

# Project Report: Radar System using Ultrasonic Sensor and Servo Motor

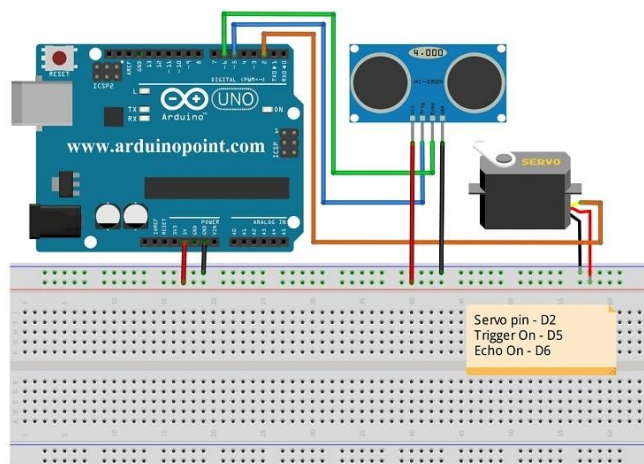
## 1. Introduction

A radar system based on an ultrasonic sensor and a servo motor is designed to detect objects within a specified range. This system operates by emitting ultrasonic waves and analyzing the echoes to determine the presence and distance of objects. The servo motor enables a sweeping motion, allowing a 180-degree rotation for efficient object detection.

## 2. Components Used

- Arduino Uno
- Ultrasonic sensor (HC-SR04)
- Servo motor
- Jumper wires
- Breadboard
- Power supply
- Processing software

## 3. Circuit Diagram



## 4. Code

```
#include <Servo.h>

const int trigPin = 10;
const int echoPin = 11;

long duration;
int distance;
Servo myServo;

void setup() {
  pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT); // Sets the trigPin as an Output
  pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);
  Serial.begin(9600);
  myServo.attach(12);
}
void loop() {

  for(int i=0;i<=180;i++){
    myServo.write(i);
    delay(30);
    distance = calculateDistance();

    Serial.print(i); // Sends the current degree into the Serial Port
    Serial.print(","); // Sends addition character right next to the previous value needed
    later in the Processing IDE for indexing
    Serial.print(distance); // Sends the distance value into the Serial Port
    Serial.print("."); // Sends addition character right next to the previous value needed
    later in the Processing IDE for indexing
  }
  for(int i=180;i>0;i--){
    myServo.write(i);
    delay(30);
    distance = calculateDistance();
    Serial.print(i);
    Serial.print(",");
    Serial.print(distance);
    Serial.print(".");
  }
}
// Function for calculating the distance measured by the Ultrasonic sensor
int calculateDistance(){

  digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
  delayMicroseconds(2);
```

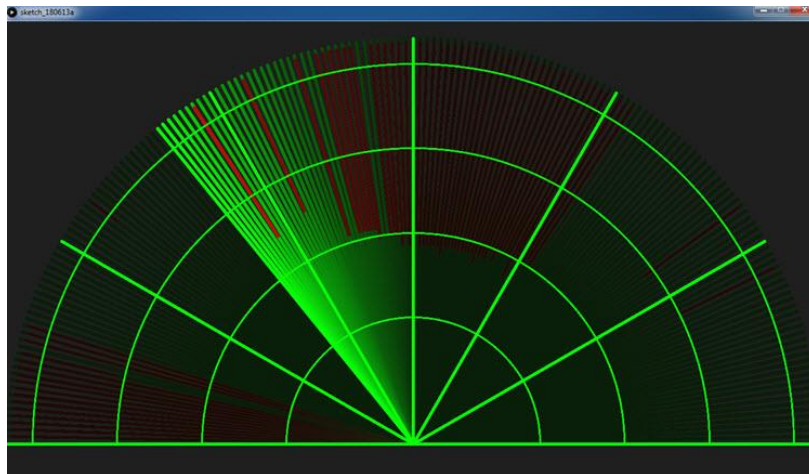
```

// Sets the trigPin on HIGH state for 10 micro seconds
digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);
delayMicroseconds(10);
digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);
duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH); // Reads the echoPin, returns the sound wave
travel time in microseconds
distance= duration*0.034/2;
return distance;
}

```

## 5. Processing software

Processing software is often used in radar systems to display visual representations of the data collected by the Ultrasonic sensor.



## 6. Result

The radar system successfully rotates the servo motor, scanning in a 180-degree range. It detects objects within a 40 cm range and displays the angle of detected objects via the serial monitor and with the processing software we can display on graph.

## 7. Advantages and Disadvantages

### Advantages

- Efficient object detection within a specified range.

- Adjustable range and rotation for diverse applications.
- Cost-effective and simple implementation.

## **Disadvantages**

- Limited accuracy and resolution in object detection.
- Susceptible to interference from reflective surfaces or certain materials.

## **8. Future Scope and Applications**

### **Future Scope**

- Integration with IoT platforms for remote monitoring and control.
- Implementing multiple sensors for enhanced coverage and accuracy.
- Utilization in autonomous vehicles, security systems, or robotics for object detection and avoidance.

### **Applications**

- Security systems to detect intruders within a specified area.
  - Robotics for obstacle avoidance and navigation.
  - Industrial applications for monitoring and controlling machinery movements.
-