

COMP226: Slides 01

Background and overview

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COMP226 background

- Required for all **GN34/G3N4 Financial Computing** students
- Also chosen by other CS, Maths, and Exchange students
- Practical focus on **career-relevant skills**, e.g.,
 - analysis and manipulation of financial time-series data
 - design, implementation, evaluation of trading strategies
- **Programming is integral**
- Prerequisite for **COMP396 Honours Year Automated Trading Project**, which is taken by all GN34/G3N4 students, who work in teams to develop automated trading strategies

COMP226 aims

- Understand financial markets **at the level of individual trades**
- Provide an overview of **computer-based trading applications**
- Introduce key issues with the use of **market data**
- Develop practical understanding of the **development of trading strategies**

The reach of automated trading

- Over time **trading algorithms have increasingly replaced humans in financial markets**
- Other markets have become much more open to automated trading, e.g., **sports betting markets**
- More recently, new markets altogether with exclusively electronic access (no human trading floors) have opened up, e.g., **crypto currencies**

Where can this module take you?

- Name: Jiawei Yue (ex-COMP226 student)
 - Currently working for: **BlackRock** as **Technology Analyst**
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Hi Rahul,

I want to share with you that I was just offered a technology analyst position in BlackRock Aladdin system starting from next August. I still remember the time when you taught me about R and algorithmic trading back in Liverpool. You led me to a new world that I am fascinated with now. Thank you. Hope we can keep in touch in the future.

Justin (Jiawei)

Where can this module take you?

- Name: Tiantian Dou (ex-COMP226 student)
 - Worked for **Wilshire Associates** as a **Database Developer**
 - Then became a **Senior Analyst** there
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Dear Rahul,

Good news for both me and you:) Many thanks to your kind help, I received the offer from Wilshire Associates successfully and just started to work there.

Kind regards,

Tiantian

Learning outcomes

At the end of this module you should have an understanding of

- **market microstructure** and its impact on trading
- how to
 - **design trading strategies** and
 - **critically evaluate** their performance
- the **common pitfalls** of trading strategy development
- **risk management** in the context of trading strategies

Background reading

Links to articles:

1. [Algorithmic Trading Review \(Comm. of ACM review article\)](#)
2. [Algorithms Take Control of Wall Street \(Wired Article\)](#)
3. [Economist article \(2019-10-05\)](#)
4. [Financial Times article \(2019-10-17\)](#)

Module webpage

<https://www2.csc.liv.ac.uk/~rahul/teaching/comp226/>

The module webpage will be used heavily to:

- Slides (pdfs and videos of lectures)
- Reading materials
- Practicals
- Code examples
- Details on assessments

Check it regularly! And let me know if there are any problems.

Non-cs students

Note

If you have any problems logging in to the module webpage you should **email CSC-HELPDESK@liverpool.ac.uk** to register your details.

This will allow you to access the module webpage.

Materials page

The materials page of the module webpage contains a detailed table with:

- an overview of topics
- pdf versions of slides and worksheets
- videos of the lecture material
- code examples
- pointers to readings (pdfs of from reading list)

Lectures

Rules

PLEASE

- **Be on time; do not talk** during lectures
- ~~Bring your ID card (no signing)~~
- **Bring your ID card to practical sessions**
- **Questions DURING lectures NOT AFTERWARDS**

#	Topic
1	Intro to R
2	Market microstructure
3	Performance measurement for trading strategies
4	Trading Strategies
5	Backtesting, optimization, and cross-validation

Reading List: essential

R programming language:

- The art of R programming: A tour of statistical software design, Norman Matloff. (**ELECTRONIC BOOK**)
- R cookbook, Paul Teetor. (**ELECTRONIC BOOK**)

Trading:

- Algorithmic trading: Winning strategies and their rationale, Ernie Chan. (**ELECTRONIC BOOK**)
- Algorithmic trading & DMA: an introduction to direct access trading strategies, Barry Johnson.
- Trading systems: a new approach to system development and portfolio optimisation, Urban Jaekle and Emilio Tomasini.

Practicals

- **10 practical sessions** starting **next week** (week 2)
- Please **attend the practical to which you are assigned**
- Designed to
 - **Help with continuous assessments**
 - **Prepare you for the COMP226 exam**
- There are **5 worksheets**, one for each topic
- There will also be time in practicals to **work on your continuous assessments**
- The quicker you get good at R, the easier this module will be

Assessment

- **Written multiple-choice examination** (80%)
- **Two continuous assessments** (2 x 10%)
 1. Create a piece of software that solves a trading problem
 2. Implement and test a trading strategy

Why R?

- R is a **statistical** computing platform, and **complete** programming language. It is **cross-platform**, **free**, and **open-source**, so you can use it on your own computers (and in the labs).
- R is one of the **leading tools for statistics, data analysis, and machine learning**; proficiency in R is a valuable skill.
- **Lots of flexibility to develop and test trading strategies**
- **Hundreds of user-contributed packages** on CRAN, so many things have already been implemented for you.
- R is very **widely used** and there is a lot of freely available information about it.

Using R and RStudio

- R code is **interpreted**; there is **no need for compilation**.
- It is common to use R via an **interactive shell**.
- You are encouraged to use an **Integrated Development Environment (IDE)** like RStudio <http://www.rstudio.com/>.
- RStudio provides **syntax highlighting** and many other helpful features. It is available on lab machines and is **better than the default R GUI**.

Practice makes perfect

The best way to get good at something is to repeatedly do it.

We will cover lots of examples. You are strongly encourage to:

- **Run the examples yourself**
- **Vary them and extend them**

Now we dive straight in and do some simple examples of using R as a calculator

Simple arithmetic

The slides will often contain code extracts, like this:

```
> 3  
[1] 3  
  
> 3 + 5  
[1] 8
```

For more involved pieces of code you will find **downloadable copies** of "R" files on the [Materials page](#) of the module webpage.

Simple arithmetic R file

simple_arithmetic.R:

```
3+5
```

Now this file can be "loaded" using the source function:

```
> source('simple_arithmetic.R', echo=TRUE)
> 3+5
[1] 8
```

The default value of the echo argument of source is FALSE

We set it to TRUE, otherwise we would not see any output (try it!)

More simple arithmetic

```
> 3 * 5
```

```
[1] 15
```

```
> 9^2
```

```
[1] 81
```

```
> sqrt(9^2)
```

```
[1] 9
```

That's it for these slides.

In the next set of slides, we will look at variables in R.

Homework

Get R and RStudio working on your own computer

Contacting me

Email me at

rahul.savani@liverpool.ac.uk

with questions or to arrange an appointment

Please put in the subject of the email: COMP226