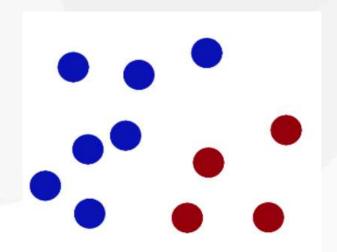
SVIVISoft-margin SVM

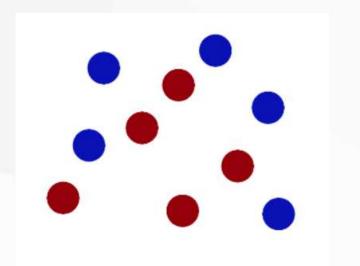
功能

主要可以解決:

線性可分類問題



非線性可分類問題



SVM Optimization

• 目的是為了找到最好的Hyperplane(最大margin)

Optimization

hyperplane:
$$w^T \cdot x + b = 0$$

• 將式子看成向量形式。

例子:
$$2x + 3y + z + 1 = 0$$

$$w = (2, 3, 1), x = (x, y, z), b = 1$$

※法向量

Optimization

二維空間點 (x, y) 到直線ax+by+c=0的距離公式是:

$$\frac{|Ax+By+C|}{\sqrt{A^2+B^2}}$$

延伸

n維空間點(x1, x2,...,xn)到 $w^T \cdot x + b = 0$ 的距離公式是:

$$\frac{|w^Tx+b|}{||w||}$$

$$||w|| = \sqrt{\{w_1, w_2, w_3, \dots, w_n\}}$$

Optimization

$$\mathsf{d} = \frac{|w^T x + b|}{||w||}$$

根據Support vector的定義, Support vector到超平面的距離為margin,且其他點到超平面的距離大於margin。

$$egin{aligned} & iggriant rac{w^Tx+b}{||w||d} \geq 1 \quad y=1 \ rac{w^Tx+b}{||w||d} \leq -1 \quad y=-1 \end{aligned}$$

Optimization

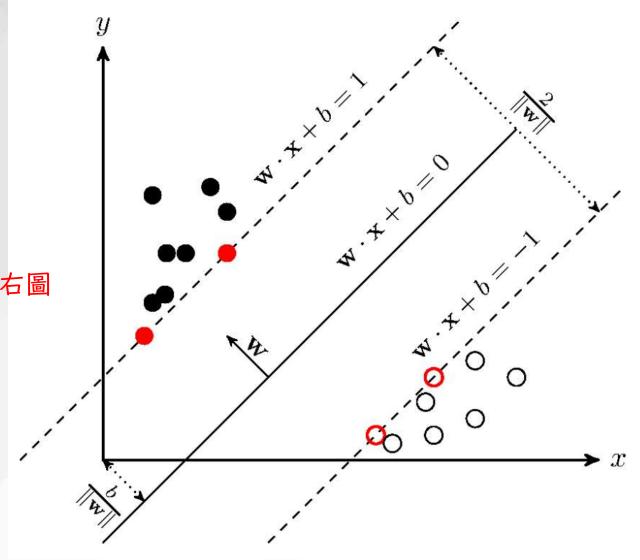
$$\left\{egin{aligned} w^Tx+b \geq 1 & y=1 \ w^Tx+b \leq -1 & y=-1 \end{aligned}
ight.$$

簡化

※藉著這個公式並帶入點可以得到右圖

$$y(w^Tx + b) \ge 1$$

將Data set裡的點帶入公式, ≥1的分成一群,≤1的分成一群

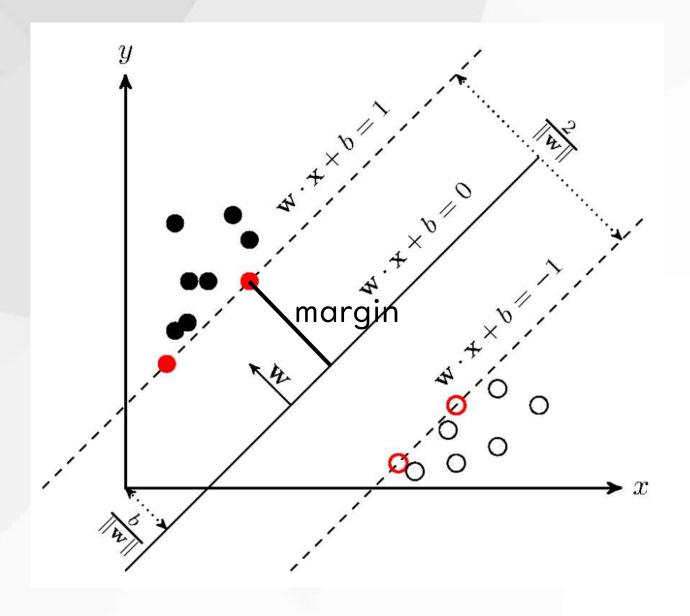


Optimization

Recall:目的是要找最大margin, margin是距離

margin = support vector到 hyperplane的距離

$$= \frac{\frac{|w^Tx + b|}{||w||}}{\frac{y(w^Tx + b)}{||w||}}$$



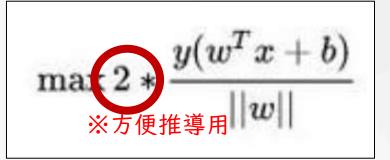
Optimization

得到margin =

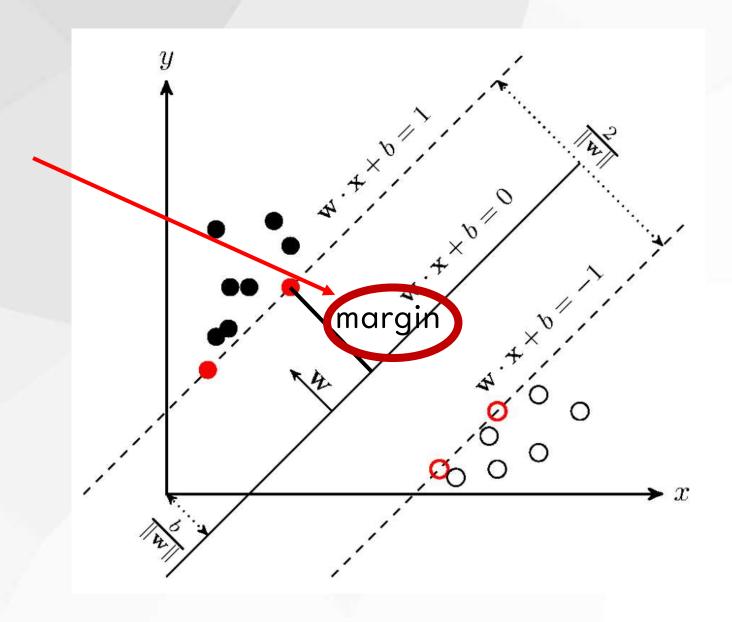
$$rac{y(w^Tx+b)}{||w||}$$

而SVM求最大margin

 \Rightarrow





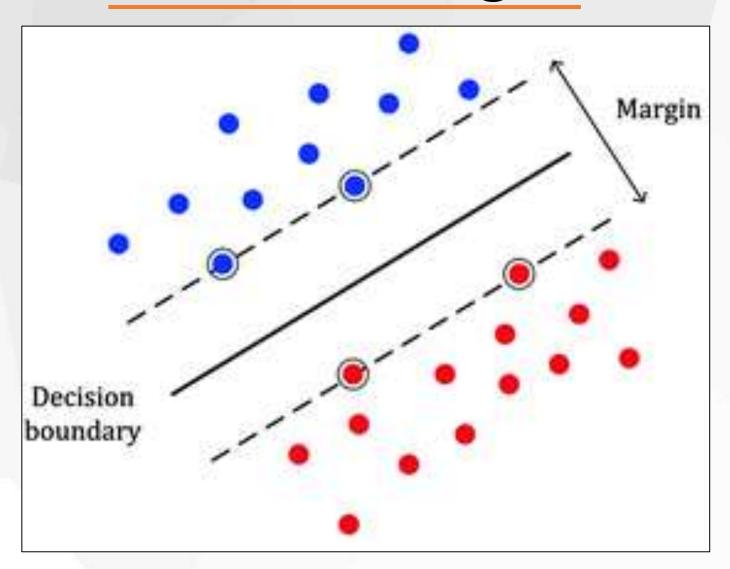


Optimization

最後得到我們知道我們要求的是:

$$rac{2}{||w||}
ightarrow rac{1}{2}||w|| \;\; s.\,t. \quad y_i \;\; (w^Tx_i+b) \;\; \geq 1$$

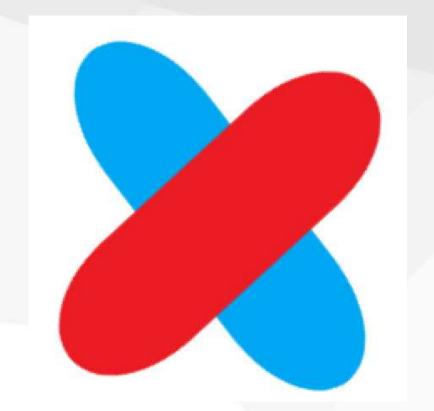
Hard-margin

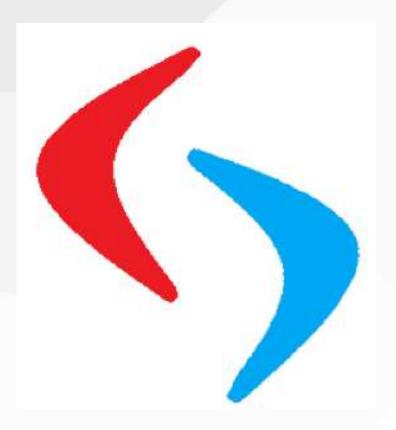


Hard-margin

Problems

• 找不到完美的hyperplane

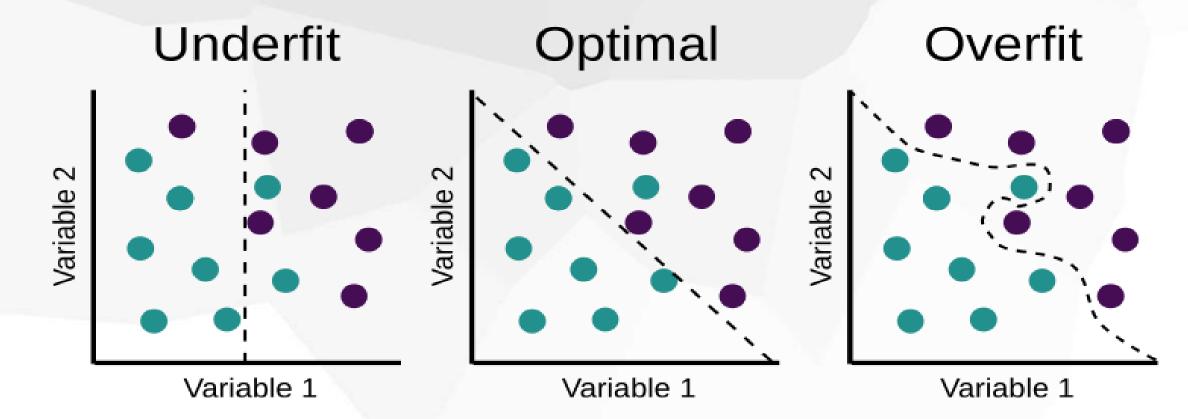




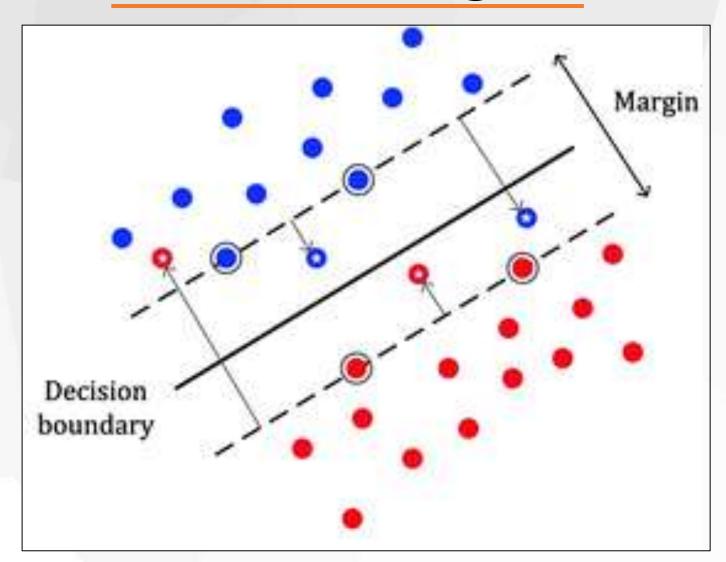
Hard-margin

Problems

Overfitting



Soft-margin



Soft-margin

difference

加入了懲罰參數"c" & 容忍誤差"ξ" (ksi)

$$\min_{w,\xi_i} \frac{1}{2} w^T w + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

$$y_i(w^T x_i + b) \ge 1 - \xi_i$$

Soft-margin

difference

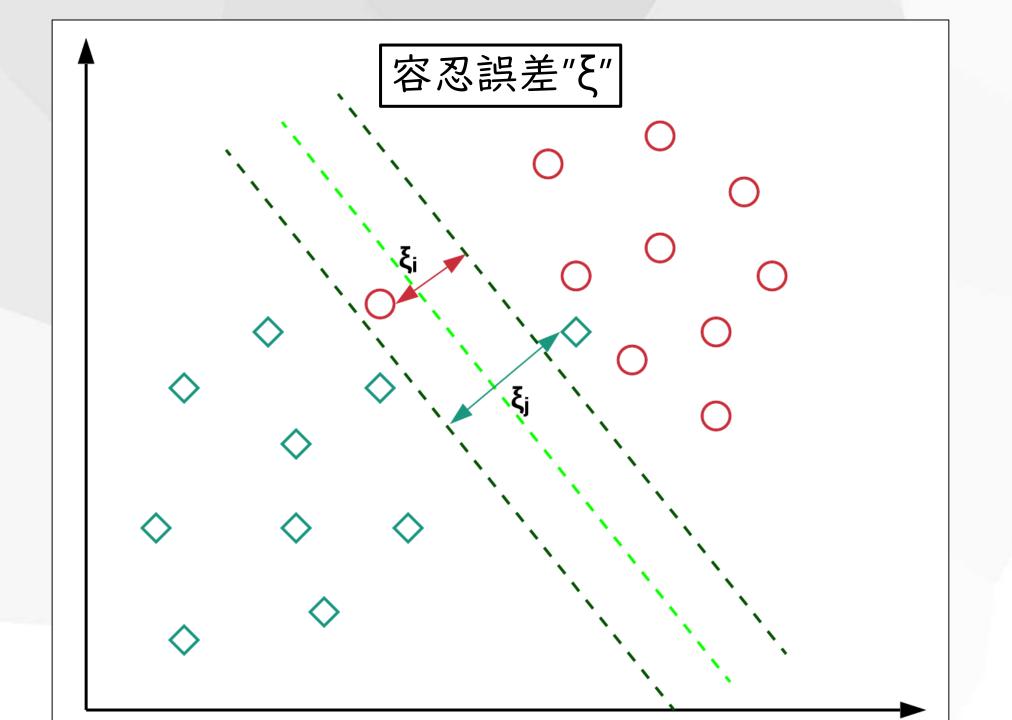
ξ (ksi)

容忍誤差"ξ":錯誤的Data與 邊界的距離

懲罰參數"c": 負責控制 ξ 總和 的影響程度

$$\min_{w,\xi_i} \frac{1}{2} w^T w + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

$$y_i(w^T x_i + b) \ge 1 - \xi_i$$



懲罰參數"c"

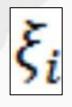
$$\min_{w,\xi_i} \frac{1}{2} w^T w + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

$$y_i(w^T x_i + b) \ge 1 - \xi_i$$

C increase $\Rightarrow \sum \xi_i$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$

decrease ⇒

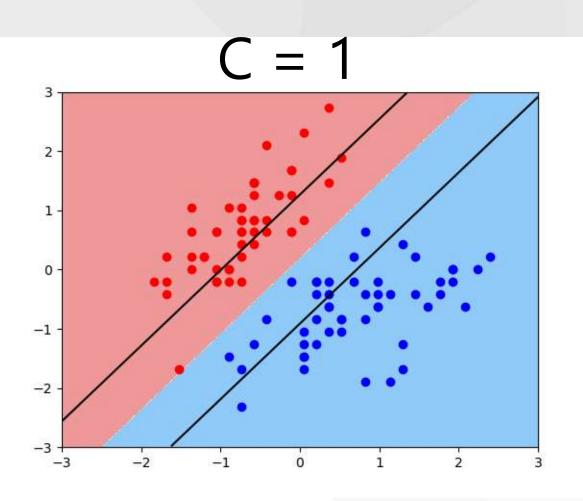


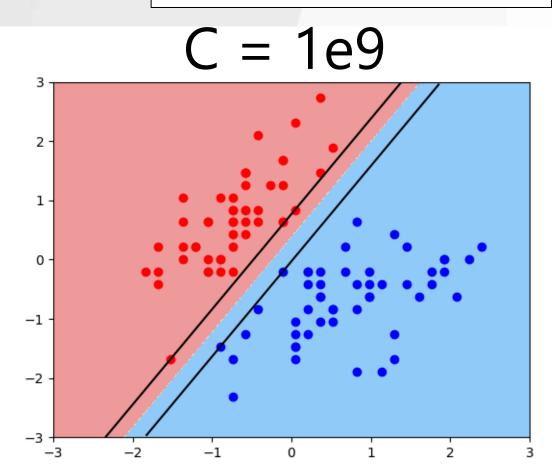
ξ, decrease

- ⇒ Margin decrease
 - ※ c越大越嚴格, 越小越鬆散

懲罰參數"c"

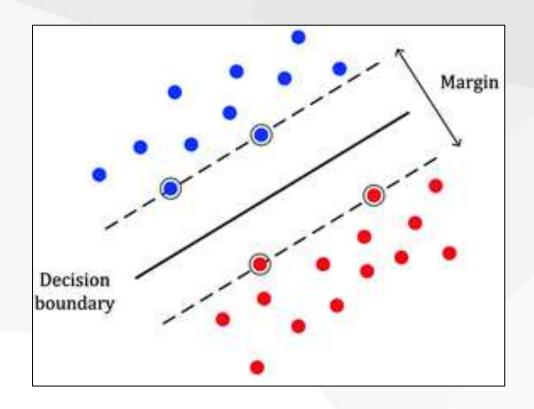
$$\min_{w,\xi_i} \frac{1}{2} w^T w + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$



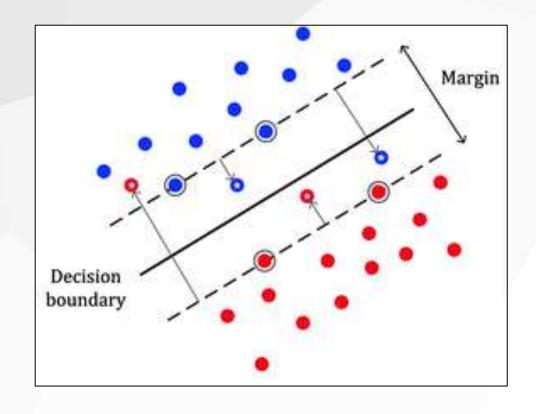


比較-圖型

Hard-margin



Soft-margin



比較-數學

Hard-margin

Soft-margin

$$\frac{1}{\min \frac{1}{2}} w^T w_{\downarrow}$$

$$\min_{w,\xi_i} \frac{1}{2} w^T w + C \sum_{i=1}^n \xi_i$$