

#1. $\vec{V} = \sum v_i \vec{e}_i$ (8 dimensional vector) = $[1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 4, 8]$

$R_x = e^{-i\frac{\sigma_x}{2}}$ $X = |X+1\rangle - |X-1\rangle \Rightarrow R_x = e^{-i\frac{\sigma_x}{2}} |X+1\rangle + e^{i\frac{\sigma_x}{2}} |X-1\rangle$

$R_x = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} & -i \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \\ -i \sin \frac{\theta}{2} & \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \end{bmatrix}$ $P_i = |\langle 1 | R_x(f(v_i)) | 0 \rangle|^2$

vector length = 8

$[1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 4, 8] \rightarrow [\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{2}, \frac{6}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{7}{2}, \frac{4}{2}, \frac{8}{2}]$ $Z = \sqrt{204}$, norm
 ↑ divide each entry by length(8) to make each entry between 0 and 1

$\langle 1 | R_x(0) | 0 \rangle = [0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} \cos \frac{\theta}{2} & -i \sin \frac{\theta}{2} \\ -i \sin \frac{\theta}{2} & \cos \frac{\theta}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = -i \sin \frac{\theta}{2}$ $P_i = \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$ $\theta = 0, 1, \dots, 7$

encoding method: $|\psi\rangle = \prod_{i=0}^7 R_x(f(v_i)) |0\rangle$, when $P_i = \sin^2\left(\frac{f(v_i)}{2}\right) = \frac{v_i}{\text{norm}(V)}$

$\Rightarrow f(v_i) = 2 \arcsin\left(\sqrt{\frac{v_i}{\text{norm}(V)}}\right)$

$f(v_0) = 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{204}}\right) \approx 0.123$

$f(v_1) = 2 \arcsin\left(\frac{5}{\sqrt{204}}\right) \approx 1.82$

$f(v_7) = 2 \arcsin(1) \approx \pi$

#2 $Z = |V| = \sqrt{204}$

$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{Z} \sum_{i=0}^7 v_i |i\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{204}} \left(1|000\rangle + 5|001\rangle + 2|010\rangle + 6|011\rangle + 3|100\rangle + 7|101\rangle + 4|110\rangle + 8|111\rangle \right)$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{204}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} = U |0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{204}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 7 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \\ ? \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

$f = \{[1, 0, 0, \dots, 0], [0, 1, 0, \dots, 0], \dots, [0, 0, \dots, 0, 1]\}$

$g = \left\{ \frac{1}{\sqrt{204}} [1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 7, 4, 8], \dots \right\}$

$1 \cdot x_0 + 5 \cdot x_1 + 2 \cdot x_2 + 6 \cdot x_3 + 3 \cdot x_4 + 7 \cdot x_5 + 4 \cdot x_6 + 8 \cdot x_7 = 0$ $x_0 = -5x_1 - 2x_2 - 6x_3 - 3x_4 - 7x_5 - 4x_6 - 8x_7$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -10 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -50 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -6 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -30 \\ 9 & 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -10 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -8 & 13 & 1 & 29 \\ 8 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 4 & 28 & 2 & 58 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1 = 5x_0$$

$$x_2 = 3x_1$$

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{3}x_4$$

$$x_1 = 2x_0$$

$$3 + \frac{49}{3} = \frac{58}{3}$$

$$x_0 + 5x_1 + 2x_2 + 6x_3 + 3x_4 + 9x_5 + 4x_6 + 8x_7 = 0$$

$$26x_0 + 20x_2 + \frac{58}{3}x_4 + 20x_6 = 0$$

$$x_6 = -\frac{13}{10}x_0 - x_2 - \frac{29}{30}x_4$$

Unitary Matrix

$$\left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 9 \\ 4 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -6 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -8 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 5 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 13 \\ 26 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \frac{58}{3} \\ \frac{58}{3} \\ \frac{58}{3} \\ 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}, \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{26} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \frac{29}{30} \\ \frac{149}{30} \\ \frac{149}{30} \\ \frac{58}{30} \\ \frac{149}{30} \\ \frac{149}{30} \\ -30 \\ -10 \\ \frac{116}{30} \\ \frac{232}{30} \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \right]$$

#3. a) Task 1. pros: only 8 single rotation gates. low cost in gate number

cons: one-hot encoding \Rightarrow 8 qubits used. high cost in qubit number

Task 2. pros: only 3 qubits used to encoding. low cost in qubit number

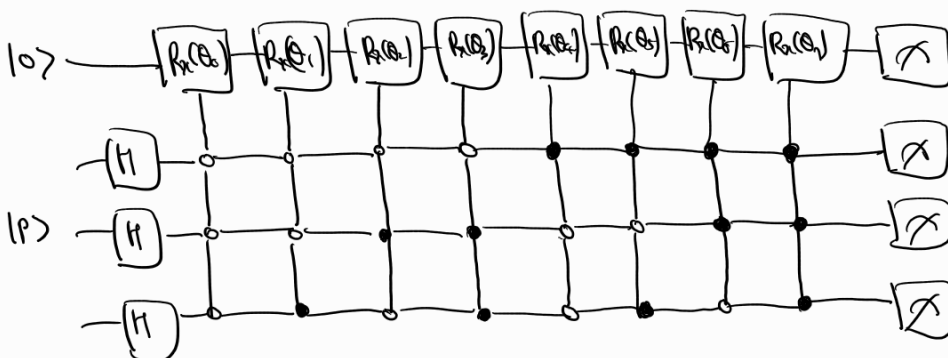
cons: Many gates to construct unitary matrix

$$b) |\psi\rangle = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} (R_x(\frac{f(v_i)}{2})|0\rangle)|i\rangle$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \left[\cos\left(\frac{f(v_i)}{2}\right)|0\rangle - i\sin\left(\frac{f(v_i)}{2}\right)|1\rangle \right] |i\rangle, \text{ let } |i\rangle \text{ be position state } |i\rangle$$

$$\text{for } V = [1, 5, 2, 6, 3, 9, 4, 8]$$

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left[\cos\left(\frac{f(v_0)}{2}\right)|0\rangle - i\sin\left(\frac{f(v_0)}{2}\right)|1\rangle \right] |000\rangle + \dots + \left[\cos\left(\frac{f(v_7)}{2}\right)|0\rangle - i\sin\left(\frac{f(v_7)}{2}\right)|1\rangle \right] |1111\rangle$$

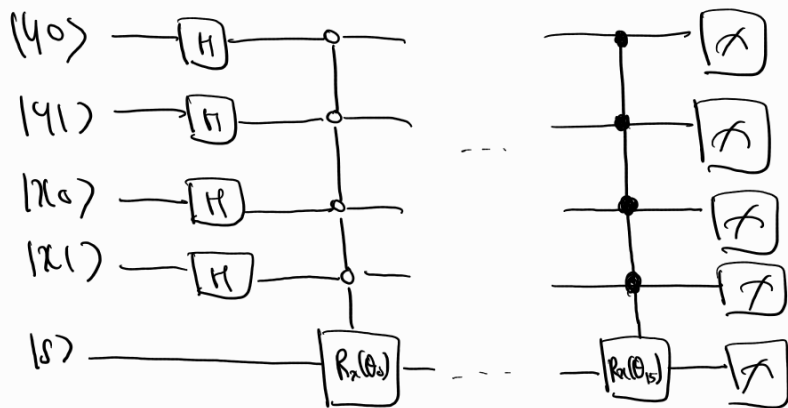


#4

	$ 00\rangle$	$ 01\rangle$	$ 10\rangle$	$ 11\rangle$
$ 00\rangle$	0	0.5	0	0
$ 01\rangle$	0.8	1	0.8	0
$ 10\rangle$	0	0.5	0	0
$ 11\rangle$	0	0	0	0

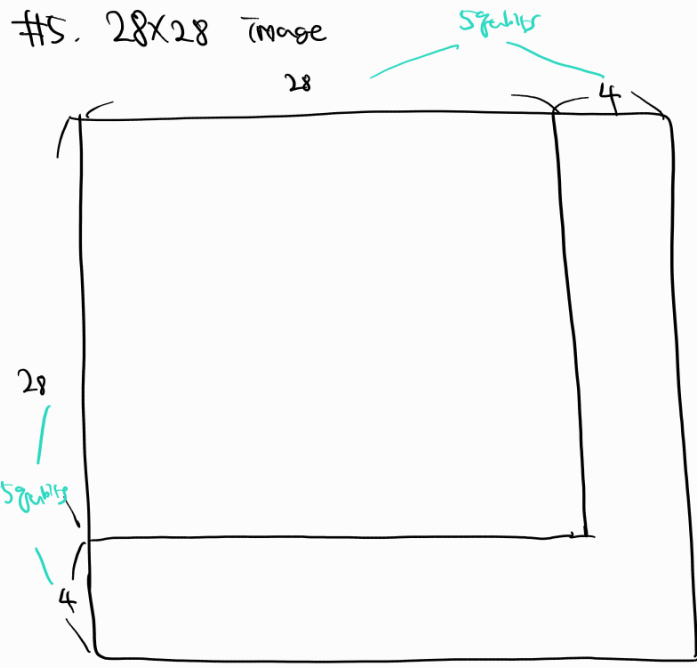
$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^4}} \sum_{y=0}^3 \sum_{x=0}^3 |f(y,x)\rangle \otimes |y\rangle |x\rangle$$

\nwarrow $R_x(f(y,x))|0\rangle$ \uparrow 2 qubits \uparrow 2 qubits



$\uparrow \theta_i = f(v_i) = 2 \arcsin(\sqrt{v_i})$
 $\uparrow 0, 0.5, 0.8, \dots \text{etc}$

#5. 28x28 image



$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^5}} \sum_{y=0}^{2^5-1} \sum_{x=0}^{2^5-1} |f(y,x)\rangle \otimes |y\rangle |x\rangle$$

\nwarrow $R_x(f(y,x))|0\rangle$ \downarrow 1 qubit \downarrow 5 qubits \downarrow 5 qubits

