



Report from 2015 Brainhack Americas (MX)

Detecting task-based fMRI compliance using plan abandonment techniques

Project URL: <https://github.com/brainhack-poa/fmri-plan-recognition>

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1 Introduction

Task-based fMRI is a powerful approach to understand brain processes for a certain task. However, fMRI images are usually preprocessed hours, days or even months after the scan. During the functional image preprocessing stage, defects in images are detected and, in some cases, cannot be corrected. For example, technical problems with the scanner or lack of collaboration from the subject to perform the given tasks. For these cases it is necessary to realize a new scan. In order to mitigate lost scans due to patient non-compliance, we need an approach to detect such non-compliance during the scan.

2 Approach

In this BrainHack project, we aim to detect if a subject is following the given task and provide an almost real-time feedback to the researchers to make a decision during the exam if the subject is not collaborating. To do so, we use plan abandonment techniques [1], a sub-area of Artificial Intelligence. For a given fMRI paradigm, a plan should be created and compared with the subject's brain activation during the scan using recognition methods. To use plan abandonment techniques, we need to discretize and formalize the fMRI and construct a expected plan based on the hypothesis paradigm using this formalization. To evaluate the compliance with a specific paradigm, we aim to use real-time fMRI methods to retrieve BOLD signals of brain regions that are supposed to be active in a particular time range. By doing so, it is possible to

detect if a subject is following the paradigm given a specific stimulus type, such as visual or auditory stimulus. The brain state of each stimulus type will be mapped based on atlas from the literature. For example, Brodmann areas 17, 18 and 19 will be mapped to cover visual stimulus with a state *visual_actv*. So, for a paradigm that works with visual stimuli, the plan must contain *visual_actv* for the given time that the stimulus occurs.

3 Discussion

The formalization of brain states strongly depends on the discretization of specific region states, which might vary from subject to subject. In order to normalize the signals, a previous tuning phase is required with simple paradigms, depending on which paradigm will be executed. The usage of real-time fMRI methods aggregates to our approach since the tuning and pursuance recognition can be made during the exam. In the case of fMRI paradigm abandonment, the paradigm can be adapted to induce or interest the subject in a way that the subject proceeds with its tasks, using methods such as demonstrated by [2].

4 Conclusions

This project is in its initial phase. Real-time fMRI methods are being tested, using AFNI's provided tools. In order to use plan abandonment techniques, the next step is to formalize basic stimuli types based on mapped regions. By using these formalizations, paradigms can be converted to a problem of plan abandonment and it become possible to evaluate the participation of a subject during the scan.

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Availability of Supporting Data

More information about this project can be found at:

<https://github.com/brainhack-poa/fmri-plan-recognition>. Further data and files supporting this project are hosted in the *GigaScience* repository REFXXX.

Competing interests

None

Author's contributions

RFP and FM develop the project, and RFP, ASH, FM, ARF, and AB wrote the report.

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References

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