[HW4_prob1]_VGG16_Post_Training_Quantization

October 24, 2021

```
[1]: import argparse
     import os
     import time
     import shutil
     import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import torch.backends.cudnn as cudnn
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     from models import *
     global best_prec
     use_gpu = torch.cuda.is_available()
     print('=> Building model...')
     batch_size = 128
     model_name = "VGG16"
     model = VGG16()
     print(model)
     normalize = transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.491, 0.482, 0.447], std=[0.247, 0.243,_{\square}
     -0.262
     train_dataset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(
         root='./data',
         train=True,
         download=True,
         transform=transforms.Compose([
             transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
```

```
transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        normalize,
    ]))
trainloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=batch_size,_u
→shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
test_dataset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(
    root='./data',
    train=False,
    download=True,
    transform=transforms.Compose([
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        normalize,
    ]))
testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test_dataset, batch_size=batch_size,_u
⇒shuffle=False, num_workers=2)
print_freq = 100 # every 100 batches, accuracy printed. Here, each batch ∪
→ includes "batch_size" data points
# CIFAR10 has 50,000 training data, and 10,000 validation data.
def train(trainloader, model, criterion, optimizer, epoch):
    batch_time = AverageMeter()
    data_time = AverageMeter()
    losses = AverageMeter()
    top1 = AverageMeter()
    model.train()
    end = time.time()
    for i, (input, target) in enumerate(trainloader):
        # measure data loading time
        data_time.update(time.time() - end)
        input, target = input.cuda(), target.cuda()
        # compute output
        output = model(input)
        loss = criterion(output, target)
        # measure accuracy and record loss
        prec = accuracy(output, target)[0]
        losses.update(loss.item(), input.size(0))
```

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top1.update(prec.item(), input.size(0))
        # compute gradient and do SGD step
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        # measure elapsed time
        batch_time.update(time.time() - end)
        end = time.time()
        if i % print_freq == 0:
            print('Epoch: [{0}][{1}/{2}]\t'
                  'Time {batch_time.val:.3f} ({batch_time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Data {data_time.val:.3f} ({data_time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Loss {loss.val:.4f} ({loss.avg:.4f})\t'
                  'Prec {top1.val:.3f}% ({top1.avg:.3f}%)'.format(
                   epoch, i, len(trainloader), batch_time=batch_time,
                   data_time=data_time, loss=losses, top1=top1))
def validate(val_loader, model, criterion ):
    batch_time = AverageMeter()
    losses = AverageMeter()
    top1 = AverageMeter()
    # switch to evaluate mode
    model.eval()
    end = time.time()
    with torch.no_grad():
        for i, (input, target) in enumerate(val_loader):
            input, target = input.cuda(), target.cuda()
            # compute output
            output = model(input)
            loss = criterion(output, target)
            # measure accuracy and record loss
            prec = accuracy(output, target)[0]
            losses.update(loss.item(), input.size(0))
            top1.update(prec.item(), input.size(0))
            # measure elapsed time
```

```
batch_time.update(time.time() - end)
            end = time.time()
            if i % print_freq == 0: # This line shows how frequently print out_
\rightarrow the status. e.g., i%5 => every 5 batch, prints out
                print('Test: [{0}/{1}]\t'
                  'Time {batch time.val:.3f} ({batch time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Loss {loss.val:.4f} ({loss.avg:.4f})\t'
                  'Prec {top1.val:.3f}% ({top1.avg:.3f}%)'.format(
                   i, len(val_loader), batch_time=batch_time, loss=losses,
                   top1=top1))
    print(' * Prec {top1.avg:.3f}% '.format(top1=top1))
    return top1.avg
def accuracy(output, target, topk=(1,)):
    """Computes the precision@k for the specified values of k"""
    maxk = max(topk)
    batch_size = target.size(0)
    _, pred = output.topk(maxk, 1, True, True)
    pred = pred.t()
    correct = pred.eq(target.view(1, -1).expand_as(pred))
    res = []
    for k in topk:
        correct_k = correct[:k].view(-1).float().sum(0)
        res.append(correct_k.mul_(100.0 / batch_size))
    return res
class AverageMeter(object):
    """Computes and stores the average and current value"""
    def __init__(self):
        self.reset()
    def reset(self):
        self.val = 0
        self.avg = 0
        self.sum = 0
        self.count = 0
    def update(self, val, n=1):
        self.val = val
        self.sum += val * n
        self.count += n
```

```
self.avg = self.sum / self.count
def save_checkpoint(state, is_best, fdir):
    filepath = os.path.join(fdir, 'checkpoint.pth')
    torch.save(state, filepath)
    if is best:
         shutil.copyfile(filepath, os.path.join(fdir, 'model_best.pth.tar'))
def adjust_learning_rate(optimizer, epoch):
    """For resnet, the lr starts from 0.1, and is divided by 10 at 80 and 120_{\sqcup}
 ⇔epochs"""
    adjust_list = [150, 225]
    if epoch in adjust_list:
        for param_group in optimizer.param_groups:
             param_group['lr'] = param_group['lr'] * 0.1
#model = nn.DataParallel(model).cuda()
#all_params = checkpoint['state_dict']
#model.load state dict(all params, strict=False)
#criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
#validate(testloader, model, criterion)
=> Building model...
VGG(
  (features): Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (3): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (4): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (5): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (6): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (7): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (8): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (9): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (10): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (11): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
```

```
track_running_stats=True)
    (12): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (13): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (14): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (15): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (16): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (17): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (18): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (19): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (20): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (21): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (22): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (23): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (24): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (25): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (26): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (27): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (28): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (29): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (30): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (31): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track running stats=True)
    (32): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (33): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (34): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (35): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (36): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (37): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
bias=False)
    (38): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
track_running_stats=True)
    (39): ReLU(inplace=True)
```

```
(40): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
    bias=False)
        (41): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
    track_running_stats=True)
        (42): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (43): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
        (44): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=1, stride=1, padding=0)
      (classifier): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10, bias=True)
    Files already downloaded and verified
    Files already downloaded and verified
[]: # This cell won't be given, but students will complete the training
     lr = 4e-2
     weight_decay = 1e-4
     epochs = 300
     best_prec = 0
     #model = nn.DataParallel(model).cuda()
     model.cuda()
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
     optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=lr, momentum=0.9, __
     →weight_decay=weight_decay)
     #cudnn.benchmark = True
     if not os.path.exists('result'):
         os.makedirs('result')
     fdir = 'result/'+str(model_name)
     if not os.path.exists(fdir):
         os.makedirs(fdir)
     for epoch in range(0, epochs):
         adjust_learning_rate(optimizer, epoch)
         train(trainloader, model, criterion, optimizer, epoch)
         # evaluate on test set
         print("Validation starts")
         prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
         # remember best precision and save checkpoint
         is_best = prec > best_prec
         best_prec = max(prec,best_prec)
```

```
print('best acc: {:1f}'.format(best_prec))
save_checkpoint({
    'epoch': epoch + 1,
    'state_dict': model.state_dict(),
    'best_prec': best_prec,
    'optimizer': optimizer.state_dict(),
}, is_best, fdir)
```

```
# HW

# 1. Load your saved VGG16 model
# 2. Replace your model's all the Conv's weight with quantized weight
# 3. Apply reasonable alpha
# 4. Then, try to 4,8 bits and measure accuracy
```

```
[2]: PATH = "result/VGG16/model_best.pth.tar"
     checkpoint = torch.load(PATH)
     model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['state_dict'])
     device = torch.device("cuda")
     model.cuda()
     model.eval()
     test loss = 0
     correct = 0
     with torch.no_grad():
         for data, target in testloader:
             data, target = data.to(device), target.to(device) # loading to GPU
             output = model(data)
             pred = output.argmax(dim=1, keepdim=True)
             correct += pred.eq(target.view as(pred)).sum().item()
     test_loss /= len(testloader.dataset)
     print('\nTest set: Accuracy: {}/{} ({:.0f}%)\n'.format(
             correct, len(testloader.dataset),
             100. * correct / len(testloader.dataset)))
```

/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/site-packages/torch/nn/functional.py:718: UserWarning: Named tensors and all their associated APIs are an experimental feature and subject to change. Please do not use them for anything important until they are released as stable. (Triggered internally at /pytorch/c10/core/TensorImpl.h:1156.)
return torch.max_pool2d(input, kernel_size, stride, padding, dilation, ceil_mode)

```
[3]: def act_quantization(b):
         def uniform_quant(x, b=3):
             xdiv = x.mul(2 ** b - 1)
             xhard = xdiv.round().div(2 ** b - 1)
             return xhard
         class uq(torch.autograd.Function): # here single underscore means this⊔
      \hookrightarrow class is for internal use
             def forward(ctx, input, alpha):
                 input_d = input/alpha
                 input_c = input_d.clamp(max=1) # Mingu edited for Alexnet
                 input_q = uniform_quant(input_c, b)
                 ctx.save_for_backward(input, input_q)
                 input_q_out = input_q.mul(alpha)
                 return input_q_out
         return uq().apply
     def weight_quantization(b):
         def uniform_quant(x, b):
             xdiv = x.mul((2 ** b - 1))
             xhard = xdiv.round().div(2 ** b - 1)
             return xhard
         class uq(torch.autograd.Function):
             def forward(ctx, input, alpha):
                 input_d = input/alpha
                                                                  # weights are first_
      \rightarrow divided by alpha
                 input_c = input_d.clamp(min=-1, max=1) # then clipped to_
      \hookrightarrow [-1,1]
                 sign = input_c.sign()
                 input_abs = input_c.abs()
                 input_q = uniform_quant(input_abs, b).mul(sign)
                 ctx.save_for_backward(input, input_q)
                 input_q_out = input_q.mul(alpha)
                                                                # rescale to the
      →original range
                 return input_q_out
```

```
return uq().apply
     class weight_quantize_fn(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self, w_bit):
             super(weight_quantize_fn, self).__init__()
             self.w_bit = w_bit-1
             self.weight_q = weight_quantization(b=self.w_bit)
             self.wgt_alpha = 0.0
         def forward(self, weight):
             weight_q = self.weight_q(weight, self.wgt_alpha)
             return weight_q
[4]: w_alpha = 2.0 # cliping value
     w_bits = 4
     x_alpha = 4.0 # clipping value
     x_bits = 8
[5]: PATH = "result/VGG16/model_best.pth.tar"
     checkpoint = torch.load(PATH)
     model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['state_dict'])
     device = torch.device("cuda")
     model.cuda()
     model.eval()
     test loss = 0
     correct = 0
     with torch.no_grad():
         for data, target in testloader:
             data, target = data.to(device), target.to(device) # loading to GPU
             output = model(data)
             pred = output.argmax(dim=1, keepdim=True)
             correct += pred.eq(target.view_as(pred)).sum().item()
     test_loss /= len(testloader.dataset)
     print('\nTest set: Accuracy: {}/{} ({:.0f}%)\n'.format(
            correct, len(testloader.dataset),
             100. * correct / len(testloader.dataset)))
```

```
for w_alpha in torch.range(0, 1, 0.01):
    PATH = "result/VGG16/model best.pth.tar"
    checkpoint = torch.load(PATH)
    model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['state_dict'])
    device = torch.device("cuda")
    print("\n")
    print(w_alpha)
    weight_quant = weight_quantize_fn(w_bit= w_bits) ## define quant function
    weight_quant.wgt_alpha = torch.tensor(w_alpha)
    for layer in model.modules():
        if isinstance(layer, torch.nn.Conv2d):
            layer.weight = torch.nn.Parameter(weight_quant(layer.weight))
    criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
    model.eval()
    model.cuda()
    prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
Test set: Accuracy: 9074/10000 (91%)
tensor(0.)
/tmp/ipykernel_20929/1896385030.py:25: UserWarning: torch.range is deprecated
and will be removed in a future release because its behavior is inconsistent
with Python's range builtin. Instead, use torch.arange, which produces values in
[start, end).
  for w_alpha in torch.range(0, 1, 0.01):
/tmp/ipykernel_20929/1896385030.py:34: UserWarning: To copy construct from a
tensor, it is recommended to use sourceTensor.clone().detach() or
sourceTensor.clone().detach().requires grad (True), rather than
torch.tensor(sourceTensor).
 weight_quant.wgt_alpha = torch.tensor(w_alpha)
Test: [0/79]
               Time 0.543 (0.543)
                                      Loss 2.5045 (2.5045)
                                                                Prec 11.719%
(11.719\%)
* Prec 10.000%
tensor(0.0100)
Test: [0/79]
               Time 0.569 (0.569) Loss 3.5470 (3.5470) Prec 11.719%
(11.719\%)
 * Prec 10.000%
```

tensor(0.0200) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.656	(0.656)	Loss	5.0333	(5.0333)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0300) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.605	(0.605)	Loss	5.9027	(5.9027)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0400) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.584	(0.584)	Loss	6.0667	(6.0667)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0500) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.682	(0.682)	Loss	5.9054	(5.9054)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0600) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.509	(0.509)	Loss	5.2659	(5.2659)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0700) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.606	(0.606)	Loss	5.0309	(5.0309)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0800) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.550	(0.550)	Loss	5.0824	(5.0824)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.0900) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.575	(0.575)	Loss	4.8881	(4.8881)	Prec 11.719%

tensor(0.1000) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.461	(0.461)	Loss 4.8195	5 (4.8195)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.1100) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.030%	Time	0.552	(0.552)	Loss 4.8986	6 (4.8986)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.1200) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.300%	Time	0.578	(0.578)	Loss 4.5611	(4.5611)	Prec 11.719%
tensor(0.1300) Test: [0/79] (12.500%) * Prec 10.800%	Time	0.430	(0.430)	Loss 4.5726	6 (4.5726)	Prec 12.500%
tensor(0.1400) Test: [0/79] (12.500%) * Prec 11.850%	Time	0.481	(0.481)	Loss 4.3751	(4.3751)	Prec 12.500%
tensor(0.1500) Test: [0/79] (14.844%) * Prec 12.680%	Time	0.619	(0.619)	Loss 4.0139	0 (4.0139)	Prec 14.844%
tensor(0.1600) Test: [0/79] (15.625%) * Prec 12.910%	Time	0.509	(0.509)	Loss 3.7532	? (3.7532)	Prec 15.625%
tensor(0.1700) Test: [0/79] (17.188%) * Prec 12.890%	Time	0.583	(0.583)	Loss 3.5550	(3.5550)	Prec 17.188%

tensor(0.1800) Test: [0/79] (14.844%) * Prec 12.770%	Time	0.583	(0.583)	Loss	3.5023	(3.5023)	Prec	14.844%
tensor(0.1900) Test: [0/79] (14.844%) * Prec 12.420%	Time	0.554	(0.554)	Loss	3.3637	(3.3637)	Prec	14.844%
tensor(0.2000) Test: [0/79] (14.844%) * Prec 11.230%	Time	0.525	(0.525)	Loss	3.3758	(3.3758)	Prec	14.844%
tensor(0.2100) Test: [0/79] (12.500%) * Prec 10.170%	Time	0.562	(0.562)	Loss	3.3612	(3.3612)	Prec	12.500%
tensor(0.2200) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.010%	Time	0.629	(0.629)	Loss	3.3326	(3.3326)	Prec	11.719%
tensor(0.2300) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.620	(0.620)	Loss	3.3022	(3.3022)	Prec	11.719%
tensor(0.2400) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.650	(0.650)	Loss	3.2803	(3.2803)	Prec	11.719%
tensor(0.2500) Test: [0/79] (11.719%) * Prec 10.000%	Time	0.642	(0.642)	Loss	3.2502	(3.2502)	Prec	11.719%

```
tensor(0.2600)
Test: [0/79]
               Time 0.482 (0.482) Loss 3.2109 (3.2109) Prec 11.719%
(11.719\%)
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/queues.py", line 251, in _feed
    send bytes(obj)
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 205, in
send bytes
    self._send_bytes(m[offset:offset + size])
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 416, in
_send_bytes
    self._send(header + buf)
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 373, in
send
   n = write(self._handle, buf)
BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/queues.py", line 251, in _feed
    send_bytes(obj)
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 205, in
send bytes
    self._send_bytes(m[offset:offset + size])
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 416, in
_send_bytes
    self._send(header + buf)
 File "/opt/conda/lib/python3.9/multiprocessing/connection.py", line 373, in
_send
   n = write(self._handle, buf)
BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
       KeyboardInterrupt
                                                  Traceback (most recent call_
 المجاد ا
        /tmp/ipykernel_20929/1896385030.py in <module>
        41
               model.eval()
               model.cuda()
        42
    ---> 43
               prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
        /tmp/ipykernel 20929/353956574.py in validate(val loader, model,
 →criterion)
        122
                        # measure accuracy and record loss
```

123	<pre>prec = accuracy(output, target)[0]</pre>
> 124	<pre>losses.update(loss.item(), input.size(0))</pre>
125	<pre>top1.update(prec.item(), input.size(0))</pre>
126	

KeyboardInterrupt:

[]:	#We get best accuracy at alpha = 0.16 (12.910% accuracy)
[]:	
[]:	
[]:	
[]:	