

Assignment #3

1. Consider the following 3 vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 : $\mathbf{u} = (1, 2, 3)$, $\mathbf{v} = (2, 0, 1)$, $\mathbf{w} = (3, 1, 0)$

(a) (5 points) Project vector \mathbf{w} orthogonally onto vector \mathbf{v} .

(b) (5 points) Find the vector that is the reflection of \mathbf{w} on \mathbf{v}

2. Let $T_1(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 - x_2, 2x_2 - x_1, 3x_1)$ and $T_2(x_1, x_2, x_3) = (4x_2, x_1 + 2x_2)$.

(a) (4 points) Find the standard matrices for T_1 and T_2 .

(b) (3 points) Find the standard matrix for $T_1 \circ T_2$

(c) (3 points) Use the matrix obtained in part(b) to find formula for

$T_1(T_2(x_1, x_2, x_3))$

3. Consider the following 3 vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 :

$\mathbf{u}_1 = (a, 2, -1)$, $\mathbf{u}_2 = (4, 1, 0)$, $\mathbf{u}_3 = (1, 5, -2)$

Where a is an unspecified real number.

(a) (4 points) Find the possible value(s) of a , such that the volume of the parallelepiped described by the given vectors \mathbf{u}_1 , \mathbf{u}_2 , and \mathbf{u}_3 is one

(b) (6 points) Find the area of each face of the parallelepiped which is

determined by the above given vectors \mathbf{u}_1 , \mathbf{u}_2 , and \mathbf{u}_3 for $a = 0$

4. Determine whether each set equipped with the given operations is a vector space. For those that are not vector spaces identify the vector space axioms that fail.(10 points)

The set of polynomials of the form $a_0 + a_1 x$ with the operations

$$(a_0 + a_1 x) + (b_0 + b_1 x) = (a_0 + b_0) + (a_1 + b_1)x$$

and

$$k(a_0 + a_1 x) = (ka_0) + (ka_1)x$$

5. Use the Subspace Test to determine which of the sets are subspaces of R^3 .
- a. (3 points) All vectors of the form $(a, 0, 0)$.
 - b. (3 points) All vectors of the form $(a, 1, 1)$.
 - c. (4 points) All vectors of the form (a, b, c) , where $b = a + c$.
6. Use the Subspace Test to determine which of the sets are subspaces of M_{nn} .

- a. (2.5 points) The set of all diagonal $n \times n$ matrices.
- b. (2.5 points) The set of all $n \times n$ matrices A such that $\det(A) = 0$.
- c. (2.5 points) The set of all $n \times n$ matrices A such that $\text{tr}(A) = 0$.
- d. (2.5 points) The set of all symmetric $n \times n$ matrices.

7. Express the following as linear combinations of $\mathbf{u} = (2, 1, 4)$, $\mathbf{v} = (1, -1, 3)$, and $\mathbf{w} = (3, 2, 5)$.

- a. (3 points) $(-9, -7, -15)$
- b. (3 points) $(6, 11, 6)$
- c. (4 points) $(0, 0, 0)$

8. Determine whether the following polynomials span \mathbf{P}_2 . (10 points)

$$\mathbf{p}_1 = 1 - x + 2x^2, \mathbf{p}_2 = 3 + x,$$

$$\mathbf{p}_3 = 5 - x + 4x^2, \mathbf{p}_4 = -2 - 2x + 2x^2$$

9. In each part, determine whether the vectors are linearly independent or are linearly dependent in \mathbf{P}_2 .

- a. (5 points) $2 - x + 4x^2, 3 + 6x + 2x^2, 2 + 10x - 4x^2$
- b. (5 points) $1 + 3x + 3x^2, x + 4x^2, 5 + 6x + 3x^2, 7 + 2x - x^2$

10.

In each part, let $T_A : R^3 \rightarrow R^3$ be multiplication by A , and let $\mathbf{u}_1 = (1, 0, 0)$, $\mathbf{u}_2 = (2, -1, 1)$, and $\mathbf{u}_3 = (0, 1, 1)$. Determine whether the set $\{T_A(\mathbf{u}_1), T_A(\mathbf{u}_2), T_A(\mathbf{u}_3)\}$ is linearly independent in R^3 .

a. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ b. $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

評分標準：

每題 10 分，每小題配分已標注，答錯即 0 分。

本次作業由于多數為定理判斷題，所以心得不用每題都寫，寫你覺得有意義的就好，如果都沒有，也要寫一份總體的心得，心得不單獨算分，但作業內完全無心得總成績最多-20. 可以接受打字

Note:前三題原本是老師要出的期中考題，但並未選中，請同學認真作答，謝謝！

繳交期限：10/25 （週二） 0:00 遲交分數*0.8