Example: Residual stresses in an assembly (Ex. 12.3, U4F) Given / find; see slide (I salved with tensile loading & release). Solvi: Structure doesn't yeld until all materials do. Ge Yield loads · Pa = Jayp Aa = (320 MPa X500 mm2) = 160 KN DR.AW · Ps = Ts, yp As = (240 MPa)(750 mw2) = 180 kN BELOW 2 (160 KN) + 180 KM = 500 KM Geometry: $J_a = J_s \Rightarrow \frac{P_a'L_a}{A_a E_a} = \frac{P_s'L_s}{A_s E_s}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{P_a'(360mm)}{(500mm^2)(706Pa)} = \frac{P_s'(375mm)}{(750mm^2)(2106Pa)} \Rightarrow P_s' = 4.32P_a'(1)$ all alastic) 1. From equilibrium, ZPa+P's = SOOKN (2) (1) -> (2): 2P' + 4.32P' = SOOKN => P' = 500KN = 79.1KN => P' = 341.7 KN · Superposition DRAW BELOW · Pa-Pa = 160 KN - 79.1 KN = 80.9 KN · Ps-Ps = 180 kN - 341.7 kN = -161.7 kN * Note that 2(80.9 kN) - 161.7 kN = 0 · Stress: Ta = 80.9 kN = 162 MPa Ts = -161.7 KN = -216 MPa * Nate: assembly remains fully elastic thereafter for Pu & SOOKN CHECK * DL @ largest deformation 120 · S = Pala Aa Ea 80.9 = (160 KN)(360 ---) (SOO Lm2 X 70 GP=)

= 0.0016 m = 1.6 mm

(compared to 360 mm)