	1 given to											
29.	$\int \frac{2x^2 + 3x + 2}{x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x + 4}$	qx	100	31					119		υĒ	
	J x3+4x2+6x+4											
1		7	150									
36	Sec2(t) [Sec2(t) + tan3(t) +1	17	di	=								
	J tan (t) +1							×h				W. F.
31	1 4x2 - 21x	d×							c X			85
	$\int \frac{4x^2 - 21x}{(x-3)^2 (2x+3)}$	0 /						~ V				
								- ()	+			
32 .	$\int \frac{6x^2 + 7x - 6}{(x^2 - 4)(x + 2)}$	dx										
	$\int (x^2 - 4)(x + 2)$									+		
	1 2											
33.	$-\int \frac{x^2 + 3x - 44}{(x+3)(x+5)(3x)}$		di	((x)	<i>}</i> -				
	$\int (x+3)(x+5)(3x$	-2)										
24	(Co.s. (x)		1				^D					The
51.	Cos (x) Sen (x) [Sen(x) -1	7	qx				- T		Α.			
35.	$-\int \frac{2x^{3} - 4x - 8}{(x^{2} - x)(x^{2} + 4)}$	dx										
	$\int (x^2 - x)(x^2 + 4)$											
	A 11 44 1 47											
36	dx											
	$\int \times (\times -i)^3$									14		
							X					
										eli u		
								X				
							X					
					- (L X		+1)				

Norma