### NeuroNex

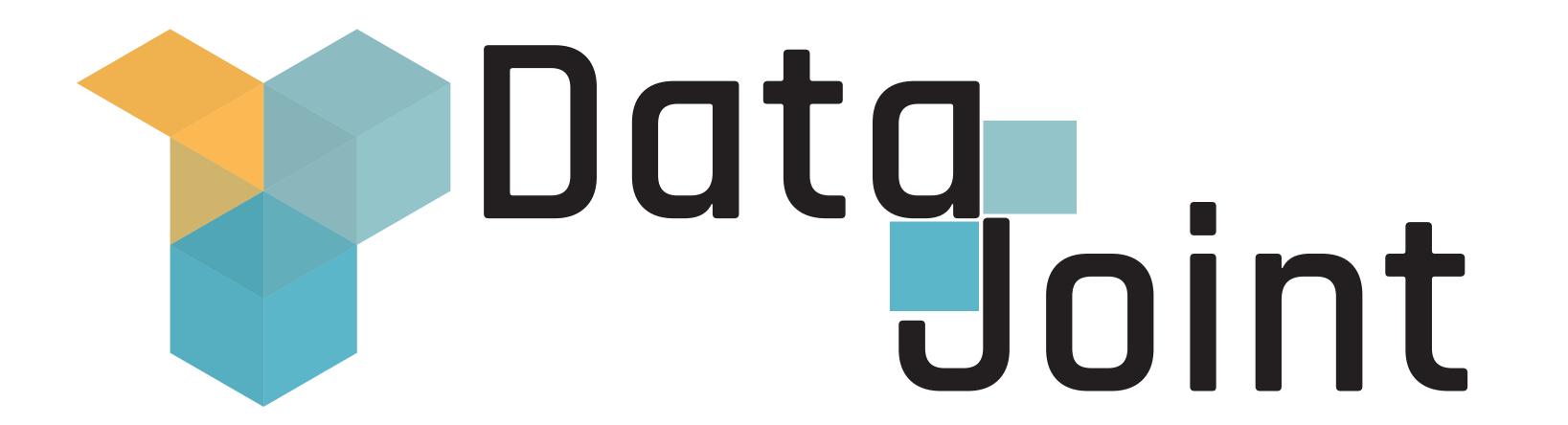


# Workshop 2018 Day 1

Sponsored by



Presented by Edgar Y. Walker April 19, 2018



## Session 0: Getting Connected

# Getting setup for the workshop

- Visit <a href="https://datajoint.io/workshop">https://datajoint.io/workshop</a>
- Sign up with an email address and workshop code\*
- Be sure to join Slack group for online help during the workshop!
- You will need a GitHub account to access the workshop JupyterHub
- You will receive an email with database username and password



## Session 1: Getting started with DataJoint

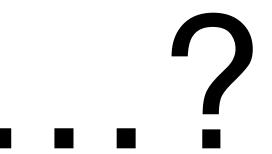
### Session 1 Goals

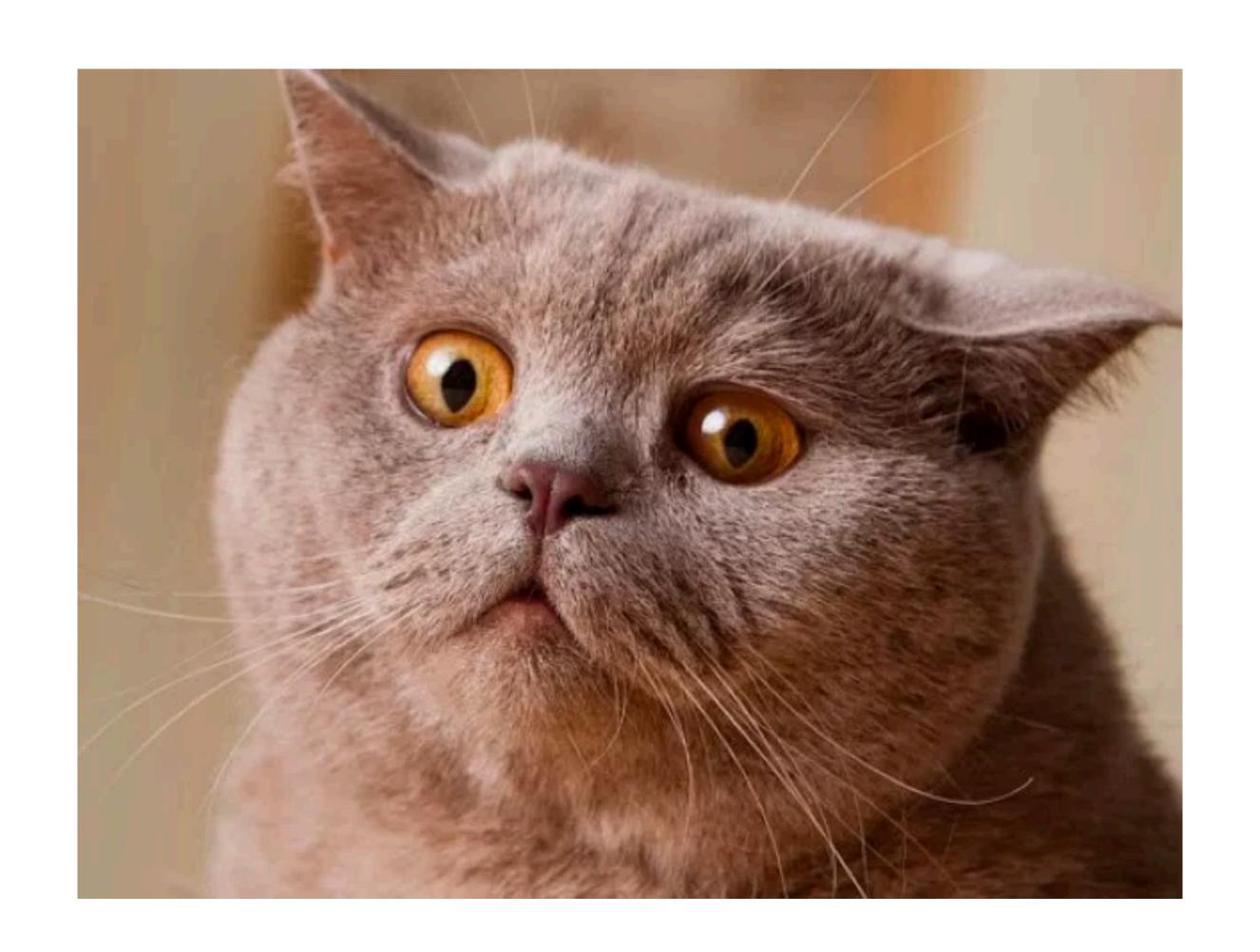
- 1. Learn what a pipeline is
- 2. Start designing our first data pipeline based on experiment requirements
- 3. Create the data pipeline in DataJoint
- 4. Insert some data into the pipeline
- 5. Perform basic queries to explore and fetch the data from the pipeline

## What is a data pipeline?

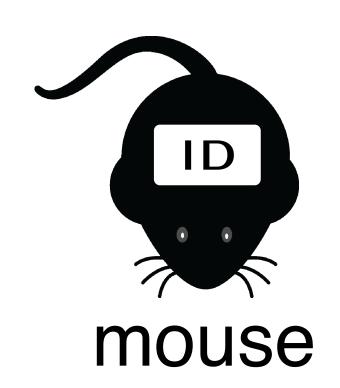
"A data pipeline is a sequence of steps (more generally a directed acyclic graph) with integrated storage at each step. These steps may be thought of as nodes in a graph"

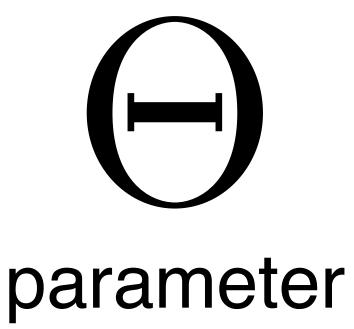
~ from DataJoint documentation (<a href="https://docs.datajoint.io">https://docs.datajoint.io</a>)

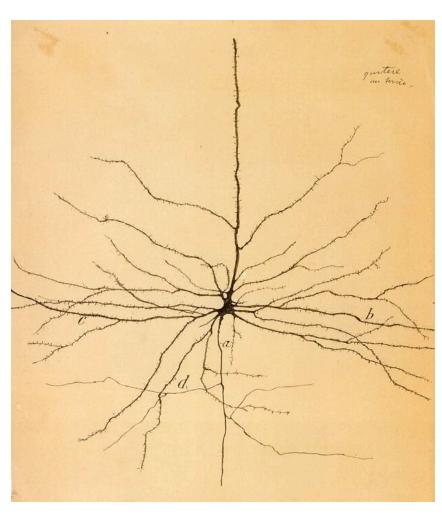




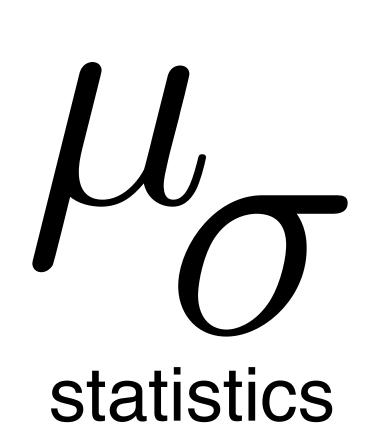
# Data pipeline are about "things" in your experiment!



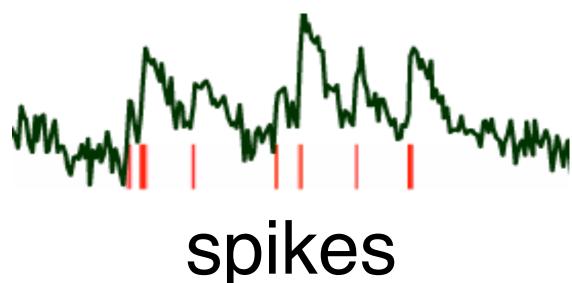




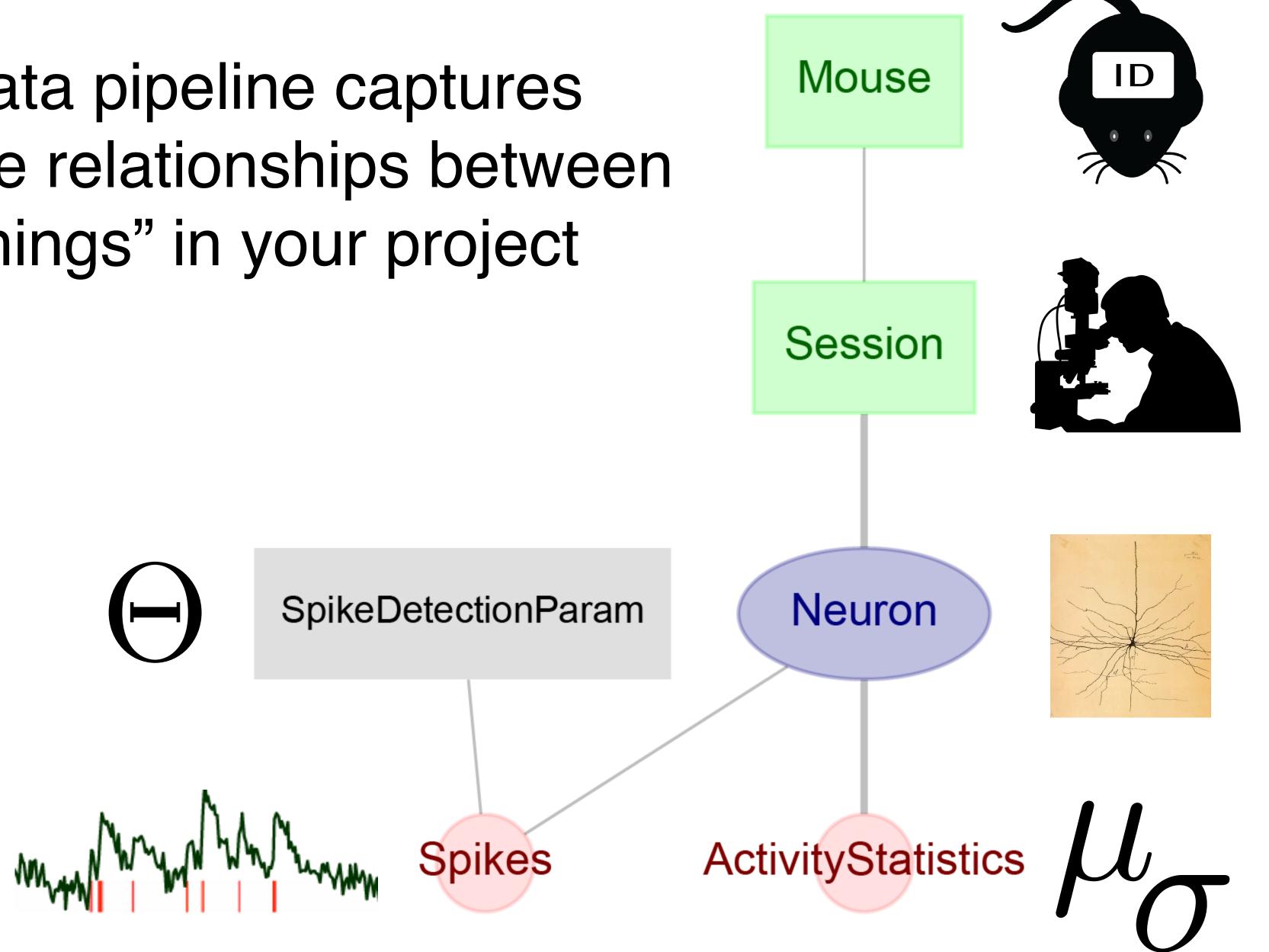
neuron





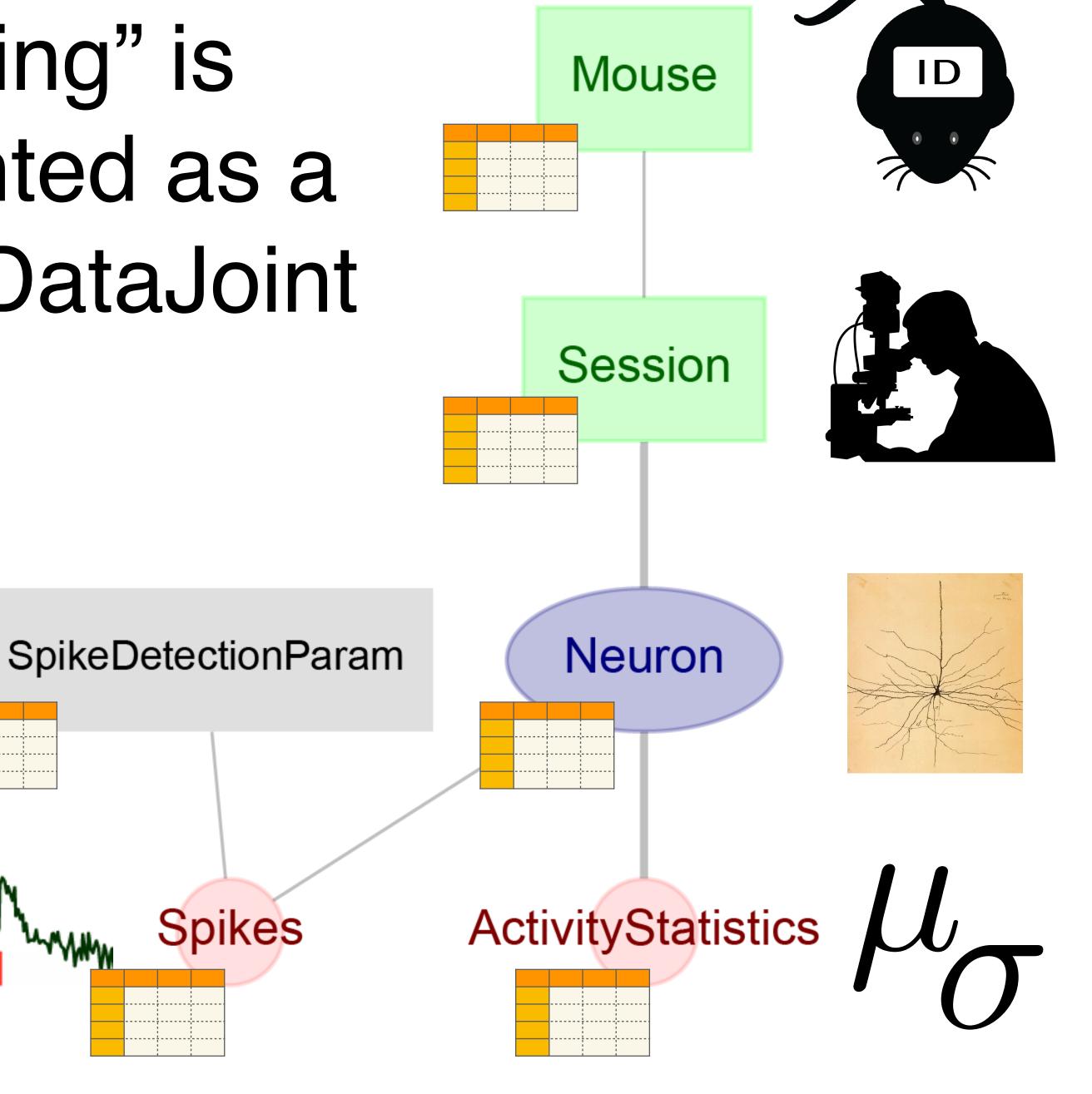


Data pipeline captures the relationships between "things" in your project



Each "thing" is represented as a table in DataJoint

Spikes



## Building your first pipeline

- Your lab houses many mice, and each mouse is identified by a unique ID.
   You also want to keep track of information about each mouse such as their date of birth, and gender.
- As a hard working neuroscientist, you perform experiments every day, sometimes working with more than one mouse in a day! However, on an any given day, a mouse undergoes at most one recording session.
- For each experimental session, you would like to record what mouse you worked with and when you performed the experiment. You would also like to keep track of other helpful information such as the experimental setup you worked on.
- In each experimental session, you record electrical activity from a single neuron. You use recording equipment that produces separate data files for each neuron you recorded.
- Neuron's activities are recorded as raw traces. Neuron's spikes needs to be detected for further analysis to be performed.

## Building your first pipeline

- Your lab houses many **mice**, and each mouse is identified by a *unique ID*. You also want to keep track of information about each mouse such as their *date of birth*, and *gender*.
- As a hard working neuroscientist, you perform *experiments* every day, sometimes *working with more than one mouse in a day!* However, on an any given day, a *mouse undergoes at most one recording session.*
- For each **experimental session**, you would like to record *what mouse you worked with* and *when you performed the experiment*. You would also like to keep track of other helpful information such as the *experimental setup* you worked on.
- In each **experimental session**, you record *electrical activity* from a single **neuron**. You use recording equipment that produces *separate data files* for each neuron you recorded.
- Neuron's activities are recorded as raw traces. **Neuron's spikes** needs to be detected for further analysis to be performed.

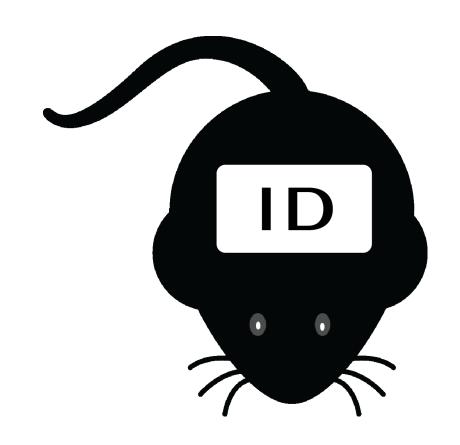
## "Things" in our project

- Mouse
- Experimental session
- Neuron
- Spikes

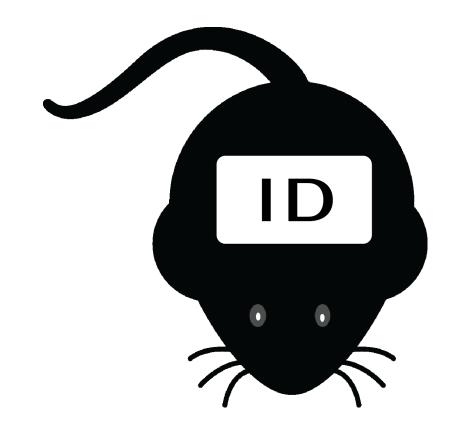
## "Things" in our project

- Mouse
- Experimental session
- Neuron
- Spikes

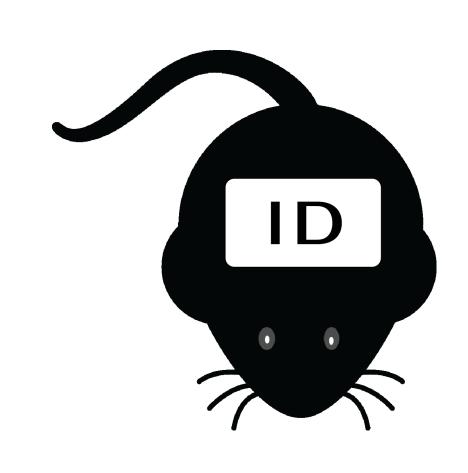
What would uniquely identify a mouse?



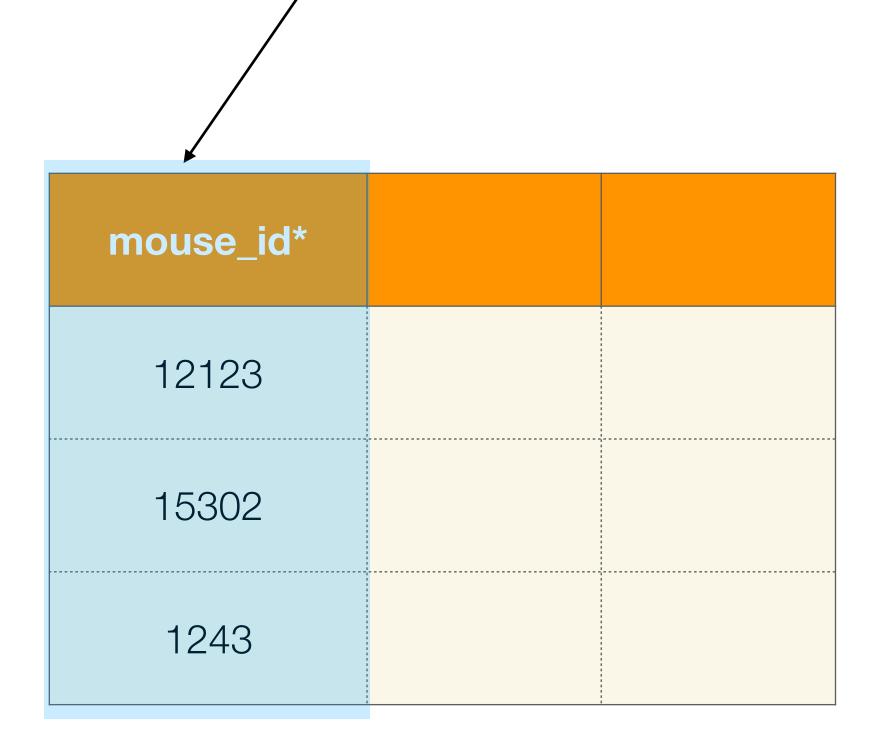
mouse\_id!

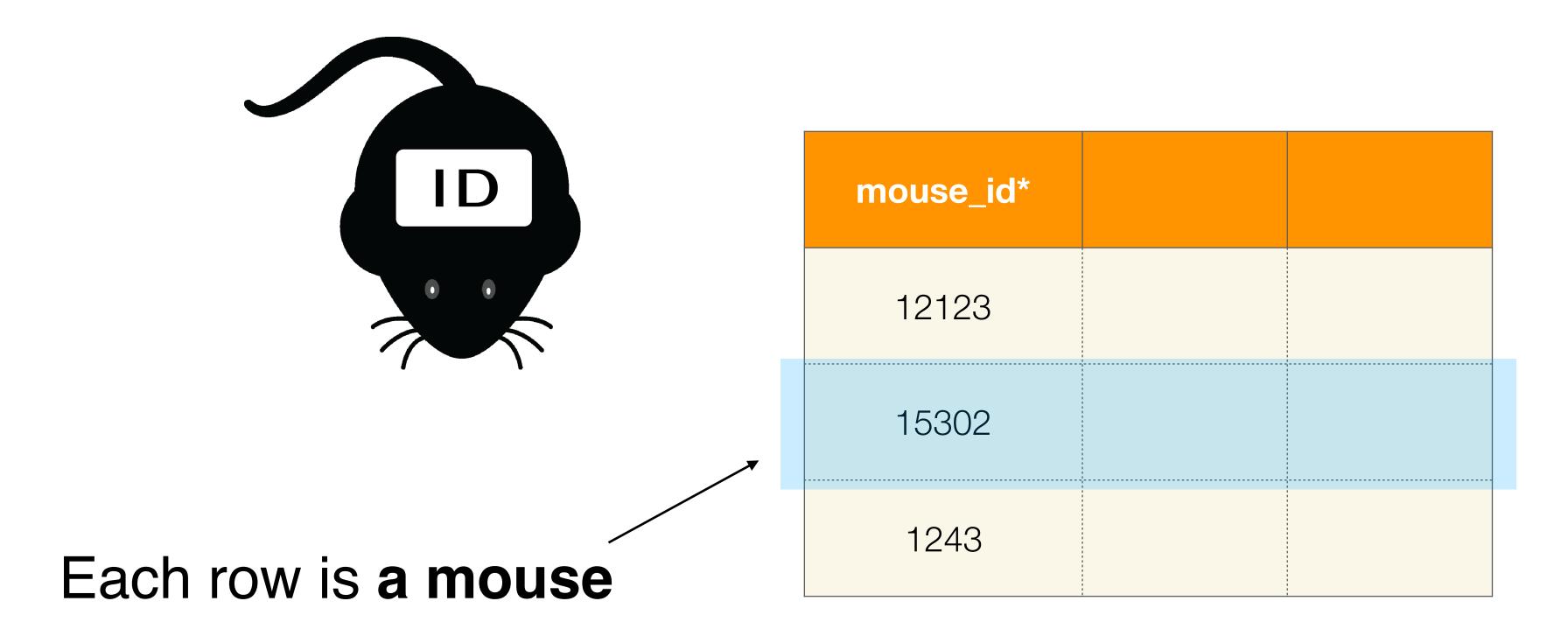


mouse_id*	
12123	
15302	
1243	

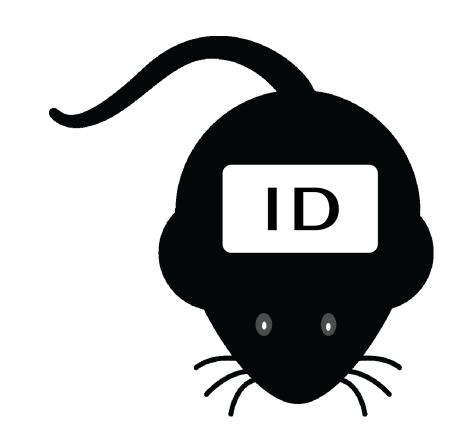


#### This is the primary key





# Adding other attributes (columns) about each mouse



mouse_id*	dob	sex
12123	2017-01-12	M
15302	2018-01-01	F
1243	2016-03-05	Unknown

# Let's now go build the pipeline in DataJoint!



# Session 2: Imported and Computed tables

### Session 2 Goals

- import neuron activity data from data files into an Imported table
- 2. compute various statistics for each neuron by defining a **Computed table**
- 3. define a Lookup table to store parameters for computation
- 4. define another **Computed table** to perform spike detection and store the detected spikes
- 5. automatically trigger computations for all missing entries with **populate**



Session 3:
Design patterns and advanced queries

### Session 3 Goals

- 1. highlight various design patterns found in our data pipeline
- 2. exercise writing more complex DataJoint queries



Recap of Day 1

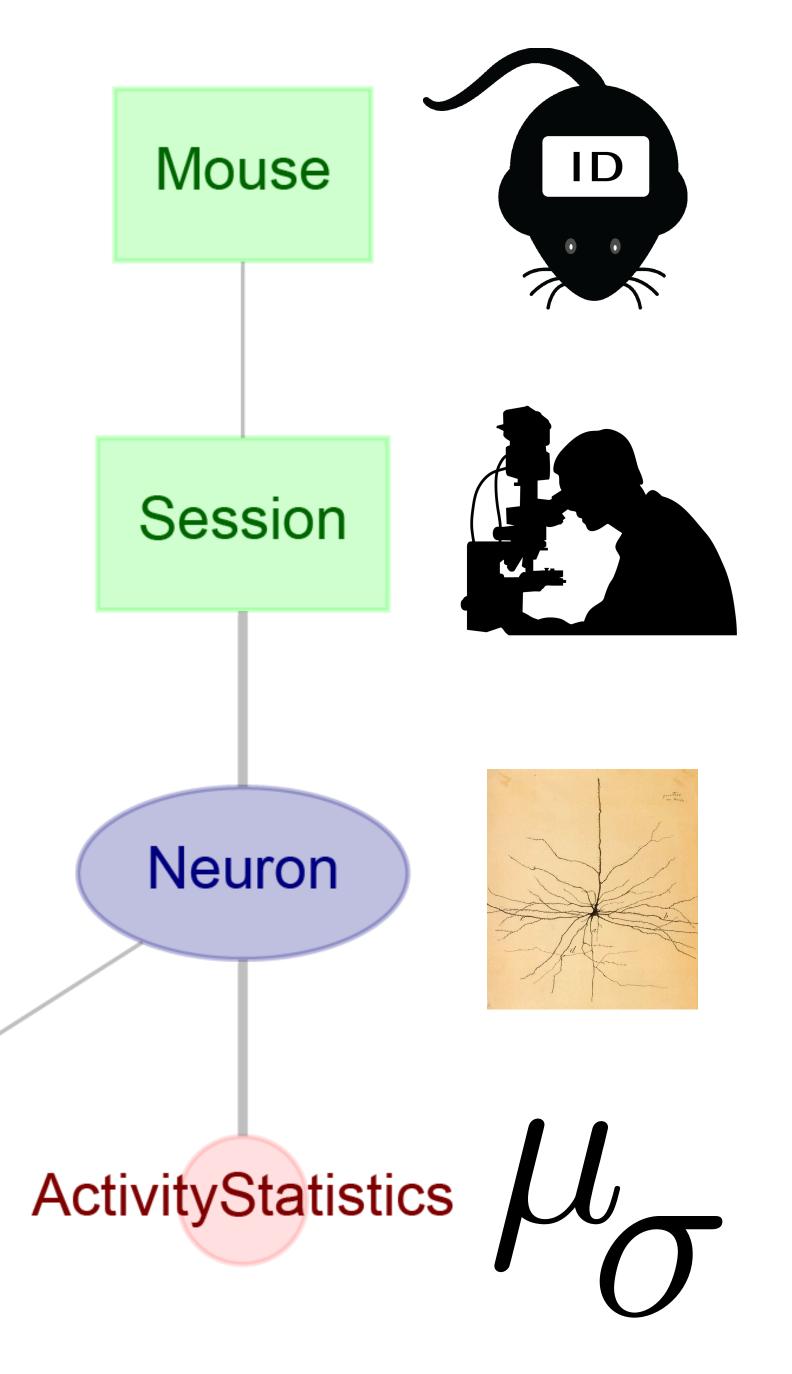
### We covered a lot!

- Designed our first data pipeline
- Learned to insert, query and fetch data
- Learned to define computations as tables in data pipeline
  - Computing "statistics"
  - Detected "spikes"
- Learned to use `make` and `populate` logic to automatically "populate" tables
- Studies common design patterns in data pipeline

Data pipeline captures the "relationships" between "things" in your project

My Spikes

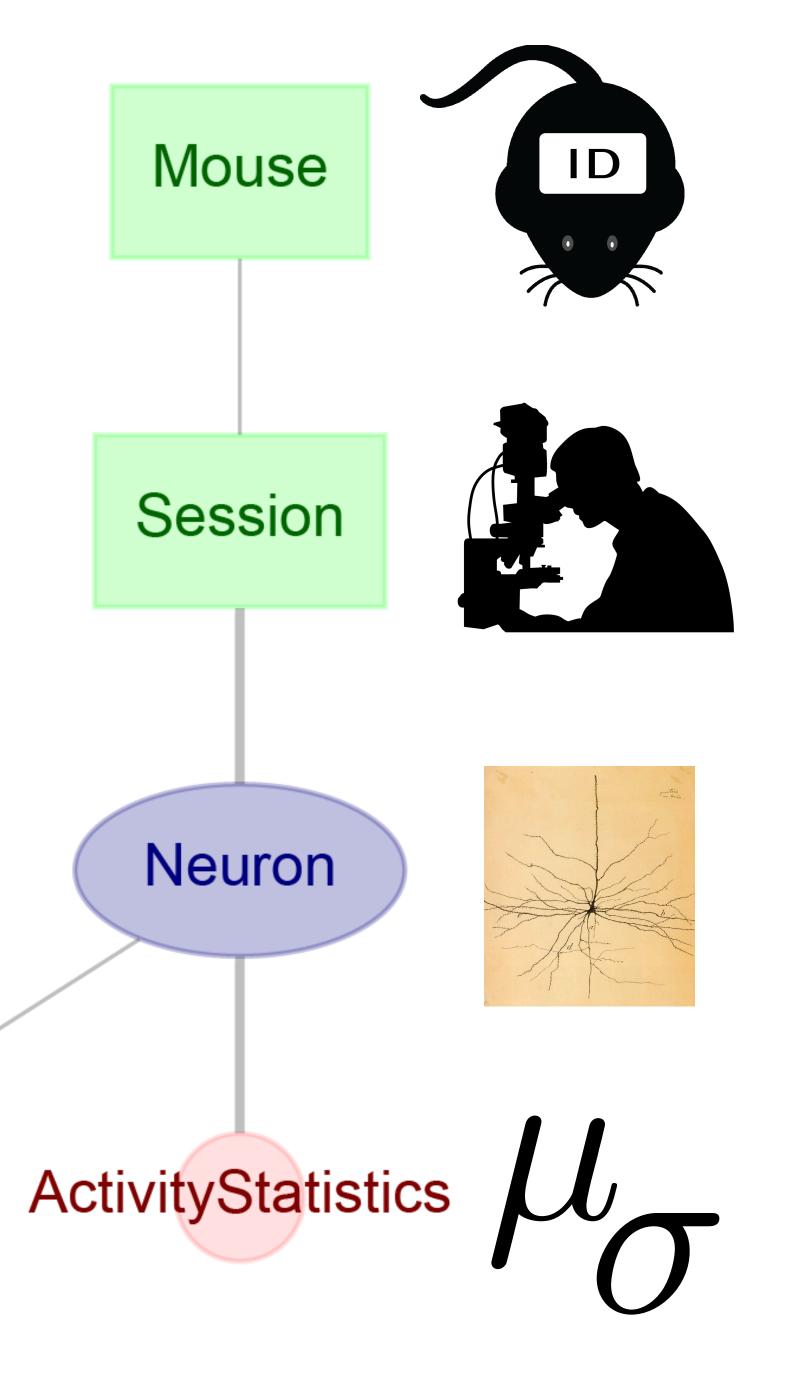
SpikeDetectionParam



Data pipeline captures the "dependencies" between "entities" in your project

My Spikes

SpikeDetectionParam



# What are we covering tomorrow?

- You will work in a team to:
  - Session 4: Practice designing a pipeline from scratch based on project requirements
  - Session 5: Extend an existing pipeline with a table defining a new analysis
- Session 6: Learn about best practices in data organization and sharing, and survey various tools/technologies to help you achieve the goals

### Additional learning resources



- Visit <a href="https://datajoint.io">https://datajoint.io</a> for more information about DataJoint the free open-source libraries for Python 3 and MATLAB
- Documentation and tutorials are available at <a href="https://">https://</a>

   docs.datajoint.io and <a href="https://tutorials.datajoint.io">https://tutorials.datajoint.io</a>
- DataJoint Slack group is an excellent place to interact with developers and other users.
- More learning resources are up and coming!

## That's it for Day 1!

### Thank you for attending!

You will receive an email with a survey - we would really like to hear your feedback on the workshop day 1! Tell us what you liked and what could be improved!