

ECCLESIASTICAL ABBREVIATIONS
ABBREVIATIONS USED IN APOSTOLIC RESCRIPTS

Absoluo. — Absolutio ("Absolution")
Alr. — Aliter ("Otherwise")
Aplica. — Apostolica ("Apostolic")
Appatis. — Approbatus ("Having been approved")
Archiepus. — Archiepiscopus ("Archbishop")
Aucte. — Auctoritate ("By the Authority")
Canice. — Canonice ("Canonically")
Card. — Cardinalis ("Cardinal")
Cens. — Censuris ("Censures" — abl. or dat. case)
Circumpeone. — Circumspectio ("Circumspection" — abl. case)
Coione. — Communio ("Communion" — abl. case)
Confeone. — Confessio ("Confession" — abl. case)
Consciae. — Conscientiae ("Of [or to] conscience")
Constbus — Constitutionibus ("Constitutions" — abl. or dat. case)
Discreoni. — Discretioni ("To the Discretion")
Dispensao. — Dispensatio ("Dispensation")
Dnus — Dominus ("Lord", "Sir", or "Mr.")
Ecclae. — Ecclesiae ("Of [or to] the Church")
Ecclis. — Ecclesiasticis ("Ecclesiastical")
Effum. — Effectum ("Effect")
Epus. — Episcopus ("Bishop")
Excoe. — Excommunicatione ("Excommunication" — abl. case)
Exit. — Existit ("Exists")
Fr. — Frater ("Brother")
Frum. — Fratrum ("Of the Brothers")
Gnalis — Generalis ("General")
Humil. — Humiliter ("Humbly")
Humoi. — Hujusmodi ("Of this kind")
Igr. — Igitur ("Therefore")
Infraptum. — Infrascriptum ("Written below")
Intropta. — Introscripta ("Written within")
Irregulte. — Irregularitate ("Irregularity" — abl. case)
Lia. — Licentia ("License")
Litma. — Legitima ("Lawful")
Lre. — Litterae ("Letters")

Lte. — Licite ("Lawfully", or "licitly")
Magro. — Magistro ("Master" — dat. or abl. case)
Mir. — Misericorditer ("Mercifully")
Miraone. — Miseratione ("Pity" — abl. case)
Mrimonium. — Matrimonium ("Matrimony")
Nultus. — Nullatenus ("Nowise")
Ordinaoni. — Ordinationi ("Ordination" — dat. case)
Ordio. — Ordinario ("Ordinary" — dat. or abl. case)
Pbr. — Presbyter ("Priest")
Penia. — Poenitentia ("Penance", or "repentance")
Peniaria. — Poenitentiaria ("Penitentiary"; i.e. Bureau of the Apostolic Penitentiary)
Pntium. — Praesentium ("Of those present", or, "Of this present writing")
Poe. — Posse ("To be able", or, "The ability to do a thing")
Pontus. — Pontificatus ("Pontificate")
PP. — Papa ("Pope")
Pr. — Pater ("Father")
Pror. — Procurator
Ptur. — Praefertur ("Is preferred", or, "Is brought forward")
Ptus. — Praefatus ("Aforesaid")
Qd. — Quod ("Because", "That", or, "Which")
Qmlbt. — Quomodolibet ("In any manner whatsoever")
Qtnus. — Quatenus ("In so far as")
Relione. — Religione ("Religion", or, "Religious Order" — abl. case)
Rlari. — Regulari ("Regular")
Roma. — Romana ("Roman")
Salri. — Salutari ("Salutary")
Snia. — Sententia ("Opinion")
Sntae., Stae. — Sanctae ("Holy", or, "Saints" — feminine)
Spealer. Specialiter ("Specially")
Spualibus Spiritualibus ("In spiritual matters")
Supplioni. Supplicationibus ("Supplication" — dat. or abl. case)
Thia, Theolia. Theologia ("Theology")
Tli. Tituli ("Titles")
Tm. — Tantum ("So much", or, "Only")
Tn. — Tamen ("Nevertheless")
Venebli — Venerabili ("Venerable")
Vrae. — Vestrae ("Your")

ABBREVIATIONS IN GENERAL USE, CHIEFLY ECCLESIASTICAL

- A.B.** — Artium Baccalaureus ("Bachelor of Arts")
Ab. — Abbas ("Abbot")
Abp. — Archbishop
Abs. — Absens ("Absent")
A.C. — Auditor Camerae (Auditor of the Papal Treasury)
AC — Ante Christum ("Before Christ")
ACN — Ante Christum Natum ("Before the Birth of Christ")
A.D. — Anno Domini ("Year of Our Lord")
a.d. — ante diem ("The day before")
Adm. Rev. — Admodum Reverendus ("Very Reverend")
Adv. — Adventus ("Advent")
Alb. — Albus ("White" — Breviary)
al. — alii, alibi, alias ("others", "elsewhere", "otherwise")
A.M. — Anno Mundi ("Year of the World")
A.M. — Artium Magister ("Master of Arts")
A.M.D.G. — Ad Majorem Dei Gloriam ("For the greater glory of God")
An. — Annus ("Year")
Ann. — Anni ("Years")
Ana, Ant. — Antiphon
Apost. — Apostolus ("Apostle")
Ap. Sed. — Apostolica Sedes ("Apostolic See")
Ap. Sed. Leg. — Apostolicae Sedis Legatus ("Legate of the Apostolic See")
Archiep. — Archiepiscopus ("Archbishop")
Archid. — Archidiaconus ("Archdeacon")
Archiprb. — Archipresbyter ("Archpriest")
A.R.S. — Anno Reparatae Salutis ("In the year of Our Redemption")
A.U. — Alma Urbs ("Beloved City" — i.e., Rome)
Authen. — Authentica ("Authentic" — e.g. letters)
Aux. — Auxilium, Auxilio ("Help", "With the help of")
B.A. — Baccalaureus Artium ("Bachelor of Arts")
B. BB. — Beatus, Beati ("Blessed")
B.C. — Before Christ
B.C.L. — Baccalaureus Civilis [or Canonicae] Legis ("Bachelor of Civil [or Canon] Law")
B.D. — Bachelor of Divinity
B.F. — Bona Fide ("In Good Faith")
Ben. — Benedictio ("Blessing")

Benevol. — Benevolentia ("Benevolence")
Bon. Mem. — Bonae Memoriae ("Of Happy Memory")
B.P. — Beatissime Pater ("Most Holy Father")
Bro. — Brother
B. Se. — Baccalaureus Scientiarum ("Bachelor of Sciences")
B.U.J. — Baccalaureus Utriusque Juris ("Bachelor of Both Laws" — i.e., civil and canon)
B.T. — Baccalaureus Theologiae ("Bachelor of Theology")
B.V. — Beatitudo Vestra ("Your Holiness")
B.V. — Beata Virgo ("Blessed Virgin")
B.V.M. — Beata Virgo Maria ("Blessed Virgin Mary")
Cam. — Camera (Papal Treasury)
Cam. Ap. — Camera Apostolica ("Apostolic Camera" — i.e. Papal Treasury)
Can. — Canonicus
Canc. — Cancellarius ("Chancellor")
Cap. — Capitulum ("Little Chapter" — Breviary)
Cap. de seq. — Capitulum de Sequenti ("Little chapter of the following feast" — Breviary)
Capel. — Capella ("Chapel")
Caus. — Causa ("Cause")
C.C. — Curatus ("Curate" — used chiefly in Ireland)
CC. VV. — Clarissimi Viri ("Illustrious Men")
Cen. Eccl. — Censura Ecclesiastica ("Ecclesiastical Censure")
Cla. — Clausula ("Clause")
Cl., Clico. — Clericus, Clerico ("Cleric")
Clun. — Cluniacenses ("Monks of Cluny")
C.M. — Causa Mortis ("On occasion of death")
Cod. — Codex (Manuscript)
Cog. Leg. — Cognatio Legalis ("Legal Cognation")
Cog. Spir. — Cognatio Spiritualis ("Spiritual Cognation")
Coll. Cone. — Collectio Conciliorum ("Collection of the Councils")
Comm. Prec. — Commemoratio Praecedentis ("Commemoration of the preceding feast" — Breviary)
Comm. Seq. — Commemoratio Sequentis ("Commemoration of the following feast" — Breviary)
Compl. — Completorium ("Compline" — Breviary)
Con. — Contra ("against")
Cone. — Concilium ("Council")
Conf. — Confessor
Conf. Doct. — Confessor et Doctor (Breviary)

Conf. Pont. — Confessor Pontifex ("Confessor and Bishop" — Breviary)
Cons. — Consecratio ("Consecration")
Consecr. — Consecratus ("Consecrated")
Const. Ap. — Constitutio Apostolica ("Apostolic Constitution")
Cr. — Credo ("Creed" — Breviary)
D. — Dominus ("Lord")
d. — dies ("day")
D.C.L. — Doctor Civilis [or Canonicae] Legis ("Doctor of Civil [or Canon] Law")
D.D. — Doctores ("Doctors")
D.D. — Donum dedit; Dedicavit ("Gave", "dedicated")
D.D. — Doctor Divinitatis ("Doctor of Divinity" — i.e. Theology)
Dec. — Decanus ("Dean")
Def. — Defunctus ("Deceased")
D.G. — Dei Gratia ("By the Grace of God")
D.N. — Dominus Noster ("Our Lord")
D.N.J.C. — Dominus Noster Jesus Christus ("Our Lord Jesus Christ")
DN, DNS, DNUS — Dominus ("Lord")
Doct. — Doctor (Breviary)
Dom. — Dominica ("Sunday")
D.O.M. — Deo Optimo Maximo ("To God, the Best and Greatest")
Doxol. — Doxologia ("Doxology" — Breviary)
D.R. — Decanus Ruralis ("Rural Dean")
DS — Deus ("God")
D.Se. — Doctor Scientiarum ("Doctor of Sciences")
D.V. — Deo Volente ("God willing")
Dupl. — Duplex ("Double feast" — Breviary)
Dupl. Maj. — Duplex Major ("Double Major feast")
Dupl. I. Cl. — Duplex Primae Classis ("Double First Class feast" — Breviary)
Dupl. II. Cl. — Duplex Secundae Classis ("Double Second Class feast" — Breviary)
Eccl. — Ecclesiasticus ("Ecclesiastic")
E., Eccl. — Ecclesia ("The Church")
El. — Electio, Electus ("Election", "Elect")
Emus — Eminentissimus ("Most Eminent")
EPS, EP., Episc. — Episcopus ("Bishop")
Et. — Etiam ("Also, Even")
Evang. — Evangelium ("Gospel" — Breviary)
Ex. — Extra ("Outside of")
Exe. — Excommunicatus, Excommunicatio ("Excommunicated, Excommunication")

Fel. Mem. — Felicis Memoriae ("Of Happy Memory")
Fel. Rec. — Felicis Recordationis ("Of Happy Memory")
Fer. — FERIA ("Weekday")
Fr., F. — Frater, Frere ("Brother")
Fund. — Fundatio ("Foundation")
Gen. — Generalis ("General")
Gl. — Gloria ("Glory to God", etc.)
Gr. — Gratia ("Grace")
Grad. — Gradus ("Grade")
Grat. — Gratias ("Thanks"); or Gratis ("Without expense")
hebd. — Hebdomada ("Week")
Hom. — Homilia ("Homily" — Breviary)
hor. — hora ("hour")
IC — Jesus (first and third letters of His name in Greek)
Id. — Idus ("Ides")
Igr. — Igitur ("Therefore")
I.H.S. — Iesus Hominum Salvator ("Jesus Saviour of Men" — usual interpretation). Really a faulty Latin transliteration of the first three letters of JESUS in Greek (IHS for IHC).
Ind. — Indictio ("Indiction")
Ind. — Index
Inq. — Inquisitio ("Inquisition")
i.p.i. — in partibus infidelium ("among the infidels")
Is. — Idus ("Ides")
J.C. — Jesus Christus ("Jesus Christ")
J.C.D. — Juris Canonici Doctor, Juris Civilis Doctor ("Doctor of Canon Law", "Doctor of Civil Law")
J.D. — Juris Doctor ("Doctor of Law")
J.M.J. — Jesus, Maria, Joseph ("Jesus, Mary, Joseph")
Jo., Joann. — Joannes ("John")
J.U.D. — Juris Utriusque Doctor ("Doctor of Both Laws" — Civil and Canon)
Jud. — Judicium ("Judgment")
J.U.L. — Juris Utriusque Licentiatatus ("Licentiate of Both Laws")
Jur. — Juris ("Of Law")
Kal. — Kalendae ("Calends")
Laic. — Laicus ("Layman")
Laud. — Laudes ("Lauds" — Breviary)
L.C.D. — Legis Civilis Doctor ("Doctor of Civil Law")
I.c.; loc. cit. — Loco citato ("at the place already cited")

Lect. — Lectio ("Lesson")
Legit. — Legitime, Legitimus ("Legally", "legitimate")
L.H.D. — Litterarum Humaniorum Doctor ("Doctor of Literature")
Lib., Lo. — Liber, Libro ("Book", "In the book")
Lic. — Licentia, Licentiatum ("License", "Licentiate")
Litt. — Littera ("Letter")
LL.B. — Legum Baccalaureus ("Bachelor of Laws")
LL.D. — Legum Doctor ("Doctor of Laws")
LL.M. — Legum Magister ("Master of Laws")
Loc. — Locus ("Place")
Lov. — Lovanium ("Louvain")
Lovan. — Lovanienses (Theologians of Louvain)
L.S. — Loco Sigilli ("Place of the Seal")
Lud. — Ludovicus
M. — Maria ("Mary")
M.A. — Magister Artium ("Master of Arts")
Mag. — Magister ("Master")
Mand. — Mandamus ("We command")
Mand. Ap. — Mandatum Apostolicum ("Apostolic Mandate", e.g. for a bishop's consecration)
Mart., M., MM. — Martyr, Martyres ("Martyr", "Martyrs" — Breviary)
Mat. — Matutinum ("Matins" — Breviary)
Matr. — Matrimonium ("Marriage")
Mgr. — Monseigneur, Monsignore ("My Lord")
Miss. — Missa ("Mass" — Breviary); Missionarius ("Missionary")
Miss. Apost., M.A. — Missionarius Apostolicus ("Missionary Apostolic")
M.R. — Missionarius Rector ("Missionary Rector")
m.t.v. — mutatur terminatio versiculi ("the termination of the little verse is changed" — Breviary)
Nativ. D.N.J.C. — Nativitas Domini Nostri Jesu Christi ("Nativity of Our Lord Jesus Christ")
N. D. — Nostra Domina, Notre Dame ("Our Lady")
Nigr. — Niger ("Black" — Breviary)
No. — Nobis ("to us", "for us")
Nob. — Nobilis, Nobiles ("Noble", "Nobles")
Noct. — Nocturnum ("Nocturn")
Non. — Nonae ("Nones")
Nostr. — Noster, nostri ("Our", "of our")
Not. — Notitia ("Knowledge")
N.S. — Notre Seigneur, Nostro Signore ("Our Lord")

N.S. — New Style
N.T. — Novum Testamentum ("New Testament")
Ntri. — Nostri ("Of our")
Nup. — Nuptiae ("Nuptials")
Ob. — Obiit ("Died")
Oct. — Octava ("Octave" — Breviary)
Omn. — Omnes, Omnibus ("All", "to all")
Op. Cit. — Opere Citato ("In the work cited")
Or. — Oratio ("Prayer" — Breviary)
Ord. — Ordo, Ordinatio, Ordinarius ("Order", "Ordination", "Ordinary")
Or. Orat. — Orator ("Petitioner"), Oratorium ("Oratory")
O.S. — Old Style
O.T. — Old Testament
Oxon. — Oxonium, Oxonienses ("Oxford", "Theologians or Scholars of Oxford")
P. — Pater, Pere ("Father")
Pa. — Papa ("Pope"); Pater ("Father")
Pact. — Pactum ("Agreement")
Pasch. — Pascha ("Easter" — Breviary)
Patr. — Patriarcha ("Patriarch")
Pent. — Pentecostes ("Pentecost" — Breviary)
Ph.B. — Philosophiae Baccalaureus ("Bachelor of Philosophy")
Ph.D. — Philosophiae Doctor ("Doctor of Philosophy")
Phil. — Philosophia ("Philosophy")
Ph.M. — Philosophiae Magister ("Master of Philosophy")
P.K. — Pridie Kalendas ("The day before the Calends")
Poenit. — Poenitentia ("Penance")
Poenit. Ap. — Poenitentiaria Apostolica ("Office of the Apostolic Penitentiary")
Pont. — Pontifex ("Pontiff", i.e. Bishop — Breviary)
Pont. — Pontificatus ("Pontificate")
Pont. Max. — Pontifex Maximus ("Supreme Pontiff")
Poss. — Possessor, Possessio ("Possessor", "Possession")
PP. — Papa ("Pope"); Pontificum ("Of the popes"); or "Papa Pontifex"
P.P. — Parochus ("Parish Priest" — used mostly in Ireland)
PP. AA. — Patres Amplissimi ("Cardinals")
P.P.P. — Propria Pecunia Posuit ("Erected at his own expense")
P.R. — Permanens Rector ("Permanent Rector")
Praef. — Praefatio ("Preface" of the Mass — Breviary)
Presbit. — Presbyter, Priest

Prof. — Professus, Professio, Professor ("Professed", "Profession", "Professor")

Prop. Fid. — Propaganda Fide (Congregation of the Propaganda, Rome)

Propr. — Proprium ("Proper" — Breviary)

Prov. — Provisio, Provisum ("Provision", "Provided")

Ps. — Psalmus ("Psalm")

Pub., Publ. — Publicus, Publice ("Public", "Publicly")

Purg. Can. — Purgatio Canonica ("Canonical Disculpation")

Quadrag. — Quadragesima ("Lent", also the "Fortieth day" before Easter — Breviary)

Quinquag. — Quinquagesima (The "Fiftieth day" before Easter — Breviary)

R. — Responsorium ("Responsory" — Breviary)

R. — Roma (Rome)

Rescr. — Rescriptum ("Rescript")

R.D. — Rural Dean

Req. — Requiescat ("May he [or she] rest", i.e. in peace)

Resp. — Responsum ("Reply")

R.I.P. — Requiescat In Pace ("May he or she rest in peace")

Rit. — Ritus ("Rite", "Rites")

Rom. — Romanus, Romana ("Roman")

R. P. — Reverendus Pater, Reverend Pere ("Reverend Father")

RR. — Rerum ("Of Things, Subjects" — e.g. SS. RR. Ital., Writers on Italian [historical] subjects); Regesta

Rt. Rev. — Right Reverend

Rub. — Ruber ("Red" — Breviary)

Rubr. — Rubrica ("Rubric")

S., Sacr. — Sacrum ("Sacred")

Sab., Sabb. — Sabbatum ("Sabbath", Saturday)

Saec. — Saeculum (Century)

Sal. — Salus, Salutis ("Salvation", "of Salvation")

Salmant. — Salmanticenses (Theologians of Salamanca)

S.C. — Sacra Congregatio ("Sacred Congregation")

S.C.C. — Sacra Congregatio Concilii ("Sacred Congregation of the Council", i.e. of Trent)

S.C.EE.RR. — Sacra Congregatio Episcoporum et Regularium ("Sacred Congregation of Bishops and Regulars")

S.C.I. — Sacra Congregatio Indicis ("Sacred Congregation of the Index")

S.C.P.F. — Sacra Congregatio de Propaganda Fide ("Sacred Congregation for the Propagation of the Faith")

SCS — Sanctus ("Saint")

s.d. — sine datâ (undated book)

S.D. — Servus Dei (Servant of God)
Semid. — Semiduplex ("Semi" double feast — Breviary)
Septuag. — Septuagesima ("Seventieth day" before Easter; always a Sunday — Breviary)
Sexag. — Sexagesima ("Sixtieth day" before Easter — Breviary)
Sig. — Sigillum ("Seal")
Simpl. — Simplex ("Simple" feast — Breviary)
Sine Com. — Sine Commemoratione ("Without commemoration" of other feast, or feasts — Breviary)
s.l. — sine loco ("without indication" of place of printing)
s.l.n.d. — sine loco nec data ("without indication of place" or "without date of printing")
S.M. — Sanctae Memoriae ("Of Holy Memory")
Soc. — Socius, Socii ("Companion", "Companions" — Breviary)
S. Off. — Sanctum Officium (Congregation of the Holy Office, Inquisition)
S.P. — Sanctissime Pater ("Most Holy Father")
S.P., S. Petr. — Sanctus Petrus ("St. Peter")
S.P. — Summus Pontifex ("Supreme Pontiff", Pope)
S.P.A. — Sacrum Palatium Apostolicum ("Sacred Apostolic Palace", Vatican, Quirinal)
Sr. — Sister
S.R.C. — Sacra Rituum Congregatio ("Sacred Congregation of Rites")
S.R.E. — Sancta Romana Ecclesia, Sanctae Romanae Ecclesia ("Most Holy Roman Church"; or, "of the Most Holy Roman Church")
SS. — Scriptores ("Writers")
SS.D.N. — Sanctissimus Dominus Noster ("Our Most Holy Lord [Jesus Christ]", also a title of the Pope)
S., SS. — Sanctus, Sancti ("Saint", "Saints")
S.T.B. — Sacrae Theologiae Baccalaureus ("Bachelor of Sacred Theology")
S.T.D. — Sacrae Theologiae Doctor ("Doctor of Sacred Theology")
S.T.L. — Sacrae Theologiae Licentiatu ("Licentiate of Sacred Theology")
Suffr. — Suffragia ("Suffrages" — i.e. prayers of the saints; Breviary)
S.V. — Sanctitas Vestra ("Your Holiness")
Syn. — Synodus ("Synod")
Temp. — Tempus, Tempore ("Time", "in time")
Test. — Testes, Testimonium ("Witnesses", "Testimony")
Theol. — Theologia ("Theology")
Tit. — Titulus, Tituli ("Title", "Titles")
Ult. — Ultimo ("Last" — day, month, year)
Usq. — Usque ("As far as")
Ux. — Uxor ("Wife")

V., Ven., VV. — Venerabilis, Venerabiles ("Venerable")
V., Vest. — Vester ("Your")
Vac. — Vacat, Vacans ("Vacant")
Val. — Valor ("Value")
Vat. — Vaticanus ("Vatican")
Vba. — Verba ("Words")
Vers. — Versiculus ("Versicle" — Breviary)
Vesp. — Vesperae ("Vespers" — Breviary)
V.F., Vic. For. — Vicarius Foraneus ("Vicar-Forane")
V.G. — Vicarius Generalis ("Vicar-General")
Vid. — Vidua ("Widow" — Breviary)
Vid., Videl. — Videlicet ("Namely")
Vig. — Vigilia ("Vigil" of a feast — Breviary)
Viol. — Violaceus ("Violet" — Breviary)
Virg. — Virgo ("Virgin" — Breviary)
Virid. — Viridis ("Green" — Breviary)
V.M. — Vir Magnificus ("Great Man")
V. Rev. — Very Reverend
V.T. — Vetus Testamentum
XC., XCS. — Christus ("Christ" — first, middle, and last letters of the Greek name)

ABBREVIATIONS IN CATACOMB INSCRIPTIONS

A.D. — Ante Diem (e.g. in the phrase, "Ante Diem VI [or Sextum] Kal. Apriles", is equivalent to the sixth day before the Calends of April, counting both the Calends and the day intended to be indicated); or Anima Dulcis ("Sweet Soul")
A.Q.I.C. — Anima Quiescat In Christo ("May his [or her] Soul Repose in Christ")
B., BMT. — Bene Merenti ("To the Well-Deserving")
B.M. — Bonae Memoriae ("Of Happy Memory")
B.F. — Bonae Feminae ("To the Good Woman")
B.I.C. — Bibas [for Vivas] In Christo ("May you Live In Christ")
B.M.F. — Bene Merenti Fecit ("He erected this to the Well-Deserving")
B.Q. — Bene Quiescat ("May he [or she] Rest Well")
C. — Consul
CC. — Consules ("Consuls")
C.F. — Clarissima Femina ("Most Illustrious Woman")
Cl. V. — Clarissimus Vir ("Most Illustrious Man")

C.O. — Conjugi Optimo ("To my Excellent Husband")
C.O.B.Q. — Cum Omnibus Bonis Quiescat ("May he [or she] Repose With All Good souls")
COI. — Conjugi ("To my Husband [or Wife]")
CS., COS. — Consul
COSS. — Consules ("Consuls")
C.P. — Clarissima Puella ("Most Illustrious Maiden")
D. — Depositus ("Laid to rest"); or Dulcis ("Dear One")
D.D. — Dedit, Dedicavit ("Gave", "Dedicated")
DEP. — Depositus ("Laid to rest")
D.I.P. — Dormit In Pace ("Sleeps in Peace")
D.M. — Diis Manibus ("To the Manes [of]")
D.M.S. — Diis Manibus Sacrum ("Sacred to the Manes [of]")
D.N. — Domino Nostro ("To Our Lord")
DD. NN. — Dominis Nostris ("To Our Lords")
E.V. — Ex Voto ("In Fulfilment of a Vow")
EX. TM. — Ex Testamento ("In accordance with the Testament of")
E VIV. DISC. — E Vivis Discessit ("Departed from Life")
F. — Fecit ("Did"); or Filius ("Son"); or Feliciter ("Happily")
F.C. — Fieri Curavit ("Caused to be made")
F.F. — Fieri Fecit ("Caused to be made")
FF. — Fratres ("Brothers"); Filii ("Sons")
FS. — Fossor ("Digger")
H. — Haeres ("Heir"); Hic ("Here")
H.L.S. — Hoc Loco Situs ("Laid [or Put] in This Place")
H.M.F.F. — Hoc Monumentum Fieri Fecit ("Caused This Monument to be Made")
H.S. — Hic Situs ("Laid Here")
ID. — Idibus ("On the Ides")
IDNE. — Indictione ("In the Indiction" — a chronological term)
I.L.H. — Jus Liberorum Habens ("Possessing the Right of Children" — i.e., eligibility to public office under age)
INB. — In Bono ("In Good [odour]")
IND. — Same as IDNE
INP — In Pace ("In Peace")
I.X. — In Christo ("In Christ")
K. — Kalendas ("Calends"); or Care, Carus, Cara ("Dear One"); or Carissimus[a] ("Dearest")
K.B.M. — Karissimo Bene Merenti ("To the Most Dear and Well-deserving")
L. — Locus ("Place")
L.M. — Locus Monumenti ("Place of the Monument")

L.S. — Locus Sepulchri ("Place of the Sepulchre")
M. — Martyr, or Memoria ("Memory") or Monumentum ("Monument")
MM. — Martyres ("Martyrs")
M.P. — Monumentum Posuit ("Erected a Monument")
MRT. — Merenti ("To the Deserving")
N. — Nonas ("Nones"); or Numero ("Number")
NN. — Nostris ("To Our" — with a plural) or Numeri ("Numbers")
O. — Hora ("Hour"); Obiit ("Died")
OB. IN XTO. — Obiit In Christo ("Died In Christ")
OMS. — Omnes ("All")
OP. — Optimus (Excellent, or Supremely Good)
P. — Pax ("Peace"); or Pius ("Dutiful"); or Ponendum ("To be Placed"); or Pridie ("The Day Before"); or Plus ("More")
P.C. — Poni Curavit ("Caused to be Placed")
P.C., P. CONS. — Post Consulatum ("After the Consulate")
P.I. — Poni Jussit ("Ordered to be Placed")
P.M. — Plus Minus ("More or Less"); or Piae Memoriae ("Of Pious Memory"); or Post Mortem ("After Death")
PP. — Praepositus ("Placed over")
PR.K. — Pridie Kalendas ("The Day Before the Calends")
PRB. — Presbyter ("Priest")
PR.N. — Pridie Nonas ("The Day Before the Nones")
P.T.C.S. — Pax Tibi Cum Sanctis ("Peace to Thee With the Saints")
PZ. — Pie Zeses ("May you Live Piously" — Greek)
Q., Qui. — Quiescit ("He Rests")
Q.B.AN. — Qui Bixit [for Vixit] Annos ("Who lived . . . years")
Q.I.P. — Quiescat In Pace ("May he [or she] Rest in Peace")
Q.V. — Qui Vixit ("Who Lived")
R. — Requiescit ("He Rests"); or Refrigerio ("In [a place of] Refreshment")
Reg. — Regionis ("Of the Region")
S. — Suus ("His"); or Situs ("Placed"); or Sepulchrum ("Sepulchre")
SC. M. — Sanctae Memoriae ("Of Holy Memory")
SD. — Sedit ("He sat")
SSA. — Subscripta ("Subscribed")
S.I.D. — Spiritus In Deo ("Spirit [rests] in God")
S.P. — Sepultus ("Buried"); or Sepulchrum ("Sepulchre")
SS. — Sanctorum (Of the Saints)
S.V. — Sacra Virgo ("Holy Virgin")

T., TT. — Titulus, Tituli ("Title", "Titles")
TM. — Testamentum ("Testament")
V. — Vixit ("He Lived"); or Vixisti ("Thou didst Live")
VB. — Vir Bonus ("A Good Man")
V.C. — Vir Clarissimus ("A Most Illustrious Man")
VV. CC. — Viri Clarissimi ("Most Illustrious Men")
V.H. — Vir Honestus ("A Worthy Man")
V. X. — Vivas, Care [or Cara] ("Mayest thou Live, Dear One"); or Uxor Carissima ("Most Dear Wife")
X., XPC., XS. — Christus ("Christ")

ABBREVIATIONS OF TITLES OF THE PRINCIPAL RELIGIOUS ORDERS AND CONGREGATIONS OF PRIESTS

A.A. — Augustiniani Assumptionis (Assumptionists)
A.B.A. — Antoniani Benedictini Armeni (Mechitarists)
C.J.M. — Congregation Jesu et Mariae (Eudist Fathers)
C.M. — Congregatio Missionis (Vincentians)
C.M. — Congregatio Mariae (Fathers of the Company of Mary)
C.P. — Congregatio Passionis (Passionists)
C.PP.S. — Congregatio Pretiosissimi Sanguinis (Fathers of the Most Precious Blood)
C.R. — Congregatio Resurrectionis (Resurrectionist Fathers)
C.R.C.S. — Clerici Regulares Congregationis Somaschae (Somaschi Fathers)
C.R.I.C. — Canonici Regulares Immaculate Conceptionis ("Canons Regular of the Immaculate Conception")
C.R.L. — Canonici Regulares Lateranenses ("Canons Regular of the Lateran")
C.R.M. — Clerici Regulares Minores ("Clerks Regular Minor", Mariani)
C.R.M.D. — Clerici Regulares Matris Dei ("Clerks Regular of the Mother of God")
C.R.M.I. — Clerici Regulares Ministrantes Infirmis ("Clerks Regular Attendant on the Sick", Camillini, Camilliani)
C.R.P. — Congregatio Reformatorum Praemonstratensium (Premonstratensians)
C.R.S.P. — Clerici Regulares Sancti Pauli (Barnabites)
C.R.S.P. — Clerici Regulares Pauperum Matris Dei Scholarum Piarum ("Clerks Regular of the Poor Men of the Mother of God for Pious Schools", Piarists)
C.R.T. — Clerici Regulares Theatini (Theatines)
C.S.B. — Congregatio Sancti Basilii (Basilians)
C.S.C. — Congregatio Sanctae Crucis (Fathers and Brothers of the Holy Cross)

C.S.P. — Congregatio Sancti Pauli (Paulists)
C.S.Sp. — Congregatio Sancti Spiritus (Fathers of the Holy Ghost)
C.S.V. — Clerici Sancti Viatoris (Clerks, or Clerics, of St. Viator)
C.SS.CC. — Congregatio Sacratissimorum Cordium (Missionaries of the Sacred Hearts of Jesus and Mary)
C. Ss. R. — Congregatio Sanctissimi Redemptoris (Congregation of the Most Holy Redeemer, Redemptorists)
Inst. Char. — Institutum Charitatis (Rosminians)
M.C. — Missionaries of Charity
M.S. — Missionaries of La Salette [France]
M.S.C. — Missionarii Sancti Caroli ("Missionaries of St. Charles")
M.S.C. — Missionarii Sacratissimi Cordis ("Missionaries of the Most Sacred Heart")
O.C. — Ordo Charitatis (Fathers of the Order of Charity)
O. Camald. — Ordo Camaldulensium (Camaldolese)
O. Cart. — Ordo Cartusiensis (Carthusians)
O. Cist. — Ordo Cisterciensium (Cistercians)
O.C.C. — Ordo Carmelitarum Calceatorum (Carmelites)
O.C.D. — Ordo Carmelitarum Discalceatorum (Discalced, or Barefoot, Carmelites)
O.C.R. — Ordo Reformatorum Cisterciensium (Cistercians, Trappists)
O.F.M. — Ordo Fratrum Minorum (Observant Franciscans)
O.M. — Ordo [Fratrum] Minimorum (Minims of St. Francis of Paul)
O. Merced. — Ordo Beatae Mariae Virginis de Redemptione Captivorum (Mercedarians, Nolaschi)
O.M.C. — Ordo Minorum Conventualium (Conventual Franciscans)
O.M. Cap., O.F.M. Cap., O.M.C. — Ordo Minorum Cappucinatorum (Capuchins)
O.M.I. — Oblati Mariae Immaculatae (Oblate Fathers of Mary Immaculate)
O.P., Ord. Fratr. Praed. — Ordo Praedicatorum (Dominicans)
Ord. Praem. — Ordo Praemonstratensium (Premonstratensians, Norbertines)
O.S.A. — Ordo [Eremitarum] Sancti Augustini (Augustinians)
O.S.B. — Ordo Sancti Benedicti (Benedictines)
O.S.C. — Oblati Sancti Caroli (Oblate Fathers of St. Charles)
O.S.F.C. — Ordinis Sancti Francisci Capuccini (Franciscan Capuchins)
O.S.F.S. — Oblati Sancti Francisci Salesii (Oblates of St. Francis of Sales)
O.S.H. — Ordo [Eremitarum] Sancti Hieronymi (Hieronymites)
O.S.M. — Ordo Servorum Mariae (Servites)
O.SS.C. — Oblati Sacratissimi Cordis ("Oblate Fathers of the Sacred Heart")
O. Trinit. — Ordo Sanctissimae Trinitatis (Trinitarians)
P.O. — Prætres de l'Oratoire, Presbyteri Oratorii (Oratorians)

P.S.M. — Pia Societas Missionum (Fathers of the Pious Society of Missions, Pallottini)
P.S.S. — Presbyteri Sancti Sulpicii, Pr tres de S. Sulpice (Sulpicians)
S.C. — Salesianorum Congregatio (Congregation of St. Francis of Sales — Salesian Fathers)
S.C. — Brothers of the Sacred Heart
S.D.S. — Societas Divini Salvatoris ("Society of the Divine Savior")
S.D.V. — Societas Divini Verbi (Fathers of the Divine Word)
S.J. — Societas Jesu ("Society of Jesus", i.e. the Jesuits)
S.M. — Societas Mariae (Marists)
S.M.A. — Society of the Missionaries of Africa
S.P.M. — Societas Patrum Misericordiae (Fathers of Mercy)
S.S.S. — Societas Sanctissimi Sacramenti (Fathers of the Blessed Sacrament)