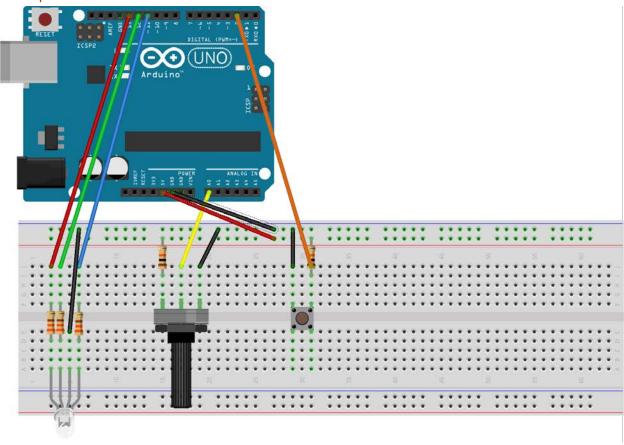
# Module 1

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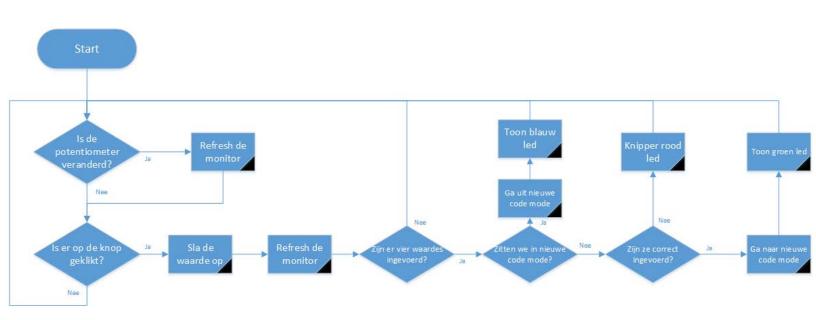
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# Setup



# Flow-Chart



## Code

#### Initialiseren

```
// Output pins
int ledPinRood = 13;
int ledPinGroen = 12;
int ledPinBlauw = 11;
// Input pins
int PinKnop = 2;
int PinPot = A0;
// Calculation values
int Input = 0;
int LastInput = 10;
int Codel = 1;
int Code2 = 2;
int Code3 = 3;
int Code4 = 4;
int Invoerl;
int Invoer2;
int Invoer3;
int Invoer4;
int CurrentState = 1;
// Button values
bool ButtonStateA;
bool ButtonStateB;
// String values
bool UpdateScreen = true;
bool Correct = false;
```

```
Setup
// Stratup and initialiser
void setup()
  // set outputs
  pinMode(ledPinGroen,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ledPinRood,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(ledPinBlauw,OUTPUT);
  // set inputs
  pinMode(PinKnop, INPUT);
  pinMode (PinPot, INPUT);
  // set serial
  Serial.begin(9600);
  // begin sequence
  Red();
Hoofd-loop
 void loop()
   // Checks if the potentiometer got shifted
   InputValueChanged();
   // Triggers whenever the potentiometer gets shifted
   if (UpdateScreen)
    RefreshScreen();
   }
   // Triggers whenever the button gets pressed
   if (ButtonPress())
      // Calculate all values
      SetValue();
      //Move up the process by one step
      CurrentState++;
      //Update the interface
      RefreshScreen();
   }
 }
```

```
Knop controle
```

```
//Checks if the button has been pressed
bool ButtonPress()
  // Save button states
  ButtonStateA = digitalRead(PinKnop);
  delay(50);
  ButtonStateB = digitalRead(PinKnop);
  // Check
  if (ButtonStateA && !ButtonStateB)
   return true;
  else
    return false;
Potentiometer controle
//Checks if the button has been pressed
bool ButtonPress()
  // Save button states
  ButtonStateA = digitalRead(PinKnop);
  delay(50);
  ButtonStateB = digitalRead(PinKnop);
  // Check
  if (ButtonStateA && !ButtonStateB)
   return true;
  else
   return false;
 }
```

#### Bereken waardes

```
// Sets the entered values and determines wether the correct sequence has been given
void SetValue()
  switch(CurrentState)
   {
       case 1:
         Invoer1 = Input;
         break;
       case 2:
         Invoer2 = Input;
         break;
       case 3:
         Invoer3 = Input;
         break;
       case 4:
         Invoer4 = Input;
         if(Code1 == Invoer1 && Code2 == Invoer2 && Code3 == Invoer3 && Code4 == Invoer4)
         Correct = true;
         else if(Code1 != Invoer1 || Code2 != Invoer2 || Code3 != Invoer3 || Code4 != Invoer4)
         {
         Correct = false;
         }
         break;
       case 6:
        Code1 = Input;
        break;
       case 7:
        Code2 = Input;
        break;
       case 8:
        Code3 = Input;
        break;
       case 9:
         Code4 = Input;
         break;
   }
}
```

## Ververs de monitor

#### Regel – 1 & 2

```
// Prints out all lines of text into the serial monitor. Also decides when the leds should burn.
void RefreshScreen()
{
   if(CurrentState != 5 && CurrentState != 10)
   {
      // Line 1: Current mode
      if(CurrentState < 5)
      {
        Serial.println("Voer de toegangscode in:");
      }
      else
      {
        Serial.println("Voer nieuwe toegangs code in:");
    }

      // Line 2: Current value
      Serial.println("Waarde: ");
      Serial.println(Input);</pre>
```

Regel – 3 als er nog geen vier waardes zijn ingevoerd

```
// Line 3: Action performed
 switch (CurrentState)
     case 1:
       Serial.println("Voer eerste nummer in...");
       break;
      case 2:
        Serial.println("Voer tweede nummer in...");
       break;
      case 3:
       Serial.println("Voer derde nummer in...");
       break;
     case 4:
       Serial.println("Voer vierde nummer in...");
       break;
      case 6:
       Serial.println("Voer eerste nummer in...");
      case 7:
        Serial.println("Voer tweede nummer in...");
       break;
      case 8:
        Serial.println("Voer derde nummer in...");
       break;
        Serial.println("Voer vierde nummer in...");
       break;
 }
 ClearScreen (10);
}
```

```
Regel – 3 als er vier waardes zijn ingevoerd
   else if(CurrentState == 5 && Correct)
   {
     Serial.println("Juiste Toegangscode is ingevoerd");
     ClearScreen (12);
     Green3Sec();
     CurrentState++;
    RefreshScreen();
   else if(CurrentState == 5)
    Serial.println("Verkeerde Toegangscode");
     ClearScreen (12);
     BlinkRed();
     CurrentState = 1;
     RefreshScreen();
   }else
     Serial.println("Toegangs code Gewijzigd");
     ClearScreen (12);
     Blue3Sec();
     CurrentState = 1;
    RefreshScreen();
   }
```

```
Scherm Opschonen
```

```
//Clear the screen by adding a certain amount of empty lines
 void ClearScreen(int length)
     for (int i=0; i < length; i++)
     Serial.println("");
     }
 }
Standaard Licht
 // Default colour the led emits
void Red()
   digitalWrite(ledPinRood, HIGH);
   digitalWrite(ledPinGroen,LOW);
  digitalWrite(ledPinBlauw,LOW);
 }
Knipperend rood licht
 // Let the led blink red for 3 seconds
void BlinkRed()
   Red();
   for (int i=0; i < 3; i++)
       digitalWrite (ledPinRood, LOW);
       delay(500);
       digitalWrite(ledPinRood, HIGH);
       delay(500);
   }
   Red();
```

#### Groen Led

```
// Let the led burn green for 3 seconds
void Green3Sec()
{
    digitalWrite(ledPinRood, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPinGroen, HIGH);
    delay(3000);
    Red();
}
Blauw Led

// Let the led burn blue for 3 seconds
void Blue3Sec()
{
    digitalWrite(ledPinRood, LOW);
    digitalWrite(ledPinBlauw, HIGH);
    delay(3000);
    Red();
}
```

## Video Materiaal

Om de code in actie te zien hebben wij deze video gemaakt

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1H3tJLooZD nkfpzp0KXXDb23nHujJ8yt/view?usp=sharing