CMPE-630 Digital Integrated Circuit Design Final Project

Multiply and Accumulate (MAC) Datapath Unit Design

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Submitted: 9 Dec 2019

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By submitting this report, you attest that you neither have given nor have received any assistance (including writing, collecting data, plotting figures, tables or graphs, or using previous student reports as a reference), and you further acknowledge that giving or receiving such assistance will result in a failing grade for this course.

Your Signature:	

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1 Abstract

2 Design Methodology and Theory

A cornerstone of IC design is the ability to create large, complex designs from smaller more manageable parts. The project outlined in this exercise calls for the design, testing and layout of a multiply and accumulate (MAC) unit, which takes two 16-bit inputs, multiplies them together, adds them to the value stored in a register, and then stores that output back into the register. The final component should contain a built in self test (BIST) that verifies the functionality of the MAC.

The MAC is composed of a carry-save multiplier, ripple carry full-adder, and parallel register. The BIST is implemented through the use of an LFSR for the inputs, an MISR for the output, and a test controller which controls the timing and sets the test passed and test complete outputs. A full diagram of the MAC with BIST can be seen below in Figure 1.

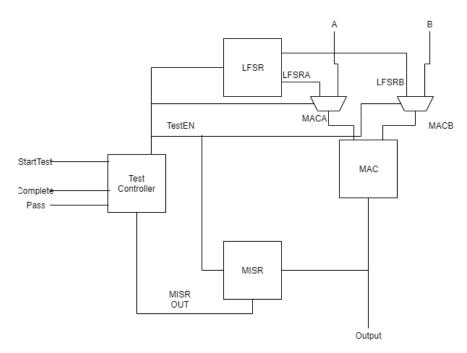


Figure 1: High Level Block Diagram of the MAC with BIST.

2.1 User Operation

//TODO Chris, talk about how to use this and go into test mode

2.2 Adder

The adder used in this design was 32 bits wide to accept input form the multiplier and the accumulation register.

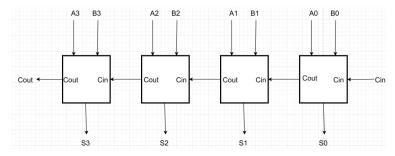


Figure 2: Ripple Carry Adder

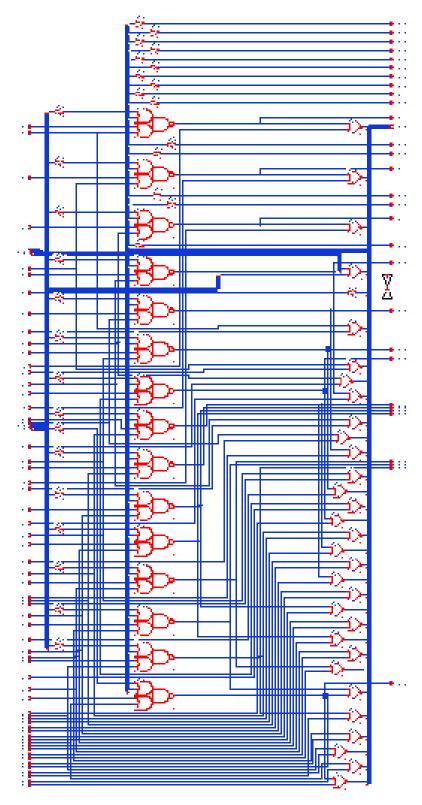


Figure 3: nBitAdder Schematic Page 1

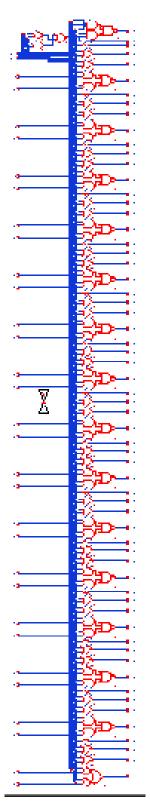


Figure 4: nBitAdder Schematic Page 2

2.3 Multiplier

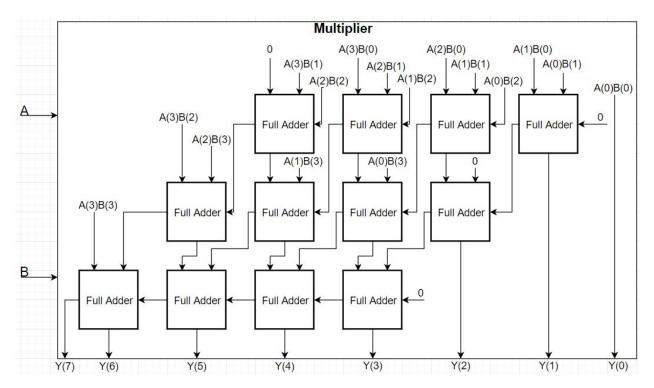


Figure 5: Carry-Save Multiplier Block Diagram

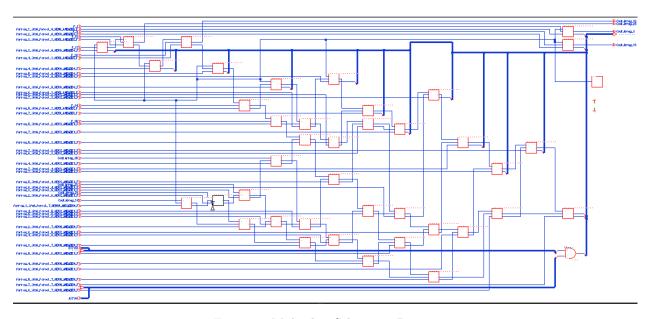


Figure 6: Multiplier Schematic Page 1

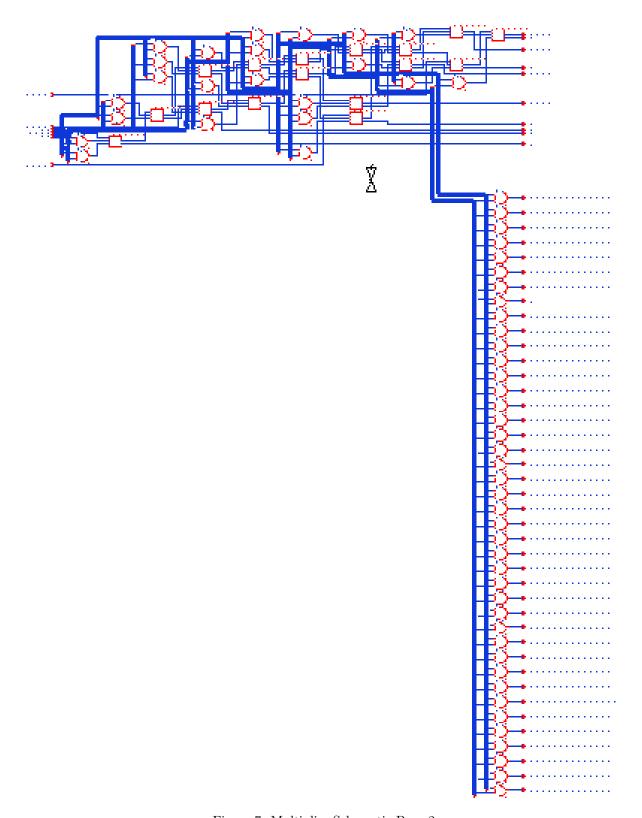


Figure 7: Multiplier Schematic Page 2

2.4 16-Bit Register

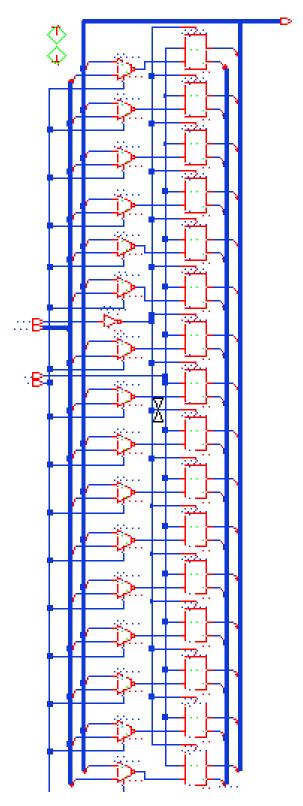


Figure 8: 16 Bit Register Schematic

2.5 32-Bit Register

 $//\ \mathrm{TODO}$ accumulator. Parallel

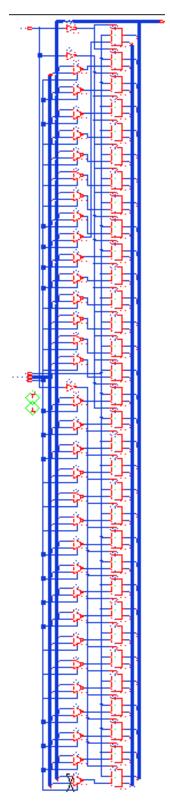


Figure 9: 32 Bit Register Schematic

2.6 MAC

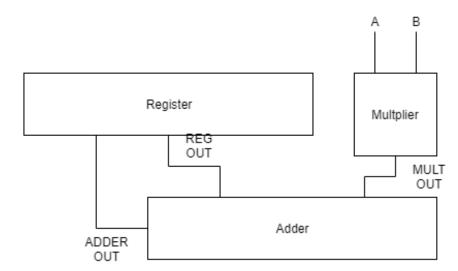


Figure 10: MAC block

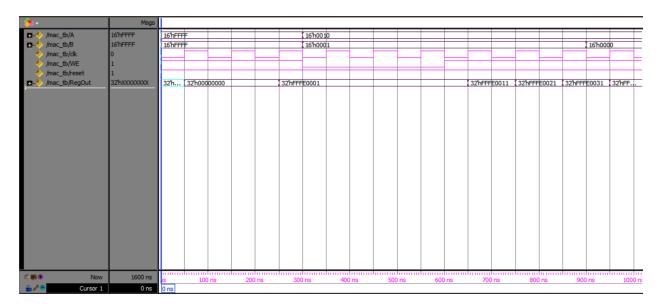


Figure 11: MAC 16bit Test Bench

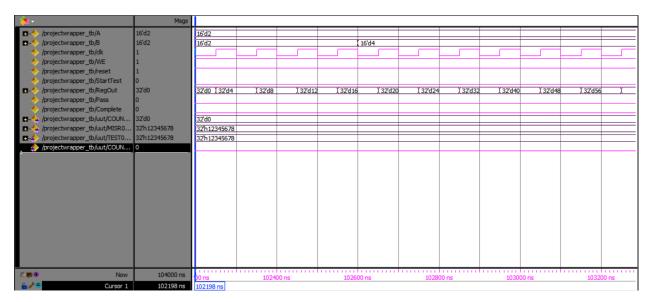


Figure 12: MAC Test Bench

2.7 Mux

The multiplexer was used to change the input from the user input to the

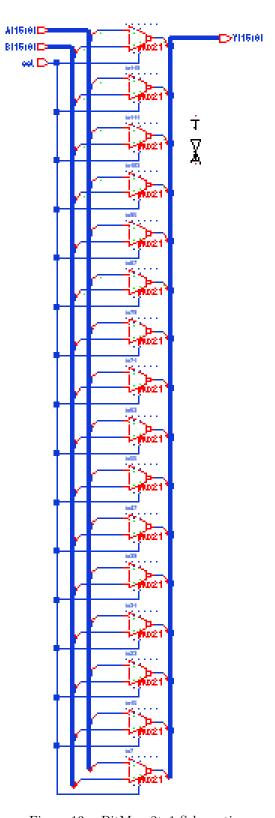


Figure 13: nBitMux 2to1 Schematic

2.8 LFSR

Pseudo random number generator with known pattern.

taps at 32,20,26,25 //TODO

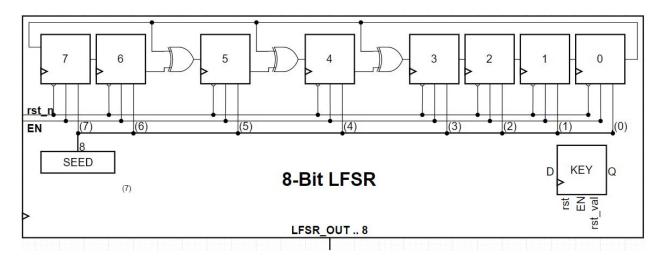


Figure 14: 8-Bit Linear Feedback Shift Register

2.9 MISR

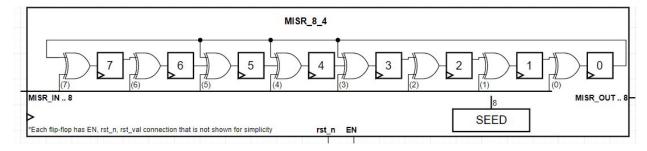


Figure 15: Multiple Input Shift Register

2.10 BIST

 $//\mathrm{TODO}$ Talk about functionality

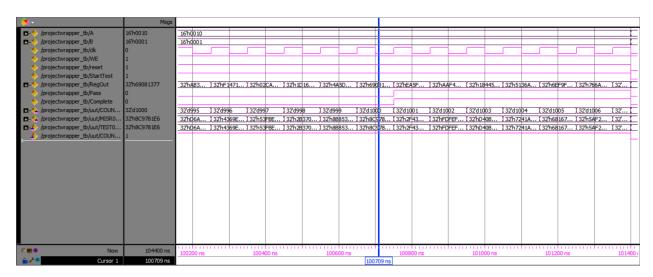


Figure 16: BIST Test Bench

2.11 Schematic

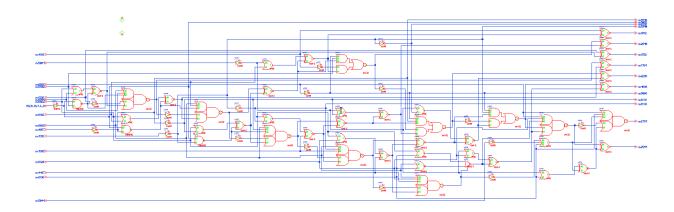


Figure 17: Full Schematic Page 1

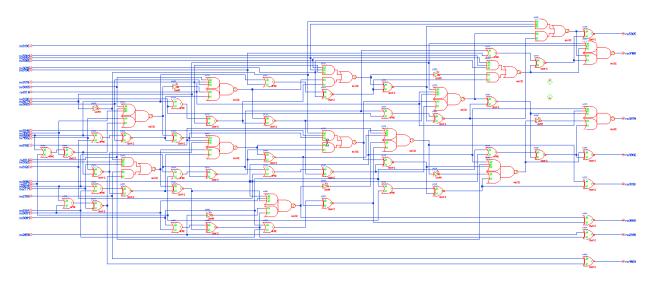


Figure 18: Full Schematic Page 2

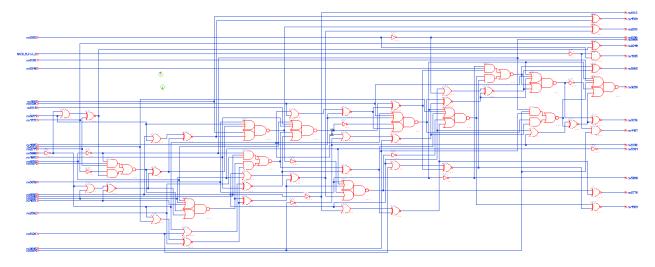


Figure 19: Full Schematic Page 3

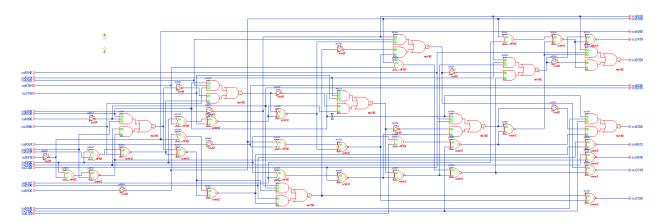


Figure 20: Full Schematic Page 4

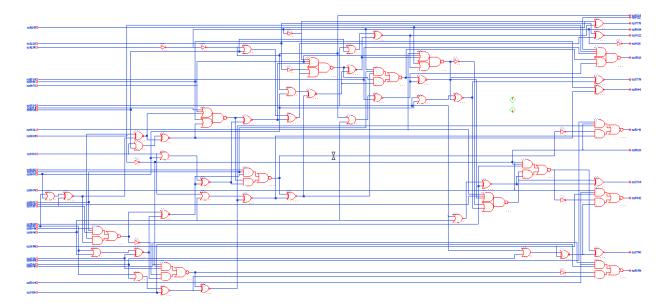


Figure 21: Full Schematic Page 5

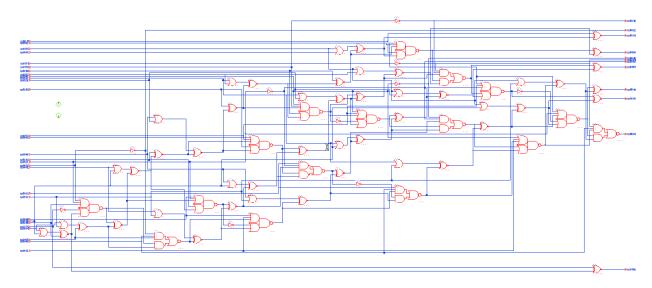


Figure 22: Full Schematic Page 6

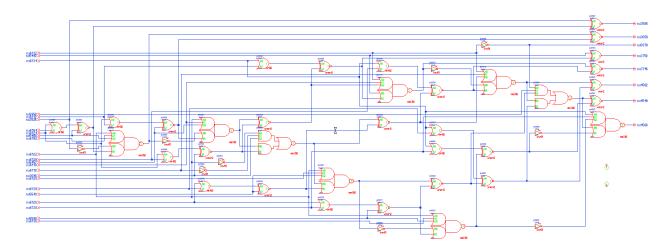


Figure 23: Full Schematic Page 7

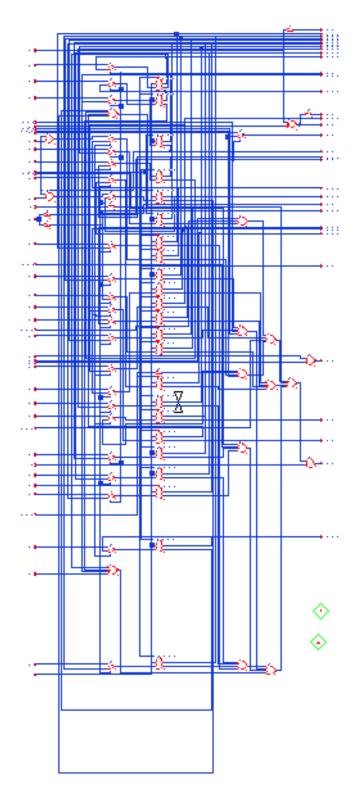


Figure 24: Full Schematic Page 8

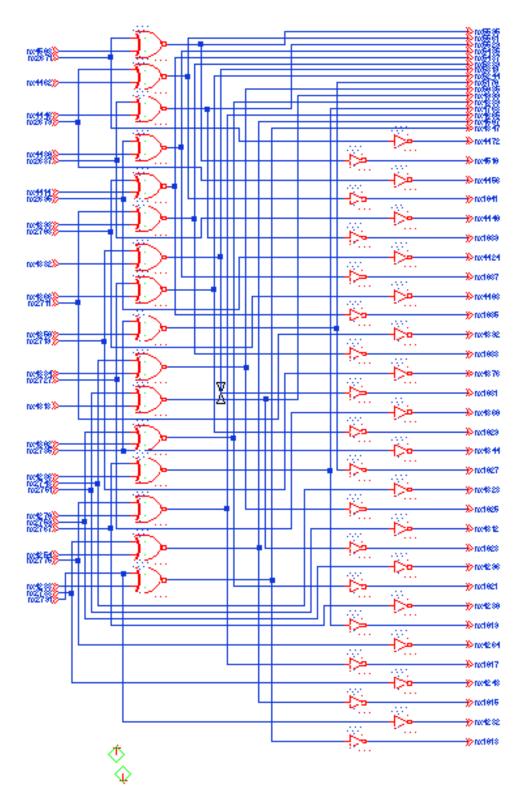


Figure 25: Full Schematic Page 9

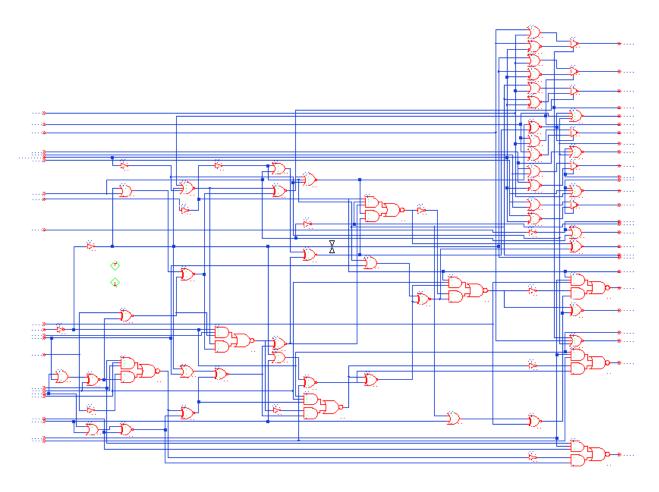


Figure 26: Full Schematic Page 10

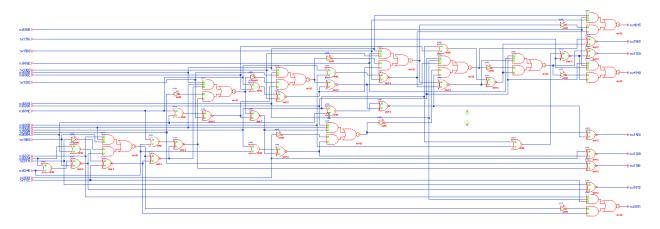


Figure 27: Full Schematic Page 11

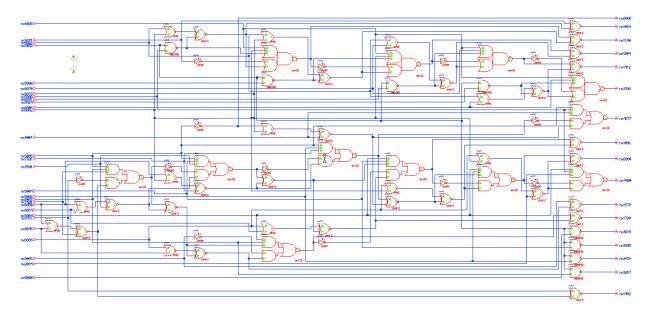


Figure 28: Full Schematic Page 12

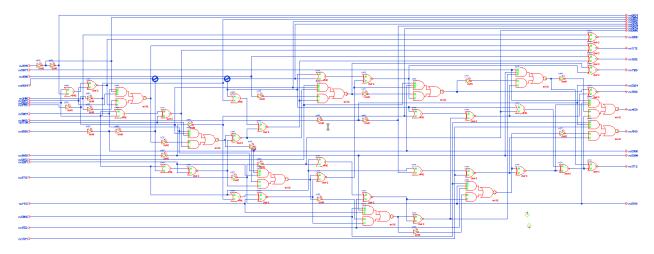


Figure 29: Full Schematic Page 13

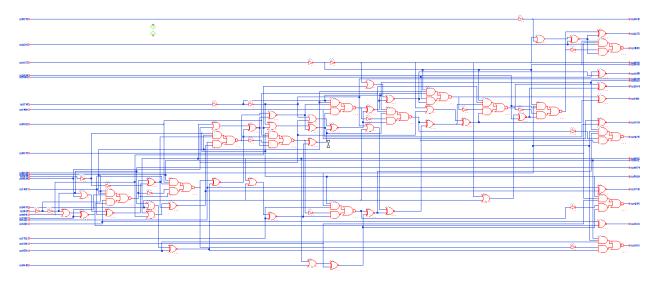


Figure 30: Full Schematic Page 14

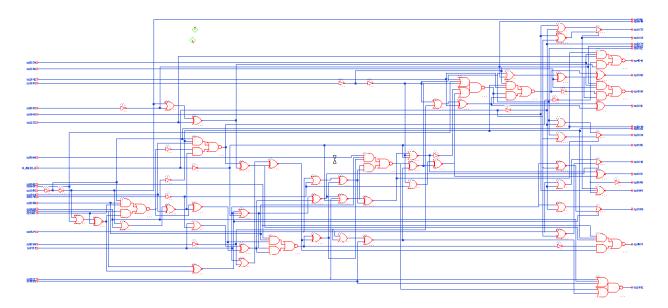


Figure 31: Full Schematic Page 15

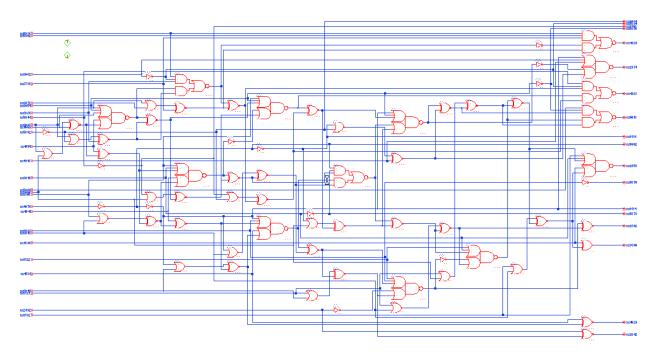


Figure 32: Full Schematic Page 16

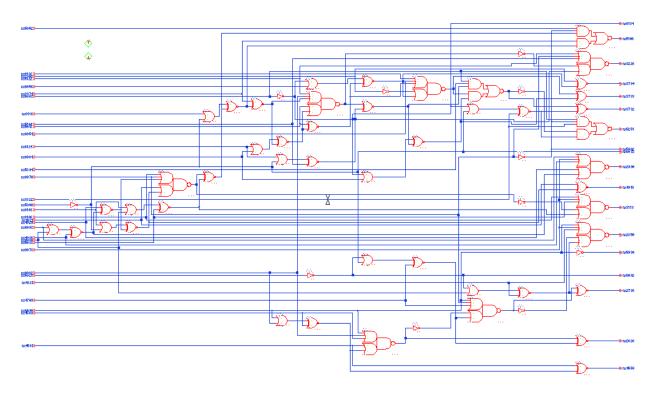


Figure 33: Full Schematic Page 17

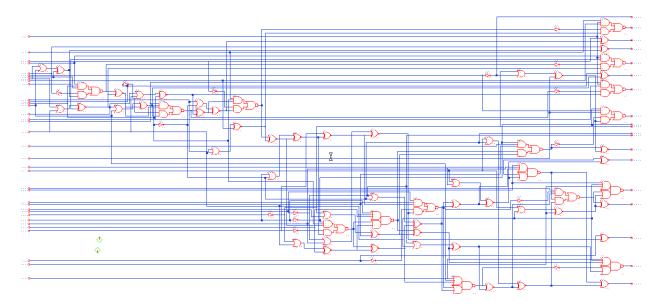


Figure 34: Full Schematic Page 18

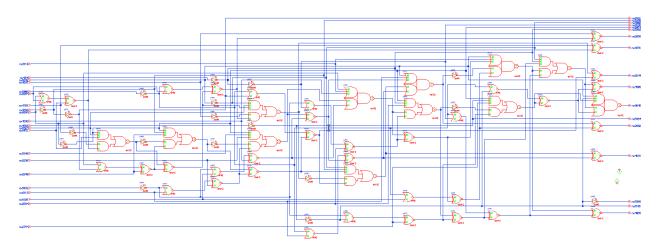


Figure 35: Full Schematic Page 19

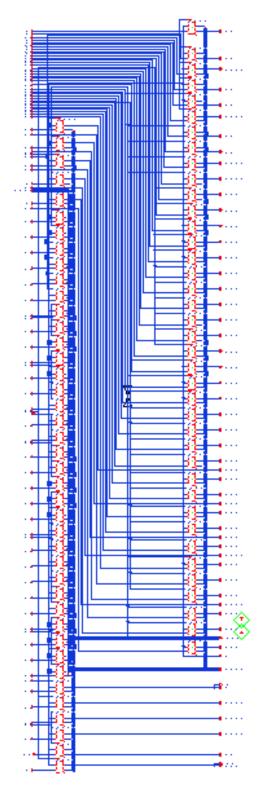


Figure 36: Full Schematic Page 20

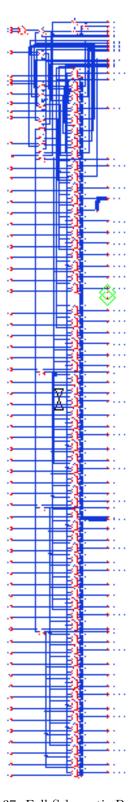


Figure 37: Full Schematic Page 21

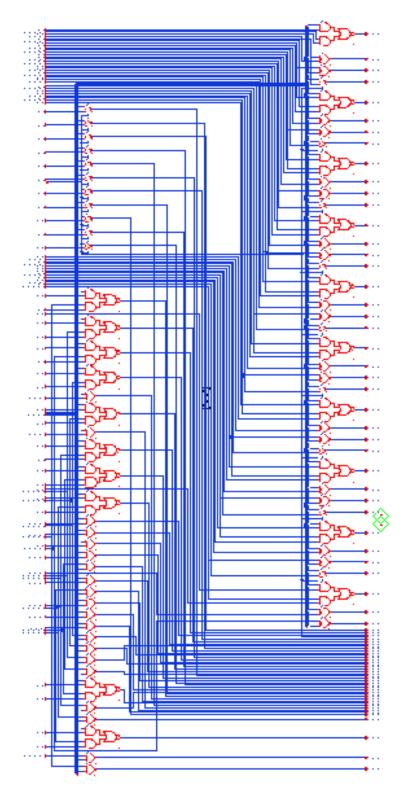


Figure 38: Full Schematic Page 22

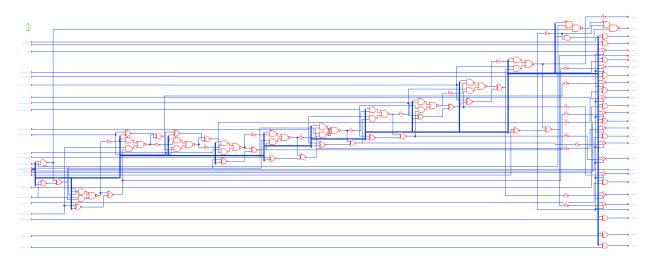


Figure 39: Full Schematic Page 23

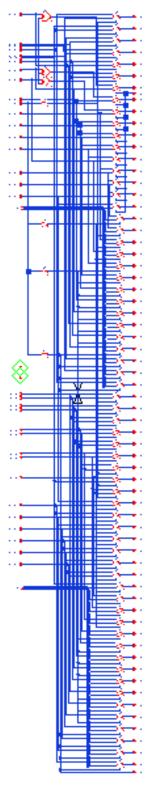


Figure 40: Full Schematic Page 24

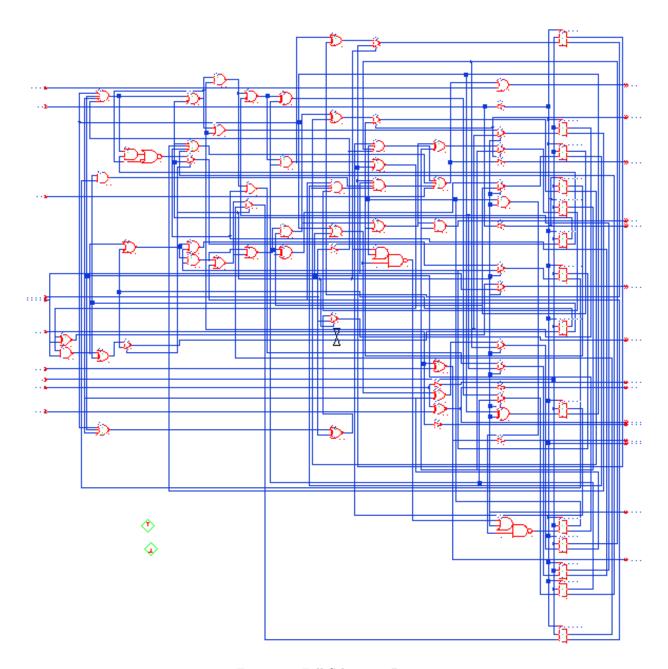


Figure 41: Full Schematic Page 25

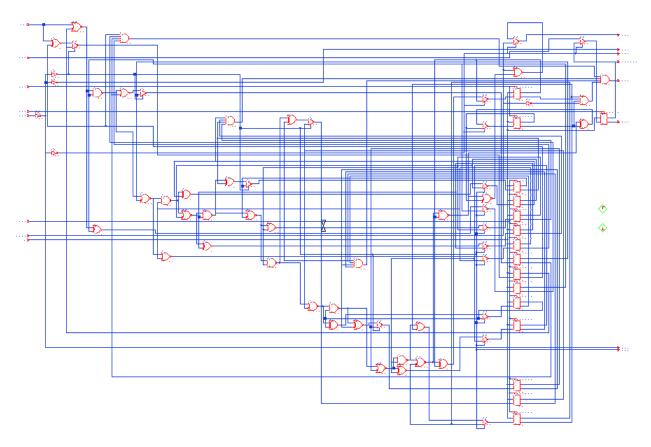


Figure 42: Full Schematic Page 26

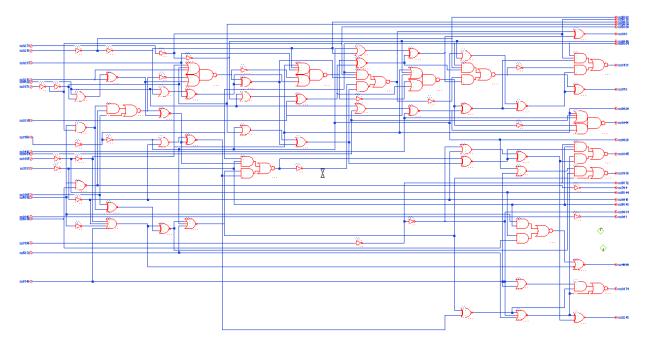


Figure 43: Full Schematic Page 27

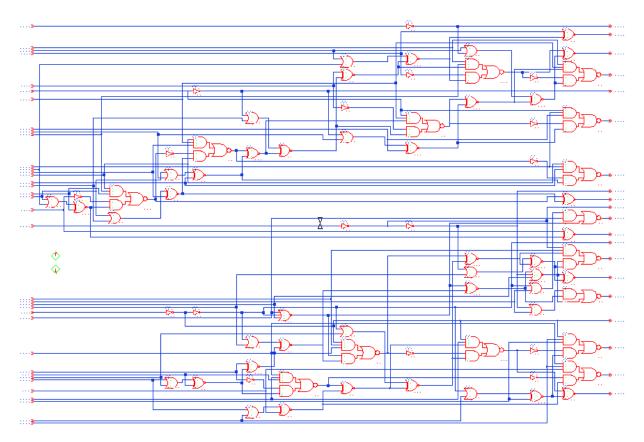


Figure 44: Full Schematic Page 28

3 Results and Analysis

The MAC was initially laid out structurally; components were laid out and turned into cells that would then be connected together. This was done to limit the complexity of the final design.

3.1 Components

The full adder was laid out first. The resulting layout can be seen in Figure 45.

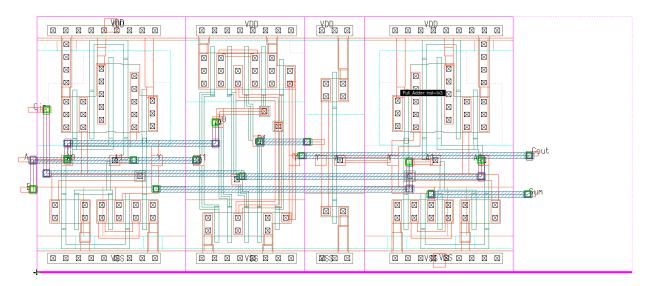


Figure 45: Full Adder Layout

The multiplier was a complex component so the feasibility of layout was questioned early. It turns out that giving appropriate area to run wires make routing the multiplier easy. The results can be seen in Figure 46.

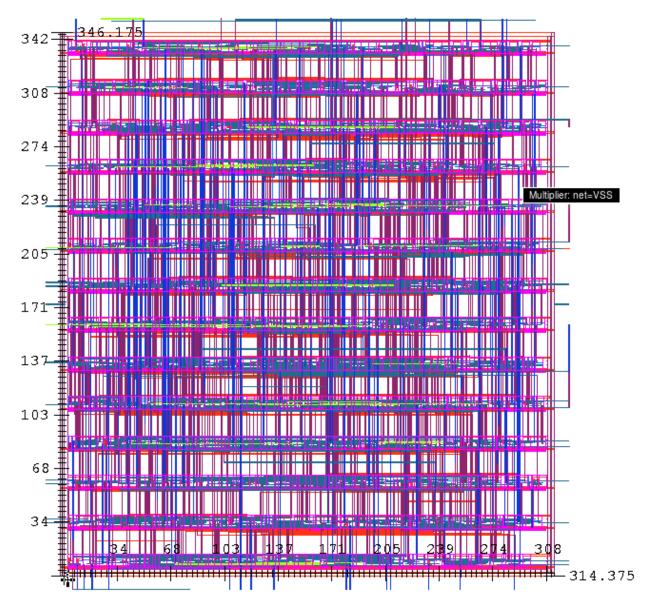


Figure 46: Multiplier Layout

The inputs of the multiplier needed to be controlled so the 16-bit register was laid out and captured in Figure 47.

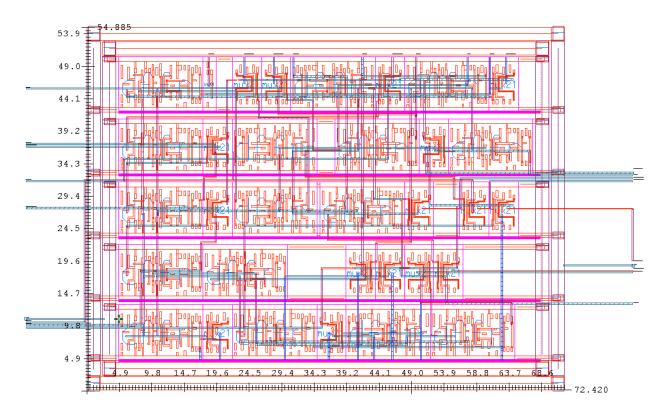


Figure 47: 16 Bit Register Layout

The accumulator register had layout performed next. The circuit is illustrated in Figure 48.

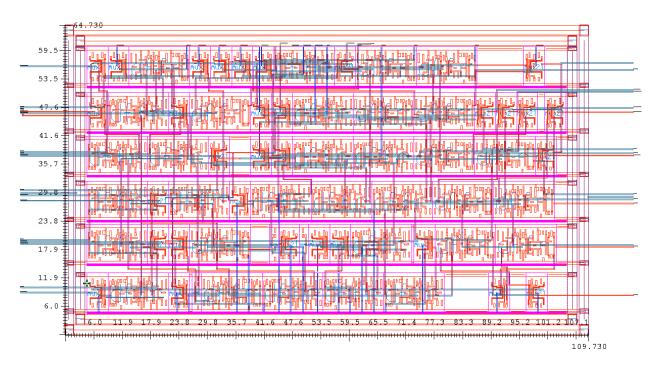


Figure 48: Accumulator Layout

A multiplexer was needed to swtich between test input and user input, so it was laid out after the rest of the components. The result can be seen in Figure 49.

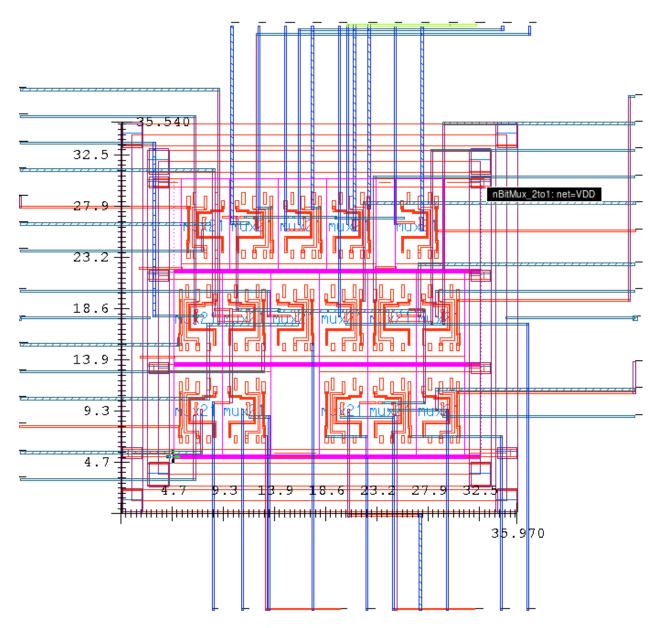


Figure 49: 32 Bit Mux 2to1 Layout

3.2 MAC with BIST Layout

It was found that the circuit could not be constructed structurally with the provided tools. Instead, the circuit was laid out in one block. In order to make the layout possible, many settings were adjusted. The circuit was first auto-instantiated (Figure 50).

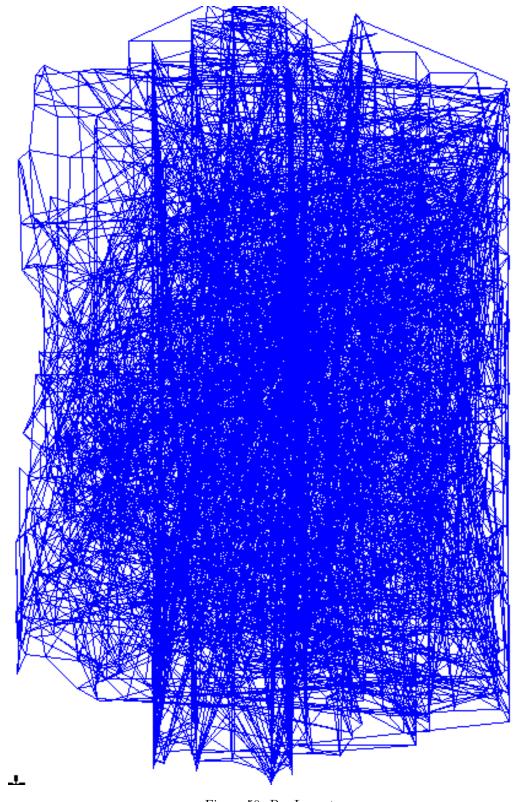


Figure 50: Pre-Layout

The instantiation could be best described as spaghetti. To organize this pasta, floor-planning

was performed. To ensure enough area for routing wires, the area was defined to be 2 when performing the floor plan. Next, standard cells were placed. The cells were initially placed with "random+improve" and optimize. A second cell placement was performed with "initial+improve" and optimize. The second cell placement greatly clean up the circuit as seen in Figure 51.

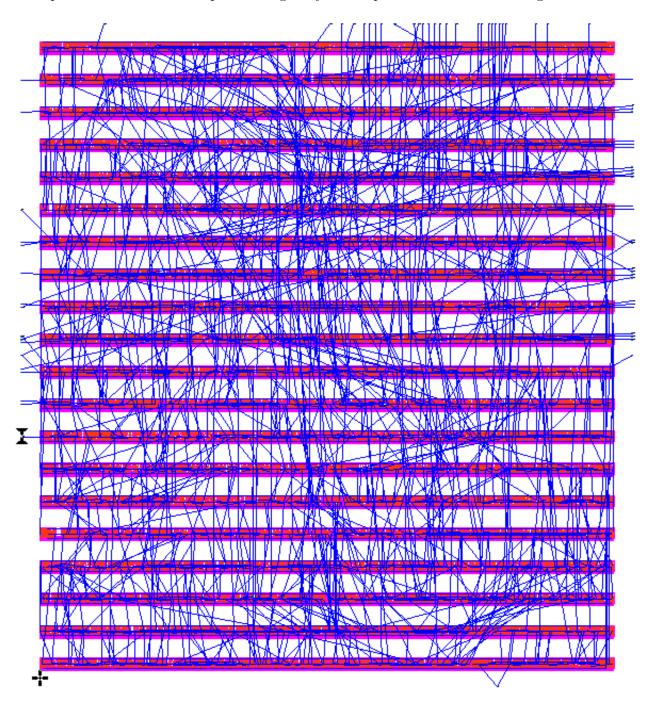


Figure 51: Standard Cells Placement

After cells placement, ports were placed as close as possible to their sources. Power routing was performed next and the result was recorded in Figure 52.

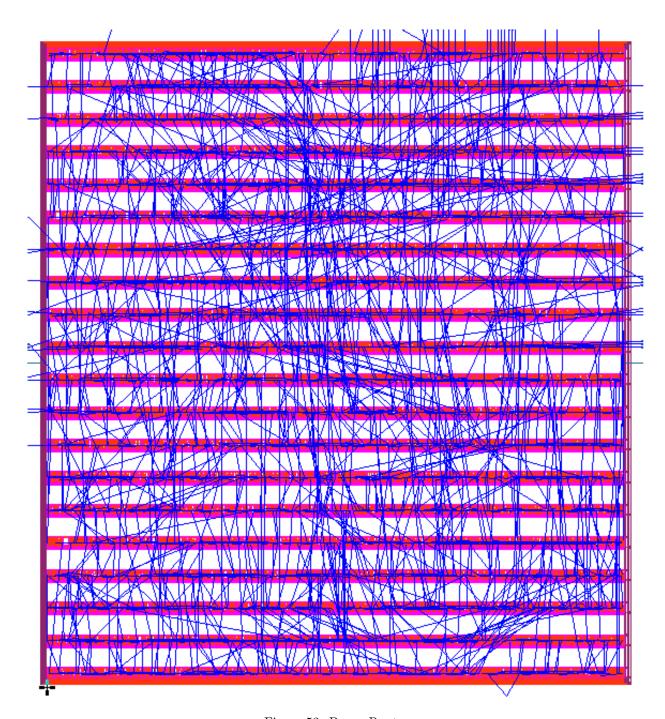


Figure 52: Power Route

Once power routing was finished, signal routing was performed. Auto-route settings were adjusted to not route with poly silicon as this tends to cause stray gates. Additionally, the following settings were applied to aid in auto routing:

- Varying levels of routing completion time
- Slight preference for jogs over via to fill the area.

- Rip
- Under rip options:

Rips Most Aggressive Automatic Rip Passes Reroute

 \bullet Under Advanced:

Allow all directions for stubs Via Options > Use via generator

Many attempts to route were performed. The working formula consisted of 1 pass of routing with the number of routes turned to the max, and then a second pass consisted of the routes turned to a minimum and a preference for vias instead of jogs. The resulting layout can be seen in Figure 53.

//TODO add pic of failed attempt

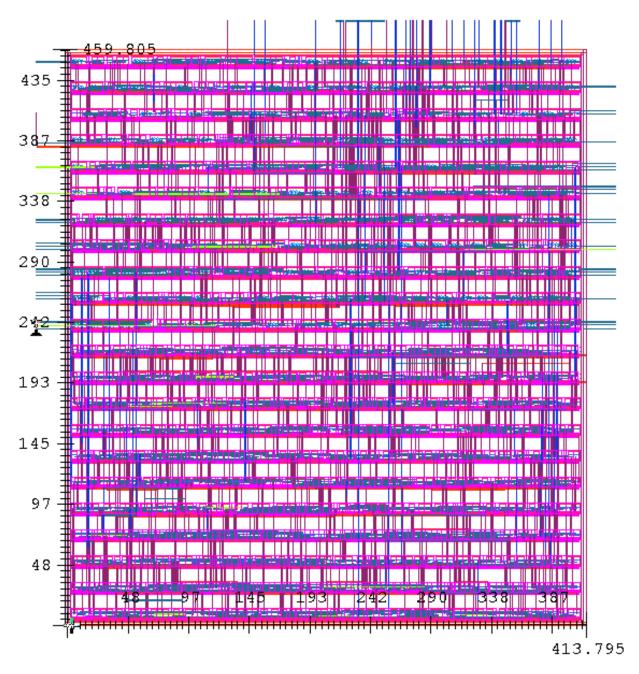


Figure 53: Full Layout

A close up view of the layout can be seen in Figure 54.

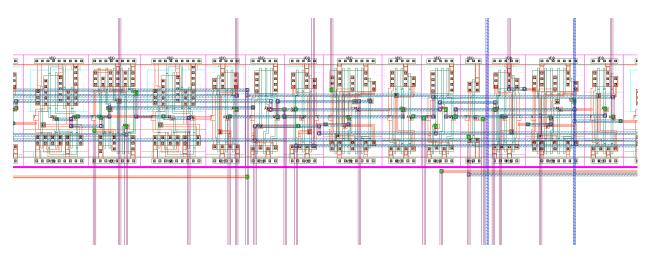


Figure 54: Full Layout Close Up View

To confirm that routing matched the schematic, an Layout Versus Schematic (LVS) test was performed. The passing test can be seen in Figure 55. The full report can be seen in Listing 43.

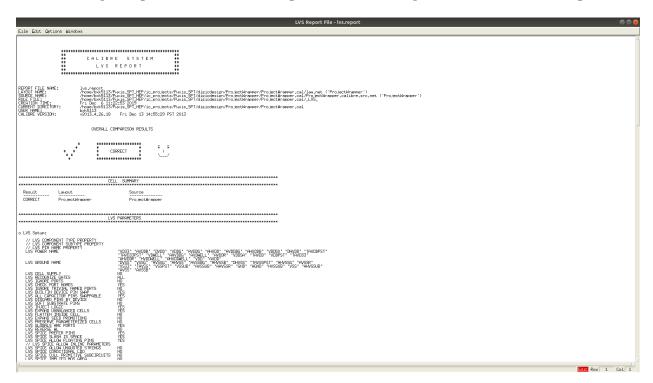


Figure 55: Layout Versus Schematics Results

3.3 Power

Power was measured with an Eldo simulation based on the layout. To perform the simulation, a SPICE file was created which can be seen in Listing 45. To measure static power, the average power was measured while the circuit was not active but powered. The static power was measured

to be 1.87nW and was recorded in Table 1.

Dynamic power was measured by recording the maximum power measured while the circuit was changing as many transistors as possible. To activate as many transistor as possible, multiple, random inputs were supplied to the circuit for a long period of time (2000us). The maximum power was found to be 16.03mW, which was recorded in Table 1.

Table 1: Simulated Power for MAC

	Measured Power (W)
Static	1.8787E-06
Dynamic	1.6029 E-02

It is clear that for this circuit, dynamic power far exceeds the static power. This shows that arithmetic operations draw a lot of power. This is mostly due to their high activity factor and their high speed requirements.

4 Conclusion

5 Appendix

5.1 VHDL

Listing 1: MAC tb VHDL

```
Testbench created online at:
     www.doulos.com/knowhow/perl/testbench_creation/
 - Copyright Doulos Ltd
- SD, 03 November 2002
library IEEE;
use IEEE. Std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE. Numeric_Std. all;
entity MAC_tb is
end;
architecture bench of MAC_tb is
  constant N : integer := 32;
  component MAC
     generic( N : integer := 32);
      Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
           B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
           clk : in STD_LOGIC;
           WE: in STD_LOGIC:
           reset : in STD_LOGIC;
           RegOut : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
  end component;
```

```
signal A: STDLOGIC-VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
    signal B: STDLOGIC-VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
    signal clk: STD_LOGIC;
    signal WE: STD_LOGIC;
    signal reset: STD_LOGIC;
    signal RegOut: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
  begin
   -- Insert values for generic parameters !!
    uut: MAC generic map ( N
                                => 32)
                 port map ( A
                                    \Rightarrow A,
                             В
                                     \Rightarrow B,
                             clk
                                     => clk,
                             WE
                                     \Rightarrow WE,
40
                             reset => reset,
                             RegOut \Rightarrow RegOut);
       clk_proc : process
45
      begin
           if clk = '0' then
               clk <= '1';
           else
               clk <= '0';
           end if;
           wait for 50 ns;
      end process;
    stimulus: process
    begin
55
       -- Put initialisation code here
          WE \le '1';
           reset <= '1';
          A <= "111111111111111";
60
          B <= "111111111111111";
           wait for 300 ns;
          WE \ll 0;
           A \le "000000000010000";
65
          B \le "0000000000000001";
           wait for 300 ns;
          WE \ll '1';
70
           wait for 300 ns;
           B \le "000000000000000000";
           wait for 300 ns;
           reset \ll '0';
      -- Put test bench stimulus code here
      wait;
    end process;
  end;
```

Listing 2: ProjectWrapper tb VHDL

```
library IEEE;
  use IEEE. Std_logic_1164.all;
  use IEEE. Numeric_Std. all;
  entity ProjectWrapper_tb is
  end;
  architecture bench of ProjectWrapper_tb is
      constant N : integer := 32;
10
    component ProjectWrapper
         generic(N:integer:=32);
        Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
        B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
        clk: in STD_LOGIC;
        WE: in STD_LOGIC;
         reset : in STD_LOGIC;
        StartTest : in STD_LOGIC;
        RegOut : out STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
        Pass : out STD_LOGIC;
20
        Complete: out STD_LOGIC
      );
    end component;
    signal A: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
    signal B: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
    signal clk: STD_LOGIC;
    signal WE: STD_LOGIC;
    signal reset: STD_LOGIC;
    signal StartTest: STD_LOGIC;
    signal RegOut: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
    signal Pass : STD_LOGIC;
    signal Complete : STD_LOGIC;
35 begin
    -- Insert values for generic parameters !!
    uut: ProjectWrapper generic map ( N
                                                  => 32)
                             port map ( A
                                                   \Rightarrow A.
                                                   \Rightarrow B,
                                         В
40
                                                   \Rightarrow clk,
                                         clk
                                                   => WE,
                                         WE
                                         reset
                                                  => reset,
                                         StartTest
                                                    => StartTest.
                                         RegOut
                                                  => RegOut,
45
                                         Pass \Rightarrow Pass,
                        Complete => Complete );
      clk_proc : process
      begin
           if clk = '0' then
               clk <= '1';
           else
               clk <= '0';
```

```
end if;
          wait for 50 ns;
      end process;
      stimulus: process
      begin
60
         -- Put initialisation code here
         -- Put test bench stimulus code here
       - Put initialisation code here
         WE \ll '1';
          reset <= '0';
70
          StartTest <= \ '1';
      A \le "0000000000000010";
         wait for 300 ns;
         WE \ll 0;
75
          wait for 300 ns;
          reset <= '1';
         A \le "000000000010000";
         B \le "0000000000000001";
         WE \ll '1';
          wait for 100800 ns;
          reset <= '0';
          StartTest <= '0';
         A \le "0000000000000010";
         85
          wait for 600 ns;
          reset <= '1';
         wait for 600 ns;
     B \le "000000000000100";
90
          wait;
      end process;
      end;
```

Listing 3: FullAdder VHDL

```
-- Description : Entity and behavural description of a full adder
  library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  entity Full_Adder is
      port(A,B,Cin : in std_logic;
          Sum, Cout : out std_logic
          );
  end Full_Adder;
  architecture behav of Full_Adder
  begin
      -uses select assignment to implement the truth table of a full adder
      sum_proc: with std_logic_vector '(Cin&A&B) select
          '1' when "010",
                 '0' when "011",
                 '1' when "100",
35
                 '0' when "101",
                 '0' when "110",
                 '1' when "111",
                 '0' when others;
40
      Cout_proc: with std_logic_vector'(Cin&A&B) select
          Cout <= '0' when "000",
                  '0' when "001"
                  '0' when "010",
                  '1' when "011"
45
                  '0' when "100",
                  '1' when "101",
                  '1' when "110",
                  '1' when "111",
                  '0' when others;
50
  end behav;
```

Listing 4: FA 1bit VHDL

```
15 - Revision 0.01 - File Created
   - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
   - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  -- library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity FA_1bit is
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
             B: in STD_LOGIC;
             Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
             S : out STD_LOGIC;
35
             Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
  end FA_1bit;
  architecture Behavioral of FA_1bit is
40
  begin
      S \le ((A \text{ xor } B) \text{ xor } Cin); --Sum
      Cout \le (((A xor B) and Cin) or (A and B));—Cout
  end Behavioral;
```

Listing 5: AND2 VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                     15:02:42 03/15/2017
5 — Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                     AND2 - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 -- Description:
  -- Dependencies:
   - Revision:
   - Revision 0.01 - File Created
  -- Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
```

```
-use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
25
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
30
  entity AND2 is
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
             B: in STD_LOGIC;
             F : out STD_LOGIC);
  end AND2;
  architecture Behavioral of AND2 is
  begin
      F \leq A AND B;
  end Behavioral;
```

Listing 6: nBitRegister VHDL

```
-Company
                 : RIT
                : Brandon Key
  --Author
  --Created
                : 2/8/2017
  --Project Name : Lab 2
  --File
            : nBitRegister.vhd
                : nBitRegister
  --Entity
   -Architecture : struct
10 —Revision
  ---Rev 0.01
               : 2/8/2017
  -- Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : Entity and behavioral description of an n-bit register
  --Notes
  library ieee;
  use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
  entity nBitRegister is
      generic (n : integer := 32);
          nBitIn : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
      register
                 : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
          Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
                : in std_logic;
          Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
  end nBitRegister;
35 architecture behav of nBitRegister is
```

Listing 7: Shifter VHDL

```
- Company:
   - Engineer:
  - Create Date:
                     09:15:01 03/02/2017
  -- Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                     Shifter - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 - Description:
  -- Dependencies:
  -- Revision:
15 - Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.MATHREAL.ALL;
  use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
25 - arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
30 -- library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Shifter is
       generic( N : integer:=16; Namnt : integer :=integer(ceil(log2(real(16)))));
35
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
```

```
amnt: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (Namnt-1 downto 0);
              Control: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
              output : out STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
40 end Shifter;
   -1100 LSL
  ---1101 LSR
  ---1110 ASR
  architecture Behavioral of Shifter is
      signal temp : integer;
  begin
      proc1 : process(Control, amnt, A)
50
      begin
           if control ="1101" then--LSR
               for i in integer range 0 to N-1 loop
                   temp <= to_integer (unsigned (amnt)); -- convert amnt to unsigned integer
      for indexing
                   if i+temp > N-1 then-bits at leftmost
                        output(i) \le 0;
55
                   else
                        output(i) <= A(i+temp); --- right Shift
                   end if;
               end loop;
60
           elsif control ="1100" then --LSL
               for i in integer range 0 to N-1 loop
                   temp <= to_integer (unsigned (amnt)); -- convert amnt to unsigned integer
      for indexing
                   if i-temp < 0 then --rightmost bits
                       output (i) \leq 0;
65
                   else
                       output(i)<=A(i-temp);--left shift
                   end if;
               end loop;
           else ---ASR
70
               for i in integer range 0 to N-1 loop
                   temp<=to_integer(unsigned(amnt)); --convert amnt to unsigned integer
      for indexing
                   if A(N-1)='1' then—negative
                        if i+temp > N-1 then-leftmost bits
                            output(i) <= '1'; -- preserve the negative sign
75
                        else
                            output(i)<=A(i+temp); -- Right Shift
                       end if;
                   else---Positive
                        if i+temp > N-1 then --leftmost bits
80
                            output(i) \le 0;
                        else
                            output(i) <= A(i+temp); --- right shift
                       end if;
                   end if;
               end loop;
          end if;
      end process;
  end Behavioral;
```

Listing 8: TestController VHDL

```
- Company:
  - Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                    14:56:40 03/15/2017
 -- Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                    Multiplier - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
 -- Description:
  - Dependencies:
   - Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
25 - arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
30 — library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity TestController is
       generic( N : integer := 32);
      Port ( clk : in STDLOGIC;
             StartTest : in STD_LOGIC;
             reset_n : in STD_LOGIC;
             Count: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
             MISR_IN : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
40
             Complete : out STD_LOGIC;
             Pass : out STD_LOGIC;
             TestEN: out STD_LOGIC
             );
  end TestController;
  architecture Datapath of TestController is
      signal complete_v , pass_v : STD_LOGIC;
50 begin
      PassProc : process (clk, reset_n) begin
          if reset_n = '0' then
              Pass_v \ll '0';
55
          elsif rising_edge(clk) then
```

```
1000110010010111110000001111100110") or Pass_v = '1' then
                   Pass_v <= '1';
               else
                   Pass_v \leftarrow 0;
60
               end if;
          end if;
      end process;
      CompleteProc : process (clk, reset_n) begin
65
           if reset_n = '0' then
               Complete_v \ll '0';
           elsif rising_edge(clk) then
               if count = "00000000000000000000001111101000" or Complete_v = '1' then
70
                   Complete_v \ll '1';
               else
                   Complete_v \ll '0';
               end if;
           end if;
      end process;
      TestProc : process(clk, reset_n) begin
           if reset_n = 0, then
               TestEN \ll '0';
           elsif rising_edge(clk) then
               if StartTest = '1' then
                   TestEN \ll '1';
               else
                   TestEN \ll '0';
85
               end if;
          end if;
      end process;
      ---Assign outputs
90
      Complete <= Complete_v;
      Pass <= Pass_v;
  end Datapath;
```

Listing 9: Subtractor VHDL

```
- Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
25
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Subtractor is
       generic(N : integer :=16);
      Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
             B \ : \ in \quad STD\_LOGIC\_VECTOR \ (15 \ downto \ 0) \ ;
             Output: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0));
3.5
  end Subtractor;
  architecture Behavioral of Subtractor is
  -- Component Declarations
      --Adder, to add 1
      component Ripple_Carry_FA is
          generic (N: integer:=16); -- Number of bits in A and B
           Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                    B: in STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                    Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
45
                    Sum: out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                    Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
      --Logic, for bitwise not
50
      component Logic_Unit is
          generic( N : integer :=16);
          Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                  B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                  Control: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
                  output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
  --Signal declarations
60 signal logicOut, negative : STDLOGIC_VECTOR(N-1 downto 0);
  signal logicControl: STDLOGIC-VECTOR(3 downto 0):="1001"; --Set to bitwise NOT
  signal one: STDLOGIC-VECTOR(N-1 downto 0) := "00000000000000001";
  signal Cout : STD_LOGIC; -- Not used
65 begin
  --Convert Input 2 to a negative number
      --Bitwise not input2
      LOGIC : Logic_Unit
          generic map(N=>N)
          port map(A=>B, B=>A, Control=>logicControl, output=>logicOut):--A=>B because
70
      it does bitwise NOT only on A
      ---Add 1
      ADD1 : Ripple_Carry_FA
```

```
generic map(N=>N)
port map(A=>logicOut, B=>one, Cin=>'0', Sum=>negative, Cout=>Cout);

--Add the positive A with the newly created negative B
ADD2: Ripple_Carry_FA
generic map(N=>N)
port map(A=>A, B=>negative, Cin=>'0', Sum=>Output, Cout=>Cout);
--output now has the result of A-B
end Behavioral;
```

Listing 10: Controller VHDL

```
: RIT
  ---Company
                 : Brandon Key
  --Author
  ---Created
                 : 03/29/2018
  --Project Name : Lab 5
  -File
            : Controller.vhd
  --Entity
               : Controller
  --Architecture : behav
  -Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : Contoller For BIST
15 library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
20 entity
          Controller is
      port (
          start_BIST : in std_logic;
          clk : in
                     std_logic;
          rst_n : in std_logic;
                     : out std_logic;
          is_testing
          mul_input_ctrl : out std_logic;
          EN_LFSR
                     : out std_logic;
          rst_n_LFSR
                        : out std_logic;
30
                        : out std_logic;
          EN_MISR
          rst_n_MISR
                       : out std_logic
          );
  end Controller;
  architecture struct of Controller is
      type state_type is (multiply, start_test, testing, test_hold);
      signal state , next_state : state_type := multiply;
40
      signal counter : integer;
      begin
45
          --update the state to the next_state
```

```
state_proc : process (clk, rst_n) begin
                if rst_n = '0' then
                    state <= multiply;
                elsif rising_edge(clk) then
                    state <= next_state;
                end if;
           end process state_proc;
       ---How to change the state
       next\_state\_proc \ : \ process \ (clk \ , \ rst\_n \ ) \ begin
           if rst_n = 0, then
                next_state <= multiply;
           elsif rising_edge(clk) then
                case (next_state) is
                    when multiply =>
60
                        if start_BIST = '1' then
                            next_state <= start_test;
                        else
                             next_state <= multiply;
                        end if;
65
                    when testing =>
                        counter \le counter + 1;
                        if counter = 255 then
                            next_state <= test_hold;
70
                        else
                            next_state <= testing;
                        end if;
                    when start_test =>
                        next_state <= testing;
                        counter \leq 0;
                    when test_hold =>
                        if start_BIST = '1' then
                            next_state <= test_hold;
80
                        else
                            next_state <= multiply;
                        end if;
                    when others =>
85
                        next_state <= multiply;
                end case;
           end if;
       end process next_state_proc;
90
       --Outputs for the states
       out_proc : process (clk) begin
           if rising_edge(clk) then
                case (state) is
                    when multiply =>
95
                        is\_testing \ll '0';
                        mul_input_ctrl <= '1';
                        EN_LFSR
                                  <= '0'
                        rst_n_LFSR \ll '0';
                        EN_MISR
                                   <= '0':
100
                        rst_n_MISR \ll '1';
                    when start_test =>
                        is\_testing \ll '1';
```

```
105
                       mul_input_ctrl  <= '0';
                       EN_LFSR
                                <= '1';
                       rst_n_LFSR \ll '1';
                       EN\_MISR  <= '0';
                       rst_n_MISR \ll 0;
                    when testing =>
                       is_testing \ll '1';
                       mul_input_ctrl <= '0';
                       EN_LFSR
                                <= '1';
                       rst_n_LFSR \ll '1';
115
                       EN\_MISR  <= '1';
                       rst_nMISR \ll '1';
                   when test\_hold \Rightarrow
                       is_testing \ll 0;
120
                       mul\_input\_ctrl <= '0';
                                <= '0';
                       EN_LFSR
                       rst_n_LFSR \ll '1';
                       EN\_MISR  <= '0';
125
                       rst_nMISR \ll '1';
                   when others =>
                       is_testing \ll 0;
                       mul_input_ctrl <= '1';
                       EN_LFSR
                                = '0';
                       rst_n_LFSR \ll 0;
                       EN_MISR
                                = '0'
                       rst_n_MISR \ll 0;
               end case;
           end if;
       end process out_proc;
   end struct;
```

Listing 11: ProjectWrapper VHDL

```
library IEEE;
   use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
   use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
   -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
   --use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
   -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
10 -- library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
   entity ProjectWrapper is
        generic(N:integer:=32);
        Port (A: in STDLOGIC-VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
             B \ : \ \textbf{in} \quad STD\_LOGIC\_VECTOR \ \left( \left( N/2 \right) \ - \ 1 \ \ \textbf{downto} \ \ 0 \right);
             clk : in STD_LOGIC;
             WE: in STD_LOGIC;
             reset : in STD_LOGIC;
             StartTest : in STD_LOGIC;
20
             \label{eq:cont_noise}  \mbox{RegOut} \; : \; \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{out} & \mbox{STD\_LOGIC\_VECTOR} \; \; (\mbox{N-1} \; \; \mbox{downto} \; \; 0) \; ; \\ \end{array}
```

```
Pass : out STD_LOGIC;
          Complete: out STD_LOGIC
      );
25 end ProjectWrapper;
  architecture Behavioral of ProjectWrapper is
      —COMPONENT DECLARATIONS
      component MAC is
          generic( N : integer := 32);
30
          Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
              B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
              clk : in STD_LOGIC;
              WE: in STD_LOGIC;
35
              reset : in STD_LOGIC;
              RegOut : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
      component LFSR_32_4 is
          generic (N : integer := 32);
40
          port (
              clk
                   : in std_logic;
              rst_n : in std_logic;
              en : in std_logic;
              bit_pattern : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0)
45
              );
      end component;
      component MISR_32_4 is
50
          generic (N : integer := 32);
          port (
              MISR_in : in std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
                   : in std_logic;
              clk
              rst_n : in std_logic;
                      : in std_logic;
              MISR_out : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0)
              );
      end component;
      component nBitMux_2to1 is
          generic (n : integer := 16);
              A,B: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto
                                                       (0);
              sel : in std_logic;
              Y : out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0)
65
              );
      end component;
      component TestController is
          generic( N : integer := 32);
70
         Port ( clk : in STD_LOGIC;
                StartTest : in STD_LOGIC;
                reset_n : in STD_LOGIC;
                Count: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
75
                MISR_IN: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                Complete: out STD_LOGIC;
                Pass: out STD_LOGIC;
                TestEN: out STD_LOGIC
      end component;
```

```
component Counter is
             generic( N : integer := 32);
            Port ( clk : in STD_LOGIC;
                    TestEN : in STD_LOGIC;
                    reset : in STD_LOGIC;
                    Count : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
        end component;
        --SIGNAL DECLARATIONS
90
        signal MACA, MACB: STDLOGIC-VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
        signal MACOUT : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
        signal LFSROUT : std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
        signal MISR_out, CounterOut : std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
        signal TestEN : STD_LOGIC;
   begin
        --Map those ports
        MAC0 : MAC
             generic map(N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map ( A => MACA, B => MACB,
100
                            clk => clk, WE => WE, reset => reset,
                            RegOut \Rightarrow MACOUT);
        LFSR0 : LFSR_32_4
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map( clk => clk, rst_n => reset, en => TestEN,
                           bit_pattern => LFSROUT);
        MUXA: nBitMux_2to1
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 16)
             port map (A \Rightarrow A, B \Rightarrow LFSROUT(N-1 \text{ downto } N/2),
                             \texttt{sel} \implies \texttt{TestEN} \,, \ \ Y \implies \texttt{MACA}) \,;
        MUXB : nBitMux_2to1
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 16)
             port map (A \Rightarrow B, B \Rightarrow LFSROUT((N/2) - 1 downto 0),
                       sel \implies TestEN, Y \implies MACB);
        MISR0 : MISR_32_4
120
             generic map(N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map( MISR_in => MACOUT, clk => clk,
                            rst_n => reset, en => TestEN,
                            MISR_out \Rightarrow MISR_out);
        TESTO: TestController
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map(clk => clk, StartTest => StartTest,
                  {\tt reset\_n} \; \Longrightarrow \; {\tt reset} \; , \; \; {\tt Count} \; \Longrightarrow \; {\tt CounterOut} \; ,
                  MISR_IN \Rightarrow MISR_out, Complete \Rightarrow Complete,
                  Pass => Pass, TestEN => TestEN);
130
        COUNTO: Counter
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map( clk => clk, TestEN => TestEN, reset => reset,
135
                  Count => CounterOut);
        RegOut <= MACOUT;
   end Behavioral;
```

Listing 12: Counter VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  - Create Date:
                     14:56:40 03/15/2017
  -- Design Name:
  - Module Name:
                     Multiplier - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 — Description:
  — Dependencies:
  -- Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  -- Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
25 —use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  -use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Counter is
       generic( N : integer := 32);
      Port ( clk : in STD_LOGIC;
             TestEN: in STD_LOGIC;
             reset : in STD_LOGIC;
             Count : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
  end Counter:
  architecture Behavioral of Counter is
      ---COMPONENT DECLARATIONS
      component nBitAdder is
          generic (n : integer := 32);
45
          port (
              A,B: in std_logic_vector(N-1 downto
                                                       0);
              Y : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
              CB : out std_logic
              );
      end component;
      component nBitRegister_32 is
          generic (n : integer := 32);
```

```
55
         Port (
             nBitIn : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
     register
                    : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
             WE
             Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
                   : in std_logic;
             Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
60
         );
     end component;
     --SIGNAL DECLARATIONS
     signal RegOut, RegIn : STDLOGIC_VECTOR(N-1 downto 0);
     signal cout : STD_LOGIC;
  begin
     --16 bit adder, always adds 1 to value in register
70
     ADDER0 : nBitAdder
         generic map(N \Rightarrow 32)
         CB \Rightarrow cout);
     --Holds the current counter value
75
     REGO: nBitRegister_32
         generic map(N \Rightarrow 32)
         port map(nBitIn => RegIn, clk => clk, WE => TestEN, Reset => reset, Y =>
     RegOut);
     --Map output
80
     Count <= RegOut;
  end Behavioral;
```

Listing 13: BIST to VHDL

```
---Company
               : RIT
                : Brandon Key
  --Author
  --Created
               : 03/29/2018
5 -- Project Name : Lab 5
  --File
         : BIST_tb.vhd
  --Entity
            : BIST_tb
  -Architecture : behav
10
  --Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : BIST
  LIBRARY ieee;
15 USE ieee.std_logic_1164.ALL;
  use ieee.numeric_std.all;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
20 -USE ieee.numeric_std.ALL;
  ENTITY BIST_tb IS
  END BIST_tb;
```

```
25 ARCHITECTURE behavior OF BIST_tb IS
      -- Component Declaration for the Unit Under Test (UUT)
     COMPONENT Wrapper
      PORT(
30
           mul_input : IN std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
           start_BIST : IN std_logic;
           disp_Sig : IN std_logic;
           clk : IN std_logic;
           rst_n : IN std_logic;
35
           unused_anode : OUT std_logic;
           hund_anode : OUT std_logic;
           tens_anode : OUT std_logic;
           ones_anode : OUT std_logic;
           CAn : OUT std_logic;
40
           CBn : OUT std_logic;
           CCn : OUT std_logic;
           CDn : OUT
                      std_logic;
           CEn : OUT
                      std_logic;
           CFn : OUT
                      std_logic;
45
           CGn : OUT std_logic;
           is_Testing : OUT std_logic;
           mul_disp : OUT std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
           sig_disp : OUT std_logic_vector(7 downto 0)
50
          );
     END COMPONENT;
     --Inputs
     signal mul_input : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := (others => '0');
     signal start_BIST : std_logic := '0';
     signal disp_Sig : std_logic := '0';
     signal clk : std_logic := '0';
     signal rst_n : std_logic := '0';
60
     --Outputs
     signal unused_anode : std_logic;
     signal hund_anode : std_logic;
     signal tens_anode : std_logic;
     signal ones_anode : std_logic;
65
     signal CAn : std_logic;
     signal CBn : std_logic;
     signal CCn : std_logic;
     signal CDn : std_logic;
     signal CEn : std_logic;
     signal CFn : std_logic;
     signal CGn : std_logic;
     signal is_Testing : std_logic;
     signal mul_disp : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
     signal sig_disp : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
     -- Clock period definitions
     constant clk_period : time := 10 ns;
80 BEGIN
      -- Instantiate the Unit Under Test (UUT)
```

```
uut: Wrapper PORT MAP (
               mul_input => mul_input,
               {\tt start\_BIST} \implies {\tt start\_BIST} \;,
85
               disp_Sig => disp_Sig,
               clk => clk,
               rst_n \Rightarrow rst_n,
               unused_anode => unused_anode,
               hund_anode => hund_anode,
90
               tens_anode => tens_anode,
               ones_anode => ones_anode,
              CAn \implies CAn,
              CBn \Rightarrow CBn,
              CCn \Rightarrow CCn,
              CDn \Rightarrow CDn,
              CEn \Rightarrow CEn,
              CFn \implies CFn,
              CGn \implies CGn,
               is_Testing => is_Testing,
100
               mul_disp => mul_disp,
               sig_disp \implies sig_disp
            );
      -- Clock process definitions
      clk_process : process
      begin
            clk <= '0';
            wait for clk_period/2;
            clk <= '1';
            wait for clk_period/2;
      end process;
115
      -- Stimulus process
      stim_proc: process
      begin
           - hold reset state for 100 ns.
          rst_n <= '0';
120
          wait for 100 ns;
          rst_n \ll '1';
          wait for clk_period *3;
          -- insert stimulus here
          start_BIST <= '1';
125
          wait for clk_period *10;
          start_BIST \ll '0';
          wait for clk_period *30;
          for i in 0 to 5 loop
130
            start_BIST <= '1';
            mul_input <= std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(i, mul_input 'length));</pre>
            wait for clk_period *2;
            start_BIST \ll '0';
            wait for clk_period *2;
          end loop;
          wait for clk_period *270;
          start_BIST <= '1';
140
          wait for clk_period *300;
```

```
start_BIST <= '0';
wait for clk_period*10;

wait;
end process;

END;
```

Listing 14: Multiplier VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                      14:56:40 03/15/2017
  -- Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                      Multiplier - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
   - Tool versions:
10 -- Description:
  - Dependencies:
   - Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
   - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
25 —use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
30 -- use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Multiplier is
       generic( N : integer :=32);
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
             B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
35
             Product : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
  end Multiplier;
  architecture Behavioral of Multiplier is
40
      ---COMPONENT DECLARATIONS
      component ANDADD is
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
                    B: in STD_LOGIC;
                    D: in STD_LOGIC;
                     Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
45
                     Sum: out STD_LOGIC;
                     Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
```

```
50
      component AND2 is
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
             B: in STDLOGIC;
             F : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
      --SIGNAL DECLARATIONS
      signal Cin : STD_LOGIC := '0';
      signal Cout: STD_LOGIC := '0';
      {\tt signal} \ F \ : \ STD\_LOGIC\_VECTOR(N*N \ downto \ 0) \ ; --- interconnections \ within \ multiplier
      between adders and AND gates
      signal CoutArray: STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(N*N downto 0); -- Signals used by the Cout
      between the 1 bit full adders
60 begin
          forrow: for i in integer range 0 to (N/2)-1 generate —Loop down the levels
               if 0: if i = 0 generate —top level, just AND gates
                   ANDOGEN: for j in integer range 0 to (N/2)-1 generate
                       AND0 : AND2
                           port map(A=>A(i), B=>B(j), F=>F(j));
                       end generate ANDOGEN;
                   Product(0) \le F(0);—Assign first product
               end generate if0;
               ifn0: if i>0 generate—everything else
                   forcol: for j in integer range 0 to (N/2)-1 generate
                       -Generate the first full adder / and gate combo of the row
                       GEN0 : if j = 0 generate
75
                           ANDADDO : ANDADD
                                port map(A=>A(i), B=>B(j), D=>F((N/2)*(i-1)+(j+1)), Cin=>
      \label{eq:cout-sum} {\it Cin,Cout=>CoutArray((N/2)*i+j), Sum=>F((N/2)*i+j));} --{\it Tons of 2D arrays as 1D}
      arrays
                                —D=>The sum of the full adder in the previous row and
      next column (i-1) (j+1).
                                --Cout=>Corresponding coordinate in CoutArray for this
      full adder [i,j].
                               ---Sum=> Corresponding coordinate in F array for this
      full adder [i,j].
                           -- Assign the sum of the first adder of the row to its
      respective product bit
                           Product(i) \le F((N/2) * i + j);
                       end generate GEN0;
85
                       -Last full adder of the first row, D has to be 0
                       GEN1N: if i=1 AND j=((N/2)-1) generate
                           ANDADD1N : ANDADD
                                port map(A=>A(i),B=>B(j),D=>Cin,Cin=>CoutArray((N/2)*i+(
      j-1), Cout=>CoutArray((N/2)*i+j), Sum=>F((N/2)*i+j));
                                   --D=>Cin, which is equal to 0
90
                                    --Cin=>Cout of previous full adder in same row (j-1)
                                    ---Cout=>Corresponding coordinate in CoutArray for
      this full adder [i,j].
                                   --Sum=> Corresponding coordinate in F array for this
       full adder [i,j].
                       end generate GEN1N;
95
```

```
--Generate the last full adder / and gate combo of the row
                        GENN: if i/=1 AND j=((N/2)-1) generate
                            ANDADDN : ANDADD
                                port map(A=>A(i), B=>B(j), D=>CoutArray((N/2)*(i-1)+j), Cin
100
      \RightarrowCoutArray((N/2)*i+(j-1)),Cout\RightarrowCoutArray((N/2)*i+j),Sum\RightarrowF((N/2)*i+j));\longrightarrowMap
      the last full adder in line
                                     -D=>The Cout of the last full adder of the previous
       row (i-1)
                                     --Cin=>Cout of previous full adder in same row (j-1)
                                    ---Cout=>Corresponding coordinate in CoutArray for
       this full adder [i,j].
                                    --Sum=> Corresponding coordinate in F array for this
        full adder [i,j].
                            -- Assign Sum and Cout to Product of the last row's last full
        adder
                            GENNI: if i=(N/2)-1 generate
                                Product(N-1) \le CoutArray((N/2)*i+j);—Product bit from
      Cout
                                Product(i+j) \le F((N/2)*i+j);—Product bit from Sum
110
                            end generate GENNI;
                        end generate GENN;
                        --Generate all the other full adders / AND gate combos
                        GENX: if j/=((N/2)-1) AND j>0 generate
115
                            ANDADDX : ANDADD
                                port map(A=>A(i), B=>B(j), D=>F((N/2)*(i-1)+(j+1)), Cin
      => CoutArray((N/2)*i+(j-1)), Cout=> CoutArray((N/2)*i+j), Sum=> F((N/2)*i+j));
                                     --D=>The Cout of the last full adder of the previous
       row (i-1)
                                     --Cin=>Cout of previous full adder in same row (j-1)
120
                                     --Cout=>Corresponding coordinate in CoutArray for
       this full adder [i,j].
                                    ---Sum=> Corresponding coordinate in F array for this
        full adder [i,j].
                            --Assign Product bits the sum bits of the last row of full
       adders
                            GENXI: if i = ((N/2) - 1) generate
                                Product(i+j) \le F((N/2)*i+j);—Assign the sum to the
      respective product bit
                            end generate GENXI;
                        end generate GENX;
130
                    end generate forcol;
               end generate ifn0;
           end generate forrow;
135
   end Behavioral;
```

Listing 15: LFSR 32 4 VHDL

```
---Company : RIT
---Author : Brandon Key
```

```
---Created
                 : 03/08/2018
  --Project Name : Lab 5
            : LFSR_32_4.vhd
  --File
                : LFSR_32_4
  --Entity
   -Architecture : behav
10
   -Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : LFSR_32_4 8 bit output, 4 tap LFSR.
15 library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
  entity LFSR_32_4 is
      generic (N : integer := 32);
      port (
          clk
                : in std_logic;
          rst_n : in std_logic;
          en : in std_logic;
2.5
          bit_pattern : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0)
          );
  \quad \quad end \quad LFSR\_32\_4 \, ;
30 architecture behav of LFSR_32_4
      signal internal_reg : std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
      constant SEED: std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0) := x"12345678";
3.5
      begin
          bit_pattern <= internal_reg;
          --update the state to the next_state
          the_proc : process (clk, rst_n) begin
               if rst_n = '0' then
                   internal_reg <= SEED;
               elsif rising_edge(clk) then
                   if en = '1' then
45
                       --taps at 32,20,26,25
                       internal_reg(0) \le internal_reg(1);
                       internal_reg(1) \le internal_reg(2);
                       internal_reg(2) \le internal_reg(3);
                       internal_reg(3) \le internal_reg(4);
50
                       internal_reg(4) \le internal_reg(5);
                       internal_reg(5) <= internal_reg(6);
                       internal_reg(6) \le internal_reg(7);
                       internal_reg(7) \le internal_reg(8);
                       internal_reg(8) \le internal_reg(9);
                       internal_reg(9) \le internal_reg(10);
                       internal_reg(10) <= internal_reg(11);
                       internal_reg(11) <= internal_reg(12);
                       internal_reg(12) <= internal_reg(13);
                       internal_{reg}(13) \le internal_{reg}(14);
60
                       internal_reg(14) \le internal_reg(15);
```

```
internal_reg(15) \le internal_reg(16);
                        internal_reg(16) <= internal_reg(17);</pre>
                        internal_reg(17) <= internal_reg(18);
                        internal_reg(18) <= internal_reg(19);</pre>
65
                        internal_{reg}(19) \le internal_{reg}(20) \text{ xor } internal_{reg}(0);
                        internal_reg(20) <= internal_reg(21);
                        internal_reg(21) <= internal_reg(22);
                        internal_reg(22) <= internal_reg(23);
                        internal_reg(23) \le internal_reg(24);
70
                        internal_reg(24) \le internal_reg(25) xor internal_reg(0);
                        internal_{reg}(25) \le internal_{reg}(26)  xor internal_{reg}(0);
                        internal_reg(26) \le internal_reg(27);
                        internal_reg(27) \le internal_reg(28);
75
                        internal_{reg}(28) \le internal_{reg}(29);
                        internal_{reg}(29) \le internal_{reg}(30);
                        internal_reg(30) <= internal_reg(31);
                        internal_reg(31) \le internal_reg(0);
                    end if;
               end if;
           end process the proc;
85 end behav;
```

Listing 16: LFSR 8 4 VHDL

```
-Company
                 : RIT
   -Author
                 : Brandon Key
   -Created
                 : 03/08/2018
  --Project Name : Lab 5
  --File
                : LFSR_8_4.vhd
                : LFSR_8_4
  --Entity
  --Architecture : behav
  --Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : LFSR_8_4 8 bit output, 4 tap LFSR.
  library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
  entity LFSR_8_4 is
      port (
          clk
               : in std_logic;
          rst_n : in std_logic;
               : in std_logic;
          bit_pattern : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0)
  end LFSR_8_4;
  architecture behav of LFSR_8_4 is
30
      signal internal_reg : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
```

```
constant SEED : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := x"6A";
      begin
35
           bit_pattern <= internal_reg;
            -update the state to the next_state
           the\_proc \ : \ process \ (clk \ , \ rst\_n \ ) \ begin
40
               if rst_n = 0, then
                    internal_reg <= SEED;</pre>
               elsif rising_edge(clk) then
                    if en = '1' then
45
                        --taps at 7,5,4,3
                        internal_reg(0) \le internal_reg(1);
                        internal_reg(1) \le internal_reg(2);
                        internal_reg(2) <= internal_reg(3);
                        internal_reg(3) \le internal_reg(4)  xor internal_reg(0);
                        internal_reg(4) <= internal_reg(5) xor internal_reg(0);
                        internal_{reg}(5) \le internal_{reg}(6) \text{ xor } internal_{reg}(0);
                        internal_reg(6) \le internal_reg(7);
                        internal_reg(7) \le internal_reg(0);
                    end if;
               end if;
           end process the_proc;
  end behav;
```

Listing 17: MAC VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                     14:56:40 03/15/2017
5 — Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                     Multiplier - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 — Description:
   - Dependencies:
  -- Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
```

```
- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity MAC is
       generic( N : integer := 32);
      Port ( A : in STDLOGIC-VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
             B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2) - 1 \text{ downto } 0);
35
             clk : in STD_LOGIC;
             WE: in STD_LOGIC;
             reset : in STD_LOGIC;
             RegOut : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
40 end MAC;
  architecture Behavioral of MAC is
      ---COMPONENT DECLARATIONS
      component Multiplier is
          generic( N : integer := 32);
45
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
                  B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
                  Product : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
50
      component nBitAdder is
          generic (n : integer := 32);
          port (
              A,B: in std_logic_vector(N-1 downto
55
              Y : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
              CB : out std_logic
              );
      end component;
60
      component nBitRegister is
          generic (n : integer := 32);
          Port (
              nBitIn: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
      register
                     : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
              WE
              Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
                     : in std_logic;
              Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
          );
      end component;
70
      component nBitRegister_32 is
          generic (n : integer := 32);
              nBitIn: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
      register
                     : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
              WE
75
              Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
              clk : in std_logic;
              Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
          );
      end component;
80
      component nBitRegister_16 is
          generic (n : integer := 16);
          Port (
```

```
nBitIn: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
        register
                          : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
                 Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
                         : in std_logic;
                 Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
             );
90
        end component;
        --SIGNAL DECLARATIONS
        signal MultA, MultB : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR((N/2)-1 downto 0);
        signal Product : STDLOGIC_VECTOR(N-1 downto 0);
        signal adderA, adderB, adderOut : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR(N-1 downto 0);
        signal cout : STD_LOGIC;
   begin
100
        RegMultInA : nBitRegister_16
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 16)
             port map(nBitIn => A,
                 WE \Rightarrow '1', clk \Rightarrow clk, Reset \Rightarrow reset,
                 Y \implies MultA
             );
         RegMultInB : nBitRegister_16
          generic map (N \Rightarrow 16)
          port map(nBitIn \Rightarrow B,
                 WE \Rightarrow '1', clk \Rightarrow clk, Reset \Rightarrow reset,
                 Y => MultB
          );
        MULT1: Multiplier
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map(A => MultA, B => MultB, Product => Product);
        RegMultOut : nBitRegister_32
             generic map(N \Rightarrow 32)
120
              port \ map(nBitIn \Rightarrow Product \,, \ WE \Rightarrow \ '1' \,, \ Reset \Rightarrow reset \,, \ clk \Rightarrow clk \,, \ Y \Rightarrow 
       adderB);
        BigBoyReg : nBitRegister_32
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map(nBitIn => adderOut, WE => WE, Reset => reset, clk => clk, Y =>
       adderA);
        ADD1 : nBitAdder
             generic map (N \Rightarrow 32)
             port map( A => adderA, B => adderB, Y => adderOut, CB => cout);
130
        RegOut <= adderA;
   end Behavioral;
```

Listing 18: MISR 32 4 VHDL

```
---Project Name: Lab 5
   -File
                  : MISR_32_4.vhd
                 : MISR_32_4
   -Entity
   --Architecture : behav
   -Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : MISR_32_4 32 bit output, 4 tap MISR.
15 library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
  entity MISR_32_4 is
      generic (N : integer := 32);
      port (
          MISR_in : in std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
                   : in std_logic;
          rst_n
                   : in std_logic;
25
                   : in std_logic;
          MISR_out : out std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0)
          );
  end MISR_32_4;
  architecture behav of MISR_32_4
      signal internal_reg : std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0);
      constant SEED : std_logic_vector(N-1 downto 0) := x"12345678";
35
      begin
          MISR_out <= internal_reg;
40
          --update the state to the next_state
          the_proc : process (clk, rst_n) begin
               if rst_n = '0' then
                   internal_reg <= SEED;
               elsif rising_edge(clk) then
                   if en = '1' then
                       --taps at 32,20,26,25
                       internal_{reg}(0) \le internal_{reg}(1) \times MISR_{in}(0);
                       internal_reg(1) \le internal_reg(2)
                                                              xor MISR_in(1);
                       internal_reg(2) \le internal_reg(3)
                                                              xor MISR_in(2);
                       internal_reg(3)
                                        \leq internal_reg(4)
                                                               xor MISR_in(3);
                                                               xor MISR_in(4);
                       internal_reg(4) \le internal_reg(5)
                       internal_reg(5) \le internal_reg(6)
                                                               xor MISR_in(5);
                                                              xor MISR_in(6);
                       internal_reg(6) \le internal_reg(7)
                       internal_reg(7) \le internal_reg(8)
                                                               xor MISR_in(7);
                       internal_{reg}(8) \le internal_{reg}(9)
                                                               xor MISR_in(8);
                       internal_{reg}(9) \le internal_{reg}(10) \times or MISR_{in}(9);
                       internal_{reg}(10) \le internal_{reg}(11) xor MISR_{in}(10);
                       internal_reg(11) <= internal_reg(12) xor MISR_in(11);
                       internal_{reg}(12) \le internal_{reg}(13) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(12);
60
                       internal_reg(13) <= internal_reg(14) xor MISR_in(13);
                       internal_reg(14) <= internal_reg(15) xor MISR_in(14);
                       internal_{reg}(15) \le internal_{reg}(16) \times or MISR_{in}(15);
```

```
internal_{reg}(16) \le internal_{reg}(17) \times or MISR_{in}(16);
                           internal_reg(17) <= internal_reg(18) xor MISR_in(17);
65
                           internal_reg(18) <= internal_reg(19) xor MISR_in(18);
                           internal_reg(19) <= internal_reg(20) xor MISR_in(19) xor
       internal_reg(0);
                           internal_{reg}(20) \le internal_{reg}(21) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(20);
                           internal_{reg}(21) \le internal_{reg}(22) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(21);
                           internal_{reg}(22) \le internal_{reg}(23) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(22);
70
                           internal_reg(23) \le internal_reg(24) xor MISR_in(23);
                           internal_{reg}(24) \le internal_{reg}(25) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(24) \text{ xor}
       internal_reg(0);
                           internal_{reg}(25) \le internal_{reg}(26) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(25) \text{ xor}
       internal_reg(0);
                           internal_{reg}(26) \le internal_{reg}(27) \times or MISR_{in}(26);
75
                           internal_{reg}(27) \le internal_{reg}(28) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(27);
                           internal_reg(28) <= internal_reg(29) xor MISR_in(28);
                           internal_{reg}(29) \le internal_{reg}(30) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(29);
                           internal_reg(30) <= internal_reg(31) xor MISR_in(30);
                           internal_{reg}(31) \le internal_{reg}(0) \quad xor \quad MISR_{in}(31);
                      end if;
80
                 end if;
            end process the proc;
85 end
       behav;
```

Listing 19: nBitRegister tb VHDL

```
Company:
    Engineer:
   - Create Date:
                    16:49:10 02/08/2018
  -- Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                    /home/ise/DSDII/Lab/Lab2/Project/lab2/nBitRegister_tb.vhd
  -- Project Name:
                    lab2
  -- Target Device:
  - Tool versions:
10 - Description:
  -- VHDL Test Bench Created by ISE for module: nBitRegister
   - Dependencies:
   - Revision:
  - Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  -- Notes:
  -- This testbench has been automatically generated using types std_logic and
  -- std_logic_vector for the ports of the unit under test. Xilinx recommends
  — that these types always be used for the top-level I/O of a design in order
  -- to guarantee that the testbench will bind correctly to the post-implementation
  -- simulation model.
  LIBRARY ieee;
  USE ieee.std_logic_1164.ALL;
  use ieee.numeric_std.all;
30
```

```
-- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
   - arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --USE ieee.numeric_std.ALL;
35 ENTITY nBitRegister_tb IS
  END nBitRegister_tb;
  ARCHITECTURE behavior OF nBitRegister_tb IS
      constant N : integer := 4;
40
      -- Component Declaration for the Unit Under Test (UUT)
      COMPONENT nBitRegister
45
      generic (n : integer := 32);
      PORT(
             nBitIn : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
      register
                    : in std_logic; — Active high write enable
            Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
50
            clk : in std_logic;
            Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output, n bits wide
          );
      END COMPONENT;
     --Inputs
     signal nBitIn : std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) := (others => '0');
     signal WE : std_logic := '0';
     signal Reset : std_logic := '0';
     signal clk : std_logic := '0';
60
      --Outputs
     signal Y : std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0);
     -- Clock period definitions
     constant clk_period : time := 100 ns;
  BEGIN
      -- Instantiate the Unit Under Test (UUT)
     uut: nBitRegister
     generic map (N \Rightarrow N)
     PORT MAP (
            nBitIn \Rightarrow nBitIn,
75
            WE \implies WE
            Reset => Reset,
            clk \Rightarrow clk,
            Y \Rightarrow Y
          );
80
     -- Clock process definitions
     clk_process : process
     begin
          clk <= '0';
          wait for clk_period/2;
85
          clk <= '1';
          wait for clk_period/2;
     end process;
```

```
90
      -- Stimulus process
      stim_proc: process
      begin
                -- hold reset state for 100 ns.
               Reset <= '0';
95
         wait for (1*clk_period + 15 ns);
               Reset <= '1';
         wait for clk_period *1;
               --Setup Complete, Time to load
100
        -Load each register 1 by 1
         WE \ll '1';
         wait for clk_period;
         nBitIn \le x"D";
         wait for clk_period;
         WE \ll '0';
         nBitIn \le x"E";
         wait for clk_period;
         WE \ll '1';
         wait for clk_period;
         for i in 0 to 15 loop
           nBitIn <= std_logic_vector(to_unsigned(i, nBitIn'length));
           wait for clk_period *1;
115
         end loop;
         wait;
      end process;
120 END;
```

Listing 20: nBitAdder VHDL

```
---Company
               : RIT
               : Brandon Key
--Author
---Created
              : 02/18/2018
---Project Name : Lab 3
---File
          : nBitAdder.vhd
--Entity
           : nBitAdder
 -Architecture : struct
--Tool Version : VHDL '93
--Description : Entity and structural description of an adder subtractor
              : SEL = 0 : A+B = Y
               : SEL = 1 : A-B = Y
library IEEE;
use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
use work.globals.all;
entity nBitAdder is
    generic (n : integer := 32);
```

```
port (
           A,B: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto
25
                                                          0);
           Y : out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto
                                                           0);
           CB : out std_logic
           );
  end nBitAdder;
  architecture struct of nBitAdder is
       component full_adder is
            {\tt port}\,(A,B,Cin\ :\ {\tt in}\quad {\tt std\_logic}\,;
                Sum, Cout : out std_logic
35
        end component full_adder;
       -- Create an array to hold all of the carries
       type carry_array is array (n-1 downto 0) of std_logic;
       signal c_array : carry_array;
  begin
45
       generate\_adders : for i in 0 to n-1 generate
            i_first: if i = 0 generate
                -- The first adder gets SEL as the Cin
                adder : full_adder port map(
50
                     A \Rightarrow A(i),
                     B \Rightarrow B(i),
                     Cin \Rightarrow '0'
                     Sum \implies Y(i),
                     Cout => c_array(i)
                );
            end generate i_first;
            i_{-}last : if i = (n-1) generate
                -- The last adder doesn't have a carry out
                adder : full_adder port map(
60
                     A \Rightarrow A(i),
                     B \Rightarrow B(i),
                     Cin \Rightarrow c_{array}(i-1),
                     Sum \Rightarrow Y(i),
65
                     Cout => c_array(i)
                );
            end generate i_last;
           --Middle adders
           i_{mid}: if (i \neq 0) and (i \neq (n-1)) generate
                adder : full_adder port map(
                     A \implies A(i) \; ,
                     B \Rightarrow B(i),
                     Cin \Rightarrow c_{array}(i-1),
                     Sum \Rightarrow Y(i),
75
                     Cout \Rightarrow c_array(i)
                );
            end generate i_mid;
       end generate generate_adders;
80
       CB \le c_{array}(n-1);
```

```
end struct;
```

Listing 21: nBitRegister 16 VHDL

```
: RIT
  ---Company
              : Brandon Key
  --Author
  ---Created
               : 2/8/2017
5 -- Project Name : Lab 2
                : nBitRegister_16.vhd
  --File
  --Entity
            : nBitRegister_16
  --Architecture : struct
10 —Revision
  --Rev 0.01
                : 2/8/2017
  --Tool Version : VHDL '93
  --Description : Entity and behavioral description of an n-bit register
15
  --Notes
  library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
  entity nBitRegister_16 is
      generic (n : integer := 16);
      Port (
25
          nBitIn : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
     register
                 : in std_logic; -- Active high write enable
         WE
          Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
               : in std_logic;
          Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output , n bits wide
      );
  end nBitRegister_16;
35 architecture behav of nBitRegister_16 is
  begin
      output_proc : process (clk, Reset) begin
          if Reset = '0' then
              Y \ll (others \Rightarrow '0');
          elsif clk'event and clk = '1' then
              if WE = '1' then
45
                  Y \le nBitIn;
              end if;
          end if;
      end process output_proc;
```

```
end behav;
```

Listing 22: MISR 8 4 VHDL

```
: RIT
   -Company
  --Author
                 : Brandon Key
  ---Created
                : 03/08/2018
  --Project Name: Lab 5
                  : MISR_8_4.vhd
  --File
                 : MISR_8_4
  --Entity
  --Architecture : behav
  --Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : MISR_8_4 8 bit output, 4 tap MISR.
15 library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_UNSIGNED.ALL;
20 entity MISR_8_4 is
      port (
          MISR_in : in std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
                  : in std_logic;
          rst_n : in std_logic;
                   : in std_logic;
25
          MISR_out : out std_logic_vector(7 downto 0)
          );
  end MISR_8_4;
30 architecture behav of MISR_8_4 is
      signal internal_reg : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0);
      constant SEED : std_logic_vector(7 downto 0) := x"6A";
35
      begin
          MISR_out <= internal_reg;
          --update the state to the next_state
40
          the_proc : process (clk, rst_n) begin
               if rst_n = 0, then
                   internal_reg <= SEED;</pre>
               elsif rising_edge(clk) then
45
                   if en = '1' then
                       --taps at 7,5,4,3
                       internal_{reg}(0) \le internal_{reg}(1) \text{ xor } MISR_{in}(0);
                       internal_reg(1) <= internal_reg(2) xor MISR_in(1);
                       internal_reg(2) <= internal_reg(3) xor MISR_in(2);
                       internal_{reg}(3) \le internal_{reg}(4) \times MISR_{in}(3) \times r
50
      internal_reg(0);
                       internal_reg(4) \le internal_reg(5) xor MISR_in(4) xor
      internal_reg(0);
```

Listing 23: nBitMux 2to1 VHDL

```
-Company
                 : RIT
  --Author
                 : Brandon Key
                 : 3/29/2018
  --Created
  --Project Name : Lab 5
             : nBitMux_2to1.vhd
  -File
  --Entity
                : nBitMux_2to1
  --Architecture : Dataflow
  --Tool Version : VHDL '93
  -- Description : Arbitrary width 2 to 1 mux
15 library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  entity nBitMux_2to1 is
      generic (n : integer := 16);
      port (
20
          A,B: in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0);
          sel : in std_logic;
          Y
            : out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0)
          );
25 end nBitMux_2to1;
  architecture Dataflow of nBitMux_2to1 is
      begin
          --update the state to the next_state
30
          the_proc : process (sel, A, B) begin
              case sel is
                  when 0 \Rightarrow
                      Y \leq A;
                  when others =>
35
                      Y \leq B;
              end case;
          end process the proc;
40 end Dataflow;
```

Listing 24: ANDADD VHDL

```
-- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                     15:25:28 03/15/2017
5 — Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                     ANDADD - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 - Description:
  -- Dependencies:
  -- Revision:
15 - Revision 0.01 - File Created
  -- Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  -use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  -- library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity ANDADD is
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
             B: in STD_LOGIC;
             D: in STD_LOGIC;
             Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
35
             Sum : out STD_LOGIC;
             Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
  end ANDADD:
40 architecture Behavioral of ANDADD is
      -- Component Declarations
      component AND2 is
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
             B: in STDLOGIC;
45
             F : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
      component FA_1bit is
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
50
             B: in STD_LOGIC;
             Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
             S: out STD_LOGIC;
             Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
      --Signal Assignments
      signal F : STD_LOGIC;
  begin
     AND0 : AND2
```

```
port map(A=>A, B=>B,F=>F);

FA : FA_1bit
    port map(A=>F, B=>D, Cin=>Cin, S=>Sum, Cout=>Cout);

end Behavioral;
```

Listing 25: Ripple Carry FA VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                     08:27:52 03/02/2017
  -- Design Name:
  - Module Name:
                     Ripple_Carry_FA - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 -- Description:
   - Dependencies:
   - Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
25
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Ripple_Carry_FA is
       generic (N: integer:=16); --Number of bits in A and B
      Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
             B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
             Sum: out STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
             Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
  end Ripple_Carry_FA;
40 architecture Behavioral of Ripple_Carry_FA is
      --Interim signal used for carry ins and outs of the 1 bit full adders
      -- The MSB of C is carry out
      signal C : std_logic_vector(N downto 1);
      component FA_1bit is
45
          Port ( A : in STD_LOGIC;
```

```
B: in STD_LOGIC;
             Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
             S: out STD_LOGIC;
             Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
  begin
      GEN_ADD : for i in N-1 downto 0 generate
          --Generate the first full adder, which is special because it takes Cin
          FA0\_GEN : if(i=0) generate
              FA0: FA_1bit
                  port map(A=>A(i),B=>B(i), Cin=>Cin, Cout=>C(1),S=>Sum(i));
60
          end generate FA0_GEN;
          --Generate the other adders, the last bit of C is carry out
          FAX.GEN : if (i>0) generate
              FAN : FA_1bit
                  port map(A=>A(i), B=>B(i), Cin=>C(i), Cout=>C(i+1), S=>Sum(i));
          end generate FAX_GEN;
      end generate GEN_ADD;
70
  end Behavioral;
```

Listing 26: nBitRegister 32 VHDL

```
---Company
               : RIT
               : Brandon Key
  --Author
                : 2/8/2017
   -Created
5 -- Project Name : Lab 2
  --File : nBitRegister_32.vhd
  --Entity
             : nBitRegister_32
  --Architecture : struct
10 —Revision
  ---Rev 0.01
               : 2/8/2017
  -- Tool Version : VHDL '93
  --Description : Entity and behavioral description of an n-bit register
15
  --Notes
  library ieee;
20 use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;
  entity nBitRegister_32 is
      generic (n : integer := 32);
      Port (
          nBitIn : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0); -- n bits to store in the
     register
                 : in std_logic; — Active high write enable
          Reset : in std_logic; -- Async reset, disabled when low
                 : in std_logic;
```

```
Y: out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0) -- 1 output , n bits wide
      );
  end nBitRegister_32;
35 architecture behav of nBitRegister_32 is
  begin
      output_proc : process (clk, Reset) begin
           if Reset = '0' then
              Y \ll (others \Rightarrow '0');
           elsif clk'event and clk = '1' then
               if WE = '1' then
45
                   Y \le nBitIn;
               end if;
          end if;
      end process output_proc;
  end behav;
```

Listing 27: ALU Wrapper VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
  -- Create Date:
                     13:41:10 03/18/2017
5 — Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                     ALU_Wrapper - Behavioral
  -- Project Name:
  -- Target Devices:
  -- Tool versions:
10 — Description:
  -- Dependencies:
  -- Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  - Additional Comments:
  library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.MATH_REAL.ALL;
  use IEEE.NUMERIC_STD.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
25 -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
  - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
30 -- library UNISIM;
```

```
--use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity ALU_Wrapper is
      Port (input1 : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
             input2: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
             control : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
             output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0));
  end ALU_Wrapper;
40 architecture Behavioral of ALU_Wrapper is
  -- Component Declarations
      component Multiplier is
          generic( N : integer :=16);
          Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
4.5
                   B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ((N/2)-1 \text{ downto } 0);
                  Product : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
      component Logic_Unit is
          generic( N : integer :=16);
50
          Port (A: in STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                    B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                    Control: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
                    output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
55
      component Shifter is
          generic( N : integer:=16; Namnt : integer :=integer(ceil(log2(real(16))))));
          Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                amnt : in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (Namnt-1 downto 0);
                Control: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
                output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
      end component;
65
      component Ripple_Carry_FA is
          generic (N: integer:=16); -- Number of bits in A and B
          Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                   B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
70
                   Cin: in STD_LOGIC;
                   Sum : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
                   Cout : out STD_LOGIC);
      end component;
      component Subtractor is
          generic(N : integer :=16);
          Port ( A : in STDLOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
                   B: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0);
                   Output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (15 downto 0));
      end component;
  --Signal Declarations
      signal Product, Sum, ShiftOut, LogicOut, Difference: STDLOGIC-VECTOR(15 downto
      0):
      signal Cout : STD_LOGIC;
  begin
       -map multiplier
      MULT: Multiplier
```

```
generic map (N=>16)
           port map(A=>input1(7 downto 0), B=>input2(7 downto 0), Product=>Product);
90
       ---Map Logic Unit
       LOGIC : Logic_Unit
           generic map (N=>16)
           port map( A=>input1 , B=>input2 , Control=>Control , output=>LogicOut);
95
        --Map Shifter
       SHIFT : Shifter
           generic map(N=>16, Namnt=>4)
           port map(A=>input1, amnt=>input2(3 downto 0), Control=>Control, output=>
100
      ShiftOut);
       ---Map Adder
       ADD : Ripple_Carry_FA
           generic map (N=>16)
           port map(A=>input1, B=>input2, Cin=>'0', Cout=>Cout, Sum=>Sum);
105
       -- Map Subtractor
       SUB: Subtractor
           generic map (N=>16)
           port map(A=>input1, B=>input2, Output=>Difference);
       --End mapping
       ALU_PROC: process(input1, input2, control) begin
           C1: case control is
               when "0100" \Rightarrow output \leq Sum; --ADD
               when "0101"=> output<=Difference;--SUB
               when "0110"=> output<=Product;--MUL
               when "1100"=> output<=ShiftOut;---SLL
120
               when "1101" => output <= ShiftOut; ---SRL
               when "1110"=> output<=ShiftOut;--SRA
               when others=> output<=LogicOut;--OR,NOT,AND,XOR
           end case C1;
       end process;
   end Behavioral;
```

Listing 28: nBitAdderSubtractor 16Bit VHDL

```
-Company
               : RIT
 -Author
               : Brandon Key
--Created
               : 02/18/2018
---Project Name : Lab 3
           : nBitAdderSubtractor_16Bit.vhd
--File
--Entity
              : nBitAdderSubtractor_16Bit
--Architecture : struct
--Tool Version : VHDL '93
--Description : Entity and structural description of an adder subtractor
               : SEL = 0 : A+B = Y
               : SEL = 1 : A-B = Y
```

```
library IEEE;
  use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
  entity nBitAdderSubtractor_16Bit is
      generic (n : integer := 16);
      port (
          A,B : in std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0);
          SEL : in std_logic;
25
          Y : out std_logic_vector(n-1 downto 0);
          CB : out std_logic
          );
  end
       nBitAdderSubtractor_16Bit;
  architecture struct of nBitAdderSubtractor_16Bit is
      component full_adder is
           port(A,B,Cin : in std_logic;
               Sum, Cout : out std_logic
       end component full_adder;
      -- Create an array to hold all of the carries
      type carry_array is array (n-1 downto 0) of std_logic;
40
      signal c_array : carry_array;
      signal B_XOR_SEL : std_logic_vector((n-1) downto 0);
45 begin
      -Generate the xor statements to be mapped to the full adders
      XORator: for i in 0 to n-1 generate
          B_XOR_SEL(i) \le B(i) xor SEL;
50
      end generate XORator;
      generate\_adders : for i in 0 to n-1 generate
           i_{-}first: if i = 0 generate
              -- The first adder gets SEL as the Cin
               adder : full_adder port map(
                   A \Rightarrow A(i),
                   B \Rightarrow B_XOR_SEL(i),
                   Cin \implies SEL,
                   Sum \Rightarrow Y(i),
                   Cout => c_array(i)
           end generate i_first;
           i_last : if i = (n-1) generate
               -The last adder doesn't have a carry out
65
               adder : full_adder port map(
                   A \Rightarrow A(i),
                   B \implies B_XOR_SEL(i),
                   Cin \Rightarrow c_{array}(i-1),
                   Sum \Rightarrow Y(i),
                   Cout =>c_array(i)
               );
           end generate i_last;
          --Middle adders
```

Listing 29: ALU TESTBENCH VHDL

```
- Company:
  -- Engineer:
                    10:35:10 03/19/2017
  -- Create Date:
  -- Design Name:
  -- Module Name:
                    G:/DSD2/Lab3/Xilinx/Lab3/ALU_TESTBENCH.vhd
  -- Project Name:
                    Lab3
  -- Target Device:
  -- Tool versions:
  -- Description:
   - VHDL Test Bench Created by ISE for module: ALU_Wrapper
  - Dependencies:
15
  -- Revision:
  -- Revision 0.01 - File Created
  -- Additional Comments:
20 -- Notes:
  -- This testbench has been automatically generated using types std_logic and
  -- std_logic_vector for the ports of the unit under test. Xilinx recommends
  -- that these types always be used for the top-level I/O of a design in order
  -- to guarantee that the testbench will bind correctly to the post-implementation
  -- simulation model.
  LIBRARY ieee;
  USE ieee.std_logic_1164.ALL;
30 - Uncomment the following library declaration if using
   - arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --USE ieee.numeric_std.ALL;
  ENTITY ALU-TESTBENCH IS
35 END ALU-TESTBENCH;
  ARCHITECTURE behavior OF ALU-TESTBENCH IS
      -- Component Declaration for the Unit Under Test (UUT)
40
```

```
COMPONENT ALU_Wrapper
      PORT(
           input1 : IN std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
           input2 : IN std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
           control : IN std_logic_vector(3 downto 0);
45
           output : OUT std_logic_vector(15 downto 0)
      END COMPONENT;
50
     --Inputs
     signal input1 : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0) := (others => '0');
     signal input2 : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0) := (others => '0');
     signal control: std_logic_vector(3 downto 0) := (others => '0');
     --Outputs
     signal output : std_logic_vector(15 downto 0);
     -- No clocks detected in port list. Replace <clock> below with
     -- appropriate port name
60
  BEGIN
      -- Instantiate the Unit Under Test (UUT)
     uut: ALU_Wrapper PORT MAP (
            input1 \Rightarrow input1,
            input2 => input2,
            control => control,
            output => output
70
          );
    -0100 ADD
   --0101 SUB
  --0110 MUL
  --1000 OR
  --1001 NOT
  ---1010 AND
  ---1011 XOR
80 --- 1100 SLL
  ---1101 SRL
  --1110 SRA
     -- Stimulus process
     stim_proc: process
     begin
         - insert stimulus here
          --Test ADD
          control <= "0100";
90
          --ADD1
          input1<="10101010101010101";
          input2 <= "0101010101010101";
          wait for 50 ns;
95
          assert output="111111111111111"
              report "ADD1 failed, expected 1111111111111111, got: " & integer'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
```

```
--ADD2
           input1<="111111111111111";
100
           input2 <= "0000000000000000";
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="1111111111111111"
               report "ADD2 failed, expected 111111111111111, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
105
           ---ADD3
           input1<="000000000110011";
           input2<="000000000010010";
                   --"00000000000000000"
           wait for 50 ns;
110
           assert output="0000000001000101"
               report "ADD3 failed, expected 00000000100101, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
           -- Test SUB
           control <= "0101";
           --SUB1
           input1<="111111111111111";
           input2<="111111111111111";
                   --"00000000000000000"
120
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0000000000000000"
               report "SUB1 failed, expected 00000000000000, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --SUB2
           input1<="0000000001000000";---64
           input2<="0000000000010010";--18
                   --"0000000000101110" - -46
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0000000000101110"
130
               report "SUB2 failed, expected 000000000101110, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --SUB3
           input1<="000000000000111";---7
           input2<="000000000010000";---16
                   --"1111111111111110111" --(-)9
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="111111111111111"
               report "SUB3 failed, expected 1111111111111111, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
140
           --TEST MUL
           control <= "0110";
           --MUL1
           input1<="111111111111111";
145
           input2 \le "00000000000000000";
                   ---"000000000000000000"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0000000000000000"
               report "MUL1 failed, expected 00000000000000, got: " & integer 'image(
      to_integer(usigned(output)));
```

```
--MUL2
           input1<="000000000000100";---4
           input2<="000000000000101":--5
                    ---"0000000000010100" ---20
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0000000000010100"
                report "MUL2 failed, expected 000000000010100, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
           -- Test OR
160
           control <= "1000";
           --OR1
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2 <= "0011100100110111";
165
                    ---"1111111010111101111"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0011000100000011"
                report "OR1 failed, expected 0011000100000011, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
170
           --TEST NOT
           control <= "1001";
           --NOT1
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2 <= "0000000000000000";
                    --"00001010101111100"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="00001010101111100"
                report "NOT1 failed, expected 0000101010111100, got: " & integer 'image(
180
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --TEST AND
           control <= "1010";
           --AND1
185
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2 <= "0011100100110111";
                   ---"0011000100000011"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0011000100000011"
190
                report "AND1 failed, expected 0011000100000011, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --TEST XOR
           control <= "1011";
195
           --XOR1
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2<="0011100100110111";
                    --"1100110001110100"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="1100110001110100"
                report "XOR1 failed, expected 1100110001110100, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --TEST SLL
           control <= "1100";
205
```

```
--SLL1
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2 <= "000000000000100";
                    --"0101010000110000"
210
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="0101010000110000"
                report "SLL1 failed, expected 0101010000110000, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
           --TEST SRL
215
           control <= "1101";
           --SRL1
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2 <= "0000000000000100";
220
                    ---"0000111101010100"
           wait for 50 ns;
           {\bf assert \ output} = "0000111101010100"
                report "SRL1 failed, expected 0000111101010100, got: " & integer 'image(
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
225
           --TEST SRA
           control <= "1110";
           ---SRA1
230
           input1<="1111010101000011";
           input2<="0000000000000100";
                    --"1111111101010100"
           wait for 50 ns;
           assert output="11111111101010100"
                report "SRA1 failed, expected 11111111101010100, got: " & integer 'image(
235
       to_integer(usigned(output)));
         wait;
      end process;
   END;
```

Listing 30: Logic Unit VHDL

```
library IEEE;
20 use IEEE.STD_LOGIC_1164.ALL;
  -- Uncomment the following library declaration if using
  -- arithmetic functions with Signed or Unsigned values
  --use IEEE.NUMERIC.STD.ALL;
25
   - Uncomment the following library declaration if instantiating
  -- any Xilinx primitives in this code.
  --library UNISIM;
  --use UNISIM. VComponents. all;
  entity Logic_Unit is
       generic( N : integer :=16);
      Port (A: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
             B: in STDLOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0);
             Control: in STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (3 downto 0);
35
             output : out STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (N-1 downto 0));
  end Logic_Unit;
  --Control:
  --1000 : or
40 -- 1001 : not
  --1010 : AND
  −−1011 : XOR
  architecture Behavioral of Logic_Unit is
45 begin
      proc1: process (control, A, B)
          begin
          -- Depending on control, will do specific commands
          if control ="1000" then —bitwise OR
              F0: for i in 0 to N-1 loop
                   output (i) \leq A(i) OR B(i);
              end loop;
          elsif control ="1001" then -- bitwise NOT
              F1: for i in 0 to N-1 loop
                   output(i) \le NOT A(i);
              end loop;
           elsif control = "1010" then --bitwise AND
              F2: for i in 0 to N-1 loop
60
                   output(i) \le A(i) AND B(i);
              end loop;
          elsif control = "1011" then — bitwise XOR
              F3: for i in 0 to N-1 loop
65
                   output(i) \le A(i) \times B(i);
              end loop;
          end if;
      end process;
70
  end Behavioral;
```

5.2 Leonardo Scripts

Listing 31: Multiplier Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/FA_1bit.vhd ../SourceCode/AND2.vhd ../SourceCode/ANDADD.vhd ../
SourceCode/Multiplier.vhd }
ungroup * -hierarchy
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/Multiplier.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/Multiplier.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/Multiplier.sdf
```

Listing 32: LFSR 32 4 Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/LFSR_32_4.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/LFSR_32_4.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/LFSR_32_4.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/LFSR_32_4.sdf
```

Listing 33: MISR 32 4 Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/MISR_32_4.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/MISR_32_4.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/MISR_32_4.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/MISR_32_4.sdf
```

Listing 34: ProjectWrapper Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/AND2.vhd ../SourceCode/ANDADD.vhd ../SourceCode/FA_1bit.vhd ../
SourceCode/FullAdder.vhd ../SourceCode/LFSR_32_4.vhd ../SourceCode/MISR_32_4.vhd
../SourceCode/Multiplier.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitRegister_16.vhd ../SourceCode/
nBitRegister_32.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitAdder.vhd ../SourceCode/Counter.vhd ../
SourceCode/TestController.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitMux_2to1.vhd ../SourceCode/MAC.
vhd ../SourceCode/ProjectWrapper.vhd }
ungroup * -hierarchy
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/ProjectWrapper.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/ProjectWrapper.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/ProjectWrapper.sdf
```

Listing 35: nBitAdder Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
```

```
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/FullAdder.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitAdder.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/nBitAdder.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/nBitAdder.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/nBitAdder.sdf
```

Listing 36: nBitAdderSubtractor Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/FullAdder.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitAdder.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/nBitAdder.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/nBitAdder.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/nBitAdder.sdf
```

Listing 37: MAC BIST Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {./Output/LFSR_32_4.vhdl ./Output/MISR_32_4.vhdl ./Output/nBitAdder.vhdl ./
Output/Multiplier.vhdl ./Output/nBitRegister_16.vhdl ./Output/nBitRegister_32.
vhdl ./Output/nBitMux_2tol.vhdl ../SourceCode/MAC.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/MAC.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/MAC.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/MAC.sdf
```

Listing 38: nBitRegister 16 Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/nBitRegister_16.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/nBitRegister_16.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/nBitRegister_16.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/nBitRegister_16.sdf
```

Listing 39: MAC Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/FA_1bit.vhd ../SourceCode/AND2.vhd ../SourceCode/ANDADD.vhd ../
SourceCode/Multiplier.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitAdder.vhd ../SourceCode/
nBitRegister_16.vhd ../SourceCode/nBitRegister_32.vhd ../SourceCode/MAC.vhd }
ungroup * -hierarchy
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
```

```
write -format verilog ../SourceCode/MAC.v
write -format vhd ../SourceCode/MAC.vhd
write -format sdf ../SourceCode/MAC.sdf
```

Listing 40: nBitMux 2to1 Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/nBitMux_2to1.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/nBitMux_2to1.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/nBitMux_2to1.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/nBitMux_2to1.sdf
```

Listing 41: nBitRegister 32 Spectrum Script

```
set exclude_gates {PadInC PadOut}
load_library ~/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/external_libs/GDKgates/GDKgates_utilities/
hdl_libs/gdk.syn
read {../SourceCode/nBitRegister_32.vhd }
set sdf_write_flat_netlist TRUE
optimize
write -format verilog ./Output/nBitRegister_32.v
write -format vhdl ./Output/nBitRegister_32.vhdl
write -format sdf ./Output/nBitRegister_32.sdf
```

Listing 42: MAC (copy) Spectrum Script

5.3 Layout Versus Schematic Results

Listing 43: MAC with BIST LVS Results

```
REPORT FILE NAME:
                           lvs.report
 LAYOUT NAME:
                           /home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_projects/Pyxis_SPT/
     digicdesign/ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal/lay.net ('ProjectWrapper')
                           /home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_projects/Pyxis_SPT/
 SOURCE NAME:
     digicdesign/ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal/ProjectWrapper.calibre.src.net ('
     ProjectWrapper ')
  RULE FILE:
                           /home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_projects/Pyxis_SPT/
     digicdesign/ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal/_LVS_
  CREATION TIME:
                           Fri Dec 6 11:22:53 2019
                           /home/bxk5113/Pyxis\_SPT\_HEP/ic\_projects/Pyxis\_SPT/
  CURRENT DIRECTORY:
     digicdesign/ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal
  USER NAME:
                           bxk5113
 CALIBRE VERSION:
                           v2013.4-26.18
                                            Fri Dec 13 14:55:29 PST 2013
                                OVERALL COMPARISON RESULTS
25
                                  #
                                  #
                                        CORRECT
                                                   #
                                  CELL SUMMARY
                             ***********
40
    Result
                  Layout
                                                Source
   CORRECT
                  ProjectWrapper
                                                ProjectWrapper
4.5
                                       LVS PARAMETERS
  o LVS Setup:
     // LVS COMPONENT TYPE PROPERTY
     // LVS COMPONENT SUBTYPE PROPERTY
     // LVS PIN NAME PROPERTY
                                           "VD33" "AVDDB" "DVDD" "VDDG" "AVDDG" "
    LVS POWER NAME
     AHVDD" "AVDDBG" "AHVDDB" "VDD5V" "DHVDD" "TAVDDPST"
                                           "TAVD33PST" "VDWELL" "AHVDDG" "AVDWELL" "
     AVDDR" "VDDSA" "TAVDD" "VDDPST" "TAVD33"
```

```
"AHVDDR" "HVDDWELL" "AHVDDWELL" "VDD" "
      AVDD"
                                             "DVSS" "VSSG" "AVSSG" "AHVSS" "AVSSBG" "
     LVS GROUND NAME
      AHVSSB" "DHVSS" "TAVSSPST" "AHVSSG"
                                           "AVSSR"
                                              "VS33" "TAVSS" "VSSPST" "VSSUB" "AVSSUB" "
      AHVSSR" "GND" "AGND" "HVSSUB" "VSS" "AHVSSUB"
                                             "AVSS" "AVSSB"
     LVS CELL SUPPLY
                                             NO
     LVS RECOGNIZE GATES
                                             ALL
     LVS IGNORE PORTS
                                             NO
     LVS CHECK PORT NAMES
                                             YES
     LVS IGNORE TRIVIAL NAMED PORTS
                                             NO
     LVS BUILTIN DEVICE PIN SWAP
                                             YES
     LVS ALL CAPACITOR PINS SWAPPABLE
                                             YES
     LVS DISCARD PINS BY DEVICE
     LVS SOFT SUBSTRATE PINS
                                             NO
     LVS INJECT LOGIC
                                             YES
     LVS EXPAND UNBALANCED CELLS
                                             YES
     LVS FLATTEN INSIDE CELL
                                             NO
     LVS EXPAND SEED PROMOTIONS
                                             NO
     LVS PRESERVE PARAMETERIZED CELLS
                                             NO
     LVS GLOBALS ARE PORTS
                                             YES
     LVS REVERSE WL
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE PREFER PINS
                                             YES
     LVS SPICE SLASH IS SPACE
                                             YES
     LVS SPICE ALLOW FLOATING PINS
                                             YES
     // LVS SPICE ALLOW INLINE PARAMETERS
     LVS SPICE ALLOW UNQUOTED STRINGS
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE CONDITIONAL LDD
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE CULL PRIMITIVE SUBCIRCUITS
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE IMPLIED MOS AREA
                                             NO
      // LVS SPICE MULTIPLIER NAME
     LVS SPICE OVERRIDE GLOBALS
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE REDEFINE PARAM
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE REPLICATE DEVICES
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE SCALE X PARAMETERS
                                             NO
     LVS SPICE STRICT WL
                                             NO
      // LVS SPICE OPTION
     LVS STRICT SUBTYPES
                                             NO
     LVS EXACT SUBTYPES
                                             NO
     LAYOUT CASE
                                             NO
     SOURCE CASE
                                             NO
     LVS COMPARE CASE
                                             NO
     LVS DOWNCASE DEVICE
                                             NO
     LVS REPORT MAXIMUM
                                             50
     LVS PROPERTY RESOLUTION MAXIMUM
                                              65536
      // LVS SIGNATURE MAXIMUM
      // LVS FILTER UNUSED OPTION
     // LVS REPORT OPTION
     LVS REPORT UNITS
                                             YES
     // LVS NON USER NAME PORT
     // LVS NON USER NAME NET
     // LVS NON USER NAME INSTANCE
     // LVS IGNORE DEVICE PIN
110
     // Reduction
     LVS REDUCE SERIES MOS
                                             NO
     LVS REDUCE PARALLEL MOS
                                             YES
```

```
LVS REDUCE SEMI SERIES MOS
                                              NO
     LVS REDUCE SPLIT GATES
                                              NO
     LVS REDUCE PARALLEL BIPOLAR
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCE SERIES CAPACITORS
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCE PARALLEL CAPACITORS
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCE SERIES RESISTORS
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCE PARALLEL RESISTORS
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCE PARALLEL DIODES
                                              YES
     LVS REDUCTION PRIORITY
                                              PARALLEL
     LVS SHORT EQUIVALENT NODES
                                              NO
     // Trace Property
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     r (rm1)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     r (rm2)
                              r r 0.2
130
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm3)
                              r r 0.2
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm4)
                              r r 0.2
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm5)
                              r r 0.2
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm6)
                              r r 0.2
                              r r 0.2
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm7)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rm8)
                              r r 0.2
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mimcap_g13
                                  a a 0
                      mimcap_g13
                                  m m 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rndiffs)
                                  w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rndiffs)
                                  1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rpdiffs)
                      r(rpdiffs)
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rndiffwo)
                                   w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rndiffwo)
                                   1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rpdiffwo)
                                   w w 0
145
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rpdiffwo) l l 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnwod) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnwod) l l 0
                      r(rnwsti) ww 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnwsti) l l 0
                      r(rnpolylo) ww 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnpolylo) l l 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rppolylo)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                                   \mathbf{w} \mathbf{w} \mathbf{0}
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rppolylo)
                                   1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnpolyhi)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rnpolyhi)
                                   1 1 0
                                   w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r(rppolyhi)
                                   1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      r (rppolyhi)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos) 1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_na) 1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_na) w w 0
                      mn(nmos_lvt)
     TRACE PROPERTY
                                    1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_lvt) w w 0
                      mn(nmos_hvt) l l 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
165
                      mn(nmos_hvt) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_33) 1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_33) w w 0
                      mn(nmos_na33) l l 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mn(nmos_na33) w w 0
                      mp(pmos) l l 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mp(pmos) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                      mp(pmos_lvt) l l 0
```

```
TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_lvt) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_hvt)
175
                                   1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_hvt) w w 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_33) 1 1 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_33) w w 0
                     d(ndiode) a a 0.5
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     d(ndiode_33) a a 0.5
     TRACE PROPERTY
180
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     d(pdiode) a a 0.5
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     d(pdiode_33) a a 0.5
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     d(nwdiode) a a 0.5
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     c (nmosvar)
                                lr lr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     c(nmosvar) wr wr 0
185
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_rf25) rl rl 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_rf25) nr nr 0
                     mp(pmos_rf) rl rl 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mp(pmos_rf) nr nr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mn(nmos_rf) nr nr 0
190
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     mn(nmos_rf25) nr nr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     c(moscap_rf) nr nr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     c(moscap_rf25) nr nr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
                     c (mimcap) lt lt 0
                     c(xjvar) nr nr 0
     TRACE PROPERTY
195
                     spiral_inductor_lvs
     TRACE PROPERTY
                                         nr nr 0
200
                     CELL COMPARISON RESULTS ( TOP LEVEL )
                                   #
                                         CORRECT
                                                     #
                                   #
                                   210
  LAYOUT CELL NAME:
                            ProjectWrapper
  SOURCE CELL NAME:
                            ProjectWrapper
215
  INITIAL NUMBERS OF OBJECTS
                  Layout
                            Source
                                           Component Type
220
    Ports:
                      72
                                72
    Nets:
                   10344
                             10344
                                           MN (4 pins)
    Instances:
                    9943
                              9943
                    9943
                              9943
                                           MP (4 pins)
    Total Inst:
                   19886
                             19886
230
```

NUMBERS OF OBJECTS AFTER TRANSFORMATION

235		Layout	Source	Component Type
	Ports:	72	72	
	Nets:	4859	4859	
240	Instances:	201	201	MN (4 pins)
		777	777	MP (4 pins)
		582	582	SPDW_2_1 (4 pins)
		83	83	SPDW_3_2 (6 pins
245		6	6	SPUP ₋₂₋₁ (4 pins
		30	30	SPUP_2_2 (5 pins
		141	141	SPUP_3_2 (6 pins
		2001	2001	_invv (4 pins)
		113	113	_invx2v (4 pins)
250		662	662	_nand2v (5 pins)
		1	1	_nand3v (6 pins)
		14	14	_nand4v (7 pins)
		606	606	_nor2v (5 pins)
		16	16	_nor3v (6 pins)
255		8	8	_nor4v (7 pins)
		1128	1128	_sdw2v (4 pins)
		141	141	_sdw3v (5 pins)
		1586	1586	_smp2v (4 pins)
		83	83	_smp3v (5 pins)
260				,
	Total Inst:	8179	8179	

INFORMATION AND WARNINGS

270		Matched Layout	Matched Source	Unmatched Layout	Unmatched Source	Component Type
	Ports:	72	72	0	0	
275	Nets:	4859	4859	0	0	
	Instances:	201 777	201 777	0 0	0	MN(NMOS) MP(PMOS)
280		582 83 6	582 83 6	0 0 0	0 0 0	SPDW_2_1 SPDW_3_2 SPUP_2_1
285		30 141 2001 113	30 141 2001 113	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	SPUP_2_2 SPUP_3_2 _invv _invx2v
285		662	662	0 0	0 0	_nand2v _nand3v

		14	14	0	0	$_$ nand 4 v			
		606	606	0	0	$_nor2v$			
290		16	16	0	0	$_nor3v$			
		8	8	0	0	$_nor4v$			
		1128	1128	0	0	$_{\mathtt{sdw2v}}$			
		141	141	0	0	$_{\mathtt{sdw3v}}$			
		1586	1586	0	0	$_{\mathtt{smp2v}}$			
295		83	83	0	0	$_{\mathtt{smp3v}}$			
	Total Inst:	8179	8179	0	0				
300	o Initial Corresp	•		CLK REGOUT[24] RE	GOUT[17]	REGOUT[18] REGOUT			
	[20]			i j		L J			
	REGOUT[19] REGOUT[26] REGOUT[25] REGOUT[21] RESET REGOUT[22] REGOUT								
	[27]			i, j	. ,				
	L J	REGOUT[28] R	REGOUT[30]	REGOUT[16] REGOUI	[31] REGO	OUT[15] REGOUT[29]			
	REGOUT[14]					. , ,			
305	Digg processed at processed processed at the construct processed at								
	REGOUT[10] A[14]								
	REGOUT[8] REGOUT[7] REGOUT[0] B[7] A[8] B[8] A[13] A[10] A[9]								
	REGOUT[1] B[0]								
	STARTTEST A[15] A[11] REGOUT[4] A[6] B[11] B[13]								
310	****	****	*****	***	*****	*******	*****		
310				********	****		*****		
SUMMARY									

	Total CPU Time:	$0 \sec c$							
315	Total Elapsed Tir	ne: 0 sec							

5.4 SPICE

Listing 44: layout test SPICE

```
* Example circuit file for simulating PEX
OPTION DOTNODE
.HIER /
.INCLUDE "/home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_projects/Pyxis_SPT/digicdesign/
   ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal/ProjectWrapper.pex.netlist"
.LIB /home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/tech_libs/generic13/models/lib.eldo TT
* - Instantiate your parasitic netlist and add the load capacitor
** FORMAT :
* XLAYOUT [all inputs as listed by the ".subckt" line in the included netlist, in
   the order that they appear there] [name of the subcircuit as listed in the
   included netlist]
XLAYOUT COMPLETE PASS REGOUT[31] REGOUT[30] REGOUT[29] REGOUT[28] REGOUT[27] REGOUT
   [26] REGOUT[25] REGOUT[24] REGOUT[23] REGOUT[22] REGOUT[21] REGOUT[20] REGOUT[19]
```

```
REGOUT[18] REGOUT[17] REGOUT[16] REGOUT[15] REGOUT[14] REGOUT[13] REGOUT[12]
     REGOUT[11] REGOUT[10] REGOUT[9] REGOUT[8] REGOUT[7] REGOUT[6] REGOUT[5] REGOUT[4]
      REGOUT[3] REGOUT[1] REGOUT[0] A[15] A[14] A[13] A[12] A[11] A[10] A[9]
      A[8] \ A[7] \ A[6] \ A[5] \ A[4] \ A[3] \ A[2] \ A[1] \ A[0] \ B[15] \ B[14] \ B[13] \ B[12] \ B[11] \ B[10]
      B[9] B[8] B[7] B[6] B[5] B[4] B[3] B[2] B[1] B[0] CLK RESET STARTTEST WE
      ProjectWrapper |
  * Output Capactitance
15 C.REGOUT[31] REGOUT[31] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[30] REGOUT[30] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[29] REGOUT[29] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[28] REGOUT[28] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[27] REGOUT[27] 0 120 f
20 C.REGOUT [26] REGOUT [26] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[25] REGOUT[25] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[24] REGOUT[24] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[23] REGOUT[23] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[22] REGOUT[22] 0 120 f
 C.REGOUT[21] REGOUT[21] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[20] REGOUT[20] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[19] REGOUT[19] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[18] REGOUT[18] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[17] REGOUT[17] 0 120 f
 C_REGOUT[16] REGOUT[16] 0 120f
  C.REGOUT[15] REGOUT[15] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[14] REGOUT[14] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[13] REGOUT[13] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[12] REGOUT[12] 0 120 f
 C_REGOUT[11] REGOUT[11] 0 120f
  CREGOUT[10] REGOUT[10] 0 120f
  CREGOUT[9] REGOUT[9] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[8] REGOUT[8] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[7] REGOUT[7] 0 120 f
 C.REGOUT[6] REGOUT[6] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[5] REGOUT[5] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[4] REGOUT[4] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[3] REGOUT[3] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[2] REGOUT[2] 0 120 f
45 C.REGOUT[1] REGOUT[1] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[0] REGOUT[0] 0 120 f
  * - Analysis Setup - DC sweep
  * FORMAT : .DC [name] [low] [high] [step]
  *.DC VFORCE_A 0 1.2 0.01
  * - Analysis Setup - Trans
  * FORMAT : .TRAN [start time] [end time] [time step]
  .TRAN 0 2000n 0.05n
  * --- Forces
  * FORMAT — PULSE : [name] [port] [reference (0 means ground)] PULSE [low] [high] [
      delay [fall time] [rise time] [pulse width] [period]
  * FORMAT -- DC : [name] [port] [reference (0 means ground)] DC [voltage]
  VFORCE_VDD VDD 0 DC 1.08
  VFORCE_VSS VSS 0 DC 0
```

```
VFORCE_CLK CLK 0 PULSE (0 1.08 25n 0.1n 0.1n 25n 50n)
  VFORCE_RESET RESET 0 pwl (120n 1.08 120.1n 0 )
  VFORCE_WE WE 0 DC 1.08
   .SIGBUS A[15:0] VHI=1.08 VLO=0 TRISE=0.1n TFALL=0.1n TDELAY=210n THOLD=200n BASE=
      HEXA PATTERN 0002 0003 P
   .SIGBUS B[15:0] VHI=1.08 VLO=0 TRISE=0.1n TFALL=0.1n TDELAY=210n THOLD=200n BASE=
      HEXA PATTERN 0003 0004 P
75 * -- Waveform Outputs
   .PLOT TRAN V(COMPLETE)
   .PLOT TRAN V(PASS)
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[31])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[30])
80 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[29])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[28])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[27])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[26])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[25])
  .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[24])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[23])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[22])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[21])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[20])
90 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[19])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[18])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[17])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[16])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[15])
  .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[14])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[13])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[12])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[11])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[10])
100 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[9])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[8])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[7])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[6])
  .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[5])
.PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[4])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[3])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[2])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[1])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[0])
110 .PLOT TRAN V(A[15])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[14])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[13])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[12])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[11])
115 .PLOT TRAN V(A[10])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[9])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[8])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[7])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[6])
120 .PLOT TRAN V(A[5])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[4])
```

```
.PLOT TRAN V(A[3])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[2])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[1])
125 .PLOT TRAN V(A[0])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[15])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[14])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[13])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[12])
130 .PLOT TRAN V(B[11])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[10])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[9])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[8])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[7])
135 .PLOT TRAN V(B[6])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[5])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[4])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[3])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[2])
140 .PLOT TRAN V(B[1])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[0])
   .PLOT TRAN V(CLK)
   .PLOT TRAN V(RESET)
   .PLOT TRAN V(STARTTEST)
145 .PLOT TRAN V(WE)
   * --- Params
   .TEMP 125
   * --- Power Measurement
   .measure tran static_pwr AVG power from=90ns to=160ns
   .measure tran inst_pwr MAX power from=90ns to=160ns
```

Listing 45: power test SPICE

```
0 * Example circuit file for simulating PEX
  OPTION DOTNODE
  .HIER /
  .INCLUDE "/home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_projects/Pyxis_SPT/digicdesign/
     ProjectWrapper/ProjectWrapper.cal/ProjectWrapper.pex.netlist"
  .LIB /home/bxk5113/Pyxis_SPT_HEP/ic_reflibs/tech_libs/generic13/models/lib.eldo TT
  * - Instantiate your parasitic netlist and add the load capacitor
10 ** FORMAT :
  * XLAYOUT [all inputs as listed by the ".subckt" line in the included netlist, in
     the order that they appear there] [name of the subcircuit as listed in the
     included netlist]
  XLAYOUT COMPLETE PASS REGOUT[31] REGOUT[30] REGOUT[29] REGOUT[28] REGOUT[27] REGOUT
      [26] REGOUT[25] REGOUT[24] REGOUT[23] REGOUT[22] REGOUT[21] REGOUT[20] REGOUT[19]
      REGOUT[18] REGOUT[17] REGOUT[16] REGOUT[15] REGOUT[14] REGOUT[13] REGOUT[12]
     REGOUT[11] REGOUT[10] REGOUT[9] REGOUT[8] REGOUT[7] REGOUT[6] REGOUT[5] REGOUT[4]
      REGOUT[3] REGOUT[1] REGOUT[0] A[15] A[14] A[13] A[12] A[11] A[10] A[9]
      A[8] A[7] A[6] A[5] A[4] A[3] A[2] A[1] A[0] B[15] B[14] B[13] B[12] B[11] B[10]
      B[9] B[8] B[7] B[6] B[5] B[4] B[3] B[2] B[1] B[0] CLK RESET STARTTEST WE
     ProjectWrapper
```

```
* Output Capactitance
15 C.REGOUT[31] REGOUT[31] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[29] REGOUT[29] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[28] REGOUT[28] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[27] REGOUT[27] 0 120 f
 C.REGOUT[26] REGOUT[26] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[25] REGOUT[25] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[24] REGOUT[24] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[23] REGOUT[23] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[22] REGOUT[22] 0 120 f
25 C.REGOUT [21] REGOUT [21] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[20] REGOUT[20] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[19] REGOUT[19] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[18] REGOUT[18] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[17] REGOUT[17] 0 120 f
30 C.REGOUT[16] REGOUT[16] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[15] REGOUT[15] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[14] REGOUT[14] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[13] REGOUT[13] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[12] REGOUT[12] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[11] REGOUT[11] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[10] REGOUT[10] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[9] REGOUT[9] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[8] REGOUT[8] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[7] REGOUT[7] 0 120 f
40 CREGOUT [6] REGOUT [6] 0 120 f
  C_REGOUT[5] REGOUT[5] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[4] REGOUT[4] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[3] REGOUT[3] 0 120 f
  CREGOUT[2] REGOUT[2] 0 120 f
45 CREGOUT[1] REGOUT[1] 0 120 f
  C.REGOUT[0] REGOUT[0] 0 120 f
  * - Analysis Setup - DC sweep
* FORMAT : .DC [name] [low] [high] [step]
  *.DC VFORCE_A 0 1.2 0.01
  * - Analysis Setup - Trans
  * FORMAT : .TRAN [start time] [end time] [time step]
55 .TRAN 0 600n 0.1n
  * --- Forces
  * FORMAT -- PULSE : [name] [port] [reference (0 means ground)] PULSE [low] [high] [
     delay | [fall time] [rise time] [pulse width] [period]
  * FORMAT — DC : [name] [port] [reference (0 means ground)] DC [voltage]
  VFORCE_C1 CONTROL[1] 0 PULSE (0 1.08 40n 0.1n 0.1n 40n 80n)
  VFORCE_C0 CONTROL[0] 0 PULSE (0 1.08 20n 0.1n 0.1n 20n 40n)
  VFORCE_VDD VDD 0 DC 1.08
  VFORCE_VSS VSS 0 DC 0
  VFORCE_CLK CLK 0 PULSE (0 1.08 25n 0.1n 0.1n 25n 50n)
  VFORCE_RESET RESET 0 pwl (120n 1.08 120.1n 0 )
```

```
.SIGBUS A[15:0] VHI=1.08 VLO=0 TRISE=0.1n TFALL=0.1n TDELAY=210n THOLD=200n BASE=
      HEXA PATTERN EFAB 3FD6 P
75 SIGBUS B[15:0] VHI=1.08 VLO=0 TRISE=0.1n TFALL=0.1n TDELAY=210n THOLD=200n BASE=
      HEXA PATTERN 8C5F 0004 P
   * -- Waveform Outputs
   .PLOT TRAN V(COMPLETE)
80 .PLOT TRAN V(PASS)
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[31])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[30])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[29])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[28])
85 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[27])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[\,2\,6\,]\,)
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[25])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[24])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[23])
  .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[22])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[21])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[20])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[19])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[18])
95 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[17])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[16])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[15])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[14])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[13])
100 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[12])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[11])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[10])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[9])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[8])
105 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[7])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[6])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[5])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[4])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[3])
110 .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[2])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[1])
   .PLOT TRAN V(REGOUT[0])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[15])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[14])
115 .PLOT TRAN V(A[13])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[12])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[11])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[10])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[9])
120 .PLOT TRAN V(A[8])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[7])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[6])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[5])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[4])
125 .PLOT TRAN V(A[3])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[2])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[1])
   .PLOT TRAN V(A[0])
```

```
.PLOT TRAN V(B[15])
130 .PLOT TRAN V(B[14])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[13])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[12])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[11])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[10])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[9])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[8])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[7])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[6])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[5])
140 .PLOT TRAN V(B[4])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[3])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[2])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[1])
   .PLOT TRAN V(B[0])
145 .PLOT TRAN V(CLK)
   .PLOT TRAN V(RESET)
   .PLOT TRAN V(STARTTEST)
   .PLOT TRAN V(WE)
   * --- Params
   .TEMP 125
   * --- Power Measurement
155 . measure tran static_pwr AVG power from=220ns to=50ns
   .measure tran inst_pwr MAX power from=10ns to=600ns
```

6 References

Key, Brandon A. CMPE-630 Digital IC Design Laboratory Exercise 5 Full-Custom Layout Techniques. Full-Custom Layout Techniques.

Key, Brandon A. CMPE-630 Digital IC Design Laboratory Exercise 7 Autolayout Design Techniques (HDL-Layout). Autolayout Design Techniques (HDL-Layout).

Key, Brandon A. CMPE 260 Laboratory Exercise 3 Arithmetic Logic Unit. CMPE 260 Laboratory Exercise 3 Arithmetic Logic Unit.

Key, Brandon A. CMPE 260 Laboratory Exercise 5 Binary Multiplier with Built in Self Test. CMPE 260 Laboratory Exercise 5 Binary Multiplier with Built in Self Test.

//TODO Added Chris's DSD II lab