

Southgate Terminal Security Documentation

Cyber-Ops Coordination Cell

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SOUTHGATE TERMINAL

Port Operations Security Documentation

Service Account Authentication Response Procedures

Document Information

Document Type: Technical Response Framework **Intended Users:** Technical Team, Operations Team
Usage Context: Service account authentication failures affecting automated systems **Related Scenarios:** svc_gantry failures, automated system disruptions, container operations

Purpose

This document provides specific response procedures for service account authentication failures, particularly focusing on critical service accounts like svc_gantry that control automated port operations including container handling and crane systems.

When to Use These Procedures

- Service account authentication failures detected in system logs
 - Automated systems failing to authenticate properly
 - Gantry or crane control systems showing authentication errors
 - Pattern of failed authentication attempts from service accounts
 - Operational systems degrading due to authentication issues
-

Service Account Classification Matrix

TIER 1 CRITICAL SERVICE ACCOUNTS (Immediate Operational Impact)

svc_gantry

- **Function:** Controls automated gantry crane operations
- **Impact if Failed:** Container handling operations compromised
- **Dependencies:** Container placement, cargo movement, berth operations
- **Recovery Priority:** IMMEDIATE (0-15 minutes)

svc_crane

- **Function:** Controls automated crane positioning and safety systems
- **Impact if Failed:** Crane operations halt, safety systems compromised
- **Dependencies:** Container lifting, vessel loading/unloading
- **Recovery Priority:** IMMEDIATE (0-15 minutes)

svc_container

- **Function:** Controls automated container routing and tracking
- **Impact if Failed:** Container misrouting, tracking loss
- **Dependencies:** Port logistics, customer delivery schedules
- **Recovery Priority:** HIGH (15-30 minutes)

TIER 2 OPERATIONAL SERVICE ACCOUNTS (Significant Impact)**svc_ais**

- **Function:** Handles AIS data processing and vessel tracking
- **Impact if Failed:** Navigation assistance degraded
- **Dependencies:** Vessel scheduling, berth assignment
- **Recovery Priority:** HIGH (30-60 minutes)

svc_cctv

- **Function:** Manages CCTV system access and recording
- **Impact if Failed:** Security monitoring compromised
- **Dependencies:** Safety monitoring, incident documentation
- **Recovery Priority:** MEDIUM (1-2 hours)

TIER 3 ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICE ACCOUNTS (Limited Operational Impact)**svc_backup**

- **Function:** Automated backup operations
- **Impact if Failed:** Data backup interruption
- **Dependencies:** Data recovery capability
- **Recovery Priority:** LOW (2-4 hours)

Service Account Failure Response Protocols**Phase 1: Immediate Detection and Assessment (0-5 minutes)**

Authentication Failure Indicators **Technical Team Actions:** - [] **Log Analysis:** Check authentication server logs for failure patterns - [] **Service Status:** Verify status of dependent automated systems - [] **Impact Assessment:** Determine which operations are affected - [] **Timeline Analysis:** Establish when failures began and frequency

Key Log Investigation Commands:

```
# Check authentication logs for service account failures
grep "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | tail -20
grep "authentication failure" /var/log/auth.log | grep "svc_"
```

```
journalctl -u authentication-service --since "1 hour ago" | grep "failed"
```

```
# Check system status of dependent services
```

```
systemctl status gantry-control.service
```

```
systemctl status crane-control.service
```

```
systemctl status container-routing.service
```

Operational Impact Assessment **Operations Team Actions:** - [] **System Status Check:** Verify which automated systems are still functioning - [] **Safety Assessment:** Determine if manual operations can safely replace automated systems - [] **Capacity Calculation:** Assess operational capacity reduction - [] **Crew Notification:** Alert relevant operational crews to authentication issues

Operations Assessment Questions: 1. Are gantry cranes responding to control commands? 2. Can container movements be performed manually if needed? 3. What is the current container backlog and priority? 4. Are there any suspended loads that need immediate attention?

Phase 2: Immediate Safety and Containment (5-15 minutes)

Critical Safety Actions for svc_gantry Failures **IMMEDIATE SAFETY PROTOCOLS:**

If Active Container Operations in Progress: - [] **Suspend New Lifts:** Do not begin any new container movements - [] **Complete Current Operations:** Safely complete any containers currently being moved - [] **Secure Equipment:** Ensure all cranes are in safe positions - [] **Area Clearance:** Clear personnel from automated operation zones

Manual Override Authorization: - [] **Assess Manual Capability:** Verify trained operators available for manual control - [] **Authority Verification:** Confirm authorization for manual override procedures - [] **Safety Protocol Implementation:** Implement enhanced safety procedures for manual operations - [] **Communication Enhancement:** Establish direct radio contact between all operators

System Isolation and Evidence Preservation **Technical Team Actions:**

```
# Preserve authentication logs immediately
```

```
cp /var/log/auth.log /tmp/auth_backup_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).log
```

```
sha256sum /var/log/auth.log > /tmp/auth_hash_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).txt
```

```
# Document system state
```

```
systemctl status --all | grep -E "(gantry|crane|container)" > /tmp/service_status_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).txt
```

```
# Check for unauthorized access patterns
```

```
grep -i "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | grep -v "authentication failure" > /tmp/svc_gantry_logs.txt
```

Phase 3: Root Cause Investigation (15-30 minutes)

Authentication System Analysis **Systematic Investigation Steps:**

1. Account Status Verification:

```
# Check account lock status
chage -l svc_gantry
passwd -S svc_gantry

# Verify account permissions
id svc_gantry
groups svc_gantry

# Check password expiration
chage -l svc_gantry | grep "Password expires"
```

2. Authentication Server Analysis:

```
# Check authentication service status
systemctl status authentication-server
journalctl -u authentication-server --since "2 hours ago"

# Look for configuration changes
find /etc/ -name "*auth*" -mtime -1 -type f
find /etc/ -name "*ldap*" -mtime -1 -type f
```

3. Network and Connectivity Analysis:

```
# Check network connectivity to authentication servers
ping authentication-server.local
nslookup authentication-server.local

# Check for network issues affecting authentication
netstat -an | grep :389 # LDAP port
netstat -an | grep :636 # LDAPS port
```

Service Account Specific Investigation svc_gantry Investigation Pattern:

```
# Create investigation summary
cat > /tmp/svc_gantry_investigation_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).txt <<EOF
SVC_GANTRY AUTHENTICATION FAILURE INVESTIGATION
Date: $(date)
Investigator: $(whoami)

FAILURE TIMELINE:
$(grep "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | grep "failure" | tail -10)

ACCOUNT STATUS:
$(chage -l svc_gantry)
$(passwd -S svc_gantry)
```

DEPENDENT SYSTEMS STATUS:

```
$(systemctl status gantry-control.service --no-pager)
$(systemctl status crane-control.service --no-pager)
```

OPERATIONAL IMPACT:

- Gantry automation: [AFFECTED/OPERATIONAL]
- Container movements: [MANUAL/AUTOMATED]
- Safety systems: [OPERATIONAL/COMPROMISED]

EVIDENCE PRESERVED:

- Authentication logs backed up and hashed
- System status documented
- Account configuration recorded

EOF

Phase 4: Recovery Procedures (30-45 minutes)**Account Recovery Process Step-by-Step Recovery:****1. Account Unlock/Reset (if appropriate):**

```
# ONLY if investigation shows legitimate account lock
# AND after coordination with incident coordinator
```

```
# Unlock account
```

```
sudo passwd -u svc_gantry
```

```
# Reset password if needed (coordinate with security policy)
```

```
sudo passwd svc_gantry
```

2. Service Restart Sequence:

```
# Restart authentication-dependent services in order
```

```
sudo systemctl restart authentication-server
```

```
sleep 30
```

```
# Test authentication before restarting dependent services
```

```
su - svc_gantry -c "echo 'Authentication test successful'"
```

```
# If successful, restart operational services
```

```
sudo systemctl restart gantry-control.service
```

```
sudo systemctl restart crane-control.service
```

3. System Verification:

```
# Verify service account authentication working
grep "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | tail -5
```

```
# Check operational system status
systemctl status gantry-control.service
systemctl status crane-control.service
```

```
# Test automated operations (coordinate with operations team)
```

Operational Recovery Coordination **Operations Team Actions:** - [] **Test Manual Systems:** Verify manual overrides are working correctly - [] **Gradual Automation Return:** Slowly return to automated operations with monitoring - [] **Enhanced Monitoring:** Monitor all automated systems for 2 hours after recovery - [] **Backlog Management:** Develop plan to handle any operational backlog created during manual operations

Phase 5: Enhanced Monitoring and Prevention (45+ minutes)

Post-Recovery Monitoring Technical Monitoring (First 2 Hours):

```
# Enhanced authentication monitoring
watch -n 60 'grep "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | tail -5'

# Service status monitoring
watch -n 300 'systemctl status gantry-control.service crane-control.service --no-pager'

# Create ongoing monitoring script
cat > /tmp/svc_monitor.sh <<EOF
#!/bin/bash
while true; do
echo "$(date): Service Account Status Check"
grep "svc_gantry.*failure" /var/log/auth.log | tail -1
systemctl is-active gantry-control.service
systemctl is-active crane-control.service
echo "---"
sleep 300
done
EOF
chmod +x /tmp/svc_monitor.sh
```

Operational Monitoring: - Monitor automated system performance for signs of recurring issues
- Track operational capacity and efficiency compared to pre-incident levels - Document any unusual behavior or performance degradation - Maintain ready access to manual override procedures

Specific Service Account Scenarios

Scenario: svc_gantry Repeated Authentication Failures

Indicators:

- Authentication failures every few minutes from svc_gantry account
- Gantry control systems showing connection errors
- Container movements experiencing delays or failures
- Operations team reporting automated system unresponsiveness

Immediate Response (0-10 minutes):

Quick assessment

```
grep "svc_gantry" /var/log/auth.log | tail -20  
systemctl status gantry-control.service
```

If multiple recent failures, preserve evidence immediately

```
cp /var/log/auth.log /tmp/svc_gantry_incident_$(date +%Y%m%d_%H%M%S).log
```

Investigation Priority:

1. **Credential Compromise:** Check for unauthorized password changes
2. **Account Lock:** Verify account is not locked due to failed attempts
3. **Configuration Drift:** Check for authentication server configuration changes
4. **Network Issues:** Verify connectivity between gantry systems and auth server
5. **Timing Issues:** Check for clock synchronization problems

Recovery Approach:

- **Conservative:** Reset account credentials after coordination with security team
- **Aggressive:** Temporarily bypass authentication if operational emergency
- **Balanced:** Reset credentials while implementing enhanced monitoring

Scenario: Multiple Service Account Failures

Indicators:

- svc_gantry, svc_crane, and svc_container all showing authentication failures
- Pattern suggests systematic issue rather than individual account problems
- Multiple operational systems affected simultaneously

Response Escalation:

- **Immediate:** Treat as potential coordinated attack
- **Technical:** Full authentication system investigation
- **Operational:** Prepare for extended manual operations
- **Legal:** Consider breach notification requirements
- **Executive:** Prepare for potential operations halt decision

Investigation Focus:

1. **Authentication Server Compromise:** Full audit of authentication infrastructure
 2. **Credential Database Integrity:** Verify credential storage hasn't been tampered with
 3. **Network Attack:** Check for authentication traffic interception or manipulation
 4. **Insider Threat:** Consider possibility of deliberate credential compromise
-

Cross-Team Coordination Procedures

Technical-Operations Coordination

Communication Protocol: Every 15 minutes during active incident: - **Technical to Operations:** Authentication recovery progress update - **Operations to Technical:** Operational impact and manual operation status - **Bi-directional:** Any new symptoms or system behavior changes

Decision Points: **Technical Team Decision:** "Authentication system appears compromised, recommend full manual operations" **Operations Team Decision:** "Manual operations unsustainable, need authentication recovery or operations halt" **Joint Decision:** "Risk-benefit analysis of temporary authentication bypass vs. operations halt"

Legal-Technical Coordination

Evidence Preservation:

- Technical team preserves all authentication logs and system status information
- Legal team provides guidance on evidence handling and retention requirements
- Joint documentation of any security implications and breach classification

Regulatory Notifications:

- If service account failures indicate security breach, legal team initiates notification procedures
 - Technical team provides detailed technical impact assessment for regulatory reports
 - Coordination on external communications about authentication system status
-

Service Account Security Hardening

Post-Incident Improvements

Authentication Monitoring Enhancements:

```
# Implement real-time service account monitoring
cat > /etc/rsyslog.d/50-service-accounts.conf <<EOF
# Service account authentication monitoring
```

```
:programname, isequal, "sshd" /var/log/service-auth.log
:msg, contains, "svc_" /var/log/service-auth.log
& stop
EOF
```

```
# Restart rsyslog to apply changes
systemctl restart rsyslog
```

Automated Alert System:

```
# Create service account failure alert script
cat > /usr/local/bin/service-account-monitor.sh <<EOF
#!/bin/bash
LOGFILE="/var/log/auth.log"
ALERT_THRESHOLD=3
LAST_CHECK_FILE="/tmp/last_service_check"

# Check for service account failures in last 5 minutes
CURRENT_TIME=$(date +%s)
FIVE_MIN_AGO=$((CURRENT_TIME - 300))

if [ -f "$LAST_CHECK_FILE" ]; then
LAST_CHECK=$(cat $LAST_CHECK_FILE)
else
LAST_CHECK=$FIVE_MIN_AGO
fi

# Count failures since last check
FAILURE_COUNT=$(grep "authentication failure" $LOGFILE | grep "svc_" | awk -v start=$LAST_CHECK -v end=$CURRENT_TIME '{print $1}' | wc -l)

if [ $FAILURE_COUNT -ge $ALERT_THRESHOLD ]; then
echo "ALERT: $FAILURE_COUNT service account authentication failures detected"
# Send alert to incident coordinator
echo "Service account authentication failures: $FAILURE_COUNT" | mail -s "URGENT: Service Account Failures" root
fi

echo $CURRENT_TIME > $LAST_CHECK_FILE
EOF

chmod +x /usr/local/bin/service-account-monitor.sh

# Add to cron for every 5 minutes
echo "*/5 * * * * root /usr/local/bin/service-account-monitor.sh" >> /etc/cron.d/service-account-monitor
```

Recovery Readiness Procedures

Pre-positioned Recovery Tools:

- Service account password reset procedures pre-approved and documented
- Manual override activation procedures tested and ready
- Emergency contact information for authentication system vendors
- Backup authentication methods tested and available

Regular Testing:

- Monthly service account authentication testing
 - Quarterly manual override procedure drills
 - Annual authentication system failover testing
 - Regular review and update of service account procedures
-

Success Criteria for Service Account Response

Immediate Response Success

- Service account failures detected within 5 minutes of occurrence
- Safety protocols implemented immediately to prevent operational accidents
- Evidence preserved before any recovery attempts
- All affected systems identified and assessed within 15 minutes

Investigation and Recovery Success

- Root cause of authentication failures identified within 30 minutes
- Service account functionality restored within 45 minutes (if technically feasible)
- No compromise of operational safety during manual operations
- Complete documentation of incident and recovery actions

Coordination Success

- Effective communication maintained between technical and operations teams
- Legal requirements for evidence preservation and breach notification met
- Executive team kept informed of status and decision points
- External stakeholders appropriately informed without compromising security

Long-term Improvement Success

- Enhanced monitoring implemented to prevent similar incidents
- Authentication system hardening completed within 30 days
- Staff training updated to reflect lessons learned
- Incident procedures refined based on actual response experience

Owner: Technical Team Lead / Operations Manager **Reference:** TECH-SVC-01 **Version:** 1.0 **Approved by:** Cyber-Ops Coordination Cell