

# DISTRIBUTED STREAM PROCESSING

*with*



# KAFKA

# overview

1. Motivation for use of Kafka
2. High-level explanation of Kafka
3. Example of Kafka being used
4. Demo / how to use Kafka.

How would you process  
data coming over a  
network in real-time?

How would you run  
complex NLP on the  
Twitter Streaming API?

```
var Twitter = require('Twitter');  
var client = new Twitter();  
  
// connect to stream  
client.stream('statuses/kanye', function(stream) {  
  
    // when a tweet is emitted, process it  
    stream.on('data', function(tweet) {  
        complexNLP(tweet);  
    });  
  
});
```

<https://dev.twitter.com/streaming/overview/processing>

The best practice for ingesting Tweets and other streaming messages is to decouple collection and processing of high volume streams. For example, collect the raw text of messages in one process, passing each message into a message queue, rotated flatfile, or database. A second process or set of processes should parse the messages and extract any necessary fields for storage or further manipulation.

```
var Twitter = require('Twitter');
var client = new Twitter();

var q = [];

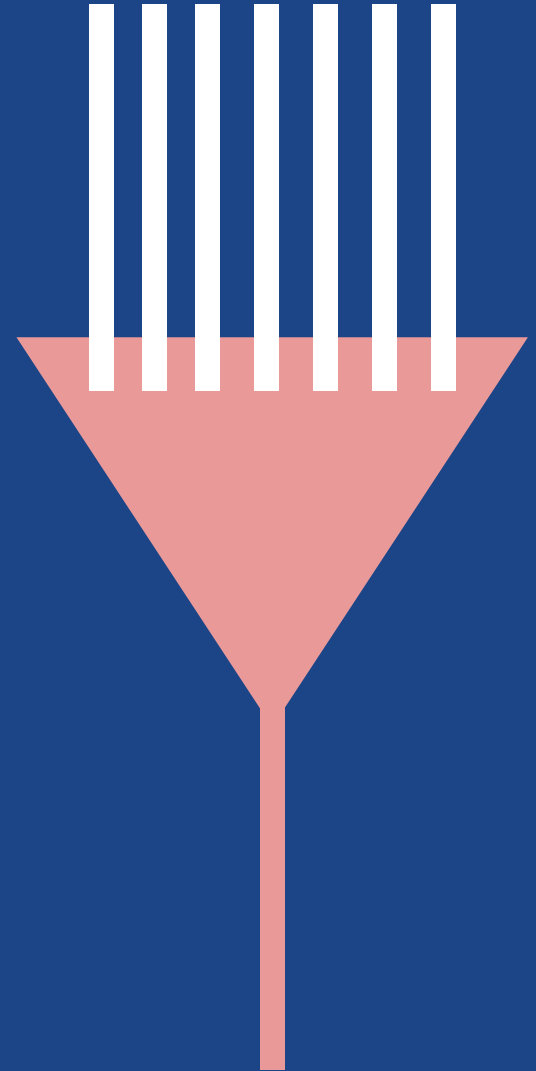
Consume = function(q) {
    this.run = function() {
        client.stream('statuses/kanye', function(stream) {
            stream.on('data', function(tweet) {
                q.push(tweet);
            });
        });
    });
};

Process = function(q) {
    this.run = function() {
        while(!q.empty()) { complexNLP(q.shift()); }
    };
};

thread1.exec(new Consume(q).run());
thread2.exec(new Process(q).run());
```



processing  
bottleneck

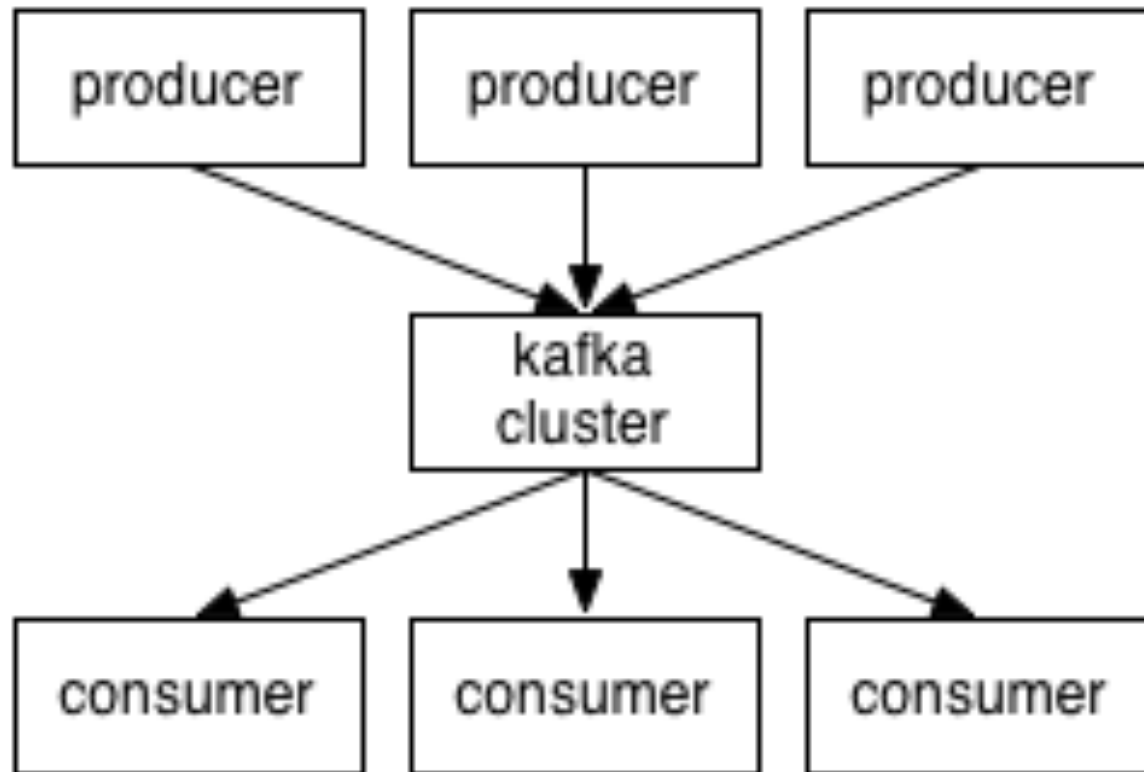




KAFKA



distributed  
fault-tolerant  
high-throughput  
publish-subscribe  
messaging system



producers `publish`, consumers `subscribe`

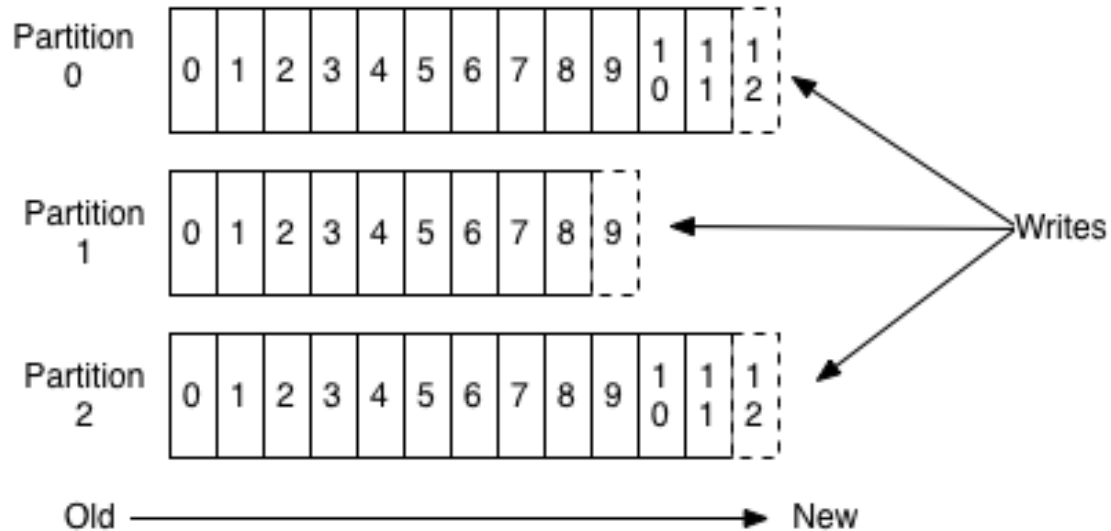
# KAFKA CLUSTER

BROKER

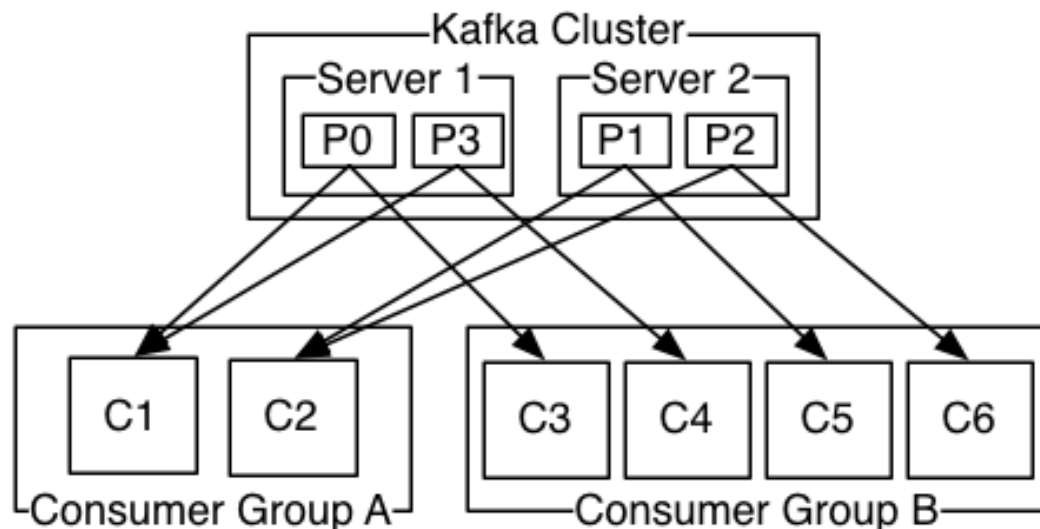
BROKER

BROKER

## Anatomy of a Topic



- Consumers can subscribe to any set of partitions of any topic.
- Consumers keep track of where they are in the partition (offset).
- Consumer GROUPS are a provided abstraction to balance the load to different workers implemented in consumers.



# *Apache ZooKeeper*

- **Required for Kafka to run**
- **Another distributed system (fault tolerant)**
- **Coordinates flow of data between brokers**

- Kafka keeps all messages for up to N days
- Kafka is written in Scala
- Kafka is named after the writer, Franz Kafka

# OTHER FACTS

# ALTERNATIVES

RabbitMQ

Flume

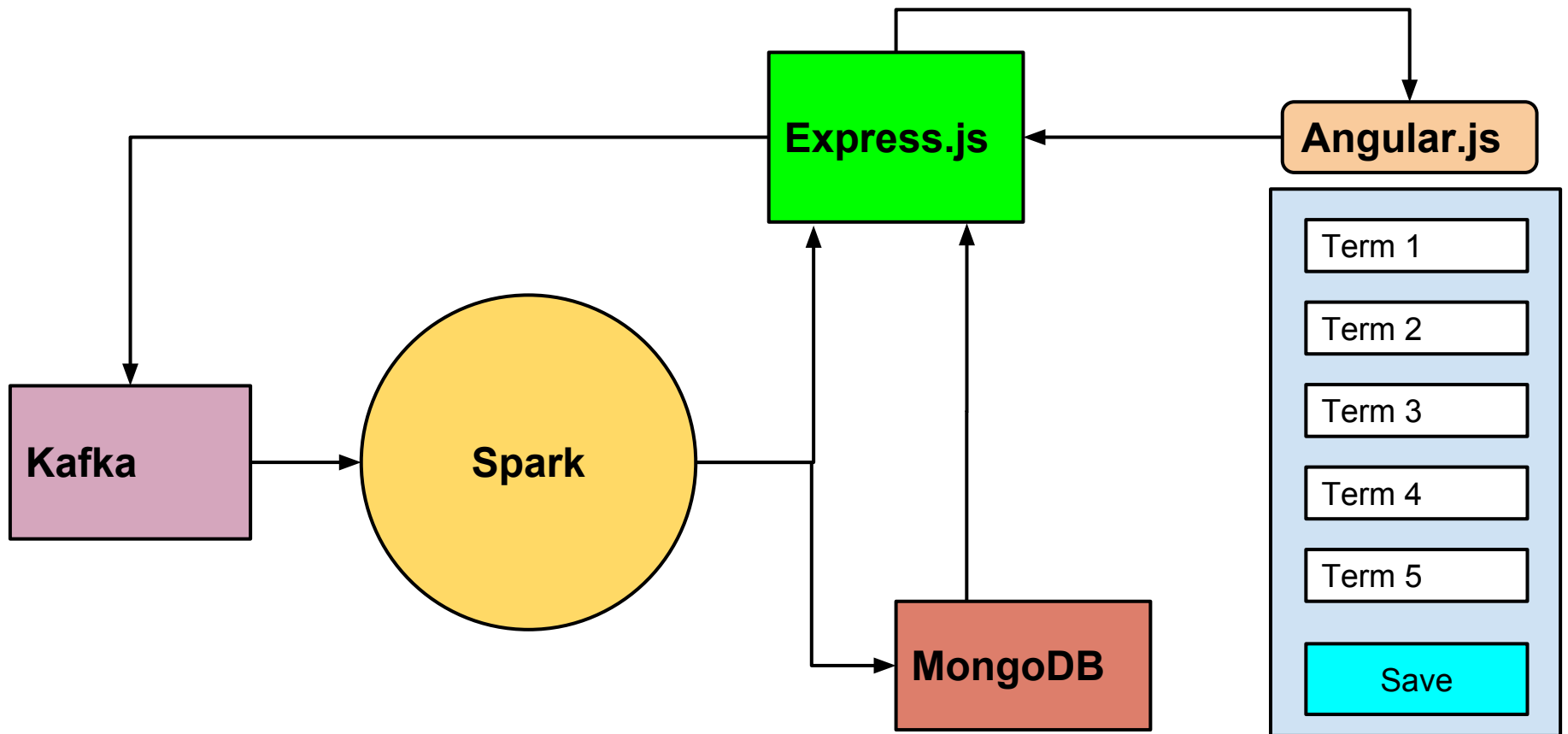
A Database

Redis pub/sub

A Supercomputer

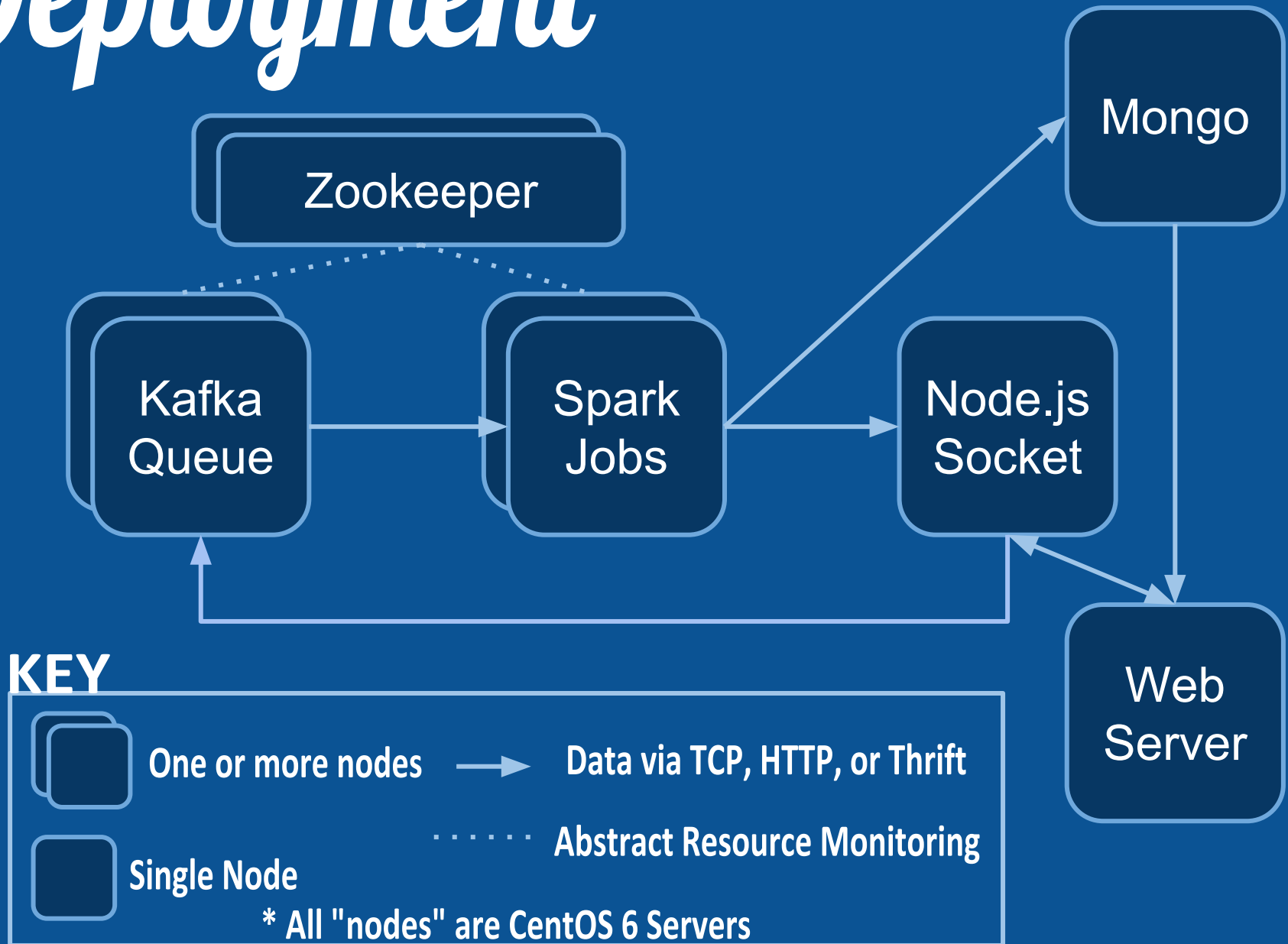
# Example Architecture

detecting civil unrest





# Deployment



# Resources

Kafka: <http://kafka.apache.org>

ZooKeeper: <http://zookeeper.apache.org>

Twitter Streaming Guide: <https://dev.twitter.com/streaming/overview/processing>