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%% Determining and removing drawbacks of exponential and running mean
% Written by Irina Yareshko and Luca Breggion, Skoltech 2022
close all; clear; clc;
set(0, 'defaulttextInterpreter', 'latex');
set(groot, 'defaultAxesTickLabelInterpreter', 'latex');
set(groot, 'defaultLegendInterpreter', 'latex');
%% I Part: Comparison of the traditional 13-month running mean with the forward-
%backward exponential smoothing for approximation of 11-year sunspot cycle
%% Download monthly mean sunspot number
data = load('data group4.mat');
years = data.data(:,1); % year
m = data.data(:,2); % month
m sun = data.data(:,3); % monthly sunspot number
n = length(years);
%% 2) Make smoothing of monthly mean data by 13-month running mean
m sun mean = zeros(length(m sun),1);
m sun mean(1:6) = 1/6*sum(m sun(1:6));
m sun mean((length(m sun mean) - 5):length(m sun mean)) = 1/6 * sum(m sun(length \checkmark
(m sun) -5:length(m sun));
for i = 7:(n - 6)
    m sun mean(i) = 1/24* (m sun(i-6) + m sun(i+6)) + 1/12* (m sun(i-5) + m sun(i-4) \checkmark
+ m sun(i-3) + m sun(i-2) + m sun(i-1) + ...
        m sun(i) + m sun(i+5) + m sun(i+4) + m sun(i+3) + m sun(i+2) + m sun(i+1));
end
 dev 13 step = sum((m sun-m sun mean).^2);
 for i = 1: (n - 2)
    var 13 step(i) = (m sun mean(i + 2) - 2*m sun mean(i + 1) + m sun mean(i))^2;
 var 13 step = sum(var 13 step);
%% 3) Make forward-backward exponential smoothing of monthly mean sunspot number.
st Is there a smoothing constant lpha that provides better results compared to
% 13-month running mean according to deviation and variability indicators?
alpha = [0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2, 0.25, 0.3];
x forw = zeros(length(alpha), n);
x \text{ forw}(:,1) = m \text{ sun}(1);
x_back = zeros(length(alpha), n);
x back(:,n) = x forw(end);
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for j = 1:length(alpha)
    for i = 2:n
        x \text{ forw}(j,i) = x \text{ forw}(j,i-1) + alpha(j)*(m_sun(i) - x_forw(j,i-1));
    end
    for i = (n - 1):-1:1
        x \operatorname{back}(j,i) = x \operatorname{back}(j,i+1) + \operatorname{alpha}(j)*(x \operatorname{forw}(j,i) - x \operatorname{back}(j,i+1));
    end
end
% Variability indicators for different alpha
var forw sum = [];
for j = 1:length(alpha)
    for i = 1:(n - 2)
        var forw(j,i) = (x forw(j,i+2) - 2*x forw(j,i+1) + x forw(j,i))^2;
    end
    var_forw_sum(j) = sum(var_forw(j,:));
end
% Deviation indicators for different alpha
dev forw = zeros(length(alpha), n);
dev forw sum = [];
for j = 1:length(alpha)
    for i = 1:n
        dev forw(j,i) = (m sun(i) - x forw(j,i))^2;
    end
    dev forw sum(j) = sum(dev forw(j,:));
end
figure(1)
plot(m sun, 'c', 'LineWidth', 1.2)
plot(m sun mean, 'k', 'LineWidth', 1.2)
%plot(x back(1,:), 'LineWidth', 1.2)
%plot(x back(2,:), 'LineWidth', 1.2)
plot(x_back(3,:), 'LineWidth', 1.2)
plot(x back(4,:),'m', 'LineWidth', 1.2)
%plot(x back(5,:), 'LineWidth', 1.2)
%plot(x back(6,:), 'LineWidth', 1.2)
grid on; grid minor
xlabel('Month cycle number', 'FontSize', 30)
ylabel('Monthly sunspot number', 'FontSize', 30)
legend('Measurements', '13-month Running mean', 'FB exponential with $\alpha$ = ₹
0.2', 'FontSize', 30, 'interpreter', 'latex')
%% II Part: 3d surface filtration using forward-backward smoothing
%% 1-2) Download surface data and Plot noisy and true surface for visualization ✓
purposes
tr = load('true_surface.mat');
no = load('noisy surface.mat');
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true = tr.true_surface;
noise = no.noisy surface;
x = [1:1:length(true)];
figure (2)
mesh(x, x, true)
colormap jet
xlabel('Y', 'FontSize', 30)
ylabel('X','FontSize', 30)
zlabel('Z', 'FontSize', 30)
figure(3)
mesh(x, x, noise)
colormap jet
xlabel('Y', 'FontSize', 30)
ylabel('X','FontSize', 30)
zlabel('Z', 'FontSize', 30)
%% 3) Determine the variance of deviation of noisy surface from the true one.
% Hint: You may reshape the matrix (difference between the noisy and true surface)
% into one array ("reshape command") and then determine the variance of obtained arksim
array.
var = sum((reshape((true-noise),...
    [1,length(true)*length(true)])).^2)/(length(true)*length(true)-1);
% Diff square matrix=(noise-true).^2;
% [row, col] = size(Diff_square_matrix);
% Diff square list=reshape(Diff square matrix,[row*col,1]);
% Deviation for noisy = (1/(row*col-1))*sum(Diff square list)
\%\% 4) Apply forward-backward exponential smoothing to filter noisy surface m{arepsilon}
measurements.
% 5) Compare visually the obtained estimation results and true surface.
% 6) Determine the variance of deviation of smoothed surface from the true one.
alpha = 0.335;
[smoothed, var smoothed] = forward backward(true, noise, alpha);
figure (4)
mesh(x, x, smoothed)
colormap jet
xlabel('Y', 'FontSize', 30)
ylabel('X','FontSize', 30)
zlabel('Z', 'FontSize', 30)
%% 7) Try greater and smaller values of smoothing coefficient lpha and explain
% the affect on estimation results
alpha = [0.2:0.05:0.8];
var s = zeros(1, length(alpha));
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for i=1:length(alpha)
    [~, var s(i)] = forward backward(true, noise, alpha(i));
end
figure (5)
plot(alpha, var s, 'ko-', 'LineWidth', 1.5)
grid on; grid minor
xlabel('Alpha', 'FontSize',30)
ylabel('Variance', 'FontSize',30)
xlim([0.2 0.8])
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                                                                      응
                               FUNCTION
function [smoothed, var] = forward backward(true, noise, alpha)
%Step 1. Forward raws
raw forw = zeros(length(true), length(true));
raw forw(1, :) = noise(1, :);
for i = 2:length(true)
    raw forw(i, :) = raw forw(i - 1, :) + alpha*(noise(i, :) - raw forw(i - 1, :));
end
%Step 2. Backward raws
raw back = zeros(length(true), length(true));
raw back(end, :) = raw forw(end, :);
for i = (length(true) - 1):-1:1
   raw back(i, :) = raw back(i + 1, :) + alpha*(raw forw(i, :) - raw back(i + 1, \checkmark
:));
end
%Step 3. Forward columns
col forw = zeros(length(true), length(true));
col forw(:,1) = raw back(:,1);
for i = 2:length(true)
   col forw(:, i) = col forw(:,i - 1) + alpha*(raw back(:, i) - col forw(:,i - \checkmark
1));
end
%Step 4. Backwards columns
col_back = zeros(length(true), length(true));
col back(:, end) = col forw(:, end);
for i = (length(true) - 1):-1:1
   col_back(:, i) = col_back(:, i + 1) + alpha*(col_forw(:, i) - col_back(:, i + \norm{\subset}{\subset})
1));
end
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smoothed = col_back;
var = sum((reshape((true-smoothed),...
     [1,length(true)*length(true)])).^2)/(length(true)*length(true)-1);
end
```