

Hands-on lab

Lab: Databinding (MVVM)

December 2015

Exercise 1: Single Object Data Binding

Step 1 – Create Universal Windows Application

1. Create a new Solution “StarWarsUWP” with the following subprojects:
 - StarWarsUWP.App : Universal Windows (Blank App)
 - StarWars.Domain : model classes (Class Library – Universal Windows)
 - StarWars.DAL : repository classes (Class Library – Universal Windows)
2. Move the SWMovie and SWPlanet classes from the previous module to StarWars.Domain (possibly rename the namespace of the classes to match the projectname)
3. Create an IStarWarsRepository interface and SWAPIRepository class in the StarWars.DAL project and implement the following method (retrieve a movie by its url from swapi.co):
`public SWMovie GetMovieByUrl(string url)`
4. Remove frame rate counters from the application in debug mode by commenting out the following lines in App.xaml.cs:

```
protected override void OnLaunched(LaunchActivatedEventArgs e)
{
    #if DEBUG
        //if (System.Diagnostics.Debugger.IsAttached)
        //{
        //    this.DebugSettings.EnableFrameRateCounter = true;
        //}
    #endif

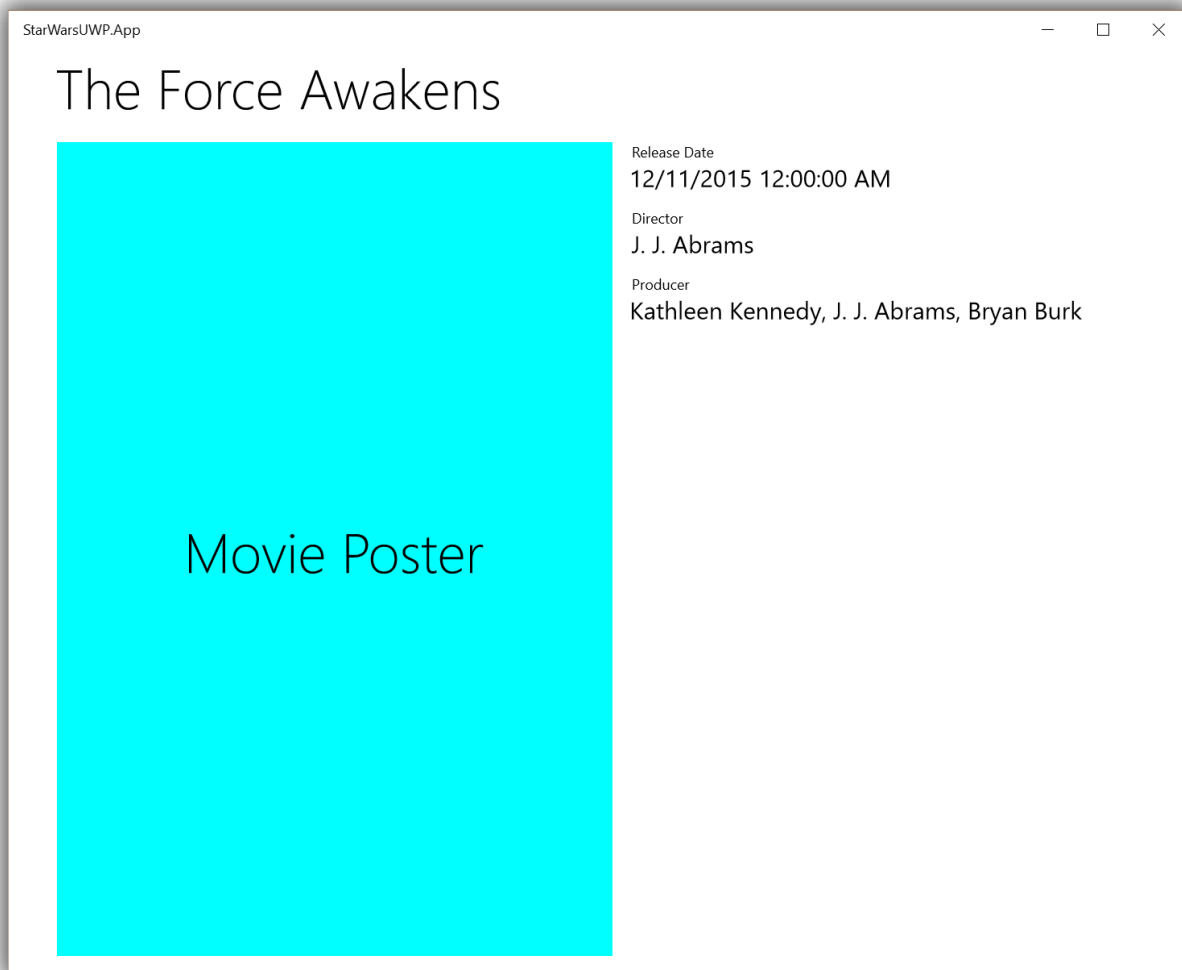
    Frame rootFrame = Window.Current.Content as Frame;
    ...
}
```

Step 2 – Create a GUI

Make a GUI that looks like the following (application is running). Refresh your skills with layout techniques (Grid, StackPanel). A new and interesting new layout class is *RelativePanel* (only available for UWP, not WPF).

More info: <http://blogs.u2u.be/diederik/post/2015/07/19/A-lap-around-the-RelativePanel-Control.aspx>

Tip: using pre-defined style like `Style="{ThemeResource CaptionTextBlockStyle}"` helps with scaling fonts later across multiple devices.



Step 3 – Databind with a single object

Handle the Loaded event of the page to instantiate a SWMovie object and bind it to the page.

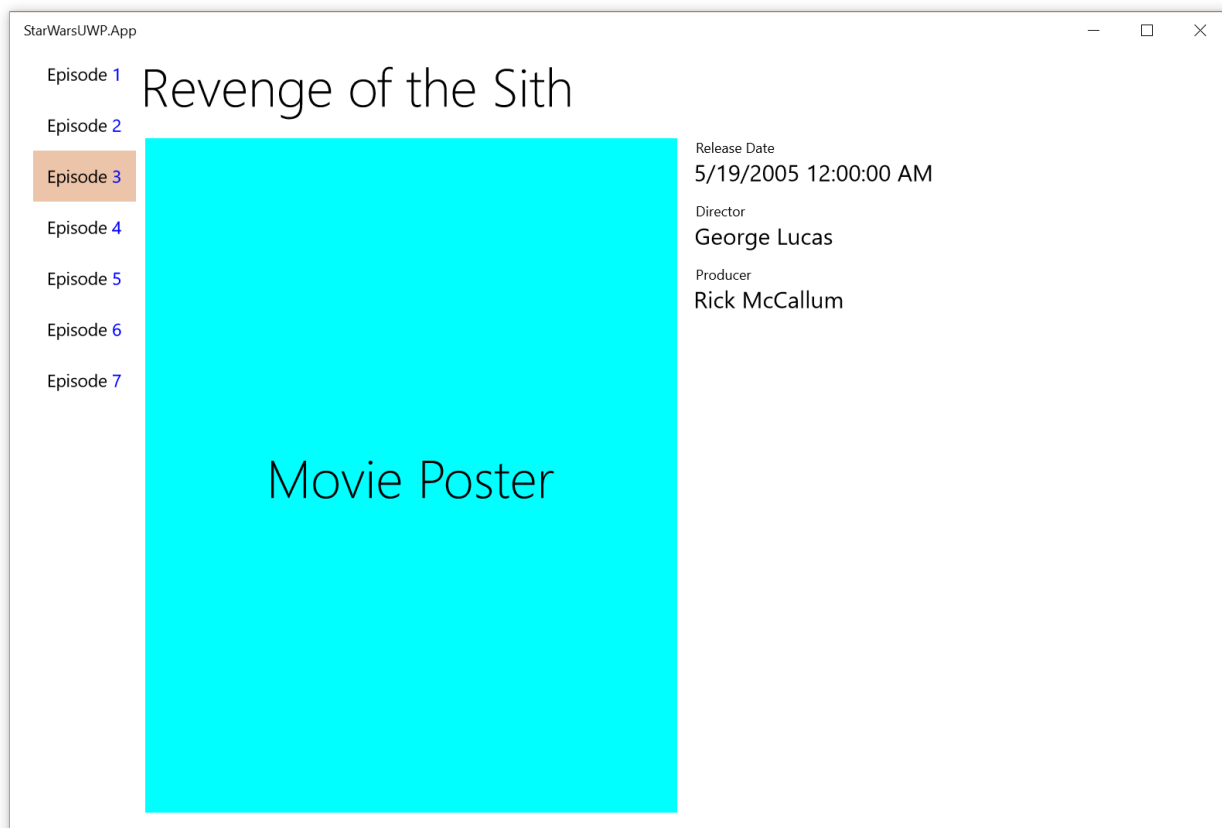
Exercise 2: Object Collection Data Binding

Step 1 – Extend the DAL

1. Extend the IStarWarsRepository interface with the following method

```
List<SWMovie> GetAllSWMovies();
```

2. Implement this method in the correct class (SWAPIRepository)
3. Create a ListView and bind to the list of all movies
4. If you tap (or click) on a list, the correct details are displayed



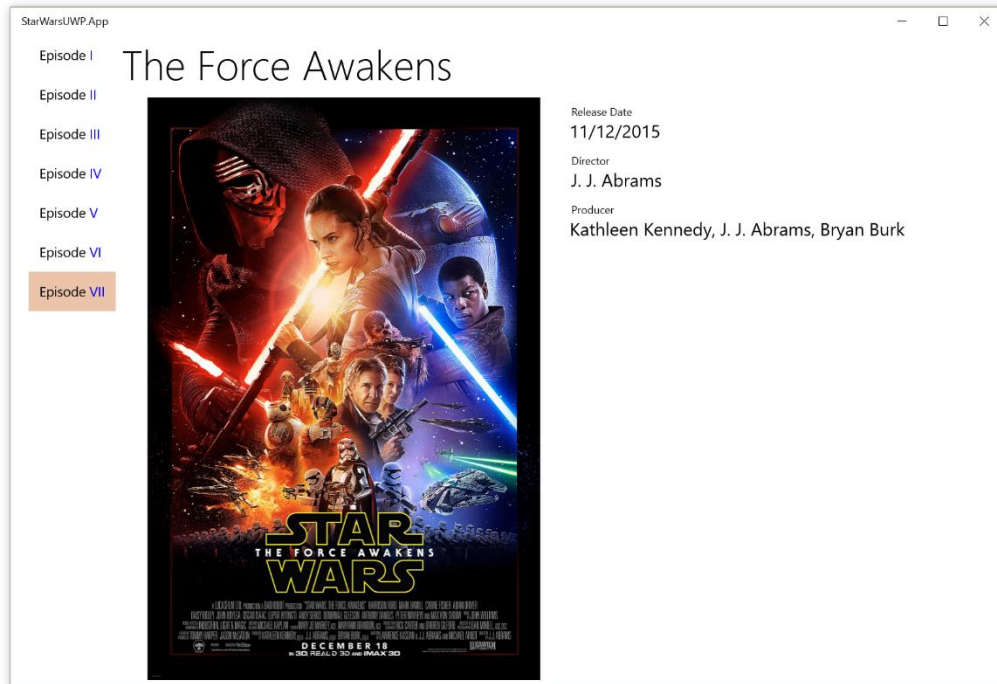
Exercise 3: Converters

Implement the following converters, store these in a folder called

1. A `DateConverter` that formats the Release Date property as dd/MM/YYYY
2. A `RomanConvert` that converts the Episode ID to a Roman number, eg 7 → VII
3. A `PosterConverter` that loads a `Bitmap`. The name corresponds to a title of a movie, but with all small caps and underscores, e.g. The Force Awakens → the_force_awakens.zip

The following code will be usefull:

```
C#  
BitmapImage img = new BitmapImage();  
var fname = ...  
img.UriSource = new Uri("ms-appx:///Posters/" + fname + ".jpg");
```



Exercise 4: Change management

Add a property called Rating and implement `INotifyPropertyChanged` accordingly. Use the `[CallerMemberName]` annotation to avoid spelling error bugs. More info:

<http://csharp.2000things.com/tag/inotifypropertychanged/>

Now modify the program: add two buttons (Up and Down) that increment/decrement the rating with steps of 0.5. A valid rating should stay between 0 and 10.

If you click the button, you change the property of the `DataContext` Movie object. If everything went correct, the UI will update itself automatically.

StarWarsUWP.App

Episode I

The Phantom Menace

Episode II


Episode III

Episode IV

Episode V

Episode VI

Episode VII



Release Date
19/05/1999

Director
George Lucas

Producer
Rick McCallum

Rating
6

Down

Up

Exercise 5: Custom Control

Now for some more fun, add the following control to your project

<https://github.com/BratchedDev/Bratched.Tools.RatingControl>



Exercise 6: Responsive Layout

Finally we dig a little into creating a responsive layout. Read about it in the following articles:

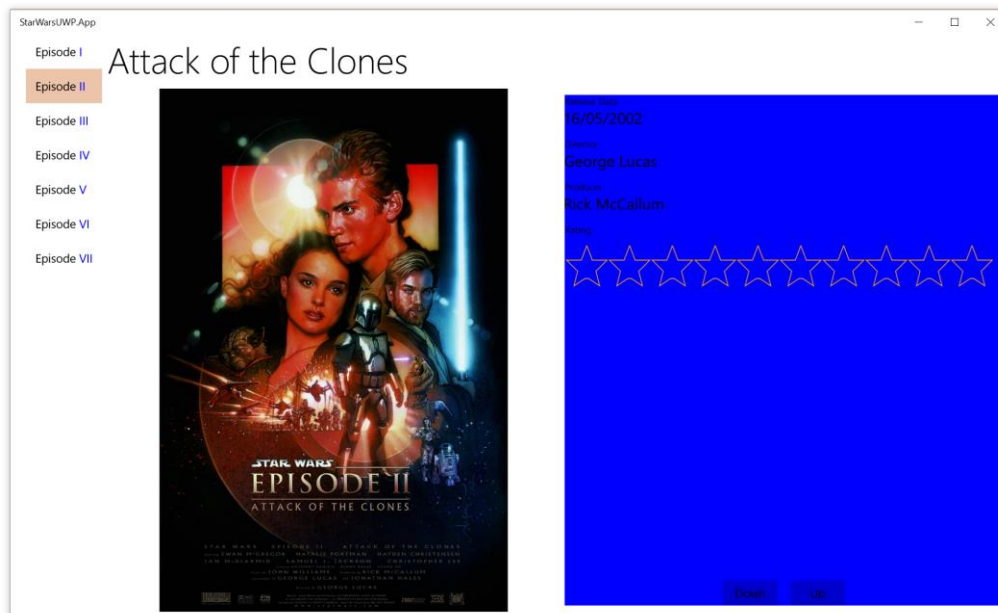
<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/apps/dn958435.aspx?f=255&MSPPError=-2147217396>

<https://blogs.windows.com/buildingapps/2015/09/01/make-your-app-look-great-on-any-size-screen-or-window-10-by-10/>

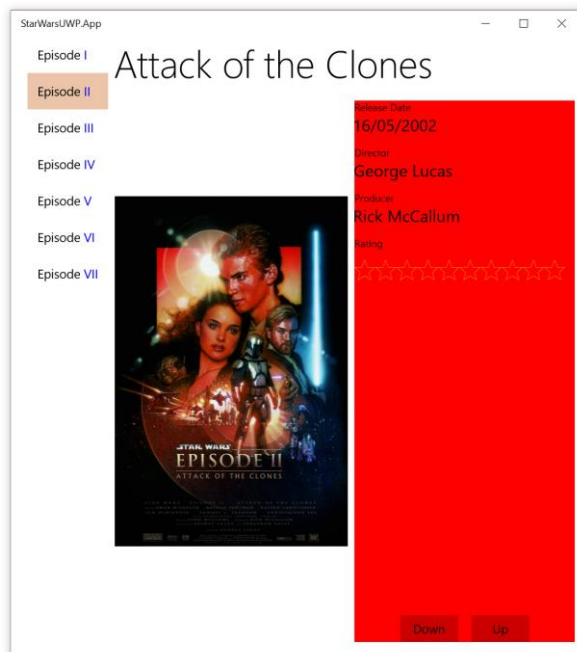
<http://blogs.u2u.be/diederik/post/2015/07/28/A-lap-around-Adaptive-Triggers.aspx>

Now modify the app using Visual State Triggers: if you resize below a size of 720 pixels there is a change in color. This proves your trigger fires:

Landscape:

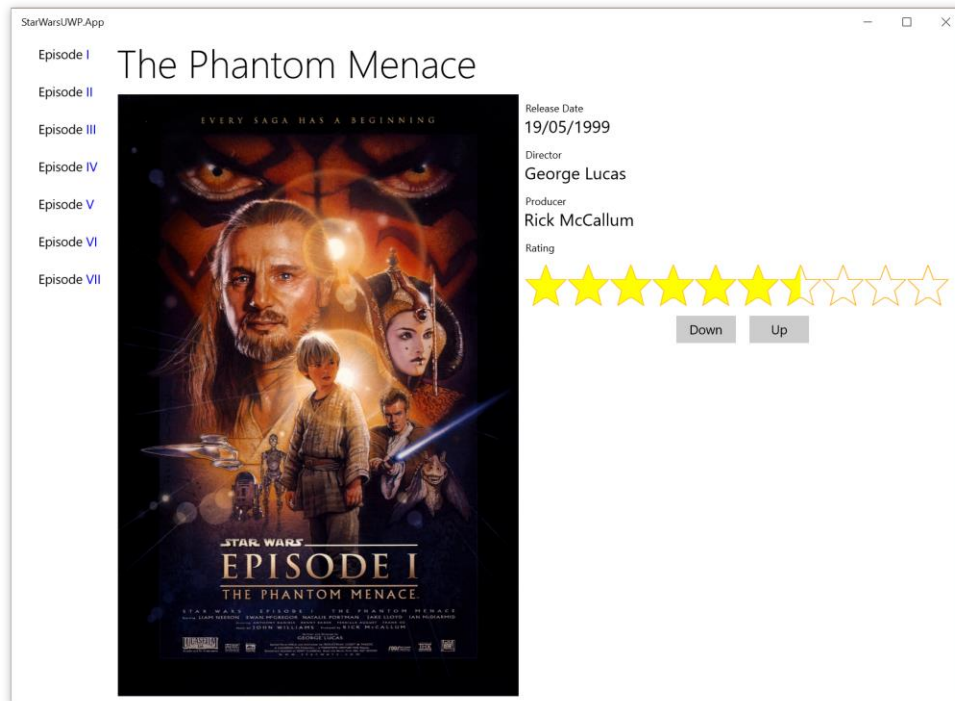


Portrait



Then create some visual appealing layouts in both states:

Landscape



Portrait

