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SOUTHGATE TERMINAL

Port Operations Security Documentation

Multi-System Failure Coordination Guide

Document Information

Document Type: Technical Coordination Framework **Intended Users:** Technical Team, Operations Team, Incident Coordinators **Usage Context:** When multiple operational systems fail simultaneously **Related Scenarios:** Network + AIS + CCTV failures, coordinated system impacts

Purpose

This guide provides coordination framework for incidents affecting multiple operational systems simultaneously, ensuring systematic response prioritization and effective cross-team coordination when normal escalation paths are overwhelmed.

When to Use This Guide

- Three or more operational systems affected simultaneously
- System failures that appear coordinated or related
- Cascading failures affecting dependent systems
- Resource conflicts between multiple system restoration efforts
- Cross-system impacts requiring integrated response

Multi-System Failure Classification

Type A: Cascading Failures

Characteristics: - One system failure causes others to fail - Clear dependency relationships - Predictable failure sequence - Single root cause

Examples: - Network failure - AIS data loss - Manual operations - CCTV reliance - Power failure - Multiple system shutdowns - Database corruption - Multiple application failures

Type B: Coordinated Attacks

Characteristics: - Multiple systems targeted simultaneously - No clear dependency relationship - Sophisticated attack patterns - Evidence of deliberate action

Examples: - Network interference + AIS spoofing + CCTV blackout - Unauthorized access to multiple unrelated systems - Systematic log deletion across multiple platforms

Type C: Environmental/External

Characteristics: - External factor affecting multiple systems - Natural or infrastructure-related cause - Affects systems sharing common dependencies - Typically affects physical layer

Examples: - Weather affecting antenna systems - Utility failures affecting multiple systems - Vendor outage affecting multiple services

Coordination Framework

Phase 1: Initial Response (0-15 minutes)

Multi-System Triage Process

1.	S	ystem	Impact	t Assessmen	ıt
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□ Primary Systems: AIS, CCTV, Network, Container Management
 □ Secondary Systems: Communications, Email, HVAC, Access Control
 □ Safety Systems: Emergency communications, Safety monitoring
 □ Support Systems: Backup power, Environmental controls

2. Failure Pattern Analysis

□ Timing: All at once vs. sequential failures
 □ Geography: Localized vs. distributed
 □ Dependencies: Related vs. independent systems
 □ Severity: Complete failure vs. degraded performance

3. Safety Impact Evaluation

☐ **Immediate Dangers:** Active operations requiring immediate attention

☐ **Safety Monitoring:** Systems critical for personnel safety

□ Emergency Response: Capability to respond to emergencies
 □ Evacuation Capability: Ability to safely evacuate if needed

Priority Matrix for Multi-System Response

System	Safety Impact	Operational Impact	Restoration Complexity	Priority
Emergency Commu- nications	y Critical	High	Low	1
CCTV (Safety Areas)	Critical	Medium	Medium	2
AIS (Active Vessels)	High	Critical	Medium	3
Network (Core)	Medium	Critical	High	4
Container Manage- ment	Low	High	Low	5

System	Safety Impact	Operational Impact	Restoration Complexity	Priority
Email/AdmirLow		Low	Low	6
Systems				

Phase 2: Coordination Structure (15-30 minutes)

Multi-System Response Team Structure Incident Commander: Senior Operations Manager or designated authority - Overall coordination and resource allocation - Safety decision authority - Executive communication

Technical Coordinator: Senior Technical Lead - Technical restoration prioritization - Resource allocation for technical teams - Cross-system dependency management

Operations Coordinator: Operations Team Lead - Operational continuity planning - Manual procedure implementation - Personnel safety coordination

Communications Coordinator: Incident Communications Lead - Internal team coordination - External stakeholder communication - Information flow management

Team Coordination Protocols

1.	Situation Briefings
	Every 15 minutes for first hour Every 30 minutes thereafter Emergency briefings as required
2.	Decision Authority
	Safety decisions: Operations Coordinator (immediate implementation) Resource allocation: Technical Coordinator (technical resources) Strategic decisions: Incident Commander (overall direction) External communication: Communications Coordinator
3.	Information Flow
	All teams report to coordinators every 15 minutes Coordinators brief Incident Commander every 30 minutes Critical updates communicated immediately

Phase 3: Integrated Response Strategy (30-60 minutes)

System Restoration Prioritization

1. Critical Path Analysis

☐ Identify systems that enable restoration of other systems

 □ Map dependencies and restoration sequences □ Identify parallel vs. sequential restoration opportunities
2. Resource Allocation Strategy
 □ Concentrated Approach: All resources on highest priority □ Parallel Approach: Resources split across critical systems □ Hybrid Approach: Staged resource reallocation
3. Risk vs. Benefit Assessment
 □ Quick Wins: Low-effort, high-impact restorations □ Foundation Systems: Systems that enable other restorations □ Safety Critical: Systems essential for safe operations
ntegration Challenges and Solutions Challenge: Competing Resource Demands - Solu- ion: Establish clear priority hierarchy - Process: Technical Coordinator allocates based on priority natrix - Escalation: Incident Commander resolves conflicts
Challenge: Cross-System Dependencies - Solution: Map dependencies and coordinate estoration sequence - Process: Technical teams provide dependency information - Coordination: Shared timeline with checkpoints
Challenge: Information Overload - Solution: Structured reporting with standardized updates - Process: 15-minute status reports using standard format - Filtering: Coordinators filter information or decision makers
System-Specific Coordination Procedures
letwork + AIS Failure Coordination
mmediate Actions: -[] Determine if network failure is causing AIS issues -[] Implement manual ressel tracking if AIS dependent on network -[] Prioritize network restoration if it enables AIS ecovery
Resource Coordination: - [] Assign network team to core infrastructure - [] Deploy operations eam for manual AIS tracking - [] Coordinate vessel communications through harbor master
CCTV + Operations System Failures
mmediate Actions: - [] Deploy manual spotters for safety-critical areas - [] Implement enhanced adio communication - [] Slow operations in areas without visual coverage

Multi-System + Network Failures

Immediate Actions: - [] Establish alternative communication methods - [] Implement manual coordination procedures - [] Consider external technical assistance

Resource Coordination: - [] Contact external technical support - [] Implement manual inter-team coordination - [] Establish physical coordination center if needed

Communication Protocols

Internal Coordination Messages

Multi-System Status Update Template TO: All Coordinators **FROM:** [System Team Lead] **SUB-JECT:** Multi-System Status - [Timestamp]

SYSTEM STATUS: - Primary System: [Status/ETA] - Secondary Impact: [Description] - Resource Needs: [Specific requirements] - Coordination Requirements: [Dependencies on other teams]

Coordinator Briefing Template TO: Incident Commander **FROM:** [Coordinator] **SUBJECT:** Coordination Status - [Timestamp]

OVERALL STATUS: [Green/Yellow/Red] **KEY DEVELOPMENTS:** [Major changes since last update] **RESOURCE ALLOCATION:** [Current assignments] **CRITICAL DECISIONS NEEDED:** [Items requiring IC input] **ESTIMATED RESOLUTION:** [Timeline assessment]

External Communication

Stakeholder Notification Template TO: [External Stakeholders] **SUBJECT:** Operational Status Update - Multi-System Incident

SITUATION: We are managing a multi-system technical incident affecting [general description].

CURRENT STATUS: Operations continuing with [enhanced safety procedures/reduced capacity/manual procedures].

SAFETY: All safety measures remain in place and are being enhanced during response.

TIMELINE: We expect [gradual restoration over X hours/significant progress by X time].

NEXT UPDATE: [Specific time for next communication]

Escalation Triggers

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Escalate to External Technical Support When: -[] Multiple systems failing faster than restoration capability -[] Evidence of coordinated cyber attack -[] Technical teams overwhelmed or lacking expertise -[] Restoration timeline exceeds acceptable operational impact
Executive Escalation
Escalate to Executive Team When: - [] Safety concerns requiring operations shutdown - [] Estimated restoration time exceeds 4 hours - [] Evidence suggesting deliberate attack requiring legal response - [] External assistance or emergency declaration needed
Emergency Services Escalation
Escalate to Emergency Services When: - [] Personnel safety cannot be assured - [] Emergency response capability compromised - [] Environmental or public safety risks identified - [] Criminal activity suspected
Recovery Coordination
Restoration Verification Process
1. Individual System Testing
 □ Verify each system functions independently □ Test core functionality before integration □ Document any ongoing issues or limitations
2. Integration Testing
 □ Verify cross-system communications □ Test dependent system functionality □ Confirm data synchronization and integrity
3. Operational Verification
 □ Test operational procedures with restored systems □ Verify safety systems and monitoring □ Confirm normal operational capacity

Lessons Learned Process

1. Immediate Debrief (Within 24 hours)

Ш	what worked well in coordination?
	What communication challenges occurred?
	Which resource allocation decisions were effective?
2.	Technical Analysis (Within 72 hours)
	Root cause analysis for each system failure
	Dependency mapping accuracy assessment
	Technical response time evaluation
3.	Process Improvement (Within 1 week)
	Update coordination procedures based on experience
	Revise priority matrices if needed
	Enhance training for multi-system scenarios

Success Criteria

- · Safe coordination of response to multiple simultaneous system failures
- · Effective resource allocation and priority management
- · Clear communication and decision-making structure
- Minimized operational impact through coordinated response
- Successful restoration of all systems with lessons learned integration

Related Documents

- · Safety Risk Assessment Template
- Crisis Decision Authority Matrix
- Network Diagnostics SOP
- CCTV Blackout Response SOP
- AIS Signal Validation Procedures