



班级: 计01

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1. 命题可记为  $(\forall t \in \mathbb{Z}) f(t) = -f(t) \Rightarrow (\forall k \in \mathbb{Z}) X(k) = -X(-k)$  3. 由于  $f(t)$  是周期信号, 因此可以 FS 展开, 得:

$$X(k) = \text{DFT}[f(t)]$$

$$\text{证明: } X(-k) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) \cdot W_N^{-nk}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(-n) W_N^{-nk}$$

$$= -x(0) W_N^0 - \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} x(N-n) W_N^{(N-n)k}$$

$$= -x(0) W_N^0 - \sum_{m=1}^{N-1} x(m) W_N^{mk}$$

$$= -\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) W_N^{nk}$$

$$= -X(k), k=0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

$$f(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} F_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{T}kt}$$

注意到  $f(t)$  有频率上限, 即可以找到  $k_0$ , 使得

$$f(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{k_0} F_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{T}kt} \quad (1)$$

考虑  $X(k)$  的 IFFT, 又有:

$$\hat{x}(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} W_N^{-nk} X(k)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X(k) e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}nk}, n=0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

由于每次抽样均满足采样定理, 因此对上式做周期内的  $n$  点采样的结果可恢复为原信号的形式:

$$f(n \cdot \frac{T}{N}) = \hat{x}(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X(k) e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}nk}$$

$$\text{取 } t = n \cdot \frac{T}{N}, \text{ 有 } f(t) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X(k) e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}nk} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{对比 (1) (2), 可知 } F_k = \frac{X(k)}{N}$$

$$\text{整理系数有 } X(k) = N F_k, k=0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

$$2. \textcircled{1} x(n) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} W_N^{-nk} X(k)$$

$$= 2 \left[ \frac{2}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_N^{-nk} X(2k) + \frac{2}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_N^{-n(2k+1)} X(2k+1) \right]$$

$$= 2 \left[ \frac{2}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_{N/2}^{-nk} G(k) + W_N^{-n} \frac{2}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_{N/2}^{-nk} H(k) \right]$$

$$= 2g(n) + 2W_N^{-n} h(n), n=0, 1, \dots, \frac{N}{2}-1$$

$$x(n + \frac{N}{2}) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} W_N^{-(n+\frac{N}{2})k} X(k)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_N^{-(n+\frac{N}{2})2k} X(2k) + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_N^{-(n+\frac{N}{2})(2k+1)} X(2k+1) \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_{N/2}^{-nk} G(k) + \sum_{k=0}^{\frac{N}{2}-1} W_{N/2}^{-nk} H(k) W_N^{\frac{N}{2}-n} \right]$$

$$= 2g(n) - 2W_N^{-n} h(n), n=0, 1, 2, \dots, \frac{N}{2}-1$$

$$\textcircled{2}. X(3) = 2X_{0,2,4,6}(3) + 2X_{1,3,5,7}(3) W_8^{-3}$$

$$= 2[2X_{0,4}(1) - 2W_4^{-1}X_{2,6}(1)] + 2W_8^{-3}[2X_{1,5}(1) - 2W_4^{-1}X_{3,7}(1)]$$

$$= 4X_{0,4}(1) - 4jX_{2,6}(1) + 2\sqrt{2}(j-1)X_{1,5}(1) + 2\sqrt{2}(j+1)X_{3,7}(1)$$