University of Pittsburgh

STEPUP Image Analysis User Guide



Allegheny Observatory

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Chapter 1

Preliminary Steps

1.1 Transferring Data

- 1. Begin by checking to see if a directory has already been made for the night of observation that you wish to run the code on. Do this by typing: cd /home/depot/STEPUP/raw/target-name. If the directory for your target does not exist, use the mkdir command to make a directory for your target in /home/depot/STEPUP/raw. Either way, the last command you type should be mkdir /home/depot/STEPUP/raw/target-name/date-of-observation.
- 2. Once there is a directory for your night of observation, use the **cd** command to enter it. Now, in order to access the data on the observatory computer, type **ftp aoserver1.univ.pitt.edu**. When it prompts you for a name, type *anonymous*. You may type anything for the password and hit enter.
- 3. Now you must go to the directory from which you wish to transfer data. Do this by typing cd /STEPUPDataFiles/date-of-observation. Before you begin copying files, make sure that prompting is turned off so that you do not have to confirm the transfer of each file individually. Do this by typing prompt. The setting toggles between on and off, so you may need to type it twice to make sure it says that prompting is turned off.
- 4. Next, type **binary**. This changes the mode to transfer.
- 5. Finally, to copy the files use the **mget** command. Type **mget** name-of-target*.fit. This will transfer all files that have the target name in the title and the ".fit" extension. If you do not have a copy of the observing report on the Astro Lab computers, be sure to type **mget** obsreport.txt to transfer it as well.
- 6. Type **bye** to log off of the observatory computer.

1.2 Creating Input File

Note: As a rule of thumb, the formatting of each parameter in the input file should match previous formatting of the same parameter in other cases. For example, the *date* parameter should always be formatted as YYYY-MM-DD. Also, when you see the angle brackets " \langle " and " \rangle ", you should know to replace the general formatting with your specific information in the correct formatting inside of the brackets. For example, if you're creating an input file for the night of August 19th,

2017 and see (YYYY-MM-DD), you should know to replace it with 2017-09-19. Also, be sure to use both capital and lowercase letters as appropriate.

- 1. Copy the input file template to the target directory by typing **cp** /**home**/**depot**/**STEPUP**/ **raw**/**input**-file.txt /**home**/**depot**/**STEPUP**/**raw**/*target-name*/*date-of-observation*.
- 2. Make sure you are **cd**'ed into the night's directory and type the command **gedit input-file.txt**. Now you will begin editing the file.
- 3. Go through the file and input all of the parameters that you're immediately aware of. These should include **DATE**, **TARGET**, **RA** and **DEC**. If you are unsure of any of them, check the observing report.
- 4. Now that you have completed all of the immediately known entries, you must determine VSPCODE, COMPMAGS, COMPCOORDS, CNAME, CCOORDS, KNAME and KCOORDS. All of this information will be found on *aavso.org*. Go to that site and sign in.
- 5. Once you are on the site and logged in, mouse over the *Observing* tab at the top. Under the *Variable Star Charts* option, click on *Variable Star Plotter (VSP)*.
- 6. Once on the Variable Star Plotter page, you will need to specify the right ascension, declination, predefined chart scale (which should be option F, 18.5 arcminutes), and the filters which the photometry table should display (at the bottom). If you have previously used VSP for this target, you may skip these steps and simply use the Chart ID from last time, which can be found in the input-file.txt for that night of observing. Once you have filled out this information, click *Plot Chart* at the bottom. **Note:** It is important that you check that all of the stars given in the photometry table are **entirely** in the image. If they are not, be sure not to include any of the information for that star in the input-file.txt, as it will cause an error in the program if you do.
- 7. You should have been redirected to a page that has a star chart for your target on it. At the top under where it says "Variable Star Plotter" click *Photometry Table for This Chart*.
- 8. Back in input-file.txt, enter the bolded code at the top where it says "Report this sequence as..." in the **VSPCODE** entry point.
- 9. Now, in the **COMPMAGS** category, enter in the magnitudes in the order that they appear, top to bottom, each separated by a comma. **Important**: be sure to include the magnitude values for only the filter that you observed in.
- 10. Also in order from top to bottom, enter the right ascension and declination for each comparison star under the **COMPRA** and **COMPDEC** keywords. They should be in the form **HH:MM:SS** for RA and **DD:MM:SS** for Dec.
- 11. Now you will need to choose one "comparison" star and one "check" star that the program will output data on. Choose the two of the closest stars in the image to the target star by looking at the numerical values of the RA and Dec and comparing them to that of the target star. These will be your comparison star and check star (it doesn't matter which is which). Enter in their AAVSO Unique Identifier (AUID), RA, and Dec into the CLABEL, CRA, CDEC, KLABEL, KRA, and KDEC categories.

12. Now that you have completed all of the entries, verify that the file is in your target directory by **cd**ing into your target directory and then using the **ls** command, which will show you everything in the current directory you are in. It should be saved in the directory exactly as *input-file.txt*. If it is named anything other than that, be sure to change it.

```
#DATE=2017-09-08
#TARGET=AGDra
#RA=16:01:41.00
#DEC=66:48:10.0
#VSPCODE=X21373BZT
#COMPMAGS=11.644,11.980,12.555,12.900
#COMPRA=16:00:56.46,16:00:24.08,16:00:08.77,16:01:08.41
#COMPDEC=66:42:57.5,66:49:29.6,66:49:20.0,66:55:21.4
#CLABEL=120
#CRA=16:00:56.46
#CDEC=66:42:57.5
#KLABEL=123
#KRA=16:00:08.77
#KDEC=66:49:20.0
```

Example of input-file.txt

Chapter 2

Running STEPUP Image Analysis

- 1. Before you run the code, be sure to check that you have all of the calibration and target images in your directory as well as that your input file. Additionally, make sure that the naming of each image is consistent with the target name that you put in your input file and how your directory is named.
- 2. Now, open a new terminal window and type **cd home/depot/STEPUP/STEPUPImageAnalysis/**. Now that you have entered into the directory containing the code, type the command **python3** main.py. This will begin running the code.
- 3. You will first be prompted for the name of the target. Be consistent as you enter it and be sure not to include any additional capital/lowercase letters and spaces.
- 4. Next, you will be prompted to enter the date of observation. Enter is as **YYYY-MM-DD** with no additional spaces.
- 5. Now the instrument signature removal part of the program should be running. When it is finished, the program will pause as it asks you if you would like the rest of the program to continue running or end with instrument signature removal. If you would like the rest of the program to run, enter accordingly, but first you must create an image of the field of view of the target star with WCS information in its header before the program starts running again.
- 6. To generate this image, go to astrometry.net
- 7. Once on their homepage, select the use option.
- 8. Now on the *Use the Code* page, select web.
- 9. At the top of the page you're redirected to, select *Upload*. You will go into the directory that was just created containing all of your instrument signature removed images. It should be called /home/depot/STEPUP/raw/name-of-target/date-of-observation/ISR_Images/. Choose any one of the images in there.
- 10. Once you have chosen your image, select *Upload*. It will take a minute or so for the image to upload, so don't press anything of leave the page until it does.
- 11. You will be redirected to a new page. It will take another minute or so for the image to be processed. Once it says *Success*. Click on *Go to results page*.

- 12. Under the *Calibration* column along the right side, click on *new-image.fits*. This will save the image to the computer's **Downloads** directory.
- 13. Move this image into the directory with your instrument signature removed images by typing mv /home/Downloads/new-image.fits /home/depot/STEPUP/raw/name-of-target/date-of-observation/ISR_Images/. Now that this image is the correct directory, enter Y to continue.
- 14. If you continued with the program, the astrometry part of the program will begin to run. This takes may take up to an hour to complete, so keep checking in on the program every 15 minutes or so as it runs. Once this part is completed, the program will ask if you would like it to perform photometry. Answer as needed.
- 15. After the photometry process has completed the program will be finished running. Check your target directory to make sure that a *lightcurve.pdf* and a *output.txt* file are both in there. Also open up the files and check to make sure they look okay. If anything seems out of the ordinary, see the troubleshooting section to determine any possible errors.

Chapter 3

Uploading Data

- 1. Once you have ran the program on your dataset and have your output.txt file, go to www.aavso.org.
- 2. On the AAVSO homepage, under the Observing tab, select WebObs (Search AID or Submit Your Data).
- 3. On the WebObs page, select Upload a file of observations.
- 4. Now, on the *Upload a File of Observations* page, click *Choose File* and find your *output.txt* file in your target directory and select it.
- 5. Now that you have selected the file, click *Upload File*.