

Project Purpose

- Acts as the backend API for inventory management
- Built using FastPI + MongoDB
- Handles user authentication, role based access, and CRUD operations on inventory

Core Technologies

- FastAPI for API routes
- MongoDB for data persistence
- Pydantic for data validation
- JWT for session authentication
- Dotenv for environment variable handling.

User Authentication System

- Register and Login routes
- Password validation rules:
 - > 8 characters, uppercase, lowercase, digits, and special characters
- JWT token issued at login, stored as HTTP only cookie
- Logout route deletes the cookie

```
def validate_password(password: str):
    if len(password) < 8:
        return "Password must be at least 8 characters long."
    if not re.search(r'\d', password):
        return "Password must contain at least one digit."
    if not re.search(r'\[ A-Z]', password):
        return "Password must contain at least one uppercase letter."
    if not re.search(r'\[ a-Z]', password):
        return "Password must contain at least one lowercase letter."
    if not re.search(r'\[ N_]', password):
        return "Password must contain at least one lowercase letter."
    if not re.search(r'\[ N_]', password):
        return "Password must contain at least one special character."
    return None</pre>
```

```
@app.post("/register", response model=UserOut)
def register user(user: UserCreate):
     if db.users.find one({"username": user.username}):
         raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail="Username already taken.")
     if db.users.find one({"email": user.email}):
         raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail="Email already taken.")
     password error = validate password(user.password)
     if password error:
         raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail=password error)
     new user = user.dict()
     db.users.insert one(new user)
     created user = db.users.find one({"username": user.username})
     return {"id": str(created user[" id"]), "username": created user["username"]}
@app.post("/login")
def login user(user: UserLogin, response: Response):
   db user = db.users.find one({"username": user.username})
   if not db user or db user["password"] != user.password:
       raise HTTPException(status code=401, detail="Invalid username or password.")
   token = create access token(data={"sub": user.username})
   response.set cookie(key="access token", value=token, httponly=True, secure=False, samesite='lax')
   return {"message": "Login Successful."}
@app.post("/logout")
```

def logout(response: Response):

response.delete cookie("access token")

return {"message": "Logged out successfully"}

Access Control

get_current_user() validates JWT and pulls user from DB

```
def admin_required(current_user: dict = Depends(get_current_user)):
    if current_user.get("role") != "admin":
        raise HTTPException(status_code=403, detail="Admin access required")
    return current_user
```

```
def get_current_user(request: Request):
    token = request.cookies.get("access_token")
    if not token:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=401, detail="Not authenticated")
    try:
        payload = jwt.decode(token, SECRET_KEY, algorithms=[ALGORITHM])
        username = payload.get("sub")
        if not username:
            raise HTTPException(status_code=401, detail="Invalid token")
        except JWTError:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=401, detail="Invalid Token or Expired Token")
        user = db.users.find_one({"username": username})
        if not user:
            raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="User not found")
        return user
```

- admin_required() checks if current user has "admin" role
- Inventory create, update, and delete routes are admin only

Admin Only

- Only users with admin role can access this route:
 - POST /inventory
 - PUT /inventory/{item_id}
 - DELETE /inventory/{item_id}
- If the user is not an admin, an error is raised automatically

```
@app.delete("/inventory/{item_id}")
def delete_item(item_id: int, current_user: dict = Depends(admin_required)):
    result = db.inventory.delete_one({"id": item_id})
    if result.deleted_count == 0:
        raise HTTPException(status_code=404, detail="Item not found.")
    return {"message": "Item deleted successfully"}
```

Data Models

- UserCreate: email, username, password, role
- UserLogin: username, password
- ItemCreate: name, description, price, quantity
- ItemOut: id, name, description, price, quantity

```
class UserLogin(BaseModel):
   username: str
   password: str
class UserCreate(BaseModel):
   email : EmailStr
    username: str
   password: str
   role: str = "user"
class UserOut(BaseModel):
   id: str
   username: str
class ItemCreate(BaseModel):
   name: str
   description: str
   price: float
   quantity: int
class ItemOut(BaseModel):
   id: str
   name: str
   description: str
   price: float
   quantity: int
```

Inventory Endpoints

Endpoint	Method	Description	Access
/inventory	POST	Add Items	Admin
/inventory	GET	Get all items	Authenticated
/inventory/{item_id}	GET	Get single item	Authenticated
/inventory/{item_id}	PUT	Update Item	Admin
/inventory/{item_id}	DELETE	Delete Item	Admin

Add Inventory

```
@app.post("/inventory", response_model=ItemOut)
def add_item(item: ItemCreate, current_user: dict = Depends(admin_required)):
    item dict = item.dict()
    item_dict["user_id"] = str(current_user["_id"])
    item_dict["id"] = get_next_item_id()
    if db.inventory.find one({"name": item dict["name"], "user id": item dict["user id"]}):
        raise HTTPException(status code=400, detail="Item already exists for this user.")
    db.inventory.insert one(item dict)
    return {
        "id": item dict["id"],
        "name": item dict["name"],
        "description": item_dict["description"],
        "price": item dict["price"],
        "quantity": item dict["quantity"],
        "user id": item dict["user id"]
```

- Validates user admin
- Checks if item exists
- Inserts item in MongoDB
- Returns inserted item

Technology Used

Python



MySQL

MongoDB











THANKS!

Questions?