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## **Experiment No.: 6**

#### **Implementation:**

#### A. Creating docker image using terraform

#### Prerequisite:

1) Download and Install Docker Desktop from https://www.docker.com/

**Step 1:** Check the docker functionality

PS C:\Users\91773> docker --version
Docker version 27.0.3, build 7d4bcd8
PS C:\Users\91773>

Now, create a folder named 'Terraform Scripts' in which we save our different types of scripts which will be further used in this experiment.

**Step 2:** Firstly create a new folder named 'Docker' in the 'TerraformScripts' folder. Then create a new docker.tf file using Atom editor and write the followingcontents into it to create a Ubuntu Linux container.

Script:

```
terraform {
 required providers {
  docker = {
   source = "kreuzwerker/docker"
   version = "2.21.0"
provider "docker" {
 host = "npipe:////./pipe/docker engine"
# Pull the image
resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
 name = "ubuntu:latest"
# Create a container
resource "docker_container" "foo" {
 image = docker_image.ubuntu.image_id
 name = "foo"
 command = ["sleep", "3600"]
```

```
docker.tf X
docker.tf
       terraform {
   1
         required_providers {
   2
           docker = {
   3
             source = "kreuzwerker/docker"
   4
  5
             version = "2.21.0"
           }
   6
  7
  8
  9
       provider "docker" {
  10
         host = "npipe:///./pipe/docker_engine
  11
  12
       }
  13
       # Pull the image
  14
       resource "docker_image" "ubuntu" {
  15
         name = "ubuntu:latest"
  16
       }
  17
  18
  19
       # Create a container
       resource "docker_container" "foo" {
  20
         image = docker_image.ubuntu.image_id
  21
         name = "foo"
  22
         command = ["sleep", "3600"]
  23
  24
       }
  25
```

```
Step 3: Execute Terraform Init command to initialize the resources
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform init
Initializing the backend..
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding kreuzwerker/docker versions matching "2.21.0"...
- Installing kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0..
 - Installed kreuzwerker/docker v2.21.0 (self-signed, key ID BD080C4571C6104C)
Partner and community providers are signed by their developers.
 If you'd like to know more about provider signing, you can read about it here:
https://www.terraform.io/docs/cli/plugins/signing.html
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
 so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.
Terraform has been successfully initialized!
You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
 any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
 should now work.
If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
Step 4: Execute Terraform plan to see the available resources
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform plan
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicate
following symbols:
  + create
Terraform will perform the following actions:
```

```
# docker_container.foo will be created
+ resource "docker_container" "foo" {
     + attach
                             = false
                             = (known after apply)
     + bridge
     + command
                              = (known after apply)
    + command = (known after apply)
+ container_logs = (known after apply)
+ entrypoint = (known after apply)
+ env = (known after apply)
    + exit_code = (known after apply)
+ gateway = (known after apply)
                             = (known after apply)
    + hostname
                             = (known after apply)
     + id
    + image = (known after apply)

+ init = (known after apply)
    + init = (known after apply)
+ ip_address = (known after apply)
```

**Step 5:** Execute Terraform apply to apply the configuration, which will automatically create and run the Ubuntu Linux container based on our configuration. Using command: "terraform apply"

```
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform apply
docker_image.ubuntu: Refreshing state... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad76
tu:latestl
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated
following symbols:
  + create
Terraform will perform the following actions:
  # docker_container.foo will be created
  + resource "docker_container" "foo" {
     + attach = false
      + bridge
                        = (known after apply)
                        = [
      + command
         + "sleep",
          + "3600",
```

Docker images, Before Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
```

Docker images, After Executing Apply step:

```
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
ubuntu latest edbfe74c41f8 2 weeks ago 78.1MB
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker>
```

# **Step 6:** Execute Terraform destroy to delete the configuration, which will automatically delete the Ubuntu Container.

```
PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> terraform destroy
docker_image.ubuntu: Refreshing state... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad76
tu:latest]
docker_container.foo: Refreshing state... [id=f03a28e4658896c23c9992f7a98eb1011befc7d014e997ea9fc6372da70b790
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicate
following symbols:
   destroy
Terraform will perform the following actions:
 # docker_container.foo will be destroyed
- resource "docker_container" "foo" {
        attach
                      = false -> null
= [
        command
            "sleep",
          "3600",
        1 -> null
                    = 0 -> null
        cpu_shares
 repo_digest = "ubuntu@sha256:8a37d68f4f73ebf3d4efafbcf66379bf3728902a8038616808f04e34a9ab63ee" -> nul
Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 2 to destroy.
Do you really want to destroy all resources?
  Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.
  Enter a value: ves
docker_container.foo: Destroying... [id=f03a28e4658896c23c9992f7a98eb1011befc7d014e997ea9fc6372da70b7903] docker_container.foo: Destruction complete after 0s
docker_image.ubuntu: Destroying... [id=sha256:edbfe74c41f8a3501ce542e137cf28ea04dd03e6df8c9d66519b6ad761c2598
docker_image.ubuntu: Destruction complete after 1s
Destroy complete! Resources: 2 destroyed.
```

### Docker images After Executing Destroy step

PS C:\Users\91773\Desktop\College Resources\TerraformScripts\Docker> docker im REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE