[Instructions: Remove everything that is not a heading below and fill in with your own diagrams, etc.]

1. Brief introduction __/3

Room Interactions are elements of the room that the player can manipulate through the controls. Some examples for our games include spikey traps, shooting traps, and puzzle keys(ingredients for pasta).

2. Use case diagram with scenario _14

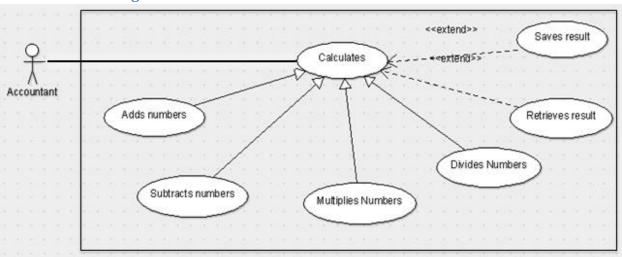
[Use the lecture notes in class.

Ensure you have at least one exception case, and that the <<extend>> matches up with the Exceptions in your scenario, and the Exception step matches your Basic Sequence step.

Also include an <<include>> that is a suitable candidate for dynamic binding]

Example:

Use Case Diagrams



Scenarios

[You will need a scenario for each use case]

Name: Add Numbers

Summary: The player brushes up against a spikey trap.

Actors: Player

Preconditions: Player has entered the room.

Basic sequence:

Step 1: Accept input of first number.

Step 2: Continue to accept numbers until [calculate] is entered.

Step 3: Accept calculate command.

Step 4: Calculate and show result.

Exceptions:

Step 1: [calculate] is pressed before any input: Display 0.

Step 2: A button other than [calculate] or a number input is pressed: ignore input.

Post conditions: Calculated value is displayed.

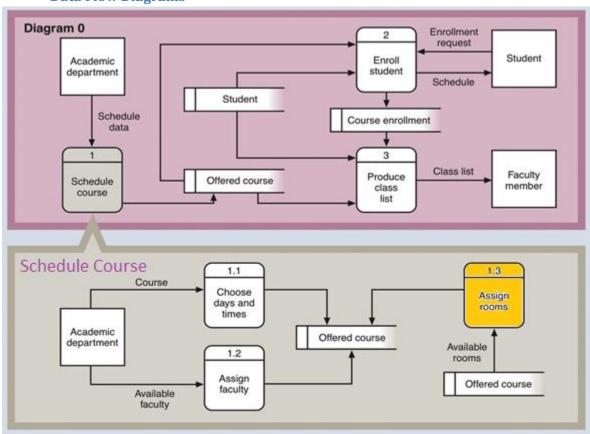
Priority: 2* ID: C01

3. Data Flow diagram(s) from Level 0 to process description for your feature _____14

[Get the Level 0 from your team. Highlight the path to your feature]

Example:

Data Flow Diagrams



Process Descriptions

Assign rooms*:

WHILE teacher in two places at once OR two classes in the same room

^{*}The priorities are 1 = must have, 2 = essential, 3 = nice to have.

Randomly redistribute classes

END WHILE

*Notes: Yours should be much longer. You could use a decision tree or decision table instead if it is more appropriate.

4. Acceptance Tests _____9

[Describe the inputs and outputs of the tests you will run. Ensure you cover all the boundary cases.]

Example for random number generator feature

Run feature 1000 times sending output to a file.

The output file will have the following characteristics:

Max number: 9Min number: 0

• Each digit between 0 and 9 appears at least 50 times

No digit between 0 and 9 appears more than 300 times

• Consider each set of 10 consecutive outputs as a substring of the entire output. No substring may appear more than 3 times.

Example for divide feature

Output	Numerator	Denominator	Notes
	(int)	(int)	
0.5	1	2	
0.5	2	3	We only have 1 bit precision for outputs. Round all
			values to the nearest .5
0.0	1	4	At the 0.25 mark always round to the nearest whole
			integer
1.0	3	4	At the 0.75 mark always round to the nearest whole
			integer
255.5	5	0	On divide by 0, do not flag an error. Simply return
			our MAX_VAL which is 255.5.

5. Timeline _____/10

[Figure out the tasks required to complete your feature]

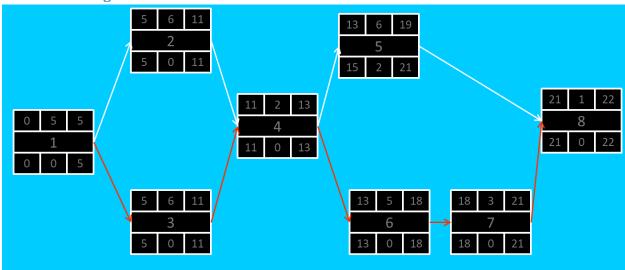
Example:

Work items

Task	Duration (PWks)	Predecessor Task(s)
1. Requirements Collection	5	-

2. Screen Design	6	1
3. Report Design	6	1
4. Database Construction	2	2, 3
5. User Documentation	6	4
6. Programming	5	4
7. Testing	3	6
8. Installation	1	5, 7

Pert diagram



Gantt timeline

