

@Ajaytripathi



#### Q1. What is the MERN Stack?

MERN stands for MongoDB, Express.js, React.js, and Node.js. It's a full-stack JavaScript framework for building end-to-end web applications.

- MongoDB NoSQL Database
- Express.js Backend framework
- React.js Frontend library
- Node.js Runtime environment

### Q2. How does the frontend (React) communicate with the backend (Express/Node)?

Using HTTP requests (mostly fetch() or axios) to interact with APIs created in Express.js.

The flow:

React → Axios/fetch → Express Route → MongoDB → Response

→ React UI





#### Q3. What is Mongoose and why is it used?

Mongoose is an ODM (Object Data Modeling) library for MongoDB. Features -

- Schema-based validation
- Middleware hooks
- Easy CRUD operations

Example - const User = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);

### Q4. What are some performance optimization techniques in MERN apps?

#### Frontend:

- Lazy Loading Components
- Memoization (React.memo, useMemo)

#### Backend:

- Caching (Redis)
- DB Indexing
- Pagination
- Load balancing





## Q5. How does React handle reconciliation and virtual DOM updates?

React uses a Virtual DOM and a diffing algorithm to detect changes.

It compares the new virtual DOM with the previous one and updates only the changed nodes using a batching strategy, improving performance.

## Q6. How do you implement secure authentication in a MERN app?

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- Use bcrypt to hash passwords
- Use JWT for access tokens
- Store tokens in httpOnly cookies to prevent XSS
- Use middleware in Express to verify tokens

Bonus: Add refresh tokens for better security.





## Q7. What's the difference between SQL and MongoDB data modeling?

SQL: Relational, normalized schemas, joins MongoDB: Document-based, denormalized for fast reads

Use embedded documents in MongoDB where possible Use references only for large, reusable datasets

#### Q8. What is the event loop in Node.js and how does it work?

Node.js is single-threaded and uses the event loop to handle async operations. Tasks like file I/O, DB access are sent to the event queue, and callbacks are executed non-blockingly when ready.







#### Q9. How to write unit and integration tests in a MERN stack?

- Frontend (React): Jest + React Testing Library
- Backend (Node/Express): Mocha, Chai, Supertest
- Use mocking (e.g., Mock Service Worker, Sinon) for API calls

## Q10. Explain the full deployment process of a MERN app (production-ready)?

- Backend: Host on Render / Railway / VPS
- Frontend: Deploy React on Netlify/Vercel
- MongoDB: Use MongoDB Atlas
- Env Vars: Secure via .env
- Reverse Proxy + HTTPS: Use Nginx + SSL
- Optional: Dockerize + CI/CD (GitHub Actions)





### Q11. What is CORS and how do you handle it in a MERN app?

CORS (Cross-Origin Resource Sharing) prevents requests between different origins.

To fix:

```
const cors = require('cors');
app.use(cors({ origin: 'http://localhost:3000', credentials: true }));
```

#### Q12. What is Redux and when should you use it?

Redux is a state management tool used when:

- You have deeply nested components sharing data
- You want predictable state changes
- You want to use middleware like Redux Thunk



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