

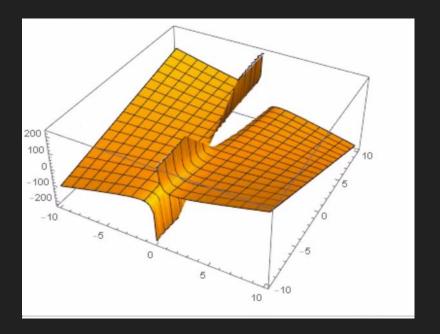
## Interference Coefficients

$$\begin{split} A_{UU}^T &= \frac{1}{(kq')(k'q')} \bigg\{ (Q^2 + t) \bigg[ (k'P)(kq')_T - 2(k'P)(kk)_T - 2(k'P)(kq') + 2(kP)(k'q') - 2(kP)(kk')_T \\ &- (kP)(k'q')_T + (k'q')(kP)_T + (kq')(k'P)_T - 2(kk')(kP)_T \bigg] - (Q^2 - t + 4(k\Delta)) \bigg[ + 2(Pq')(kk') \\ &- (Pq')(k'q')_T - (Pq')(kk')_T + 2(kk')(Pq')_T - (k'q')(kP)_T - (kq')(k'P)_T \bigg] \bigg\} \\ B_{UU}^T &= \frac{\xi}{2(kq')(k'q')} \bigg\{ (Q^2 + t) \bigg[ + (k'\Delta)(kq')_T - 2(k'\Delta)(kk)_T - 2(k'\Delta)(kq') + 2(k\Delta)(k'q') - 2(k\Delta)(kk')_T \\ &- (k\Delta)(k'q')_T + (k'q')(k\Delta)_T + (kq')(k'\Delta)_T - 2(kk')(k\Delta)_T \bigg] - (Q^2 - t + 4(k\Delta)) \bigg[ 2(q'\Delta)(kk') \\ &- (q'\Delta)(k'q')_T - (q'\Delta)(kk')_T + 2(kk')(q'\Delta)_T - (k'q')(k\Delta)_T - (kq')(k'\Delta)_T \bigg] \bigg\} \\ C_{UU}^T &= \frac{1}{2(kq')(k'q')} \bigg\{ (Q^2 + t) \bigg[ 2(kk')(k\Delta)_T - (k'q')(k\Delta)_T - (kq')(k'\Delta)_T + 4\xi(kk')(kP)_T \\ &- 2\xi(k'q')(kP)_T - 2\xi(kq')(k'P)_T \bigg] - (Q^2 - t + 4(k\Delta)) \bigg[ (kk')(q'\Delta)_T - (k'q')(k\Delta)_T \\ &- (kq')(k'\Delta)_T + 2\xi(kk')(q'P)_T - 2\xi(k'q')(kP)_T - 2\xi(kq')(k'P)_T \bigg] \bigg\} \end{split}$$

# Interference (Q<sup>2</sup> vs ReH)

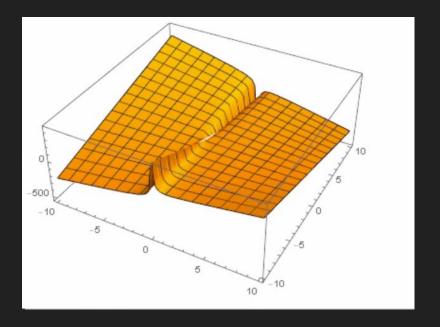


# Interference (Q<sup>2</sup> vs ReE)



# Interference (t vs ReH)

# Interference (t vs ReE)



# Interference (t vs ReHtilde)

# -100

# Interference (Q<sup>2</sup> vs ReHtilde)

