

Brandon London 2261 project 5 5/5/2019

```
3 * integers in a linked list and test the time to traverse the list using an *
4 * iterator vs. using the get(index) method. *
5 *****/
6 import java.util.*;
7 public class Exercise_20_06 {
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         // Store 5 million integers in a linked list
10        List<Integer> arrayList = new ArrayList<>();
11        for (int i = 0; i < 5000000; i++) {
12            arrayList.add(i);
13        }
14        LinkedList<Integer> linkedList = new LinkedList<>(arrayList);
15
16        // Time to traversing the list using an iterator
17        long iteratorTimerStart = System.currentTimeMillis();
18        ListIterator<Integer> listIterator = linkedList.listIterator();
19        while (listIterator.hasNext()) {
20            listIterator.next();
21        }
22        long iteratorTimerEnd = System.currentTimeMillis();
23
24        // Display results of traversing the list using an iterator
25        System.out.println("Time to traverse the list using an iterator : "
26            + (iteratorTimerEnd - iteratorTimerStart) + " millis");
27
28        // Time to traversing the list using the get(index) method
29        long getTimerStart = System.currentTimeMillis();
30        for (int i = 0; i < 5000000; i++) {
31            linkedList.get(i);
32        }
33        long getTimerEnd = System.currentTimeMillis();
34
35        // Display results of traversing the list using the get(index) method
36        System.out.println("Time to traverse the list using the get(index) method : "
37            + (getTimerEnd - getTimerStart) + " millis");
38    }
39 }
```

Time to traverse the list using an iterator :74 millis

```

1  /*****
2  * (Perform set operations on hash sets) Create two linked hash sets {"George", *
3  * "Jim", "John", "Blake", "Kevin", "Michael"} and {"George", "Katie", "Kevin", *
4  * "Michelle", "Ryan"} and find their union, difference, and intersection. *
5  * (You can clone the sets to preserve the original sets from being changed by *
6  * these set methods.) *
7  *****/
8  import java.util.*;
9
10 public class Exercise_21_01 {
11     public static void main(String[] args) {
12         // Create two linked hash sets
13         Set<String> set1 = new LinkedHashSet<>(Arrays.asList(
14             "George", "Jim", "John", "Blake", "Kevin", "Michael"));
15         Set<String> set2 = new LinkedHashSet<>(Arrays.asList(
16             "George", "Katie", "Kevin", "Michelle", "Ryan"));
17
18         // Display the union of the two sets
19         Set<String> union = new LinkedHashSet<>(set1);
20         union.addAll(set2);
21         System.out.println("Union of the two sets: " + union);
22
23         // Display the difference of the two sets
24         Set<String> difference = new LinkedHashSet<>(set1);
25         difference.removeAll(set2);
26         System.out.println("Difference of the two sets: " + difference);
27
28         // Display the intersection of the two sets
29         Set<String> intersection = new LinkedHashSet<>();
30         for (String e: set2) {
31             if (set1.contains(e))
32                 intersection.add(e);
33         }
34         System.out.println("Intersection of the two sets: " + intersection);
35     }
36 }
37

```

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Union of the two sets: [George, Jim, John, Blake, Kevin, Michael, Katie, Michelle, Ryan]
Difference of the two sets: [Jim, John, Blake, Michael]
Intersection of the two sets: [George, Kevin]

```

```

1  /*****
2  * (Match grouping symbols) A Java program contains various pairs of grouping
3  * symbols, such as:
4  *
5  * ■ Parentheses: ( and )
6  * ■ Braces: { and }
7  * ■ Brackets: [ and ]
8  *
9  * Note that the grouping symbols cannot overlap. For example, (a{b}) is illegal.
10 * Write a program to check whether a Java source-code file has correct pairs of
11 * grouping symbols. Pass the source-code file name as a command-line argument.
12 *****/
13 import java.io.*;
14
15
16 public class Exercise_20_11 {
17     public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
18         // Check command-line argument
19         if (args.length != 1) {
20             System.out.println("Usage: Java Exercise_20_11 Source-codeFileName");
21             System.exit(0);
22         }
23
24         // Check if file exists
25         File file = new File(args[0]);
26         if (!file.exists()) {
27             System.out.println("The file " + args[0] + " does not exist!");
28             System.exit(1);
29         }
30
31         // Create a stack
32         Stack<Character> symbols = new Stack<>();
33
34         try ( // Create an input stream for file
35             Scanner input = new Scanner(file);
36         ) {
37             // Continuously read chars from input
38             while (input.hasNext()) {

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```

39         String line = input.nextLine();
40         for (int i = 0; i < line.length(); i++) {
41             char ch = line.charAt(i);
42             // Push symbols (, {, and [ on to the stack
43             if (ch == '(' || ch == '{' || ch == '[') {
44                 symbols.push(ch);
45             } // Process stack
46             else if (ch == ')' || ch == '}' || ch == ']') {
47                 processSymbols(symbols, ch);
48             }
49         }
50     }
51 }
52
53 System.out.println("The Java source-code " +
54     (symbols.isEmpty() ? "has" : "does not have") + " correct pairs.");
55 }
56
57 /** Method Matches grouping symbols */
58 private static void processSymbols(
59     Stack<Character> stack, Character ch) {
60     // Remove matching symbols from stack
61     if ((stack.peek() == '(' && ch == ')') ||
62         (stack.peek() == '[' && ch == ']') ||
63         (stack.peek() == '{' && ch == '}')) {
64         stack.pop();
65     }
66     else if ((stack.peek() != '(' && ch == ')') ||
67             (stack.peek() != '[' && ch == ']') ||
68             (stack.peek() != '{' && ch == '}')) {
69         System.out.println("The Java source-code does not have"
70             + " correct pairs.");
71         System.exit(1);
72     }
73 }
74 }

```

Usage: Java Exercise_20_11 Source-codeFileName


```

1 //package imports
2+ import java.util.HashMap;
6
7- /**
8  * @author
9  * populates hashMap with key as state names
10 * and value as capitals. Gets input as
11 * state name and display the capitals
12 */
13 public class GuessStateCapitals {
14
15     // Create a HashMap
16     public Map<String,String> hashMap;
17     // Create a TreeMap
18     public Map<String, String> treeMap;
19
20
21- /**
22  * builds the HashMap with state and capitals
23  */
24- public void setupHashMap() {
25     // Create a new HashMap and populate with key and values
26     hashMap = new HashMap<>();
27     hashMap.put("Mississippi", "Jackson");
28     hashMap.put("Arizona", "Phoenix");
29     hashMap.put("Rhode Island", "Providence");
30     hashMap.put("Oklahoma", "Oklahoma City");
31     hashMap.put("California", "Sacramento");
32     hashMap.put("Connecticut", "Hartford");
33     hashMap.put("Missouri", "Jefferson City");
34     hashMap.put("Illinois", "Springfield");
35     hashMap.put("Kansas", "Topeka");
36     hashMap.put("Georgia", "Atlanta");
37     hashMap.put("Tennessee", "Nashville");
38     hashMap.put("New Mexico", "Santa Fe");
39     hashMap.put("Washington", "Olympia");
40     hashMap.put("Kentucky", "Frankfort");

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```

40     hashMap.put("Kentucky", "Frankfort");
41     hashMap.put("Nebraska", "Lincoln");
42 }
43
44
45 /**
46  *display all the elements from the HashMap
47  */
48 public void displayHashMapEntries() {
49     System.out.println("STATE\t\tCAPITALS");
50     System.out.println("-----");
51     // Print the HashMap with each key and value
52     for (Map.Entry<String,String> entry : hashMap.entrySet()){
53         System.out.println(entry.getKey() + "\t" + entry.getValue());
54     }
55 }
56
57 /**
58  * convert the hashMap to treemap
59  * and lists all the elements from
60  * treemap with key and value
61  */
62 public void treeMapConversion() {
63     // Create a new TreeMap
64     treeMap = new TreeMap<>();
65
66     // construct a new TreeMap from HashMap
67     //Pass the hashMap to putAll() method
68     treeMap.putAll(hashMap);
69
70     //skip two lines with empty space
71     System.out.println("\n\n");
72     System.out.println("After converting to tree map");
73     //display a list of state and capitals
74     System.out.println("STATE\t\tCAPITALS");
75     System.out.println("-----");
76     // Print the TreeMap with each key and value

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```

76     // Print the TreeMap with each key and value
77     for (Map.Entry<String,String> entry : hashMap.entrySet()){
78         System.out.println(entry.getKey() + "\t" + entry.getValue());
79     }
80 }
81
82 /**
83  * get input from user and display
84  * capital if state is available
85  * or else display error message
86  * that state is not available in the
87  * list
88  */
89 public void promptUser() {
90     //scanner object to get user input from the keyboard
91     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
92     System.out.println("\nEnter the State name: ");
93     //get the entered input
94     String stateName = sc.nextLine();
95
96     //using treemap containskey method to check
97     //whether entered statename is available as
98     //key in the treemap
99     if(treeMap.containsKey(stateName)) {
100         System.out.println("The capital of entered state is: "+treeMap.get(stateName));
101     }else {
102         System.out.println("Please enter a state that is available in map to search");
103     }
104 }
105
106
107
108 /**
109  * @param args
110  * program execution starts here
111  */
112 public static void main(String []args) {

```

```

89 public void promptUser() {
90     //scanner object to get user input from the keyboard
91     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
92     System.out.println("\nEnter the State name: ");
93     //get the entered input
94     String stateName = sc.nextLine();
95
96     //using treemap containskey method to check
97     //whether entered stateName is available as
98     //key in the treemap
99     if(treeMap.containsKey(stateName)) {
100         System.out.println("The capital of entered state is: "+treeMap.get(stateName));
101     }else {
102         System.out.println("Please enter a state that is available in map to search");
103     }
104 }
105
106
107
108 /**
109  * @param args
110  * program execution starts here
111  */
112 public static void main(String []args) {
113     //object creation for the class
114     GuessStateCapitals gsc = new GuessStateCapitals();
115     gsc.setupHashMap();
116     gsc.displayHashMapEntries();
117     gsc.treeMapConversion();
118
119     // while loop runs repeatedly to get input from user
120     while(true) {
121         gsc.promptUser();
122     }
123 }
124 }
125

```


STATE	CAPITALS
Rhode Island	Providence
Oklahoma	Oklahoma City
Tennessee	Nashville
Kentucky	Frankfort
California	Sacramento
Kansas	Topeka
Washington	Olympia
Nebraska	Lincoln
Mississippi	Jackson
New Mexico	Santa Fe
Illinois	Springfield
Connecticut	Hartford
Missouri	Jefferson City
Georgia	Atlanta
Arizona	Phoenix

After converting to tree map

STATE	CAPITALS
Rhode Island	Providence
Oklahoma	Oklahoma City
Tennessee	Nashville
Kentucky	Frankfort
California	Sacramento
Kansas	Topeka
Washington	Olympia
Nebraska	Lincoln
Mississippi	Jackson
New Mexico	Santa Fe
Illinois	Springfield

After converting to tree map

STATE	CAPITALS
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Rhode Island	Providence
Oklahoma	Oklahoma City
Tennessee	Nashville
Kentucky	Frankfort
California	Sacramento
Kansas	Topeka
Washington	Olympia
Nebraska	Lincoln
Mississippi	Jackson
New Mexico	Santa Fe
Illinois	Springfield
Connecticut	Hartford
Missouri	Jefferson City
Georgia	Atlanta
Arizona	Phoenix

Enter the State name:

Missouri

The capital of entered state is: Jefferson City

Enter the State name: