

Pure_Kush

SGID 030-0009

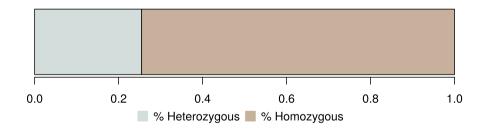
Date Mon Aug 20 14:22:46 MDT 2018

PlateUID J.17

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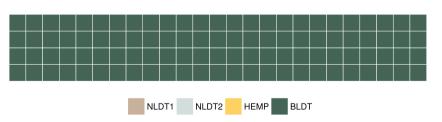
Stability

Greater genetic homozygosity leads to greater phenotypic stability which is the goal when breeding a consistently superior strain. Pure_Kush tested as 74.51 % homozygous (stable) and would be over 90% stable after 4 generations of sibling crosses.



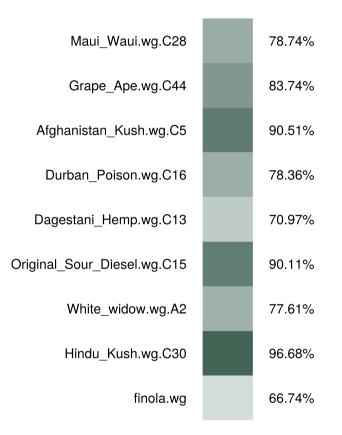
Ancestry

Ancestry is a description of how Pure_Kush partitions into the four major clades currently identified within *Cannabis*. The pedigree of Pure_Kush is 0.00 % NLDT1 (similar to the Durban Poisons and Haze), 0.00 % NLDT2 (Hawaiian types fall into this clade), 100.00 % BLDT (Afghan and/or Kush genetics), and 0.00 % Hemp (like Carmagnola and USO-31).

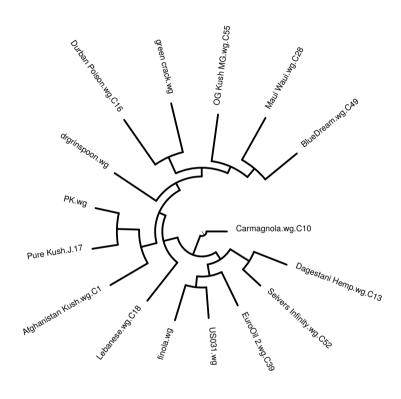


Similarity Evolution

The heat map represents how similar at the DNA level Pure_Kush is in relation to those in our reference database. The most similar strains (darker) are more recently related strains.

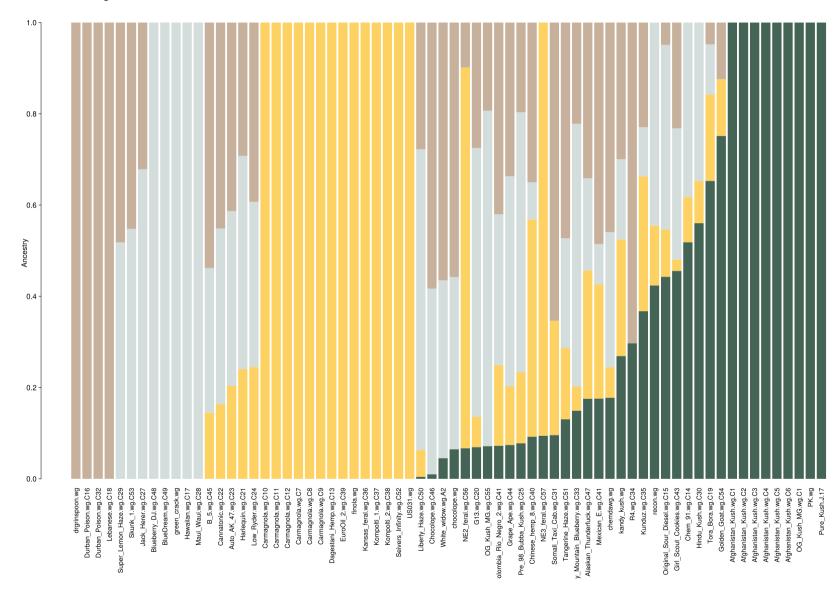


The figure shows the closest relatives to Pure_Kush and it's most likely relation to fifteen popular and well-defined strains. Branch lengths are proportional to evolutionary distance.



Population Structure

The population structure is similar to the ancestry analysis, but shows Pure_Kush in the broader context of our reference database. Bars of a single color indicate strains with the smallest degree of admixture.



Star Chart

Cannabis is a diverse plant taxa with a complex breeding history. This star chart illustrates hybridization events leading to the modern strains. Evolutionary distance is measured outwards from the inside of the star. Connections between rays indicate the degree of hybridization between lines.

PCA & Clustering

We read thousands of genetic markers from Pure_Kush and compared them to hundreds of other plants. Next, we reduced this deluge of data down to the most informative principle components (PCs) - dimensions of variation. Three of the most important PCs are represented by one axis in the three below. The plants are partitioned into six groups based on how they cluster in this PC space. Each cluster is assigned a color and the arrows point to plant that is closest to each cluster's center. Pure_Kush is marked with a cannabis leaf in each figure and its five nearest neighbors are listed in the table at the bottom. Note that each figure displays two PCs. The upper two figures both have PC1 running horizontally and the two rightmost figures have PC3 running vertically. PC2 runs vertically through the top-left figure, horizontally through the bottom-right figure, and is absent from the figure in the corner. The percent of variation explained by each component is listed under its label.

